



**NORTH AMERICAN  
UNIVERSITY**  
INSPIRATION   INNOVATION   GLOBAL COMPETENCE

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**Grade** 6.67 out of 10.00 (67%)

Question **1**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of

1.00

The \_\_\_\_ function removes duplicate elements from an array.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `array_dup()`
- ☐ b. `array_values()`
- ☒ c. `array_unique()` ✓
- ☐ d. `array()`

The correct answer is: `array_unique()`

Question **2**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

To delete records in a table, use the keywords \_\_\_\_.

Select one:

- ☐ a. DELETE, RECORD
- ☒ b. DELETE, WHERE ✓
- ☐ c. REMOVE, WHERE
- ☐ d. REMOVE, RECORD

The correct answer is: DELETE, WHERE

Question **3**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The `unset()` function is used to uninitialized a variable after it has been set.

Select one:

- ☒ True ✓
- ☐ False

The correct answer is 'True'.

Question **4**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The most common type of multidimensional array is a(n) \_\_\_\_ array.

Select one:

- ☐ a. multidimensional
- ☒ b. two-dimensional ✓
- ☐ c. associative
- ☐ d. indexed

The correct answer is: two-dimensional

Question **5**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

Functions are placed within parentheses that follow a parameter name.

Select one:

- ☐ True
- ☒ False ✓

The correct answer is 'False'.

Question **6**

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of  
1.00

The `issent()` function can be used to determine if the `$Submit` variable has been set (if the Submit button has been pressed).

Select one:

- ☒ True ✗
- ☐ False

The correct answer is 'False'.

Question **7**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

PHP stores form data in an indexed array but cannot store form data in an associative array.

Select one:

- ☐ True
- ☒ False ✓

The correct answer is 'False'.

Question **8**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

A(n) \_\_\_\_ is a literal value or variable that can be evaluated by the PHP scripting engine to produce a result.

Select one:

- ☒ a. expression ✓
- ☐ b. condition
- ☐ c. clause

The correct answer is: expression

Question **9**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

A result pointer is a special type of \_\_\_\_ that refers to the currently selected row in a resultset.

Select one:

- ☒ a. variable ✓
- ☐ b. option
- ☐ c. function
- ☐ d. command

The correct answer is: variable

Question **10**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

You use the \_\_\_\_ function to find the total number of elements in an array.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `sum()`
- ☐ b. `counta()`
- ☒ c. `count()` ✓

The correct answer is: `count()`

Question **11**

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of  
1.00

If the content of a Web page template section does not change unless the include file is modified, it is called a \_\_\_\_ section.

Select one:

- ☐ a. static
- ☒ b. dynamic ❌
- ☐ c. include
- ☐ d. constant

The correct answer is: static

Question **12**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

To close the resultset, use \_\_\_\_.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `mysql_close()`
- ☐ b. `mysql_kill()`
- ☐ c. `mysql_exist()`
- ☒ d. `mysql_free_result()` ✔️

The correct answer is: `mysql_free_result()`

## What is the output of the following segment ?

```
$Provinces =  
    array("Newfoundland and  
    Labrador", "Prince Edward  
    Island", "Nova Scotia",  
    "New Brunswick", "Quebec",  
    "Ontario");  
  
$Territories =  
    array("Nunavut", "Northwest  
    Territories", "Yukon  
    Territory");  
  
$Canada = $Territories + "," +  
    $Provinces;  
  
echo "<pre>\n";  
print_r($Canada);  
echo "</pre>\n";
```

Question **14**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

When inserting a new record in a table, you must specify the keyword(s) \_\_\_\_ for any fields in which you do not have a value.

