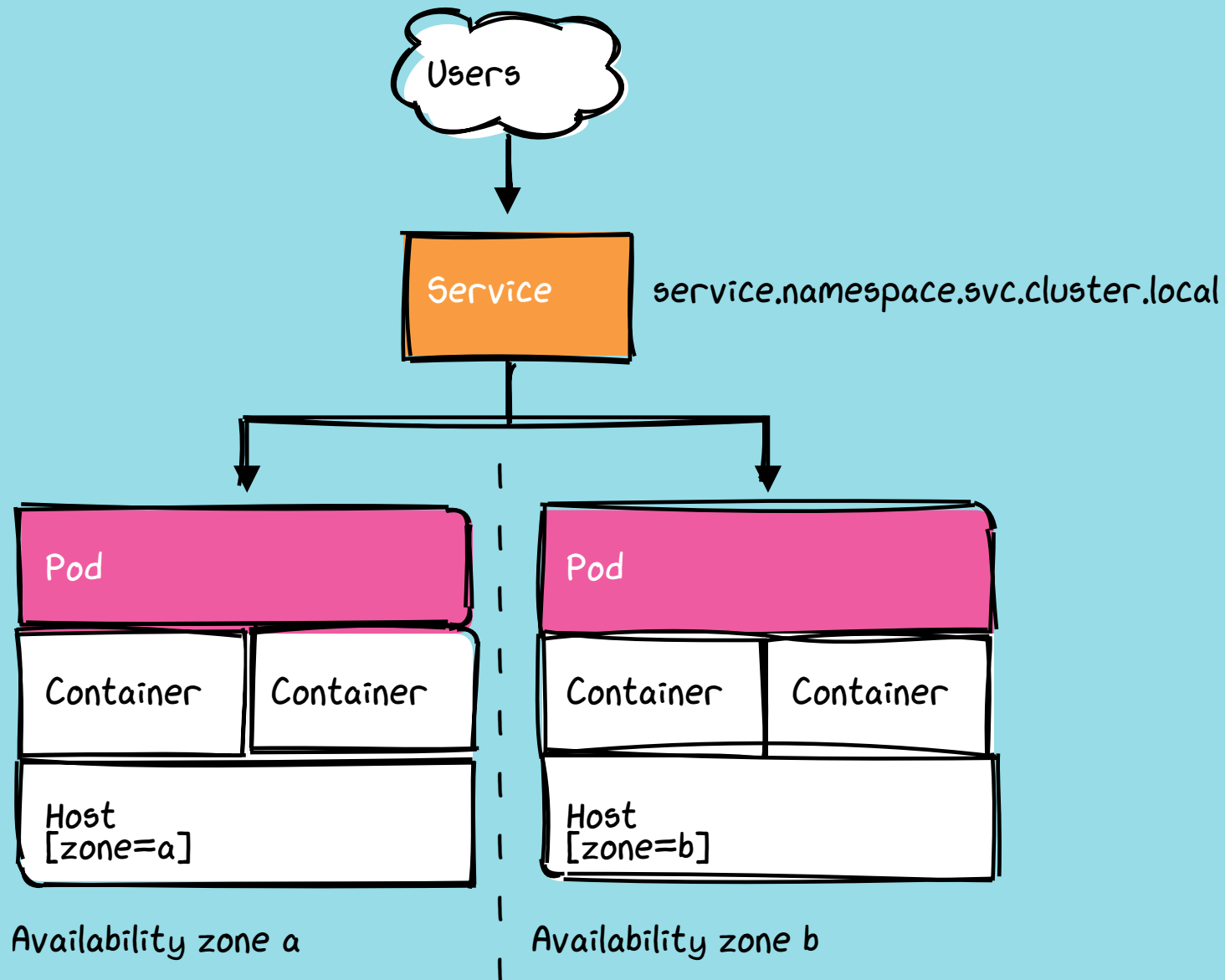


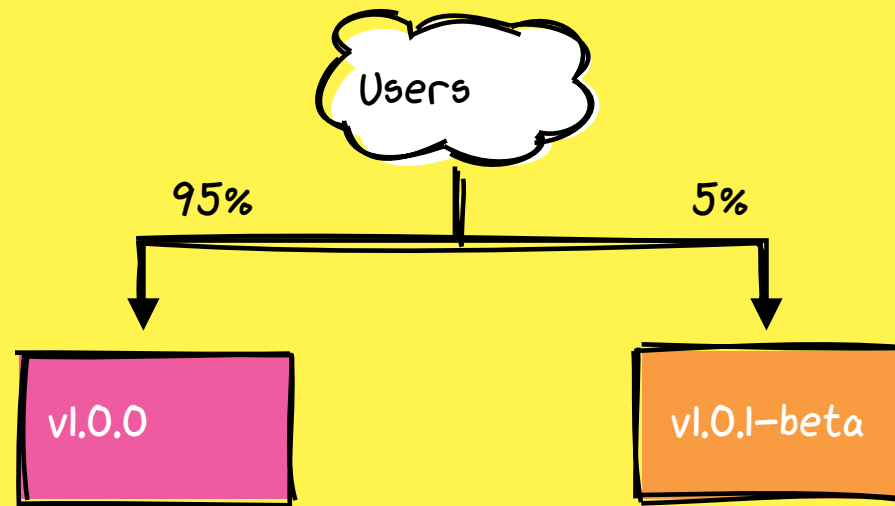
KUBERNETES PAST AND FUTURE

WHAT DOES KUBERNETES DO?

