## **EXERCISE 2**

SGN-1156 Signal Processing Techniques
http://www.cs.tut.fi/courses/SGN-1156
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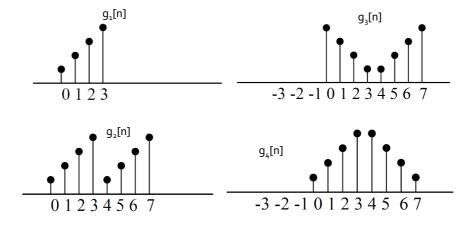
**PROBLEM 1:** Determine the DTFT of each of the following sequences:

(a) 
$$x_a[n] = \mu[n] - \mu[n-5]$$

(b) 
$$x_b[n] = \alpha^n (\mu[n] - \mu[n-8])$$
  $|\alpha| < 1$ 

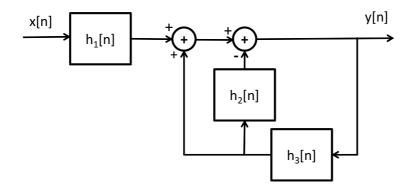
(c) 
$$x_c[n] = (n+1)\alpha^n \mu[n]$$
  $|\alpha| < 1$ 

**PROBLEM 2:** (problem 3.41 from the book) Let  $G_1(e^{j\omega})$  denote the discrete-time Fourier transform of the sequence  $g_1[n]$  shown in the figure below. Express the DTFTs of  $g_2[n]$ ,  $g_3[n]$  and  $g_4[n]$  in terms of  $G_1(e^{j\omega})$ . Do not evaluate  $G_1(e^{j\omega})$ .



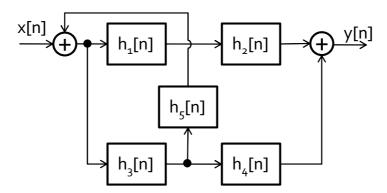
**PROBLEM 3:** (problem 3.34 from the book) Let  $X(e^{j\omega})$  denote the DTFT of a complex sequence x[n]. Determine the DTFT  $Y(e^{j\omega})$  of the sequence  $y[n] = x[n] * x^*[-n]$  in terms of  $X(e^{j\omega})$ , and show that it is a real-valued function of  $\omega$ .

**PROBLEM 4:** Consider the following interconnection of linear shift-invariant systems:



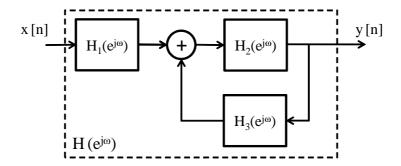
Express the frequency response of the overall system  $H(e^{j\omega})$  in terms of the frequency responses of the subsystems  $H_1(e^{j\omega})$ ,  $H_2(e^{j\omega})$ , and  $H_3(e^{j\omega})$ .

**PROBLEM 5.** Consider the following interconnection of LTI systems:



Express the frequency response of the overall system  $H(e^{j\omega})$  in terms of the frequency responses of the subsystems depicted in the diagram.

**PROBLEM 6.** Consider the interconnection of linear shift-invariant systems in the figure below:



- (a) Express the frequency response of the overall system  $H(e^{j\omega})$  in terms of the frequency responses of the subsystems  $H_1(e^{j\omega})$ ,  $H_2(e^{j\omega})$  and  $H_3(e^{j\omega})$ .
- (b) Determine the frequency response  $H(e^{j\omega})$  of the overall system if:

$$h_1[n] = \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{3}n)}{\pi n}$$
  
 $h_2[n] = (0.3)^n \mu[n]$   
 $h_3[n] = \delta[n-2]$ 

PROBLEM 7 (problem 3.59 from the book): An LTI IIR discrete-time system is described by the difference equation

$$y[n] + a_1y[n-1] = b_0x[n] + b_1x[n-1]$$

where the input is x[n], the output is y[n], and the constants  $a_1$ ,  $b_0$  and  $b_1$  are real. Determine the expression for its frequency response. For what values of  $b_0$  and  $b_1$  will the magnitude response be a constant for all values of  $\omega$ ?

PROBLEM 8: Consider the system defined by the difference equation

$$y[n] = ay[n-1] + bx[n] + x[n-1]$$

where a and b are real, and |a| < 1. Find the relationship between a and b that must exist if the frequency response is to have a constant magnitude for all  $\omega$ , that is  $|H(e^{j\omega})| = 1$ .