Select one:

- ☒ a. NULL ✓
- ☐ b. BLANK
- ☐ c. VOID
- ☐ d. NO VALUE

The correct answer is: NULL

Question **15**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

With an `INSERT` query, the \_\_\_\_ function returns the number of records added and duplicated along with the number of warnings.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `mysql_update_info()`
- ☒ b. `mysql_info()` ✓
- ☐ c. `mysql_update()`
- ☐ d. `mysql_info_update()`

The correct answer is: `mysql_info()`

What is the output of the following segment ?

```
$TopSellers = array(
    "Ford F-Series", "Chevrolet
Silverado", "Toyota Camry",
    "Honda Accord", "Toyota
Corolla", "Ford F-Series", "Honda
Civic",
    "Honda CR-V", "Honda Accord",
    "Nissan Altima", "Toyota Camry",
    "Chevrolet Impala", "Dodge
Ram", "Honda CR-V");
echo "<p>The 2008 top selling
vehicles are:</p><p>";
$TopSellers =
array_unique($TopSellers);
$TopSellers =
    array_values($TopSellers);
for ($i=0; $i<count($ TopSellers);
    ++$i) {
    echo "{$TopSellers[$i]}<br />";
}
echo "</p>";
```



Question **17**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

With the exception of the \_\_\_\_ function, each time you call a function that iterates through a text file, the file pointer automatically moves to the next line in the text file.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `fopen()`
- ☐ b. `fclose()`
- ☒ c. `fgetc()` ✓
- ☐ d. `feof()`

The correct answer is: `fgetc()`

Question **18**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

Using the `COUNT()` aggregate function, you can eliminate duplicate values by using the keyword(s) \_\_\_\_.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `UNIQUE`
- ☐ b. `EXCLUSIVE`
- ☒ c. `DISTINCT` ✓
- ☐ d. `UNIQUE_VALUES`

The correct answer is: `DISTINCT`

Question **19**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The \_\_\_\_ metacharacter is used to specify a range of values in a character class.

Select one:

- ☒ a. (-) ✓
- ☐ b. (+)
- ☐ c. (@)
- ☐ d. (')

The correct answer is: (-)

Question **20**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The \_\_\_\_ function randomly scrambles the order of characters in a string.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `str_scramble()`
- ☒ b. `str_shuffle()` ✓
- ☐ c. `str_jumble()`
- ☐ d. `str_random()`

The correct answer is: `str_shuffle()`

Question **21**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

When you declare a global variable with the `global` keyword, you do not need to assign the variable a(n) \_\_\_\_.

Select one:

- ☒ a. value ✓
- ☐ b. definition
- ☐ c. function
- ☐ d. name

The correct answer is: value

Question **22**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The `a+` mode argument opens the specified file for reading only and places the file pointer at the beginning of the file.

Select one:

- ☐ True
- ☒ False ✓

The correct answer is 'False'.

Question **23**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

You would use the `file_put_contents()` function to quickly replace the contents of a file or append data to the end of an existing file.

Select one:

- ☒ True ✓
- ☐ False

The correct answer is 'True'.

Question **24**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The \_\_\_\_ statement is used to take away privileges from an existing user account for a specified table or database.

Select one:

- ☐ a. REMOVE
- ☐ b. DROP
- ☐ c. DELETE
- ☒ d. REVOKE ✓

The correct answer is: REVOKE

Question **25**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

To sort an associative array by key, use the \_\_\_\_ function.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `natsort()`
- ☒ b. `ksort()` ✓
- ☐ c. `rsort()`
- ☐ d. `asort()`

The correct answer is: `ksort()`

Question **26**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

A variable's scope can be either global or \_\_\_\_.

Select one:

- ☒ a. local ✓
- ☐ b. undeclared
- ☐ c. universal
- ☐ d. declared

The correct answer is: local

Question **27**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The parameters within the parentheses of a function declaration are what kind of variables?

Select one:

- ☒ a. local ✓
- ☐ b. global
- ☐ c. unknown
- ☐ d. declared

The correct answer is: local


Question **28**

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of  
1.00

If you use an iteration function to move the internal array pointer either before the first element or after the last element in an array, the only way to move the array pointer back to a valid element is to use the `unset()` function.

Select one:

- ☒ True 
- ☐ False

The correct answer is 'False'.


Question **29**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

When the post method is used to submit a form, the name portion of the name/value pair becomes the value assigned to the array element.

Select one:

- ☐ True
- ☒ False 

The correct answer is 'False'.


Question **30**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

You can specify which records to return from a database by using the \_\_\_\_ keyword.