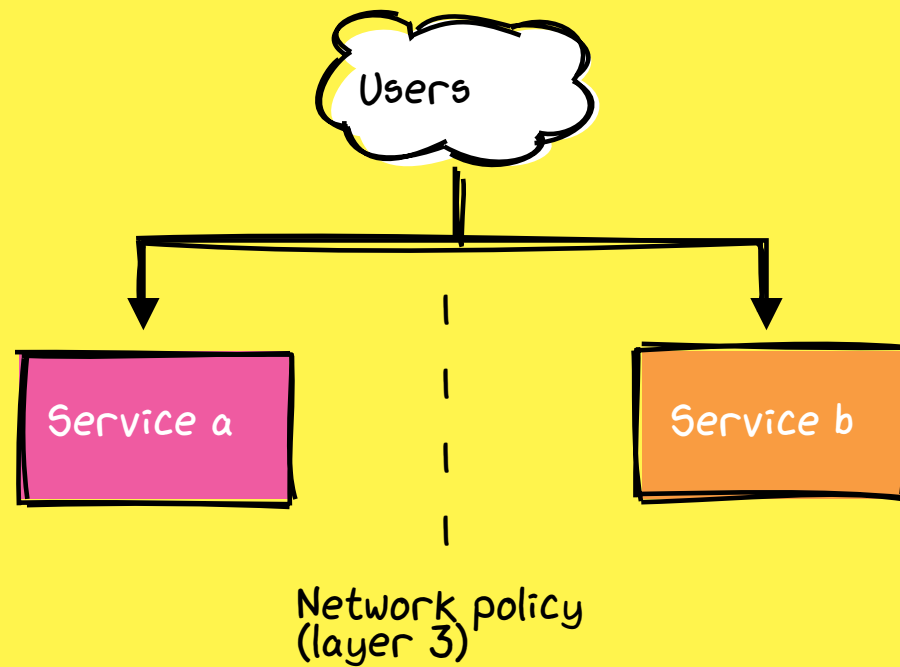
DISTRIBUTED DEPLOYMENT



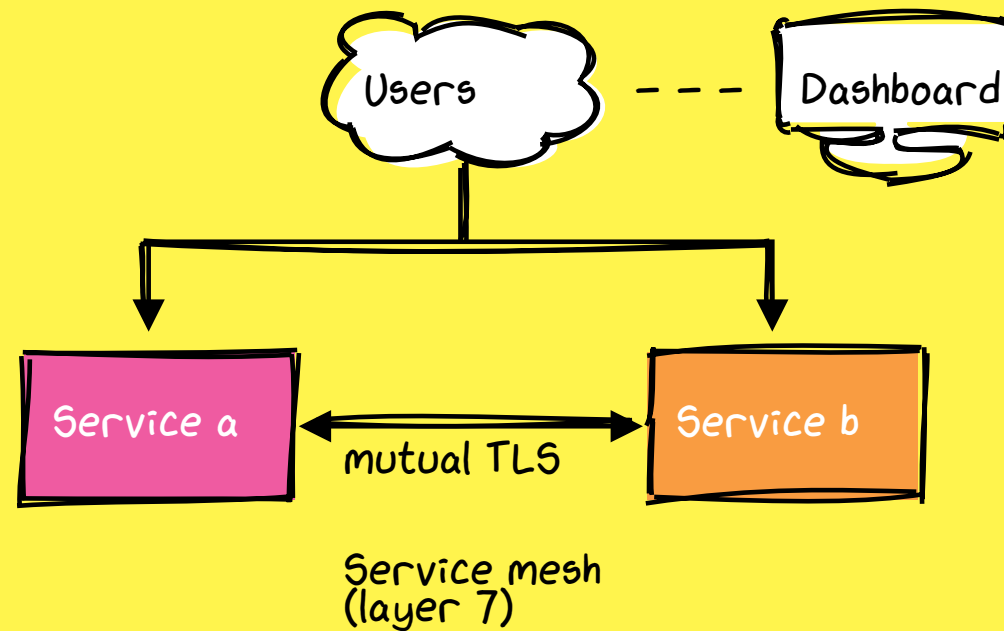
CANARY DEPLOYMENT



ISOLATED DEPLOYMENT

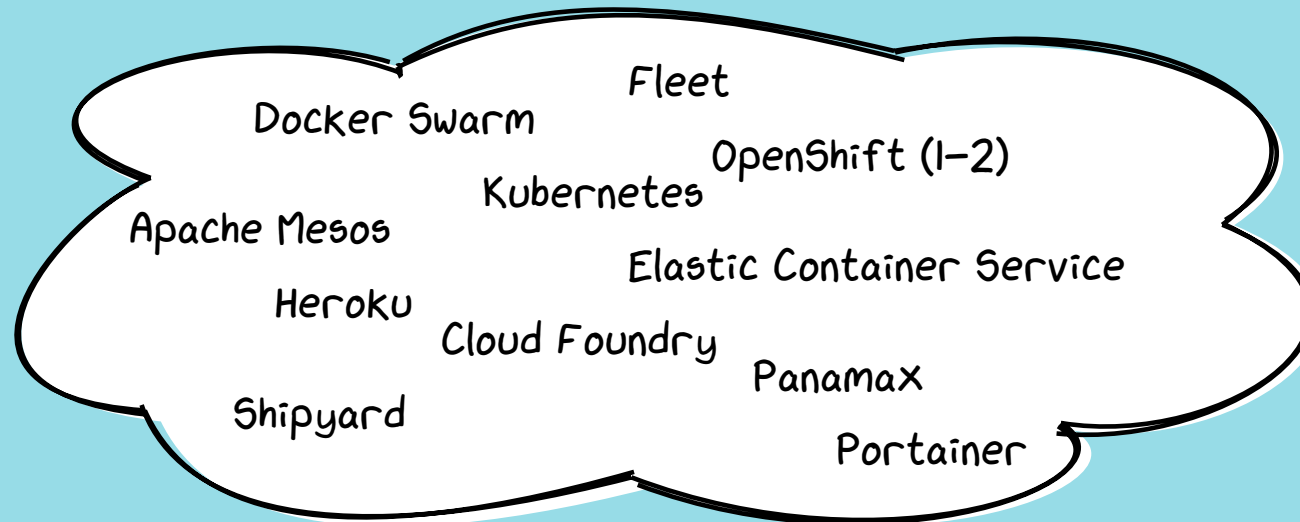


ZERO TRUST DEPLOYMENT



