

5η ΕΡΓΑΣΤΗΡΙΑΚΗ ΑΣΚΗΣΗ ΓΙΑ ΤΟ ΜΑΘΗΜΑ "Εργαστήριο Μικροϋπολογιστών"

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5.1

Συνδέουμε τους ακροδέκτες IO0_0 και IO0_1 του κονέκτορα P18 μέσω καλωδίων, με τους ακροδέκτες LED_PD0 και LED_PD1 του κονέκτορα J18 αντίστοιχα. Έπειτα αρχικοποιούμε το EXT_PORT0 ως output, κάνουμε τις λογικές πράξεις και απεικονίζουμε τα f0 και f1 στα LED_PD0 και LED_PD1.

```
#define F_CPU 16000000UL
#include<avr/io.h>
#include<avr/interrupt.h>
#include<util/delay.h>
#define PCA9555_0_ADDRESS 0x40 //A0=A1=A2=0 by hardware
#define TWI_READ 1 // reading from twi device
#define TWI_WRITE 0 // writing to twi device
#define SCL_CLOCK 100000L // twi clock in Hz
//FscI=Fcpu/(16+2*TWBR0_VALUE*PRESCALER_VALUE)
#define TWBR0_VALUE ((F_CPU/SCL_CLOCK)-16)/2
// PCA9555 REGISTERS
typedef enum {
    REG_INPUT_0 = 0,
    REG_INPUT_1 = 1,
    REG_OUTPUT_0 = 2,
    REG_OUTPUT_1 = 3,
    REG_POLARITY_INV_0 = 4,
    REG_POLARITY_INV_1 = 5,
    REG_CONFIGURATION_0 = 6,
    REG_CONFIGURATION_1 = 7,
} PCA9555_REGISTERS;
//----- Master Transmitter/Receiver -----
#define TW_START 0x08
#define TW_REP_START 0x10
//----- Master Transmitter -----
#define TW_MT_SLA_ACK 0x18
```

```

#define TW_MT_SLA_NACK 0x20
#define TW_MT_DATA_ACK 0x28
//----- Master Receiver -----
#define TW_MR_SLA_ACK 0x40
#define TW_MR_SLA_NACK 0x48
#define TW_MR_DATA_NACK 0x58

#define TW_STATUS_MASK 0b11111000
#define TW_STATUS (TWSR0 & TW_STATUS_MASK)
//initialize TWI clock
void twi_init(void)
{
    TWSR0 = 0; // PRESCALER_VALUE=1
    TWBR0 = TWBR0_VALUE; // SCL_CLOCK 100KHz
}
// Read one byte from the twi device ( request more data from device)
unsigned char twi_readAck(void)
{
    TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWEN) | (1<<TWEA);
    while(!(TWCR0 & (1<<TWINT)));
    return TWDR0;
}
// Issues a start condition and sends address and transfer direction.
// return 0 = device accessible, 1= failed to access device
unsigned char twi_start(unsigned char address)
{
    uint8_t twi_status;
    // send START condition
    TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWSTA) | (1<<TWEN);
    // wait until transmission completed
    while(!(TWCR0 & (1<<TWINT)));
    // check value of TWI Status Register.
    twi_status = TW_STATUS & 0xF8;
    if ( (twi_status != TW_START) && (twi_status != TW_REP_START)) return 1;
    // send device address
    TWDR0 = address;
    TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWEN);
    // wait until transmission completed and ACK/NACK has been received
    while(!(TWCR0 & (1<<TWINT)));
    // check value of TWI Status Register.
    twi_status = TW_STATUS & 0xF8;
    if ( (twi_status != TW_MT_SLA_ACK) && (twi_status != TW_MR_SLA_ACK) )
    {
        return 1;
    }
    return 0;
}
// Send start condition, address, transfer direction.

```

```

// Use ack polling to wait until device is ready
void twi_start_wait(unsigned char address)
{
    uint8_t twi_status;
    while ( 1 )
    {
        // send START condition
        TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWSTA) | (1<<TWEN);

        // wait until transmission completed
        while(!(TWCR0 & (1<<TWINT)));

        // check value of TWI Status Register.
        twi_status = TW_STATUS & 0xF8;
        if ( (twi_status != TW_START) && (twi_status != TW_REP_START)) continue;

        // send device address
        TWDR0 = address;
        TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWEN);

        // wait until transmission completed
        while(!(TWCR0 & (1<<TWINT)));

        // check value of TWI Status Register.
        twi_status = TW_STATUS & 0xF8;
        if ( (twi_status == TW_MT_SLA_NACK )||(twi_status ==TW_MR_DATA_NACK) )
        {
            /* device busy, send stop condition to terminate write operation */
            TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWEN) | (1<<TWSTO);

            // wait until stop condition is executed and bus released
            while(TWCR0 & (1<<TWSTO));

            continue;
        }
        break;
    }
}

// Send one byte to twi device, Return 0 if write successful or 1 if write failed
unsigned char twi_write( unsigned char data )
{
    // send data to the previously addressed device
    TWDR0 = data;
    TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWEN);
    // wait until transmission completed

    while(!(TWCR0 & (1<<TWINT)));
    if( (TW_STATUS & 0xF8) != TW_MT_DATA_ACK) return 1;
}

