

TIMUS 1004. Sightseeing Trip Solution

本作品采用[知识共享署名-非商业性使用-相同方式共享 3.0 Unported 许可协议](#)进行许可

write by Gestalti Lur

2012-07-15

题目大意

计算一个无向图上包含最少三个点的最小环并输出其路径，如果没有则输出“No solution”。

算法分析

可以用 floyd 算法计算出其最小环，每次找到环的时候记录一下路径（是否有更好的方法？）即可。

参考代码

```
{
TIMUS 1004
Hint: use floyd to find minimum circle
write by gestapolur
2012-07-08
ACCEPTED
}
program timus1004;
const
    MAXN  = 100;
    INF   = 1 shl 28;
var
    n , m , cnt : longint;
    ans         : longint;
    f , w , pre : array[ 1..MAXN , 1..MAXN ] of longint;
    sv          : array[ 1..MAXN ] of longint;

function init() : boolean;
var
    i , sx , sy , sw : longint;
begin
    read( n );
    if n = -1 then
        begin
            readln;
            exit( false );
        end;
    readln( m );

    for sx := 1 to n do
        for sy := 1 to n do
            begin
                w[ sx , sy ] := INF;
                f[ sx , sy ] := INF;
            end;

    for i := 1 to m do begin
        readln( sx , sy , sw );
        if f[ sx , sy ] > sw then begin
```

```

    fl[ sx , sy ] := sw;
    pre[ sx , sy ] := sx;
end;
if fl[ sy , sx ] > sw then begin
    fl[ sy , sx ] := sw;
    pre[ sy , sx ] := sy;
end;
w[ sx , sy ] := fl[ sx , sy ];
w[ sy , sx ] := fl[ sy , sx ];
end;

exit( true );
end; { init }

procedure floyd();
var
    i , j , k , cur : longint;
begin
    ans := INF;
    cnt := 0;
    for k := 1 to n do begin
        for i := 1 to k - 1 do
            for j := 1 to k - 1 do
                begin
                    if ( i <> j ) and ( w[ k , j ] <> INF ) and ( w[ i , k ] <> INF ) and ( ans > fl[ j
, i ] + w[ i , k ] + w[ k , j ] ) then
                        begin
                            ans := fl[ j , i ] + w[ i , k ] + w[ k , j ];
                            //writeln( ans , ' ', fl[ i , j ] , ' ', fl[ j , i ] , ' i-j ' , i , ' ', j , ' ', k , ' ', w[ i , k ]
, ' ', w[ k , j ] );
                            cnt := 0;
                            cur := i;
                            repeat
                                inc( cnt );
                                sv[ cnt ] := cur;
                                cur := pre[ j , cur ];
                            until ( cur = i ) or ( cur = j );

                            inc( cnt );
                            sv[ cnt ] := j;
                            inc( cnt );
                            sv[ cnt ] := k;
                        end;
                    end;

                for i := 1 to k do
                    for j := 1 to k do
                        begin

```

```

        if ( i <> j ) and ( f[ i , k ] <> INF ) and ( f[ k , j ] <> INF ) and ( f[ i , j ] > f[
i , k ] + f[ k , j ] ) then
        begin
            f[ i , j ] := f[ i , k ] + f[ k , j ];
            pre[ i , j ] := pre[ k , j ];
        end;
        if ( f[ j , i ] <> INF ) and ( f[ k , j ] <> INF ) and ( f[ k , i ] > f[ k , j ] + f[ j ,
i ] ) then
        begin
            f[ k , i ] := f[ k , j ] + f[ j , i ];
            pre[ k , i ] := pre[ j , i ];
        end;
        if ( f[ i , j ] <> INF ) and ( f[ j , k ] <> INF ) and ( f[ i , k ] > f[ i , j ] + f[ j ,
k ] ) then
        begin
            f[ i , k ] := f[ i , j ] + f[ j , k ];
            pre[ i , k ] := pre[ j , k ];
        end;
    end;
end; { floyd }

```

```

procedure out();
var i : longint ;
begin
    if cnt = 0 then begin
        writeln('No solution. ');
        exit();
    end;
    for i := 1 to cnt - 1 do
        write( sv[ i ] , ' ' );
        writeln( sv[ cnt ] );
end; { out }

```

```

begin
    while not eof do begin
        if init = false then
            break;
        floyd;
        out;
    end;
end.

```