## APPENDIX N: CONVERSION ROUTINE FOR IBM FLOATING POINT NUMBERS TO IEEE REAL NUMBERS

This appendix contains FORTRAN software that will convert IBM Floating Point numbers to IEEE real numbers. This software can be used to convert SST data.

|        | FUNCTION R4CONV(R4IBM)   |
|--------|--|
| C      |  |
|        | *******************  |
| C      |  |
|        | NAME- R4CONV   |
| C      |  |
| C      | LANGUAGE- MICROSOFT FORTRAN TYPE- FUNCTION COMPUTER- PC  |
| C      | MEDGION 1.0 DATE 00/14/01 DDOCDANGED WARL COV  |
| C      | VERSION- 1.0 DATE- 08/14/91 PROGRAMMER- KARL COX   |
| C      | DESCRIPTION THIS EUNICTION CONVERTS THE INDUT IDM VS FORTRAN                                       |
| C      | DESCRIPTION- THIS FUNCTION CONVERTS THE INPUT IBM VS FORTRAN                                       |
| C      | INTERNAL REPRESENTATION FOR R*4 INTO AN IEEE R*4 INTERNAL REPRESENTATION FOR USE WITH THE RS/6000. |
| C<br>C | INTERNAL REPRESENTATION FOR USE WITH THE RS/0000.  |
| C      | VS FORTRAN R*4 INTERNAL REPRESENTATION   |
| C      | VS FORTRAIN R'4 INTERNAL REPRESENTATION  |
| C      | -  |
| C      | S  CHAR   FRACTION   |
| C      | -  |
| Č      | 0 17 8   |
| C      |  |
| C      | 1) THE CHARACTERISTIC IS IN BASE 16, AND AN  |
| C      | OFFSET OF 64 IS USED. I.E., 16**(CHAR - 64)  |
| C      |  |
| C      | 2) THE DECIMAL VALUE IS OBTAINED BY DIVIDING   |
| C      | THE FRACTION BY 2**24, AND MULTIPLYING BY  |
| C      | THE DECIMAL NUMBER REPRESENTED BY THE  |
| C      | CHARACTERISTIC.  |
| C      |  |
| C      | IEEE R*4 INTERNAL REPRESENTATION   |
| C      |  |
| C      | -  <br> S  CHAD  |
| C<br>C | S  CHAR   FRACTION  <br> -   |
| C      | 0 18 931   |
| C      | 0 10 9   |
| C      | 1) THE CHARACTERISTIC IS IN BASE 2, AND AN   |
| Č      | OFFSET OF 127 IS USED.   |
| Č      | I.E., 2**(CHAR - 127)  |
| Č      |  |
| C      | 2) THE DECIMAL VALUE IS OBTAINED BY DIVIDING   |
| C      | THE FRACTION BY 2**23, ADDING 1.0, AND   |
|        | N 1 NOAA KI M Hears Guida Dag 200  |

```
\mathbf{C}
           MULTIPLYING BY THE DECIMAL NUMBER
\mathbf{C}
           REPRESENTED BY THE CHARACTERISTIC.
C CALLING PARAMETERS-
\mathbf{C}
C
   VARIABLE TYPE I/O
                          DESCRIPTION
C
C
           R*4 I THE VALUE THAT IS TO BE CONVERTED.
   R4IBM
\mathbf{C}
C LOCAL VARIABLES-
\mathbf{C}
C
              TYPE
                          DESCRIPTION
   VARIABLE
C
   -----
              _____
C
             R*4 HOLDS THE VALUE TO BE CONVERTED FOR
   VALUE
C
             EQUIVALENCING PURPOSES.
C
C
   IVALUE
             I*4 HOLDS THE INTEGER REPRESENTATION OF
C
             THE VALUE TO BE CONVERTED VIA AN
C
             EQUIVALENCE.
\mathbf{C}
C
   SIGN
          I*4 HOLDS THE SIGN OF THE VALUE.
C
C
             I*4 HOLDS THE CHARACTERISTIC OF THE VALUE
   CHARAC
\mathbf{C}
C
            I*4 HOLDS THE FRACTION OF THE VALUE.
