Using Queueing Network Modelling to Assess the Impact of the OPICP

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8th IMA International Conference on Quantitative Modelling in the Management of Health and Social Care



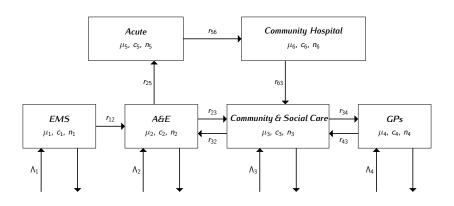
Aneurin Bevan University Health Board



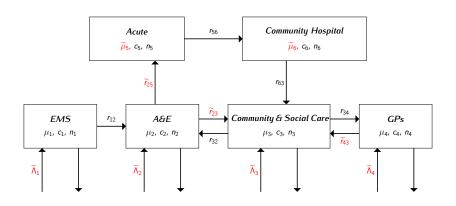
Older People's Integrated Care Pathway

- Pathway focused around pro-active patient centred coordinated care
- Individuals identified through risk stratification as being at risk of admission to institutionalised care or becoming frequent users of high cost care
- Develop holistic personal *Stay Well Plans* for these individuals, utilising *low and no cost services*
- Aim to keep individuals and carers as well and as independent as possible

Elderly People's Flows Through Health System



Elderly People's Flows Through Health System



Simulation with Ciw

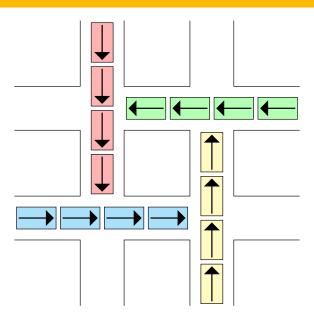
Open Source Python Library Three-Phase Simulation

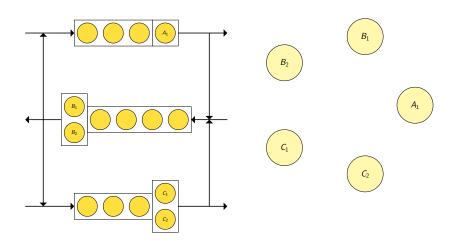


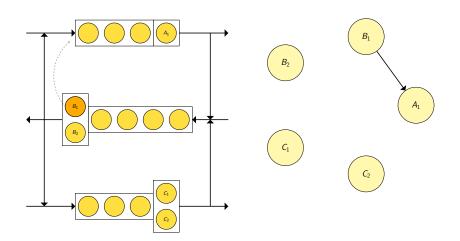
https://github.com/geraintpalmer/Ciw https://pypi.python.org/pypi/Ciw http://ciw.readthedocs.org

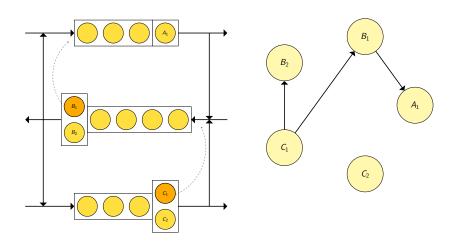
```
>>> import ciw
>>> params = {
      'Number of nodes': 2.
      'Arrival distributions':
         [['Exponential', 6.0],
          ['Uniform', 0.2, 0.4]],
      'Service distributions':
         [['Lognormal', 0.4, 0.3],
          ['Deterministic', 0.25]],
      'Transition matrices':
         [[0.5, 0.1],
          [0.0, 0.4]],
      'Number_of_servers': [3, 1],
      'Simulation time': 2000}
>>> Q = ciw.Simulation(params)
>>> Q.simulate_until_max_time()
>>> recs = Q.get_all_records()
```

