



PRACTICA 8

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☰ Tags	
☰ Tema	

Tema i què es fa

Gestión entrada/salida. Se tratan las pipes. Pipes sin nombre, con nombre y sockets. Comunicamos procesos con pipes y redirigimos su salida y entrada a pipes con y sin nombre.

Sessió i codis

▼ escritor.c

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
```

```

int main(int argc, char **argv){
    char buff[80];
    int fd = open("./pipe", O_WRONLY);
    int ret;
    while((ret = read(fd,buff,ret)) > 0){
        write(fd,buff,ret);
    }
}

```

▼ escritor_socket.c

```

#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include "socketMng.c"

int main(int argc, char **argv){
    int socketFD;
    int connectionFD;
    int ret;
    char buffer[80];

    if (argc != 2) {
        strcpy(buffer, "Usage: prServerSocket socketPath\n");
        write(2, buffer, strlen(buffer));
        exit(1);
    }

    socketFD = createSocket(argv[1]);
    connectionFD = serverConnection(socketFD);
    ret = read(0, buffer, sizeof(buffer));

    while (ret > 0) {
        write(connectionFD, buffer, ret);
        ret = read(0, buffer, sizeof(buffer));
    }

    closeConnection(connectionFD);
    deleteSocket(socketFD, argv[1]);
}

```

▼ escritor_v2.c

```

#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>

```

```

#include <errno.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv){
    char buff[80];
    int fd = open("./pipe", O_WRONLY|O_NONBLOCK);
    if ((fd < 0) && (errno == ENXIO)) perror("Esperando lector");
    fd = open("./pipe", O_WRONLY);
    int ret;
    while((ret = read(fd,buff,ret)) > 0){
        write(fd,buff,ret);
    }
}

```

▼ lector.c

```

#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>

int main(int argc, char **argv){
    char buff[80];
    int fd = open("./pipe", O_RDONLY);
    int ret;
    while((ret = read(fd,buff,ret)) > 0){
        write(1,buff,ret);
    }
}

```

▼ lector_socket.c

```

#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include "socketMng.c"

int main(int argc, char **argv){
    int connectionFD;
    int ret;
    char buffer[80];

    if (argc != 2) {
        strcpy(buffer, "Usage: prClientSocket socketPath\n");
        write(2, buffer, strlen(buffer));
        exit(1);
    }

    connectionFD = clientConnection(argv[1]);
    ret = read(connectionFD, buffer, sizeof(buffer));

```

```

        while (ret > 0) {
            write(1, buffer, ret);
            ret = read(connectionFD, buffer, sizeof(buffer));
        }

        closeConnection(connectionFD);

    }

```

▼ sin_nombre.c

```

#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>

main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    char buff[80];
    int p[2];
    pipe(p);
    int pid = fork();
    if (pid == 0){
        //close(0);
        dup2(p[0],0);
        close(p[0]);
        close(p[1]);
        execlp("cat","cat",(char*)0);
    }
    else if(pid > 0){
        close(p[0]);
        sprintf(buff,"Inicio\n");
        write(p[1],buff,strlen(buff));
        close(p[1]);
        waitpid(-1,NULL,0);
        sprintf(buff,"Fin\n");
        write(1,buff,strlen(buff));
    }
}

```

Manual

? pipe - Crea una pipe sin nombre

? open - Abre un fichero

? dup/dup2 - Duplica un descriptor de fichero

? socket - Crea un socket

? bind - Asigna dirección a un socket

? connect - Conecta un socket