

# I G R A F I C O S & E V O L U Ç Ã O H

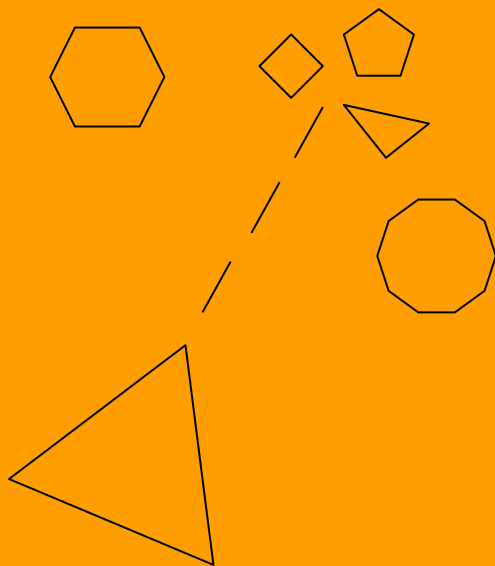
START



OPT I O N S

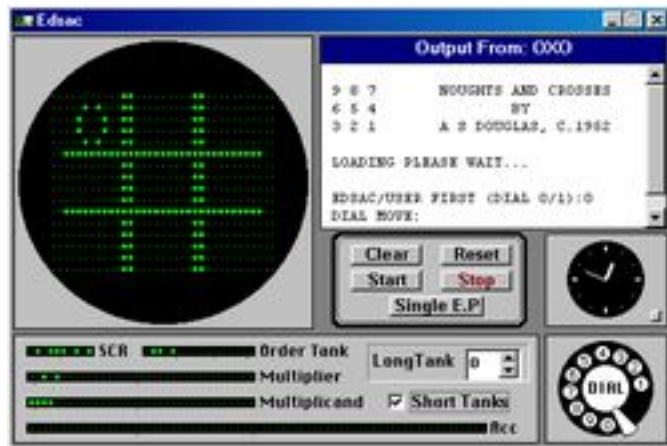


Parte 1



# Gráficos iniciais

OXO para o computador EDSAC  
que simula um jogo da velha



Mouse in the maze para o TR-0 que  
utilizava uma stylus (caneta de luz)  
que permitia o jogador desenhar o  
gráfico do jogo

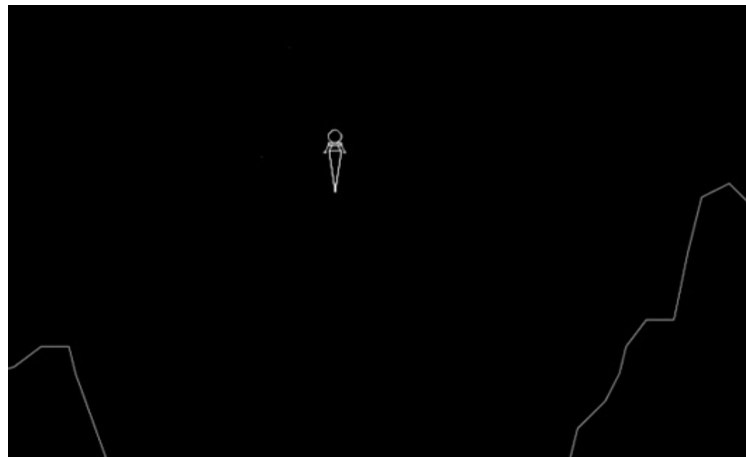


## Anos 70

Odyssey 100 foi o primeiro video game conectado à TV



Lunar Lander foi primeiro jogo com gráficos vetoriais na forma de wireframes



## Anos 80

Atari cria o Battlezone primeiro jogo 3D em primeira pessoa.



Dragon's Lair é o primeiro a utilizar a tecnologia vídeo laser ao invés dos comuns gráficos em formato de sprites da época.



