M Coal Production ETL Pipeline

1. Project Overview

This project was built as part of a technical challenge from a hiring company. It demonstrates a complete ETL (Extract, Transform, Load) pipeline that processes coal production and equipment sensor data, stores it into a data warehouse (Apache Doris), and visualizes insights via Metabase. The pipeline also includes a forecasting component using Prophet.

- Python 3.11
- MySQL 8.0 (for raw/staging data)
- Apache Doris (data warehouse)
- Metabase (BI visualization)
- Docker & Docker Compose
- Prophet (forecasting)

M 3. ETL Pipeline Design

- Extract production and equipment data from MySQL using extract.py
- · Supports multiple tables and CSV input

II Transform

- Clean null/missing values
- · Convert units, format dates
- · Aggregate production per day/mine
- Create derived features like:
 - o Cumulative volume
 - o Production rate
 - Sensor statistics

Load

- Load transformed data into Apache Doris into 2 fact tables:
 - daily_production_metrics
 - production_per_mine

- Basic sanity checks before loading
- Logs validation failures to logs/etl_errors.log

4. File Structure

```
# Entrypoint for ETL process
├─ main_etl.py
production_forecast.py
                          # Forecast future production volume using Prophet
- config/
 └─ db_config.py
                           # DB configuration (MySQL & Doris)
-- etl/
                          # Extraction logic
  — extract.py
                       # Transformation logic
# Load logic to Doris
transform.py
load.py
│ └─ validate.py
                           # Data validation
├─ mysql-init/
│ └─ production_logs.sql # Initial raw table (import manually to MySQL)
├─ dashboard/
  daily_production_linechart.png
  ├─ quality_bar_chart.png
   └─ rainfall_scatter.png  # Metabase export samples
— forecast/
├── forecast_plot.png
  forecast_tomorrow.csv # Prophet output
├─ data/
  └─ equipment_sensors.csv # Sample CSV for external sensor data
- logs/
│ └─ etl_errors.log
                          # Error log from validation stage
— docker-compose.yml
                          # Run MySQL, Doris, and Metabase containers
- requirements.txt
                           # Python dependencies
— docs/
├── documentation_report.md # Full documentation
  └─ pipeline_design.md # Design diagrams / explanations
- README.md
                            # Main project readme
```

▶ 5. How to Run

```
# Setup virtual environment
python -m venv venv
source venv/bin/activate # or venv\Scripts\activate on Windows
# Install Python dependencies
pip install -r requirements.txt
# Import production_logs.sql manually to MySQL
mysql -u root -p < mysql-init/production_logs.sql</pre>
# Run the ETL
python main_etl.py
# Run forecasting
python production_forecast.py
# Start MySQL, Doris, and Metabase services
docker-compose up -d
# Run the ETL
python main_etl.py
# Run forecasting
python production_forecast.py
```

Ø 6. Data Schema

MySQL (Staging)

production_data(mine_id, date, volume, unit)

equipment_sensors(mine_id, date, temperature, vibration, moisture)

Apache Doris (Transformed)

- daily_production_metrics(date, total_volume)
- production_per_mine(mine_id, date, volume)
- equipment_summary(mine_id, date, avg_temp, avg_vibration, avg_moisture)

§ 7. Visualization (Metabase)

Visual dashboards created using Metabase can include:

- I Daily production line chart
- 🛮 Production per mine bar chart
- 🛮 Scatter plot of sensor readings vs volume
- If Future production forecast (Prophet output)

Metabase is accessible at http://localhost:3000

8. Forecasting Module

The production_forecast.py script:

- Uses Prophet to model and predict daily production trends
- Saves:
 - o forecast_plot.png
 - o forecast_tomorrow.csv

Limitations:

- Simple univariate time series model
- Can be enhanced with multivariate or deep learning approaches

§ 9. Known Issues & Limitations

- mysqlclient or pymysql require native system libs; may fail in some Docker builds
- Doris query engine may require tuning for complex aggregations
- Metabase setup is manual; dashboards not created automatically
- Validation is basic (extendable with schema or data drift checks)

This project successfully demonstrates:

- Building an end-to-end ETL pipeline
- Loading to a real data warehouse (Doris)
- Forecasting and dashboarding using Python and Metabase

Although some components are simplified or manual (e.g., data import), the architecture and structure are scalable and modular for production-level use.

11. Credits

This project was initially part of a hiring challenge from a real-world company (name undisclosed). It has been extended and repurposed into a personal portfolio project to demonstrate practical data engineering and ETL skills.