THE COMPETITIVE ENVIRONMENT

ALL HAPPY FAMILIES



SPLENDID ISOLATION



Kubernetes

THE HORCRUX ADVANTAGE

VENDOR SHARDING

Microsoft

Red Hat

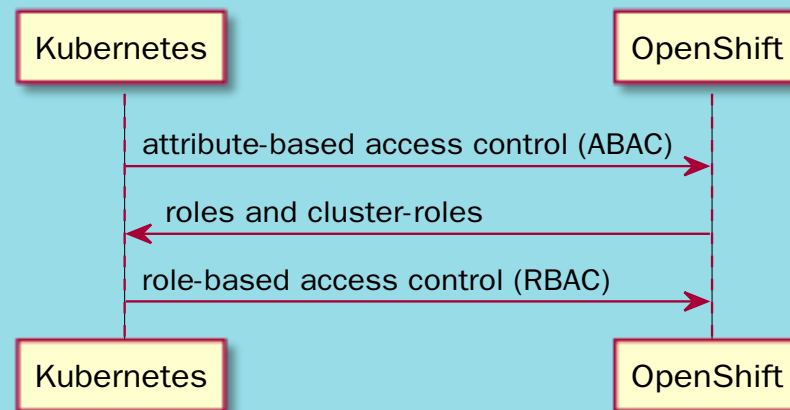
Google

VMware