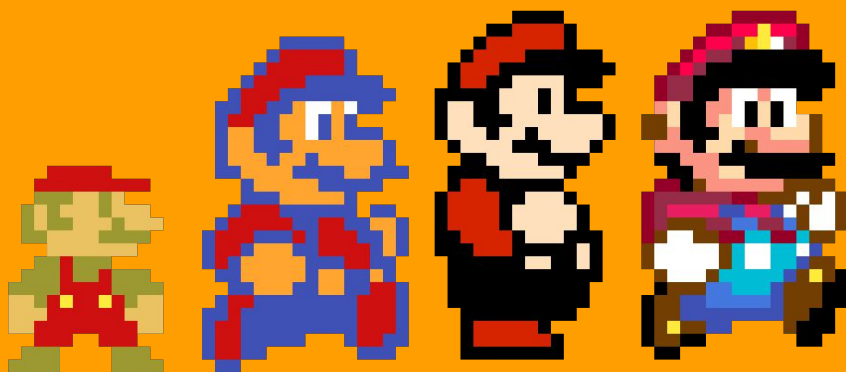
## Anos 80

NES(famicom) com gráficos de 8 bits faz um sucesso de vendas no Japão



## Parte 2

# GERAÇÃO DE BITS





***Pac-Man*** (Atari 2600,1982)



**Super Mario Bros**(NES, 1985)





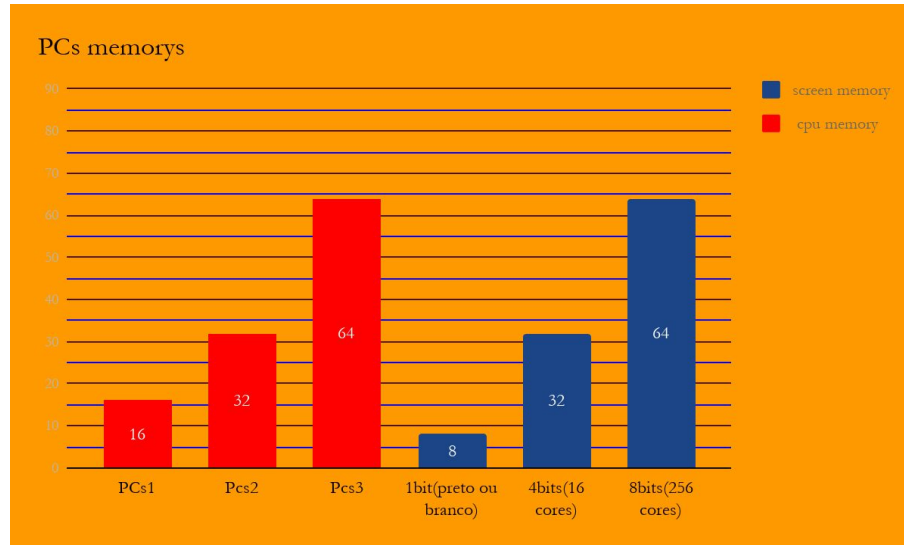
**Mega Man X4(1997)**



**Donkey Kong 64(1999)**

# **Limitações da época**

# BITS

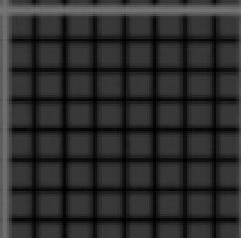
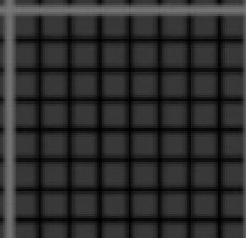
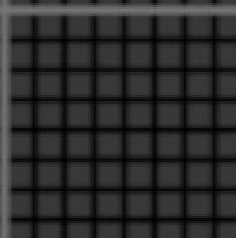
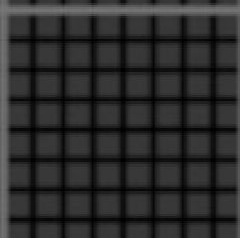
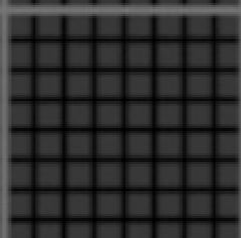
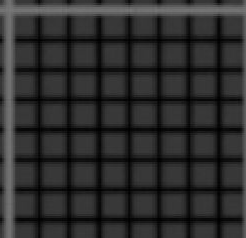
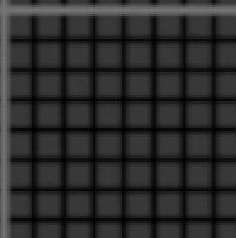
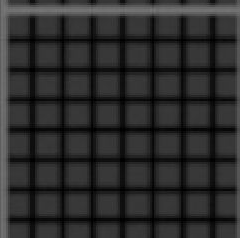
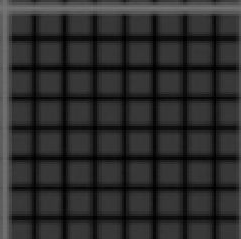
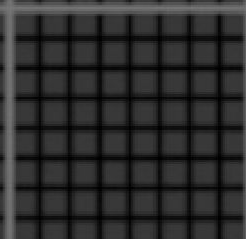
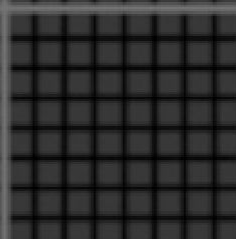
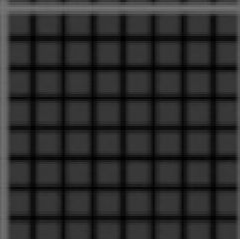
