#### BIOS

The BIOS (Basic Input-Output System) is the software built into a chip on the motherboard, which locates and recognizes all the devices necessary to load the operating system.

#### Protection measures:

- Protect the BIOS with a password.
- Do not allow booting from a CD or USB Device.
- Physical Security, someone with access to the equipment could reset the BIOS by removing the battery and returning the configuration to its original values, although in more modern devices it would be more complicated because they store the configuration in an EEPROM memory.
- Manufacturer BIOS passwords. <a href="https://www.cgsecurity.org/wiki/CmosPwd">https://www.cgsecurity.org/wiki/CmosPwd</a>

#### **Bypass BIOS passwords**

Some tools allow you to manage BIOS passwords from the operating system, one of the most popular is Cmospwd, it requires execution privileges because it requires the installation of a service.

http://www.cgsecurity.org/wiki/CmosPwd

C:\>ioperm.exe -i

C:\>net Start ioperm

C:\>Cmospwd\_win

1 - Kill cmos

2 - Kill cmos 8try to keep date and time)

0 – Abort

C:\> loperm -u

## Hard drive password

Modern BIOS allow to protect access to the hard drive using a password, some brands call it DriveLock or ATA Password, this password does not encrypt the hard drive, it prevents access by compatible systems at the driver level, non-compatible systems do not they will recognize the disk.

## **Code injection**

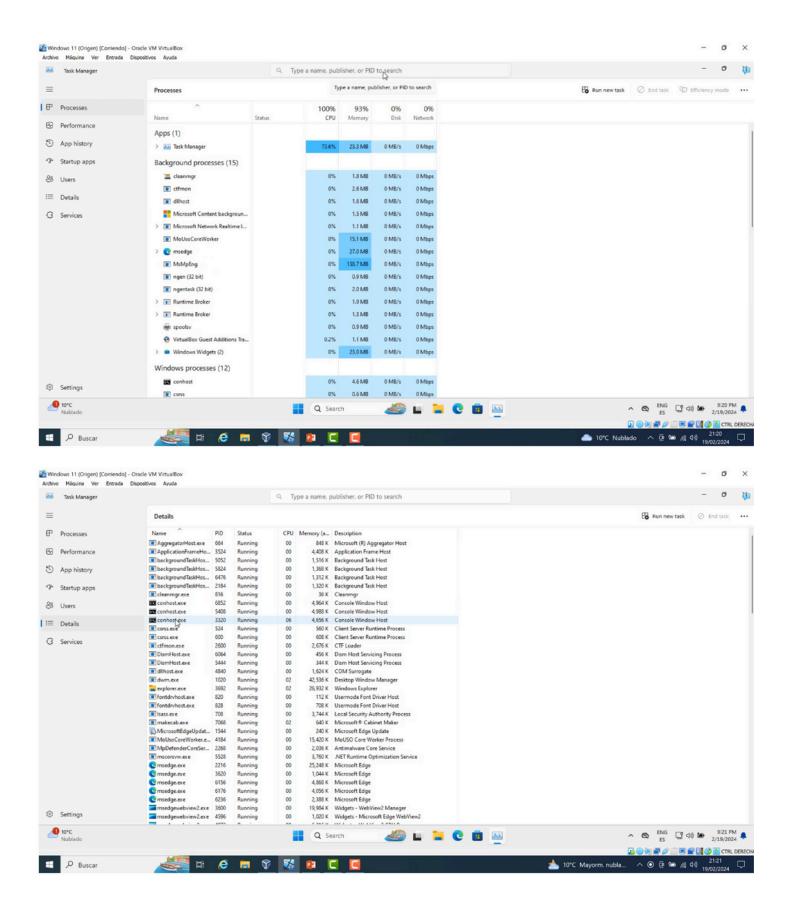
The hardware includes a technology capable of marking memory pages as "non-executable" to prevent code injection. The name of this technology varies depending on the manufacturer: NX, XN, XD, DEP or Enhanced Virus Protection.

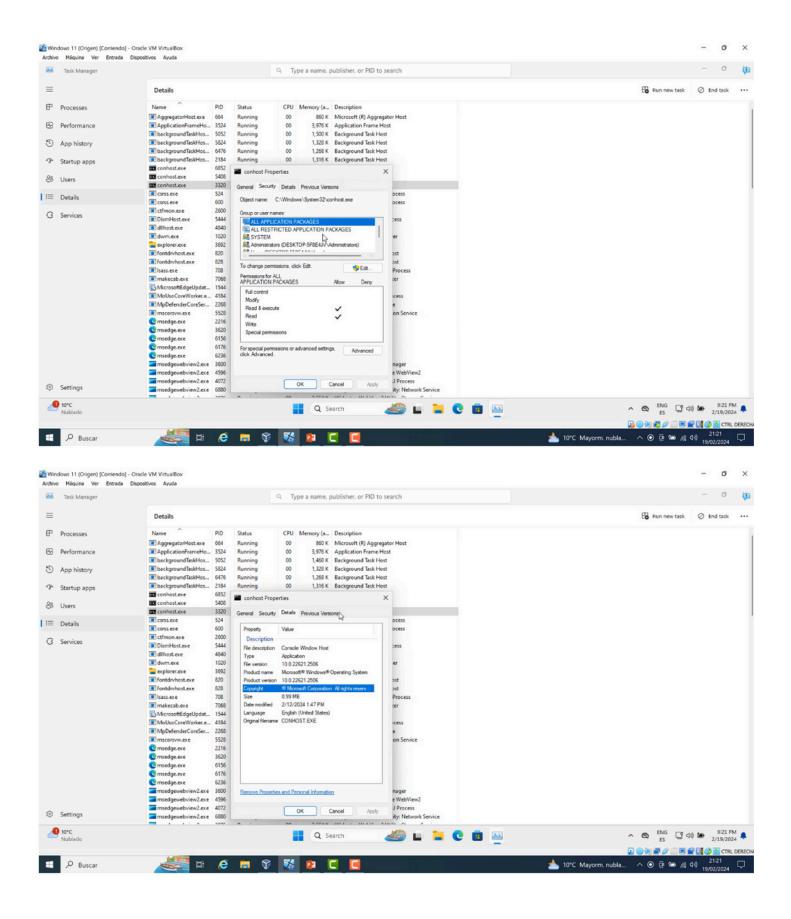
The operating system must recognize this processor technology to be able to use it, in Windows it has been used since Windows XP SP2, in addition in Windows there is the possibility of activating DEP by software, although it is a different protection that controls the safe handling of exceptions.