```

```

return 0;
}
// Send repeated start condition, address, transfer direction
//Return: 0 device accessible
// 1 failed to access device
unsigned char twi_rep_start(unsigned char address)
{
    return twi_start( address );
}
// Terminates the data transfer and releases the twi bus
void twi_stop(void)
{
    // send stop condition
    TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWEN) | (1<<TWSTO);
    // wait until stop condition is executed and bus released
    while(TWCR0 & (1<<TWSTO));
}
unsigned char twi_readNak(void)
{
    TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWEN);
    while(!(TWCR0 & (1<<TWINT)));

    return TWDR0;
}
void PCA9555_0_write(PCA9555_REGISTERS reg, uint8_t value)
{
    twi_start_wait(PCA9555_0_ADDRESS + TWI_WRITE);
    twi_write(reg);
    twi_write(value);
    twi_stop();
}
uint8_t PCA9555_0_read(PCA9555_REGISTERS reg)
{
    uint8_t ret_val;

    twi_start_wait(PCA9555_0_ADDRESS + TWI_WRITE);
    twi_write(reg);
    twi_rep_start(PCA9555_0_ADDRESS + TWI_READ);
    ret_val = twi_readNak();
    twi_stop();

    return ret_val;
}
int main(void) {
    twi_init();
    DDRB=0x00;
    PCA9555_0_write(REG_CONFIGURATION_0, 0x00); //Set EXT_PORT0 as output

```

```

while(1)
{
//f0=(a'b+b'cd)'
//f0=(ac)(b+d)
    uint8_t pinb=PINB;
    pinb=~pinb;
    uint8_t a=(pinb & 0x01);
    uint8_t b=(pinb & 0x02)>>1;

    uint8_t c= (pinb & 0x04)>>2;

    uint8_t d= (pinb & 0x08)>>3;
    uint8_t ax= a^0x01;
    uint8_t bx= b^0x01;
    uint8_t f0=((ax)&b)|((bx)&(c&d));
    uint8_t f0x=f0^0x01;
    uint8_t f1=((a&c)&(b|d))<<1;

    uint8_t temp =f0x+f1;

    PCA9555_0_write(REG_OUTPUT_0, temp);

}
}

```

5.2

Αρχικοποιούμε το REG_OUTPUT_1 ως 0b00000001 (0xFE αφού είναι αντίστροφη λογική), πατάμε ένα κουμπί και ανάλογα το κουμπί πατάμε διαβάζουμε διαβάζουμε διαφορετική τιμή από το REG_INPUT_1. Έτσι ελέγχοντας την τιμή που παίρνουμε από το REG_INPUT_1 καταλαβαίνουμε ποιο κουμπί έχουμε πατήσει και ανάβουμε το LED που του αντιστοιχεί.

```

#define F_CPU 16000000UL
#include<avr/io.h>
#include<avr/interrupt.h>
#include<util/delay.h>
#define PCA9555_0_ADDRESS 0x40 //A0=A1=A2=0 by hardware
#define TWI_READ 1 // reading from twi device
#define TWI_WRITE 0 // writing to twi device
#define SCL_CLOCK 100000L // twi clock in Hz

```

```

//F scl=Fcpu/(16+2*TWBR0_VALUE*PRESCALER_VALUE)
#define TWBR0_VALUE ((F_CPU/SCL_CLOCK)-16)/2
// PCA9555 REGISTERS
typedef enum {
    REG_INPUT_0 = 0,
    REG_INPUT_1 = 1,
    REG_OUTPUT_0 = 2,
    REG_OUTPUT_1 = 3,
    REG_POLARITY_INV_0 = 4,
    REG_POLARITY_INV_1 = 5,
    REG_CONFIGURATION_0 = 6,
    REG_CONFIGURATION_1 = 7,
} PCA9555_REGISTERS;
//----- Master Transmitter/Receiver -----
#define TW_START 0x08
#define TW_REP_START 0x10
//----- Master Transmitter -----
#define TW_MT_SLA_ACK 0x18
#define TW_MT_SLA_NACK 0x20
#define TW_MT_DATA_ACK 0x28
//----- Master Receiver -----
#define TW_MR_SLA_ACK 0x40
#define TW_MR_SLA_NACK 0x48
#define TW_MR_DATA_NACK 0x58

#define TW_STATUS_MASK 0b11111000
#define TW_STATUS (TWSR0 & TW_STATUS_MASK)
//initialize TWI clock
void twi_init(void)
{
    TWSR0 = 0; // PRESCALER_VALUE=1
    TWBR0 = TWBR0_VALUE; // SCL_CLOCK 100KHz
}
// Read one byte from the twi device ( request more data from device)
unsigned char twi_readAck(void)
{
    TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWEN) | (1<<TWEA);
    while(!(TWCR0 & (1<<TWINT)));
    return TWDR0;
}
// Issues a start condition and sends address and transfer direction.
// return 0 = device accessible, 1= failed to access device
unsigned char twi_start(unsigned char address)
{
    uint8_t twi_status;
    // send START condition
    TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWSTA) | (1<<TWEN);
    // wait until transmission completed