  FRACT
C
C
   MAXFRA
             I*4 MAXIMUM FRACTION VALUE.
C
C
  NEGSIG
            I*4 NEGATIVE SIGN VALUE.
C
\mathbf{C}
   POSSIG
           I*4 POSITIVE SIGN VALUE.
C
C
   IMASK1 I*4 MASK OF ONES.
\mathbf{C}
C
            I*4 MASK OF ZEROS.
   IMASK2
C
C
   R8MXFR
              R*8 DOUBLE PRECISION MAXIMUM FRACTION.
C
C
  MASKCH
             I*4 MASK FOR THE CHARACTERISTIC PORTION.
C
C
             I*4 MASK FOR THE FRACTIONAL PORTION.
  MASKFR
C
C
   R4SPV
            R*4 REAL*4 SPECIAL VALUE.
C
C
   AR4SPV
            I*4 EQUIVALENCED TO R4SPV.
\mathbf{C}
C FUNCTIONS USED- BTEST, DBLE, IAND, IOR, ISHFT
C EXIT STATES- NONE
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```
\mathbf{C}
   REAL*4 R4IBM
   REAL*4 R4CONV
C
   REAL*4 VALUE
   INTEGER*4 IVALUE
   EQUIVALENCE (VALUE, IVALUE)
   INTEGER*4 SIGN, CHARAC, FRACT
\mathbf{C}
C PARAMETER DECLARATIONS.
   INTEGER*4 MAXFRA, NEGSIG, POSSIG, IMASK1, IMASK2
   REAL*8 R8MXFR
   INTEGER*4 MASKCH, MASKFR
C
C REAL*4 SPECIAL VALUE.
   REAL*4 R4SPV
   INTEGER*4 AR4SPV
   EQUIVALENCE (R4SPV,AR4SPV)
   DATA AR4SPV /Z80000001/
   DATA MAXFRA / Z01000000/, NEGSIG / Z80000000/,
         POSSIG / Z00000000/, IMASK1 / Z7F7FFFF/,
         IMASK2 / Z00800000/
   DATA MASKCH /Z7F000000/,MASKFR /Z00FFFFFF/
   R8MXFR = MAXFRA
C
\mathbf{C}
           TEST IF SPECIAL VALUE.
\mathbf{C}
   IF(R4IBM .EQ. R4SPV) THEN
    R4CONV = R4SPV
   ELSE
\mathbf{C}
\mathbf{C}
     NOT SPECIAL VALUE, GET SIGN AND CHARACTERISTIC.
\mathbf{C}
    VALUE = R4IBM
    IF(BTEST(IVALUE,31)) THEN
      SIGN = NEGSIG
    ELSE
      SIGN = POSSIG
    ENDIF
    CHARAC = IAND(IVALUE, MASKCH)
\mathbf{C}
C
     RIGHT JUSTIFY CHARAC, REMOVE BIAS
C
     AND CONVERT FROM BASE 16 TO BASE 2.
\mathbf{C}
    CHARAC = (ISHFT(CHARAC, -24) - 64)*4
\mathbf{C}
C
     IF VS FORTRAN CHARAC IS GREATER THAN THE
\mathbf{C}
     LARGEST IEEE CHARAC VALUE OR LESS THAN
```

```
C
     THE SMALLEST IEEE CHARACTERISTIC VALUE, RETURN
\mathbf{C}
    THE CORRESPONDING EXTREME IEEE VALUE.
C
    IF(CHARAC .GT. 127) THEN
     IVALUE = IOR(SIGN,IMASK1)
     R4CONV = VALUE
    ELSE IF(CHARAC .LT. -126) THEN
     IVALUE = IOR(SIGN,IMASK2)
     R4CONV = VALUE
    ELSE
\mathbf{C}
C
     EXTRACT BINARY FRACT AND COMPUTE IEEE VALUE.
C
     FRACT = IAND(IVALUE,MASKFR)
     VALUE = (2.0**CHARAC) * (DBLE(FRACT)/R8MXFR)
     IVALUE = IOR(SIGN,IVALUE)
     R4CONV = VALUE
    ENDIF
  ENDIF
\mathbf{C}
  RETURN
  END
```