Select one:

- ☐ a. CRITERIA
- ☐ b. MATCH
- ☐ c. LIKE
- ☒ d. WHERE 

The correct answer is: WHERE

Question **31**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

To close a database connection, use \_\_\_\_.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `close_connection()`
- ☒ b. `mysql_close()` ✓
- ☐ c. `mysql_exit()`
- ☐ d. `close_mysql()`

The correct answer is: `mysql_close()`

Question **32**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

To change records in a table, use the `UPDATE` keyword to specify the name of the table to update and the \_\_\_\_ keyword to specify the value to assign to the fields in the records that match the condition in the `WHERE` keyword.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `CHANGE`
- ☐ b. `INSERT`
- ☐ c. `PUT`
- ☒ d. `SET` ✓

The correct answer is: `SET`

Question **33**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The `array_shift()` function removes the \_\_\_\_ element from the beginning of an array.

Select one:

- ☐ a. last
- ☒ b. first ✓
- ☐ c. second
- ☐ d. middle

The correct answer is: first

Question **34**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The concatenation operator in PHP is a \_\_\_\_.

Select one:

- ☐ a. plus sign (+)
- ☒ b. period (.) ✓
- ☐ c. minus sign (-)
- ☐ d. question mark (?)

The correct answer is: period (.)

Question **35**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The `similar_text()` function returns the number of \_\_\_\_ to strings have in common.

Select one:

- ☒ a. characters ✓
- ☐ b. words
- ☐ c. numbers
- ☐ d. sounds

The correct answer is: characters

```

$DBConnect =
    mysql_connect("localhost",
    "root", "logmein");

$SQLstring = "UPDATE company_cars
    SET mileage=50112.3
    WHERE license='AK-1234'";
$QueryResult =
    @mysql_query($SQLstring,
    $DBConnect);
if ($QueryResult === FALSE)
    echo "<p>Unable to execute
    the query.</p>"
    . "<p>Error code " .
    mysql_errno($DBConnect)
    . ": " .
    mysql_error($DBConnect) . "
    </p>";
else
    echo "<p>Successfully
    updated "
    .
    mysql_affected_rows($DBConnect)
    . " record(s) .</p>";

```

- a) what does this code segment do ?
- b) what will be the output if your database password is : logmein99 ?
- c) what will be the output if your database password is : logmein ?



Question **37**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

A function definition contains the lines of code that make up a function.

Select one:

- ☒ True ✓
- ☐ False

The correct answer is 'True'.

Question **38**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

One problem with the `unset()` function is that it does not renumber the remaining elements in the array.

Select one:

- ☒ True ✓
- ☐ False

The correct answer is 'True'.

Question **39**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The `array_push()` function \_\_\_\_ one or more elements to the end of the array.

Select one:

- ☒ a. adds ✓
- ☐ b. deletes
- ☐ c. moves
- ☐ d. pushes

The correct answer is: adds

Question **40**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

In PHP, a(n) e-mail message is sent using the \_\_\_\_ function.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `email()`
- ☐ b. `e-mail()`
- ☒ c. `mail()` ✓
- ☐ d. `message()`

The correct answer is: `mail()`

Question **41**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

Because the `fopen()` function must be used with the \_\_\_\_ function, you can specify what type of operations can be performed on the file and where and how the data will be written.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `file_put_contents()`
- ☐ b. `file_get_contents()`
- ☐ c. `readfile()`
- ☒ d. `fwrite()` ✓

The correct answer is: `fwrite()`

Question **42**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The \_\_\_\_ function only works when there are "." and ".." are the only two entries present in a directory.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `del_directory()`
- ☒ b. `rmdir()` ✓
- ☐ c. `delete_directory()`
- ☐ d. `remove_directory()`

The correct answer is: `rmdir()`

Question **43**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

To make a specific database active, you must execute the \_\_\_\_ database statement.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `CHANGE`
- ☒ b. `USE` ✓
- ☐ c. `SWITCH`
- ☐ d. `SELECT`

The correct answer is: `USE`

Question **44**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

You use the \_\_\_\_ statement to retrieve records from a table.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `RETRIEVE`
- ☐ b. `GET`
- ☒ c. `SELECT` ✓
- ☐ d. `CHOOSE`

The correct answer is: `SELECT`

Question **45**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

\_\_\_\_\_ a variable is the processing of assigning a first value to a variable.