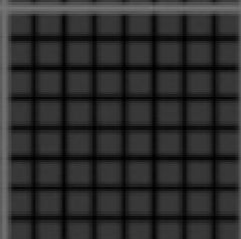
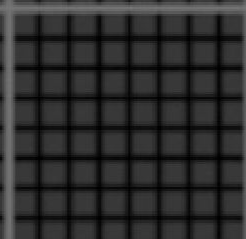
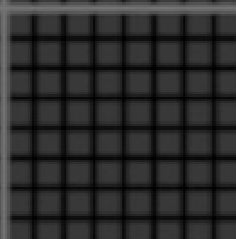
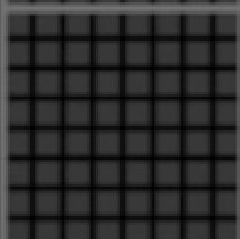
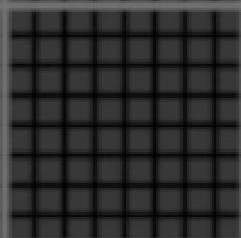
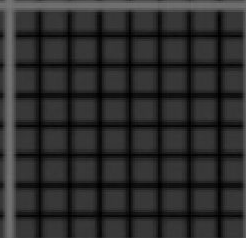
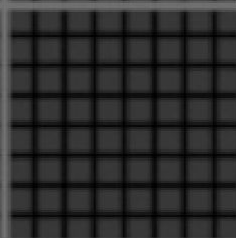
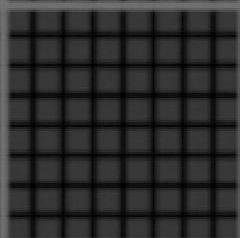
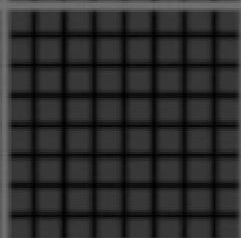
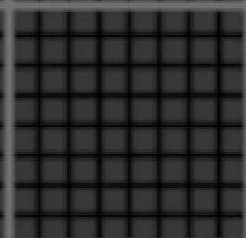
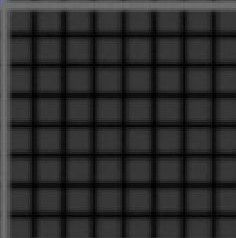
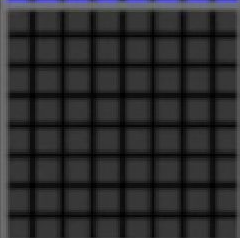
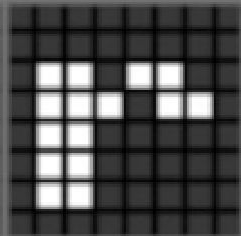
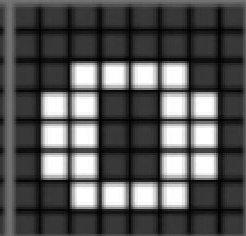
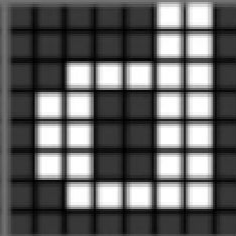
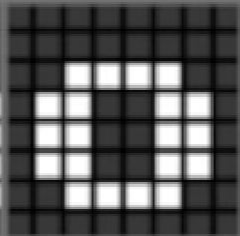
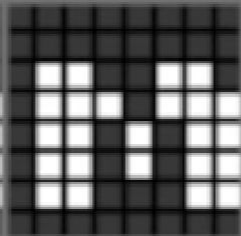
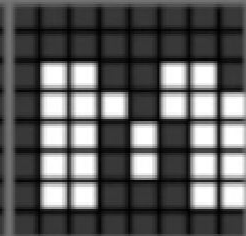
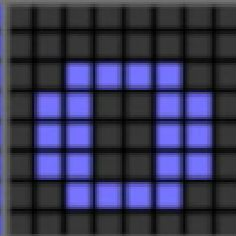
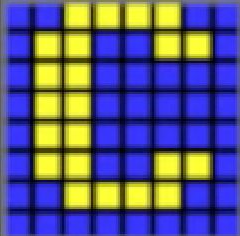


