## KHIK Data Correction

## November 2, 2018

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In [43]: #import!
         import pandas
         import numpy
         import scipy.constants
         from scipy import optimize
         from bokeh.plotting import figure, output_notebook, show
         output_notebook(hide_banner=True)
In [2]: #pull and define data
       raw = pandas.read_csv('Data Only.csv')
        V = raw.iloc[:,0].values
        I_365 = raw.iloc[:,1].values
        I_405 = raw.iloc[:,2].values
        I_436 = raw.iloc[:,3].values
        I_486 = raw.iloc[:,4].values
        I_546 = raw.iloc[:,5].values
        I_577 = raw.iloc[:,6].values
        I_589 = raw.iloc[:,7].values
        I_656 = raw.iloc[:,8].values
In [3]: #plot uncorrected data
       p=figure(title="Uncorrected Data", x_axis_label='Voltage (V)', y_axis_label='Current (
       p.circle(V, I_365, fill_color="white", size=4)
       p.triangle(V, I_405, fill_color="blue", size=4)
       p.square(V, I_436, fill_color="green", size=4)
       p.square_cross(V, I_486, fill_color="orange", size=4)
       p.diamond(V, I_546, fill_color="yellow", size=4)
       p.circle_cross(V, I_577, fill_color="black", size=4)
       p.diamond_cross(V, I_589, fill_color="red", size=4)
        p.inverted_triangle(V, I_656, fill_color="purple", size=4)
        show(p)
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In [7]: #Here I create some empty arrays so that I can define them later.
        #We are skipping 656 because the mercury lamp does not give off that wavelength
        f_365 = numpy.zeros(len(V))
        f_405 = numpy.zeros(len(V))
        f_436 = numpy.zeros(len(V))
        f_486 = numpy.zeros(len(V))
        f_546 = numpy.zeros(len(V))
        f_577 = numpy.zeros(len(V))
        f_589 = numpy.zeros(len(V))
        In_365 = numpy.zeros(len(V))
        In_405 = numpy.zeros(len(V))
        In_436 = numpy.zeros(len(V))
        In_486 = numpy.zeros(len(V))
        In_546 = numpy.zeros(len(V))
        In_577 = numpy.zeros(len(V))
        In_589 = numpy.zeros(len(V))
In [11]: #finding f, the ratio of current at +V and -V for -V < V_c
         i = 0
         \#V[i] = 0 \ at \ i = 400
         while i < len(V):
             if 800-i < len(V):
                 if V[i] < -1.605:
                     f_365[i] = I_365[i]/I_365[800-i]
                 if V[i] < -1.25:
                     f_{405}[i] = I_{405}[i]/I_{405}[800-i]
                 if V[i] < -1.05:
                     f_436[i] = I_436[i]/I_436[800-i]
                 if V[i] < -0.785:
                     f_486[i] = I_486[i]/I_486[800-i]
                 if V[i] < -0.525:
                     f_546[i] = I_546[i]/I_546[800-i]
                 if V[i] < -0.415:
                     f_577[i] = I_577[i]/I_577[800-i]
                 if V[i] < -0.375:
                     f_589[i] = I_589[i]/I_589[800-i]
             i += 1
In [12]: #plot the coefficients to see if they've been calculated correctly.
         p=figure(title="Correction Coefficients", x_axis_label='Voltage (V)', y_axis_label='C
         p.circle(V, f_365, fill_color="white", size=4)
         p.triangle(V, f_405, fill_color="blue", size=4)
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p.square(V, f_436, fill_color="green", size=4)
         p.square_cross(V, f_486, fill_color="orange", size=4)
         p.diamond(V, f_546, fill_color="yellow", size=4)
         p.circle_cross(V, f_577, fill_color="black", size=4)
         p.diamond_cross(V, f_589, fill_color="red", size=4)
         show(p)
In [13]: #In is the new current data after adjusting for back-flow current.
         i = 0
         while i < len(V):
             if 800-i < len(V):</pre>
                 In_365[i] = I_365[i]-f_365[i]*I_365[800-i]
                 In_405[i] = I_405[i]-f_405[i]*I_405[800-i]
                 In_436[i] = I_436[i]-f_436[i]*I_436[800-i]
                 In_486[i] = I_486[i]-f_486[i]*I_486[800-i]
                 In_546[i] = I_546[i]-f_546[i]*I_546[800-i]
                 In_577[i] = I_577[i]-f_577[i]*I_577[800-i]
                 In_589[i] = I_589[i]-f_589[i]*I_589[800-i]
             else:
                 In_365[i] = I_365[i]
                 In_{405}[i] = I_{405}[i]
                 In_436[i] = I_436[i]
                 In_486[i] = I_486[i]
                 In_546[i] = I_546[i]
                 In_{577}[i] = I_{577}[i]
                 In_589[i] = I_589[i]
             i += 1
In [54]: #Plot the corrected data!
         p=figure(title="Corrected Data", x_axis_label='Voltage (V)', y_axis_label='Current (A
         p.circle(V, In_365, fill_color="white", size=4)
         p.triangle(V, In_405, fill_color="blue", size=4)
         p.square(V, In_436, fill_color="green", size=4)
         p.square_cross(V, In_486, fill_color="orange", size=4)
         p.diamond(V, In_546, fill_color="yellow", size=4)
         p.circle_cross(V, In_577, fill_color="black", size=4)
         p.diamond_cross(V, In_589, fill_color="red", size=4)
         show(p)
         #At this point I moved to MatLab to do the curve fitting.
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