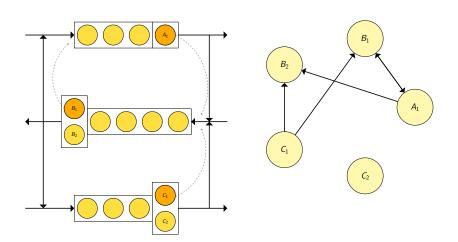
Deadlock

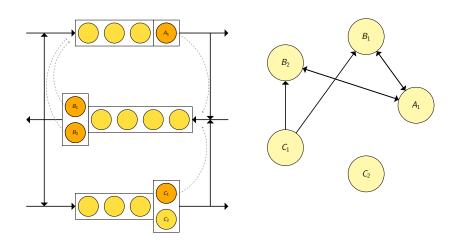


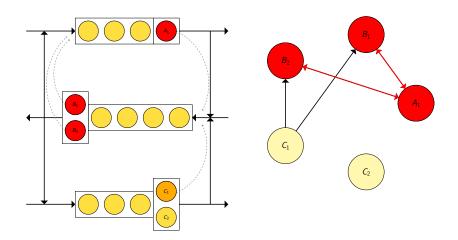








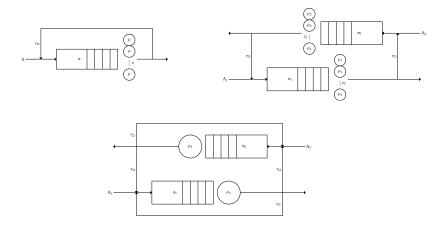




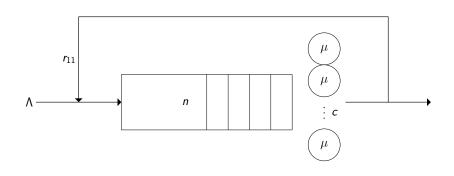
Deadlock Detection in Ciw

```
>>> import ciw
>>> params = {'Number_of_nodes': 1,
... 'Arrival_distributions': [['Exponential', 6.0]],
... 'Service_distributions': [['Exponential', 5.0]],
... 'Transition_matrices': [[0.5]],
... 'Number_of_servers': [1],
... 'Queue_capacities': [3],
... 'Detect_deadlock': True}
>>> Q = ciw.Simulation(params)
>>> times_to_deadlock = Q.simulate_until_deadlock()
>>> times_to_deadlock[((0, 0),)]
1.1707879982560288
```

Three Deadlocking Queueing Networks



Markovian Model of Deadlock

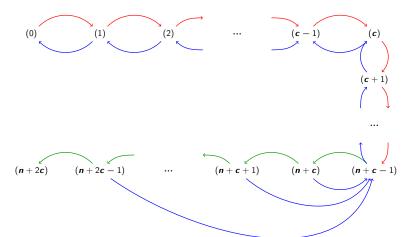


$$S = \{i \in \mathbb{N} \mid 0 \le i \le n + 2c\}$$

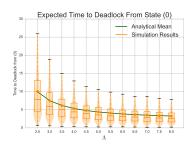
Define $\delta = i_2 - i_1$

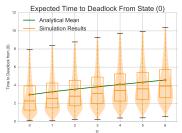
$$q_{i_1,i_2} = \left\{ egin{array}{ll} \Lambda & ext{if } \delta = 1 \ (1-r_{11})\mu ext{min}(i,c) & ext{if } \delta = -1 \ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{array}
ight\} & ext{if } i_1 < n+c$$

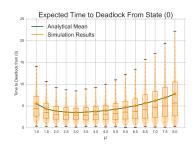
$$q_{i_1,i_2} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} (c-b)r_{11}\mu & \text{if } \delta = 1 \\ (1-r_{11})(c-b)\mu & \text{if } \delta = -b-1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right\} \quad \text{if } i_1 = n+c+b \quad \forall \quad 0 \le b \le c$$

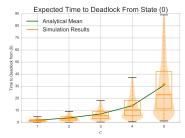


Times to Deadlock

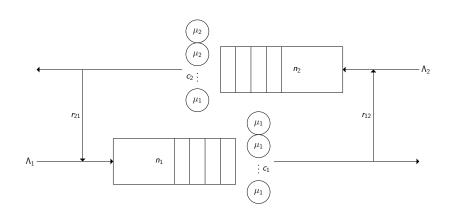








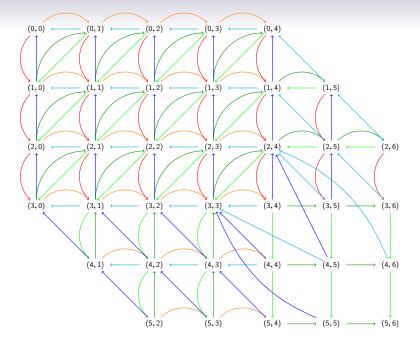
Markovian Model of Deadlock



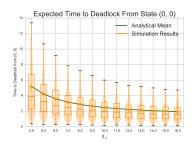
$$S = \{(i,j) \in \mathbb{N}^{(n_1+c_1+c_2)\times(n_2+c_2+c_1)} \mid i \leq n_1+c_1+j, \ j \leq n_2+c_2+i\}$$