**RESOLUÇÃO 320X200**  
**64000 PIXEL**

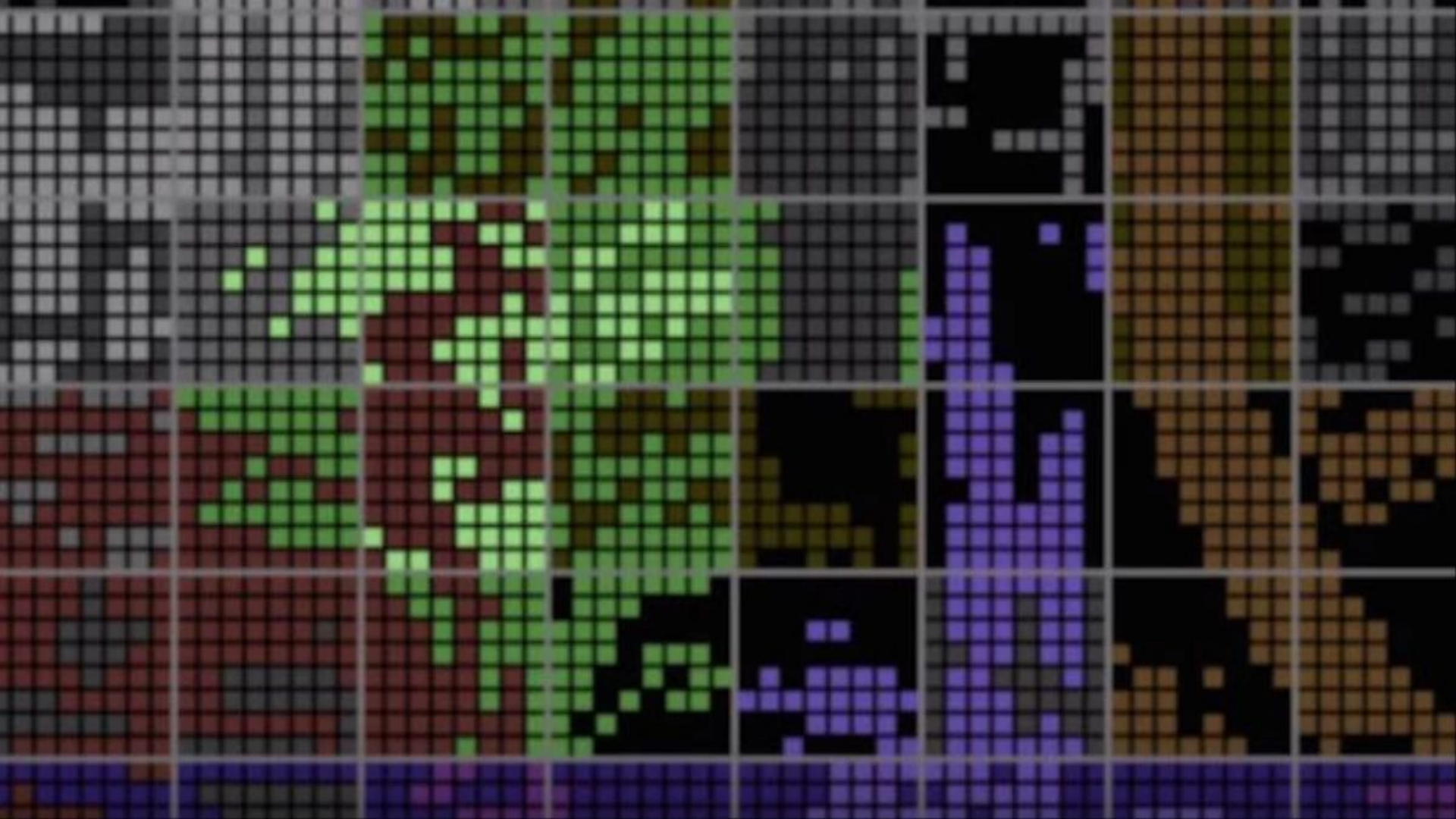
**BITS**

# Colors Cells









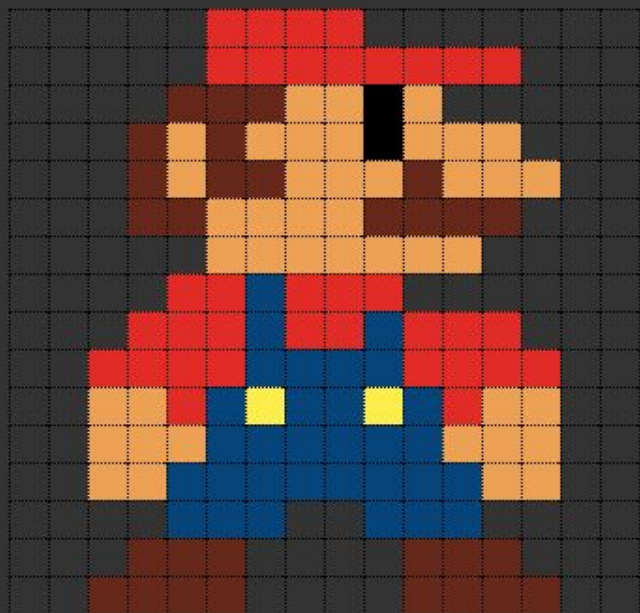
**BITS**

**hardware sprite generator**



# Multilayer 1bit sprite generator

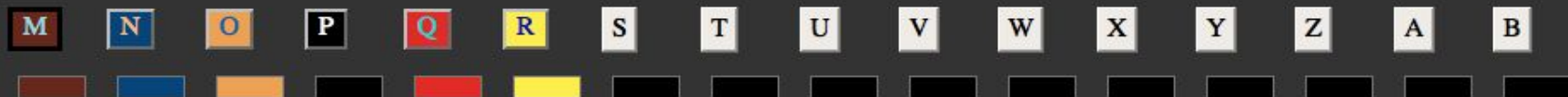
disclaimer, work in progress



```

      Q Q Q Q
    - - - -
  - - - - Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q - - - -
    - - - - M M M O O P O - - - -
  - - - - M O M O O O P O O O - - - -
    - - - - M O M M O O O M O O O - - - -
  - - - - M M O O O O M M M M - - - -