Select one:

- ☒ a. Initializing ✓
- ☐ b. Declaring
- ☐ c. Finalizing

The correct answer is: Initializing

Question **46**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

You select a database or change to a different database with the \_\_\_\_\_ function.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `mysql_select_database()`
- ☐ b. `mysql_change_database()`
- ☒ c. `mysql_select_db()` ✓
- ☐ d. `mysql_change_db()`

The correct answer is: `mysql_select_db()`

Question **47**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

To open a connection to a MySQL database server, use \_\_\_\_\_.

Select one:

- ☒ a. `mysql_connect()` ✓
- ☐ b. `open_connect()`
- ☐ c. `connection_mysql()`
- ☐ d. `open_mysql()`

The correct answer is: `mysql_connect()`

Question **48**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The data values for input elements that use array notation for the value of the name attribute are stored in a \_\_\_\_ array within the \$\_POST autoglobal array.

Select one:

- ☐ a. sub
- ☒ b. nested ✓
- ☐ c. indexed
- ☐ d. key

The correct answer is: nested

Question **49**

Not answered

Marked out of 5.00

Based on the table below, what does the following code do : `chmod("example.exe", 0750);`

Permissions	First Digit (Leftmost) Always 0	Second Digit User (u)	Third Digit Group (g)	Fourth Digit (Rightmost) Other (o)
Read (r)	0	4	4	4
Write (w)	0	2	2	2
Execute (x)	0	1	1	1

**Table 5-2** Octal values for the *mode* parameter of the `chmod()` function

Question **50**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

You use the \_\_\_\_ function to return a portion of an array and assign it to another array.

Select one:

- ☒ a. `array_slice()` ✓
- ☐ b. `array_set()`
- ☐ c. `array_assign()`
- ☐ d. `array_key()`

The correct answer is: `array_slice()`

Question **51**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The \_\_\_\_ quantifier specifies that zero or more of the preceding characters can match.

Select one:

- ☐ a. (&)
- ☒ b. (\*) ✓
- ☐ c. (#)
- ☐ d. (?)

The correct answer is: (\*)

Question **52**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The function \_\_\_\_ returns the fields in the current row of a resultset into an associative array and moves the result pointer to the next row.

Select one:

- ☐ a. `mysql_fetch_lengths()`
- ☒ b. `mysql_fetch_assoc()` ✓
- ☐ c. `mysql_fetch_rows()`
- ☐ d. `mysql_fetch_array()`

The correct answer is: `mysql_fetch_assoc()`

Question **53**

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of  
1.00

To modify the structure of a table, you use the \_\_\_\_ TABLE statement.

Select one:

- ☐ a. MODIFY
- ☐ b. ALTER
- ☐ c. CHANGE
- ☒ d. UPDATE ✗

The correct answer is: ALTER

Question **54**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

What privilege allows the user to select records?

Select one:

- ☐ a. CREATE
- ☐ b. ALTER
- ☐ c. INDEX
- ☒ d. SELECT ✓

The correct answer is: SELECT

Question **55**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The \_\_\_\_ symbol is used to suppress any errors that might be generated by an expression to which it is prepended.

Select one:

- ☐ a. #
- ☐ b. =>
- ☒ c. @ ✓

The correct answer is: @

Question **56**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The \_\_\_\_ portion of the SELECT statement determines which fields to retrieve from a table.

Select one:

- ☐ a. attribute
- ☒ b. criteria ✓
- ☐ c. command
- ☐ d. select

The correct answer is: criteria

Question **57**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

To delete a database, you must execute the \_\_\_\_ DATABASE command.

Select one:

- ☐ a. DELETE
- ☐ b. REMOVE
- ☒ c. DROP ✓
- ☐ d. EXIT

The correct answer is: DROP

Question **58**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

The \_\_\_\_ keyword is often used with the primary key to generate a unique id for each new row in a table.

Select one:

- ☐ a. UNIQUE\_ID
- ☐ b. INCREMENT\_ID
- ☒ c. AUTO\_INCREMENT ✓
- ☐ d. AUTO\_INCREMENT\_ID

The correct answer is: AUTO\_INCREMENT