Assignment 3

FINA 5250 Empirical Methods in Finance

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Question 1

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = rGoog_ex ~ rM_ex, data = goog)
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                   1Q
                         Median
                                                Max
## -0.157239 -0.034300 -0.003206 0.029985 0.206897
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.007536
                         0.004485
                                    1.680
                                            0.0947 .
## rM ex
              0.947432
                         0.095583
                                    9.912
                                            <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.05753 on 173 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3622, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3585
## F-statistic: 98.25 on 1 and 173 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Question 2

2.1

Yes. β is significantly different from 0 at 0.1% level.

2.2

No. It is significant at 10% level but not at 5% level.

2.3

No. Let's find the 95% confidence interval of β .

```
## Lower bound: 0.756266091111042
## Upper bound: 1.13859826906802
## The confidence interval includes 1
```

Therefore, we cannot say beta is significantly different from 1.

Question 3

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = rGoog_ex ~ rM_ex + rSmB + rHmL, data = goog)
##
## Residuals:
## Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
```

```
## -0.157640 -0.033382 -0.001348 0.028055 0.202758
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.005524
                          0.004297
                                     1.286 0.200300
                          0.097636 11.133 < 2e-16 ***
## rM ex
               1.086984
                          0.173922 -2.504 0.013220 *
## rSmB
              -0.435487
                          0.121347 -3.611 0.000401 ***
## rHmL
              -0.438143
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.0548 on 171 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4279, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4179
## F-statistic: 42.64 on 3 and 171 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Question 4

As a whole, the factors are significant, because the p-value of F-statistic is smaller than 0.05. Individually, all factors are significant as well (p < 0.05).

Question 5

```
## The single factor can explain 36.22% of the variation ## The three factors can explain 42.79% of the variation
```

Question 6

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: rGoog_ex ~ rM_ex
## Model 2: rGoog_ex ~ rM_ex + rSmB + rHmL
## Res.Df RSS Df Sum of Sq F Pr(>F)
## 1 173 0.57255
## 2 171 0.51355 2 0.058995 9.8219 9.165e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Yes, the 3-factor model explains significantly more variation (p < 0.05).

Question 7

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = rGoog_ex ~ rM_ex, data = goog_train)
## Residuals:
##
         Min
                    1Q
                          Median
                                         30
                                                  Max
## -0.153125 -0.039512 0.000441 0.030307 0.201468
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.009934
                          0.006481
                                     1.533
## rM ex
               0.818480
                          0.151493
                                     5.403 4.6e-07 ***
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.06195 on 98 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2295, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2216
## F-statistic: 29.19 on 1 and 98 DF, p-value: 4.605e-07
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = rGoog_ex ~ rM_ex + rSmB + rHmL, data = goog_train)
## Residuals:
##
                1Q
       Min
                    Median
                                 3Q
                                         Max
## -0.16229 -0.03938 0.00186 0.03448 0.19905
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.006249
                         0.006167 1.013 0.31348
                         0.165495 6.897 5.64e-10 ***
## rM_ex
              1.141430
## rSmB
             -0.535994
                         0.269725 -1.987 0.04975 *
## rHmL
             ## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.05819 on 96 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3341, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3133
## F-statistic: 16.06 on 3 and 96 DF, p-value: 1.547e-08
## Out-of-sample R-squared of the single-factor model is 0.506000462630713
## Out-of-sample R-squared of the three-factor model is 0.48096378900801
```

The three-factor model explains even less variation than the single-factor model in the testing set, so the single-factor model is better in this case.