    - - - - O O O O O O O - - - -
  - - - - Q Q N Q Q Q - - - -
    - - - - Q Q Q N Q Q N Q Q Q - - - -
  - - - - Q Q Q Q N N N N Q Q Q Q - - - -
    - - - - O O Q N R N N R N Q O O - - - -
  - - - - O O O N N N N N N N O O O - - - -
    - - - - O O N N N N N N N N N O O - - - -
  - - - - N N N - - - N N N - - - -
    - - - - M M M - - - M M M - - - -
  - - - - M M M M - - - M M M M - - - -

```



## Parte 3

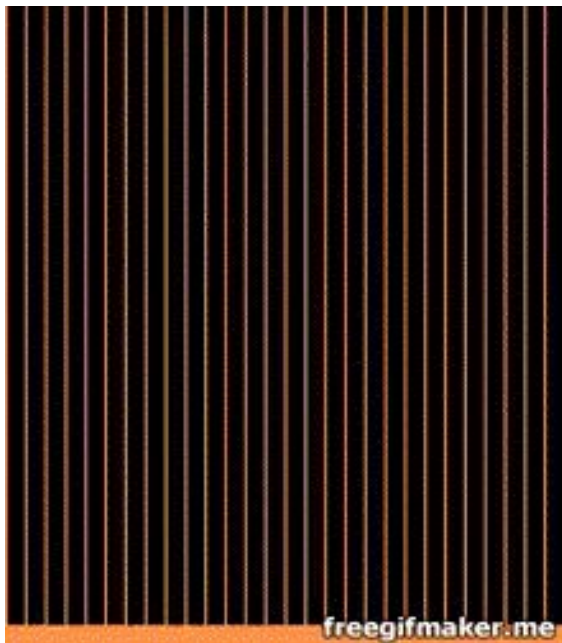


# 3D

Também conhecida como 2.5D, fazia o uso de técnicas visuais que dava a impressão do usuário estar vendo imagens em 3 dimensões.