```

```

while(!(TWCR0 & (1<<TWINT)));
// check value of TWI Status Register.
twi_status = TW_STATUS & 0xF8;
if ( (twi_status != TW_START) && (twi_status != TW_REP_START)) return 1;
// send device address
TWDR0 = address;
TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWEN);
// wait until transmission completed and ACK/NACK has been received
while(!(TWCR0 & (1<<TWINT)));
// check value of TWI Status Register.
twi_status = TW_STATUS & 0xF8;
if ( (twi_status != TW_MT_SLA_ACK) && (twi_status != TW_MR_SLA_ACK) )
{
    return 1;
}
return 0;
}
// Send start condition, address, transfer direction.
// Use ack polling to wait until device is ready
void twi_start_wait(unsigned char address)
{
    uint8_t twi_status;
    while ( 1 )
    {
        // send START condition
        TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWSTA) | (1<<TWEN);

        // wait until transmission completed
        while(!(TWCR0 & (1<<TWINT)));

        // check value of TWI Status Register.
        twi_status = TW_STATUS & 0xF8;
        if ( (twi_status != TW_START) && (twi_status != TW_REP_START)) continue;

        // send device address
        TWDR0 = address;
        TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWEN);

        // wait until transmission completed
        while(!(TWCR0 & (1<<TWINT)));

        // check value of TWI Status Register.
        twi_status = TW_STATUS & 0xF8;
        if ( (twi_status == TW_MT_SLA_NACK)||(twi_status ==TW_MR_DATA_NACK) )
        {
            /* device busy, send stop condition to terminate write operation */
            TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWEN) | (1<<TWSTO);

```

```

// wait until stop condition is executed and bus released
while(TWCR0 & (1<<TWSTO));

continue;
}
break;
}
}
// Send one byte to twi device, Return 0 if write successful or 1 if write failed
unsigned char twi_write( unsigned char data )
{
// send data to the previously addressed device
TWDR0 = data;
TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWEN);
// wait until transmission completed

while(!(TWCR0 & (1<<TWINT)));
if( (TW_STATUS & 0xF8) != TW_MT_DATA_ACK) return 1;
return 0;
}
// Send repeated start condition, address, transfer direction
//Return: 0 device accessible
// 1 failed to access device
unsigned char twi_rep_start(unsigned char address)
{
return twi_start( address );
}
// Terminates the data transfer and releases the twi bus
void twi_stop(void)
{
// send stop condition
TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWEN) | (1<<TWSTO);
// wait until stop condition is executed and bus released
while(TWCR0 & (1<<TWSTO));
}
unsigned char twi_readNak(void)
{
TWCR0 = (1<<TWINT) | (1<<TWEN);
while(!(TWCR0 & (1<<TWINT)));

return TWDR0;
}
void PCA9555_0_write(PCA9555_REGISTERS reg, uint8_t value)
{
twi_start_wait(PCA9555_0_ADDRESS + TWI_WRITE);
twi_write(reg);
twi_write(value);
twi_stop();
}

```



```

}
uint8_t PCA9555_0_read(PCA9555_REGISTERS reg)
{
uint8_t ret_val;

twi_start_wait(PCA9555_0_ADDRESS + TWI_WRITE);
twi_write(reg);
twi_rep_start(PCA9555_0_ADDRESS + TWI_READ);
ret_val = twi_readNak();
twi_stop();

return ret_val;
}
int main(void) {
twi_init();
DDRB=0x00;

PCA9555_0_write(REG_CONFIGURATION_0, 0x00);
PCA9555_0_write(REG_CONFIGURATION_1, 0xFE);

while(1)
{
PCA9555_0_write(REG_OUTPUT_1, 0xFE);
uint8_t temp ;
temp =PCA9555_0_read(REG_INPUT_1);
PCA9555_0_write(REG_OUTPUT_0, 0x00);
if (temp==0b11101110){
PCA9555_0_write(REG_OUTPUT_0, 0x01);}
if (temp==0b11011110){

PCA9555_0_write(REG_OUTPUT_0, 0x02);}
if (temp==0b10111110){

PCA9555_0_write(REG_OUTPUT_0, 0x04);}
if (temp==0b01111110){

PCA9555_0_write(REG_OUTPUT_0, 0x08);}

}
}

```