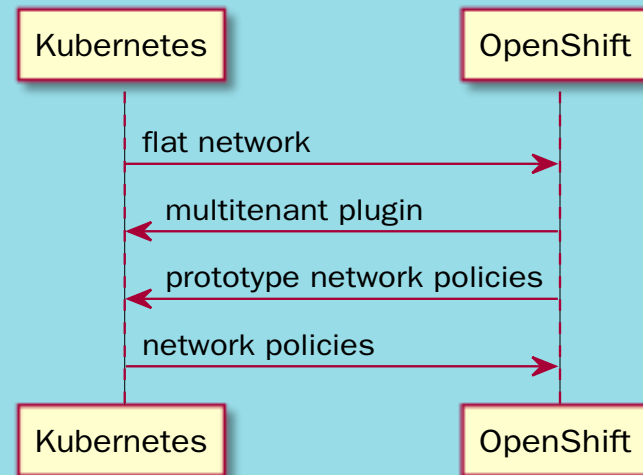
CoreOS

Cloud Native Computing Foundation

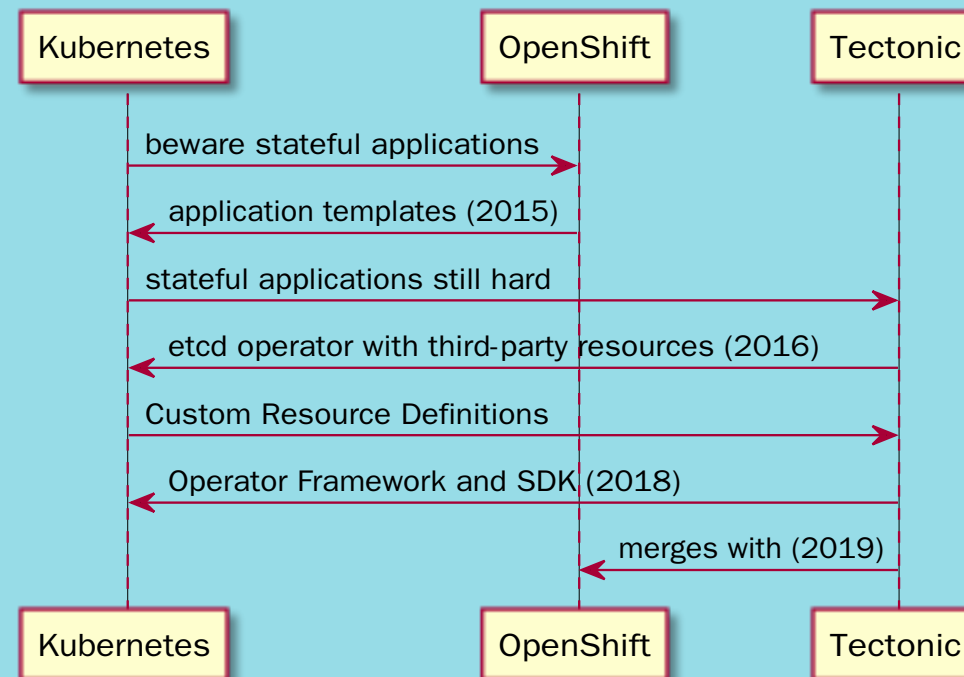
PIZZA EFFECTS: IDENTITY



PIZZA EFFECTS: NETWORKING

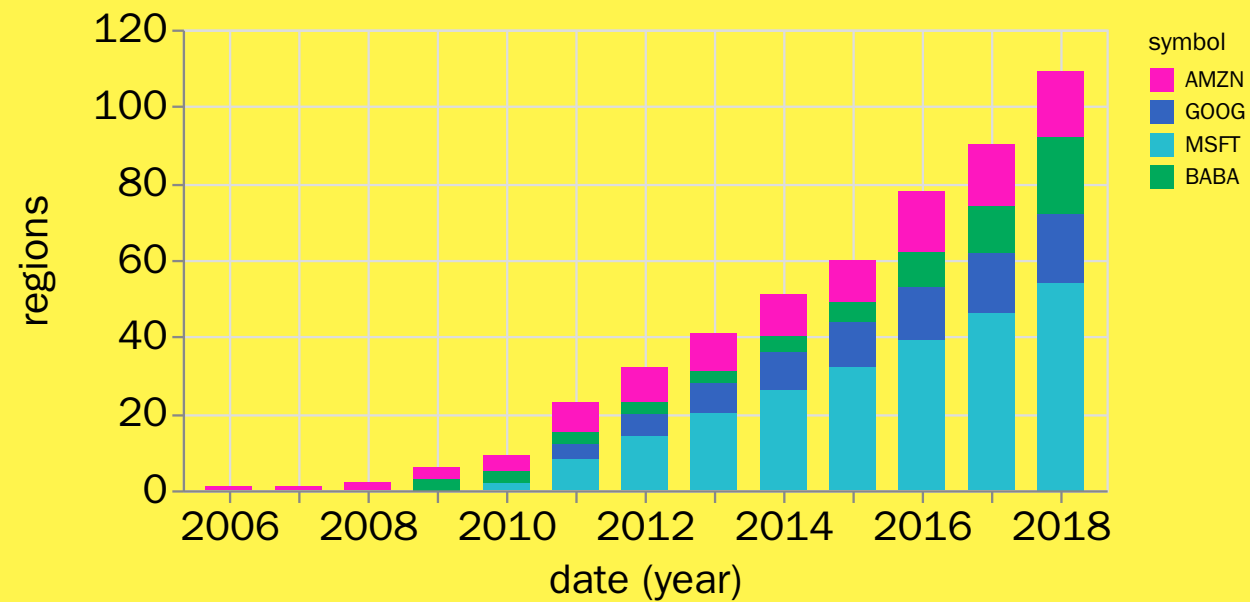


PIZZA EFFECTS: STATE