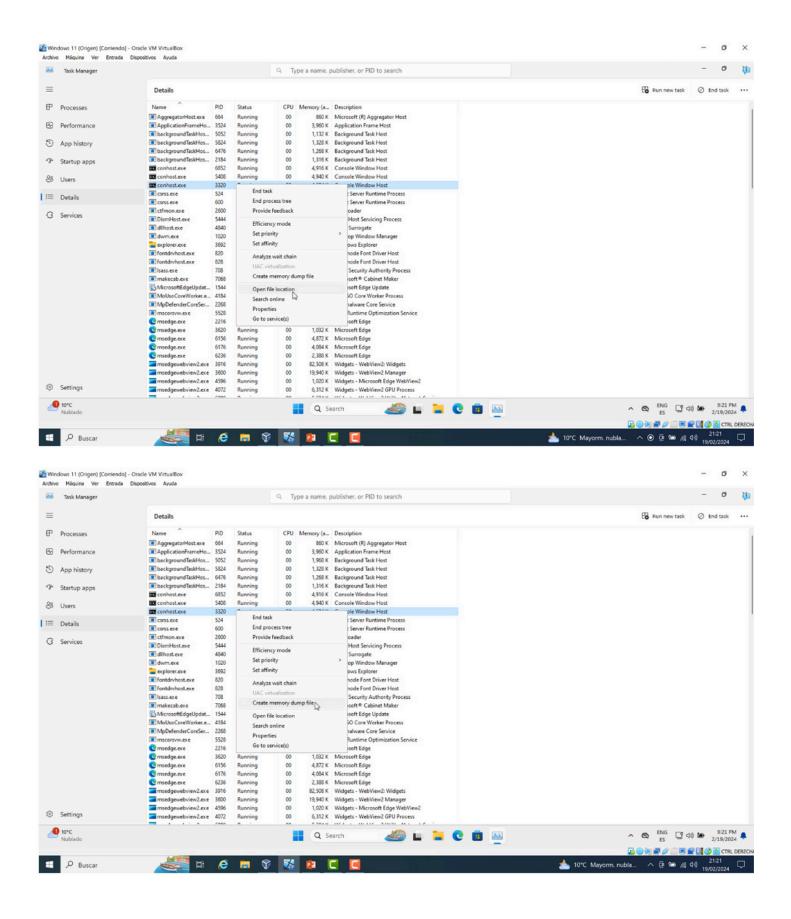
The software must be compiled to take advantage of DEP, to test if an executable can use this technology it is necessary to inspect its PE headers. Use PEStudio, PETools or ExplorerSuite.

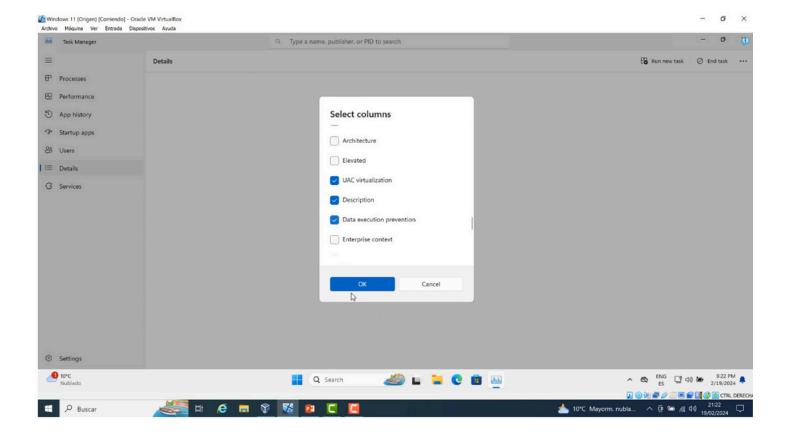
http://www.winitor.net/ http://www.ntcore.com

The task manager also shows us if DEP is activated in a process.









# **Other BIOS options**

- Set system access password.
- · Configure the boot order.
- · Anti-theft service (according to manufacturer).
- TPM (Trusted Platform Module) Advantages of the cryptographic chip.
- · BitLocker.
- Unnecessary options (Wake of LAN, etc.).