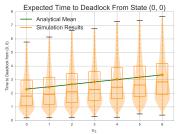
$$\begin{split} \delta &= (i_2, j_2) - (i_1, j_1) \\ b_1 &= \max(0, i_1 - n_1 - c_1) \\ b_2 &= \max(0, i_2 - n_2 - c_2) \\ s_1 &= \min(i_1, c_1) - b_2 \\ s_2 &= \min(i_2, c_2) - b_1 \end{split}$$

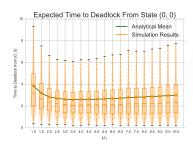
	$j_1 < n_2 + c_2$	$j_1 = n_2 + c_2$	$j_1 > n_2 + c_2$
$i_1 < n_1 + c_1$	$\begin{array}{l} \Lambda_1 \text{ if } \delta = (1,0) \\ \Lambda_2 \text{ if } \delta = (0,1) \\ \eta_2 s_1 \mu_1 \text{ if } \delta = (-1,1) \\ \eta_2 s_2 \mu_2 \text{ if } \delta = (1,-1) \\ (1-\eta_2) s_1 \mu_1 \text{ if } \delta = (-1,0) \\ (1-\eta_2) s_2 \mu_2 \text{ if } \delta = (0,-1) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} \Lambda_1 \text{ if } \delta = (1,0) \\ r_{12}s_1\mu_1 \text{ if } \delta = (0,1) \\ r_{21}s_2\mu_2 \text{ if } \delta = (1,-1) \\ (1-r_{12})s_1\mu_1 \text{ if } \delta = (-1,0) \\ (1-r_{21})s_2\mu_2 \text{ if } \delta = (0,-1) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{\Lambda}_1 \text{ if } \delta = (1,0) \\ r_{128_1\mu_1} \text{ if } \delta = (0,1) \\ r_{218_2\mu_2} \text{ if } \delta = (0,-1) \\ (1-r_{12})_{8_1\mu_1} \text{ if } \delta = (-1,0) \\ (1-r_{21})_{8_2\mu_2} \text{ if } \delta = (-1,-1) \end{array}$
$i_1 = n_1 + c_1$	$\begin{array}{l} \Lambda_2 \text{ if } \delta = (0,1) \\ \eta_2 \mathbf{s}_1 \mu_1 \text{ if } \delta = (-1,1) \\ \eta_2 \mathbf{s}_2 \mu_2 \text{ if } \delta = (1,0) \\ (1 - \eta_2) \mathbf{s}_1 \mu_1 \text{ if } \delta = (-1,0) \\ (1 - \eta_2) \mathbf{s}_2 \mu_2 \text{ if } \delta = (0,-1) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} r_{12}s_1\mu_1 \text{ if } \delta = (0,1) \\ r_{21}s_2\mu_2 \text{ if } \delta = (1,0) \\ (1-r_2)s_1\mu_1 \text{ if } \delta = (-1,0) \\ (1-r_{21})s_2\mu_2 \text{ if } \delta = (0,-1) \end{array}$	$r_{12}s_1\mu_1 \text{ if } \delta = (0,1)$ $r_{21}s_2\mu_2 \text{ if } \delta = (1,0)$ $(1 - r_{21})s_2\mu_1 \text{ if } \delta = (-1,0)$ $(1 - r_{21})s_2\mu_2 \text{ if } \delta = (-1,-1)$
$i_1 > n_1 + c_1$	$\begin{array}{l} \Lambda_2 \text{ if } \delta = (0,1) \\ r_{12} s_1 \mu_1 \text{ if } \delta = (-1,0) \\ r_{21} s_2 \mu_2 \text{ if } \delta = (1,0) \\ (1 - r_{12}) s_1 \mu_1 \text{ if } \delta = (-1,-1) \\ (1 - r_{21}) s_2 \mu_2 \text{ if } \delta = (0,-1) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} r_{12}s_1\mu_1 \text{ if } \delta = (0,1) \\ r_{21}s_2\mu_2 \text{ if } \delta = (1,0) \\ (1-r_{12})s_1\mu_1 \text{ if } \delta = (-1,-1) \\ (1-r_{21})s_2\mu_2 \text{ if } \delta = (0,-1) \end{array}$	$\begin{split} &r_{12}s_{1}\mu_{1} \text{ if } \delta = (0,1) \\ &r_{21}s_{2}\mu_{2} \text{ if } \delta = (1,0) \\ &(1-r_{12})s_{1}\mu_{1} \text{ if } \delta = (-\min(b_{1}+1,b_{2}+1), -\min(b_{1},b_{2}+1)) \\ &(1-r_{21})s_{2}\mu_{2} \text{ if } \delta = (-\min(b_{1}+1,b_{2}), -\min(b_{1}+1,b_{2}+1)) \end{split}$