THE HORCRUX DILEMMA

COMPUTE-1 AND UP



VENDOR SPECIFICITY

Vault

RDS

Kubernetes

Jenkins

SQS

Amazon Web Services

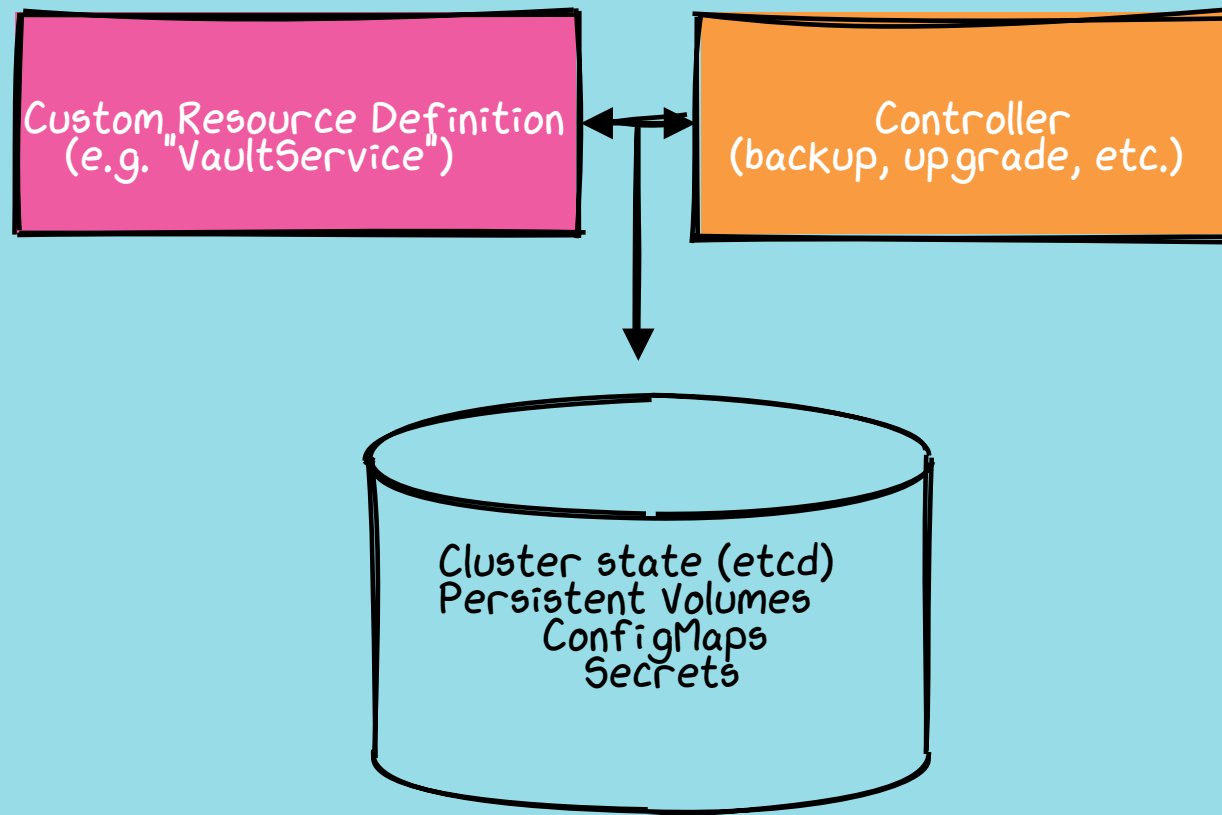
CLUSTER STATE

Stateless is Easy, Stateful is Hard.