- Sprite Scaling;
- Parallax;
- Imagens digitalizadas;
- Raycasting;

## SPRITE SCALING



***Sega turbo (1981)***

Os sprites são redimensionados durante o gameplay, criando uma ilusão de velocidade e profundidade.

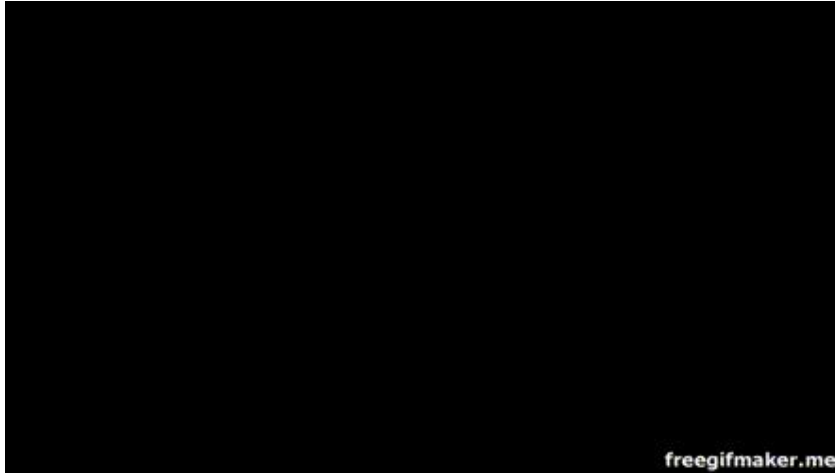
## Parallax



***Sonic (1991)***

A imagem do jogo é dividida em camadas, onde as camadas mais distantes se movem numa velocidade diferente das camadas mais próximas a tela, causando a ilusão de profundidade.

## Imagens digitalizadas



Os sprites eram “capturas” de modelos 3D, deixando a animação mais realista e agilizando a animação.

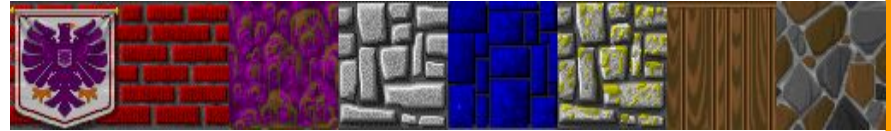
***Donkey Kong Country (1981)***

# Raycasting



Wolfenstein 3D (1992)

Cria uma perspectiva 3D  
usando um mapeamento e 2D



Texturas 2D do jogo

# Wireframes



***Atari battlezone (1980)***

Cada linha do objeto é especificada através de vetores.