Times to Deadlock

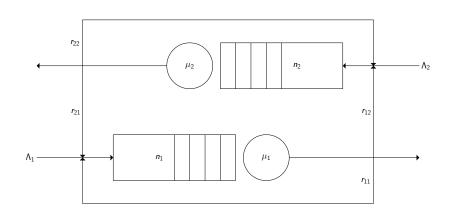








Markovian Model of Deadlock



$$S = \{(i,j) \in \mathbb{N}^{(n_1+2\times n_2+2)} \mid 0 \le i+j \le n_1+n_2+2\} \cup \{(-1)\}$$

$$\text{Define } \delta = (i_2,j_2)-(i_1,j_1)$$

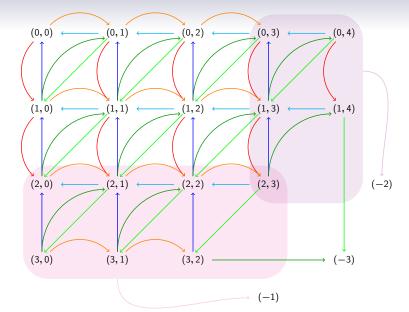
$$q_{(i_1,j_1),(i_2,j_2)} = \begin{cases} & \Lambda_1 & \text{if } i_1 \le n_1 \\ & \Lambda_2 & \text{if } j_1 \le n_2 \\ & 0 & \text{otherwise} \\ & (1-r_{12})\mu_1 & \text{if } j_1 < n_2 + 2 \\ & 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} & \text{if } \delta = (1,0)$$

$$q_{(i_1,j_1),(i_2,j_2)} = \begin{cases} & \Lambda_1 & \text{if } i_1 \le n_1 \\ & \Lambda_2 & \text{if } j_1 \le n_2 \\ & 0 & \text{otherwise} \\ & (1-r_{12})\mu_1 & \text{if } j_1 < n_2 + 2 \\ & 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} & \text{if } \delta = (-1,0)$$

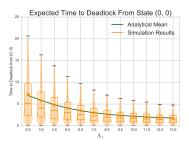
$$q_{(i_1,j_1),(i_2,j_2)} = \begin{cases} & I_1 \neq i_1 < n_1 + 2 \\ & I_2 \neq i_1 & \text{if } j_1 < n_2 + 2 \text{ and } (i_1,j_1) \neq (n_1+2,n_2) \\ & I_1 \neq i_2 & \text{otherwise} \\ & I_2 \neq i_1 & \text{otherwise} \\ & I_3 \neq i_1 < n_1 + 2 \text{ and } (i_1,j_1) \neq (n_1,n_2+2) \\ & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} & \text{if } \delta = (-1,1)$$

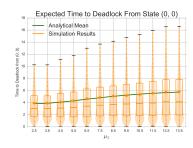
otherwise

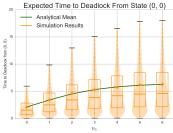
$$\begin{aligned} q_{(i_1,j_1),(-1)} &= \begin{cases} r_{11}\mu_1 & \text{if } i > n_1 \text{ and } j < n_2 + 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ q_{(i_1,j_1),(-2)} &= \begin{cases} r_{22}\mu_2 & \text{if } j > n_2 \text{ and } i < n_1 + 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ q_{(i_1,j_1),(-3)} &= \begin{cases} r_{21}\mu_2 & \text{if } (i,j) = (n_1,n_2 + 2) \\ r_{12}\mu_1 & \text{if } (i,j) = (n_1+2,n_2) \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ q_{-1,s} &= q_{-2,s} = q_{-3,s} = 0 \end{aligned}$$



Times to Deadlock







Summary

Summary

- Developed a general use simulation library in Python
- Investigated potential for deadlock, automatic detection
- Modelled some deadlocking queueing networks

To Do...

- Build and parameterise patient flow networks from data
- Use queueing network analysis and simulation to investigate impact of the OPICP
- Determine the OPICP's effect on demand and workforce needs

Thank You

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