– Brandon Philips (2016)

Source: coreos.com/blog/introducing-operators.html

OPERATORS



SPONSORS

Vault operator



MySQL operator

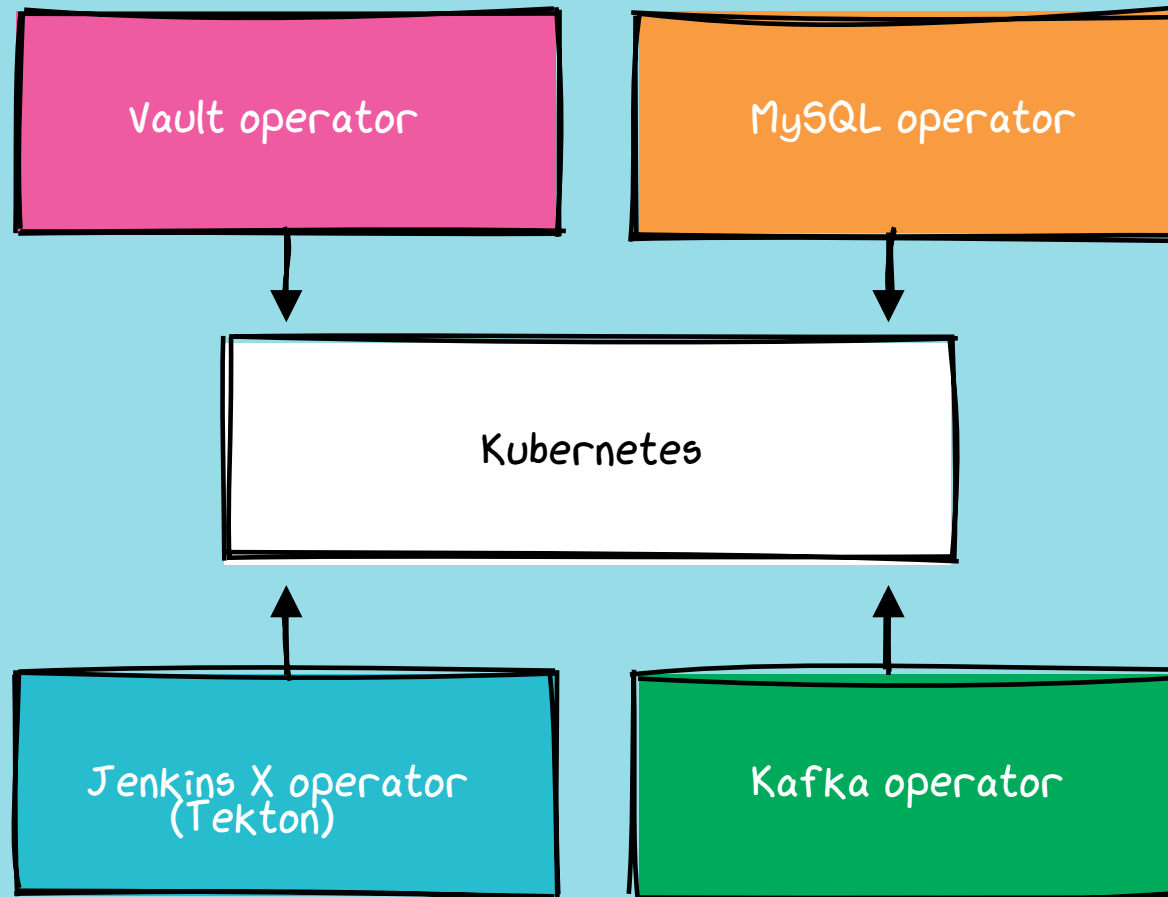


PostgreSQL operator



etc.

VENDOR INDEPENDENCE



Any cloud offering a managed Kubernetes service

THANK YOU

Slides built with Markdeck

 [gerald1248/kubernetes-past-future-slides](https://github.com/gerald1248/kubernetes-past-future-slides)

 [03spirit](https://twitter.com/03spirit)