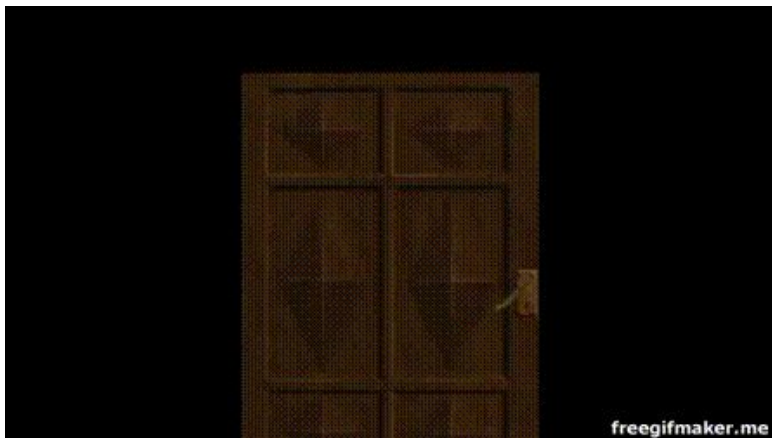


## Flat Shading



*I, robot (1983)*

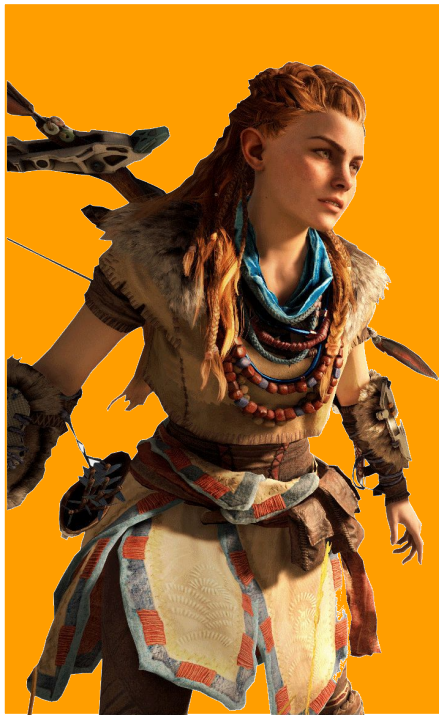
Os polígonos desenhados na tela eram preenchidos por uma cor.



***Resident Evil (1996)***

Devido às limitações gráficas os jogos usavam polígonos para o jogador e os inimigos e usavam um bitmap como fundo de tela.

Parte 4

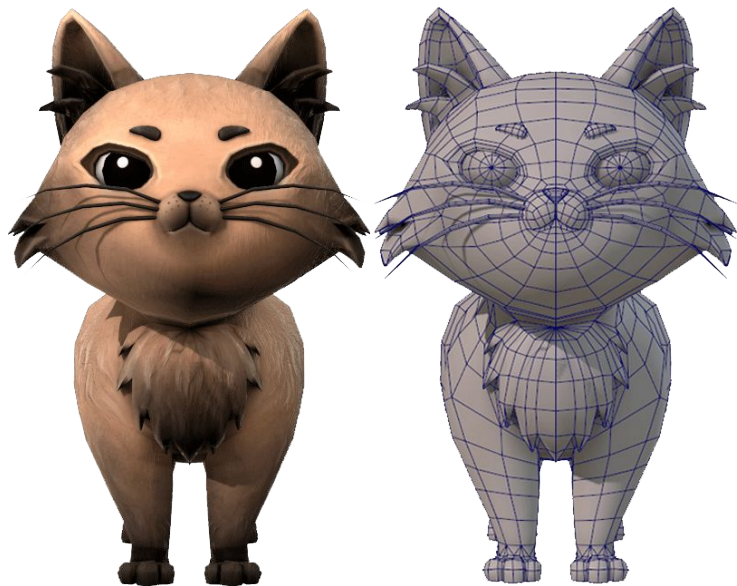


# Atualm ente

# O que é renderização?

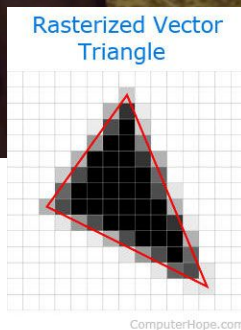
processo pelo qual se obtém o produto final de um **processamento digital** qualquer

## Parte 4



- Multiplicações de matrizes são usadas para calcular a cor do pixel
- Modelo formado por Quadrados e Triangulos.
- Arquivo contem vertices(Pontos  $x,y,z$ ) e faces(conjunto de vertices)
- Rasterização usado para pintar os pixel das telas corretamente.

## Parte 4

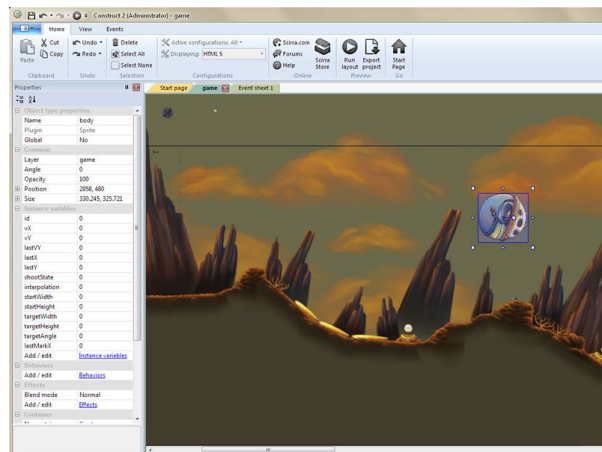


They're all a  
result of  
rasterization!

