

# Big Data Technologies

2024/2025

## Lab 3

### Starting procedure

- Run the Spark container (as the root)  
`docker run -u 0 -it spark:latest /usr/bin/bash`
- In the container terminal, download the file “les-arbres.csv” in the current directory:

```
wget -O les-arbres.csv https://github.com/lionel-fillatre/BigData/raw/main/Lab3/les-arbres.csv
```

The content of the CSV file is described on the web page: <https://opendata.paris.fr/explore/dataset/les-arbres/>

- In the Spark shell, if you want to use the up-arrow to search backward in the command history and the down-arrow to search forward in the command history, run the following commands  
`echo '"\e[A":history-search-backward' >> /etc/inputrc`  
`echo '"\e[B":history-search-forward' >> /etc/inputrc`
- In the container terminal, start the Spark Shell with the command  
`/opt/spark/bin/spark-shell`
- Do the following exercises
- At the end of the lab, just use “:q” to quit “Spark” and “exit” to quit the container and stop it

### 1 - Perform the following tasks:

- Read the file “les-arbres.csv” with SCALA. The file can be read with the command “`sc.textFile("les-arbres.csv").take(1001)`” where sc is the Spark context (it will be explained in the next lecture).
- Count the lines of the result to verify that the reading works correctly.
- Filter the file to remove the headline (hint: use the commands “filter” and “`!line.startsWith`”)
- Use a map function to cut each line of the file into fields (each field corresponds to a column of the text file).
- Use a map function to retrieve the field corresponding to “height” (“HAUTEUR” in french). To convert a string variable named S representing a float into a float number, you can use “`S.toFloat`”.
- Filter the collection of heights in order to keep only the records such as (`height > 0`). The final collection of values will be called “collectTreeHeights”.
- Code a map-reduce function to compute the total number of elements in “collectTreeHeights”. The result will be stored in the variable “countTrees”.
- Code a reduce function to compute the total sum of tree heights. The result will be stored in the variable “totalHeight”.
- Code a reduce function to compute the maximum height of a tree. It will be stored in the variable “maxHeight”. What can you conclude from this result?
- Compute and print on screen the total height, the number of trees, the maximum height of a tree and the average height of a tree.

## 2 - Study the following MapReduce program:

```
val nb_samples = 100000
val count = sc.parallelize(1 to nb_samples).map{i =>
  val x = Math.random()
  val y = Math.random()
  if (x*x + y*y < 1) 1 else 0
}.reduce(_ + _)
println("The result is " + 4.0 * count / nb_samples)
```

1. Describe each line of the program.
2. Draw a scheme that models the whole structure of the mapReduce program.
3. How to interpret the final numerical result? Explain carefully.