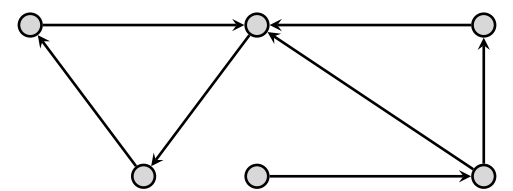


1 Strongly Connected Components

Consider the directed graph below:



How many strongly connected components does this graph have?

4

Correct

What is the minimum number of directed edges to add to this graph to make all the vertices strongly connected?

1

Correct

Assume you have two vertices u and v in a directed graph where there exists a path from u to v . Which one of the following is incorrect about u and v ?

- ☐ u and v can be in the same SCC.
- ☐ u and v can be in different SCCs.
- ☐ If u 's DFS finish time is less than v 's DFS finish time then u and v are in the same SCC.
- ☒ u 's DFS finish time is always greater than v 's DFS finish time.

Correct

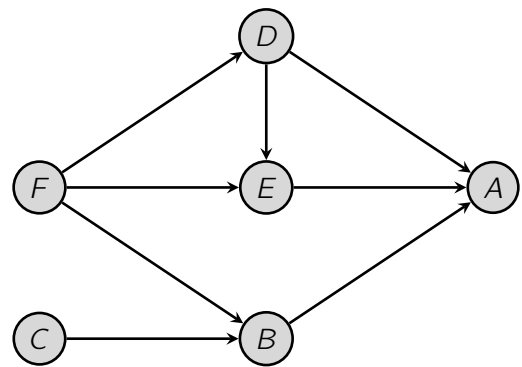
Assume you have two vertices u and v in a directed graph where u and v are in the same SCC. Which one of the following is incorrect about u and v ?

- ☐ There exists a DFS tree where u is in v 's subtree (subtree rooted at v).
- ☐ There exists a DFS tree where v is in u 's subtree (subtree rooted at u).
- ☒ There exists a DFS tree where u is not in v 's subtree and v is not in u 's subtree.
- ☐ There exists a BFS tree where u is not in v 's subtree and v is not in u 's subtree

Correct

2 Topological Sorting

Consider the DAG below:



How many different orderings of the vertices in the above graph (out of the $6!$ possible orderings) result in a topological sort? For instance $ABCDEF$ is an ordering that's not topologically sorted, but $FDCEBA$ is an ordering that's topologically sorted.

9

Correct

What is the lexicographically smallest topological ordering of the vertices?

CFBDEA

Correct

If we use a DFS algorithm that breaks ties lexicographically (always picks the node with lexicographically smallest letter possible to start or proceed), what is the resulting topological ordering of the nodes?

FDECBA

Correct