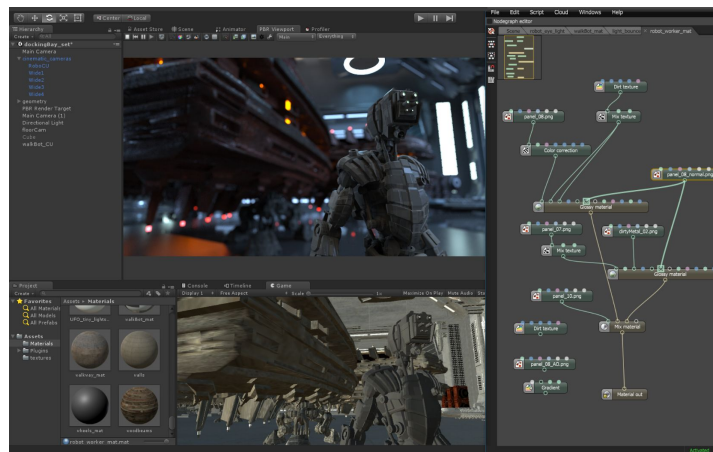
## O que são engines ?

- ▣ **Gráfico**
- ▣ **Audio**
- ▣ **Logica**
- ▣ **Física**
- ▣ **Inteligencia Artificial**

## Parte 4



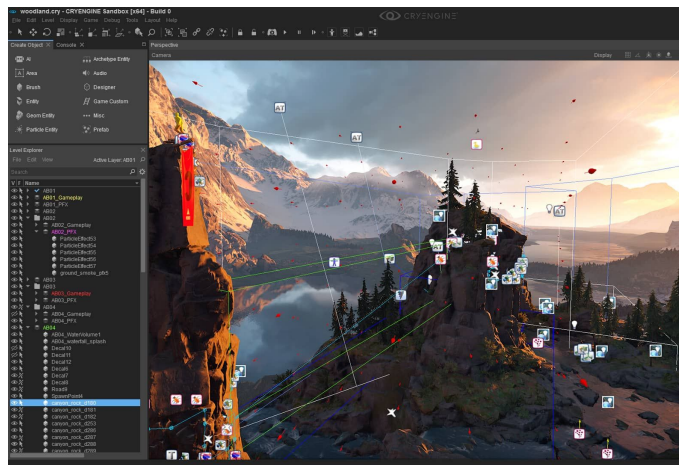
**Construct 2**



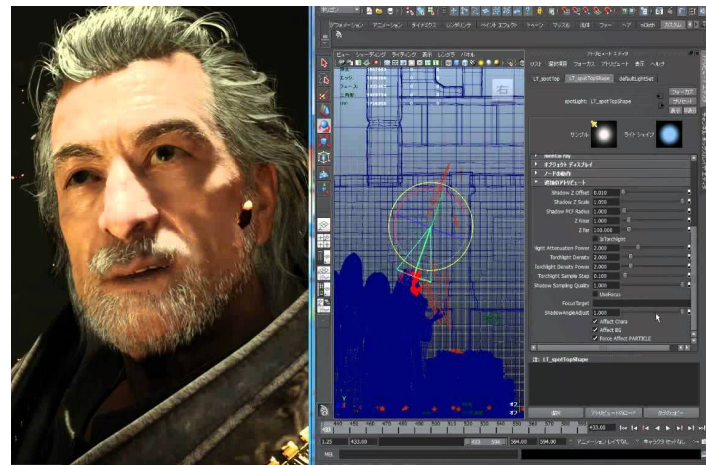
**Unity**



## Parte 4



**Cryengine**



**Luminos Engine**

Anos 2000



Sera que  
roda  
Crysis?

Anos 2000



# INDIE GAMES



## Anos 2000



***Limbo***



***Toren***

Atual



# CINEMATO GRAFIA



Atual

# ABERRAÇÃO CROMÁTICA



Atual



# MOTION BLUR



Atual

**Jogar coisas  
na tela**



Atual



DX9 DOF

**PROFUNDIDADE**

Atual

***1972***

# Thanks and Good Game

**Germano Pires - gpc2**

**João Placido - jpsn**

**Gabriel Alves - gaqp**

**Douglas Felipe - dfcs**