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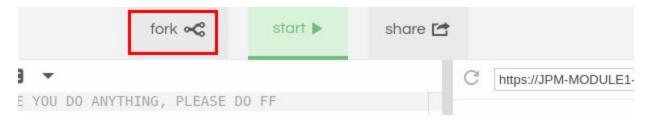
What is REPL?

- REPL (read-evaluate-print-loop) is an online coding platform that developers can use to run simulated applications / tests without having to worry about installing dependencies on their local machines
- There are different REPL environments which cater to all sorts of simulations developers might want to use e.g. javascript environments, python environments, react + typescript environments, etc.
- Because these environments are limited in what languages they run, it makes them light-weight and easy to scale



Before you do anything in REPL

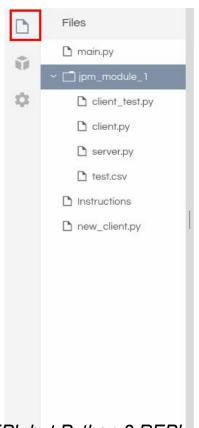
 Please make sure to fork the original REPL you clicked on in the site. Click on the `fork` button to do this



- Please do not skip the any of the next slides. They are crucial before you
 make any changes. Otherwise you might miss the <u>prestep that will allow you
 create valid patch file!</u>
- Please avoid refreshing the REPL session if you do not want to redo changes

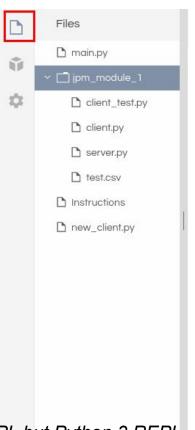


• The left side panel / column contains icons which you can click to help you configure your current environment more. These icons are Files, Packages, Debugger (only for Python 3 REPL) and Settings. YOU ONLY NEED TO CARE ABOUT THE `Files` icon since clicking this will show you the files that you will use for this exercise



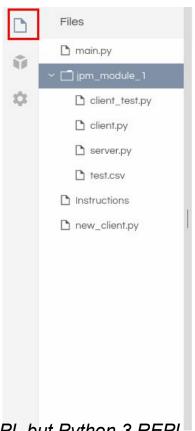


 When you're able to click the Files icon, it should expand and show you all the files and folders that are included in this environment. These files are the dependencies for you to run the application you'll be working with and modifying to accomplish the task



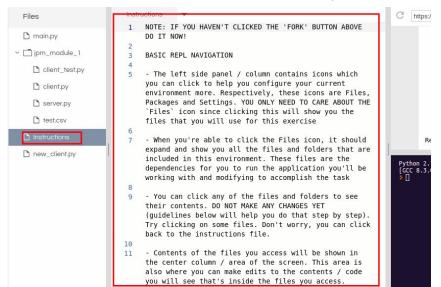


 You can click any of the files and folders to see their contents. DO NOT MAKE ANY CHANGES YET (guidelines below will help you do that step by step). Try clicking on some files. Don't worry, you can click back to the instructions file.



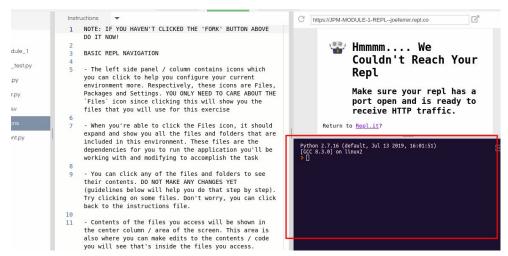


 Contents of the files you access will be shown in the center column / area of the screen. This area is also where you can make edits to the contents / code you will see that's inside the files you access.





On the right most area, i.e. the blue colored screen, is the command line. It's
mainly the area where the output of the application will be shown but you can
also type commands in there. Since the environment is in Python, you can type
Python code/commands there too to test out



invite 8+



Basic REPL Navigation

The 'Start' button will always just run what's in main.py. You can't run other scripts with the 'Start' button.

• The 'Share' button will allow you to share your REPL instance with others should you need assistance

Alternatively, you can collaborate in REPL by creating a multiplayer REPL env.
 This feature is only accessible if you make an on account REPL. An 'Invite' button should appear near the 'Start' button



 The browser-like output on the upper right is just for cases if we're hosting a browser like application. For this task we're not. So don't mind it



 Congrats! You now know how to navigate REPL! Please move to the next set of slides that will discuss Basic REPL editing



- Code/text editing in REPL is pretty straightforward. You just have to click on middle section of the screen and start typing
- **DO NOTE THAT:** We discovered REPL has this quirk when it comes to python indent detection:

https://repl.it/talk/ask/Python-spacing-and-tab-issue/9425

 For the issue mentioned above we have TWO viable workarounds (see next slide)



WORKAROUND OPTION 1: Since you mainly want to modify client.py, you
can first manually type in the methods in there into new_client.py to avoid tab
/indentation issues. It's just a short file so it's easy (you can disregard copying
the comments you don't need).

Then to make things work, assuming you've finished the 'initial steps before making any changes' and you've finished making your changes in new_client.py:

- remove/delete client.py inside the jpm_module_1 folder
- rename new_client.py to just client.py
- and move it inside jpm_module_1



• WORKAROUND OPTION 2: When you make changes, remove all previous comments and start from the `def <function_name>:` line and hit enter, then add your changes step by step following the right indentation. It should work properly. Here's a link to a gif/screencast that shows the workaround:

http://tiny.cc/u6j2ez



- A few last notes about the python file(s), i.e. files ending in .py, you'll be editing. If you're not familiar with Python, that's just fine. We'll walk you through the changes. All you need to know are just few terms we use in this guide:
- Comments: Comments in python are preceded with the # symbol or """

To uncomment these, simply remove the preceding symbols. That said, **do not uncomment unless instructed to.**



 Methods/Functions: We use methods and functions interchangeably in this guide. Basically methods / functions are blocks of code that are encapsulated by a def. These blocks of code can be called / reused inside the file it's in. An example of a method is the pic below...

```
def getRatio(price_a, price_b):
    """ Get ratio of price_a and price_b """
    """ ------- Update this function ------ """
    """ Also create some unit tests for this function in client_test.py """
    return 1
```



Introduction to task

Hi! Welcome to your first task in the JP Morgan Program hosted by Insidesherpa

For this task you will need to come up with a git patch file which you will have to upload in the <u>first module page of the JP Morgan Program</u>

A git patch file is just a file that we can apply to a git repository to check if your code changes will arrive at the correct output that's needed from you to complete this task.



Introduction to task

The instructions in the next slides will help you through this task. The procedure is divided into a sequence of stages so that you can arrive at the solution in a methodical manner...



How to use this guide

This guide will help you finish the task by walking you through a series of steps. You can keep referring to this guide as you do the exercise by just having it open in a separate tab or browser window.

To access the contents of other files/folders in the REPL, make sure the REPL tab / window is active and it's as simple as clicking on the file/folder you want to look at.

If you're looking for particular content in these slides, refer to the <u>Table Of</u> <u>Contents</u>



Brief info about the files in this REPL

- server.py: aka server3.py in the python3 REPL. This is the file that will simulate a server application waiting for requests so that it can send back data about stocks
- **client.py**: aka **client3.py** in the python3 REPL. This is the application that will contact server.py to process info about the stocks data and display useful output. This is the only file you are required to touch for this task



Brief info about the files in this REPL

 client_test.py: This is a unit test script that is independent of server.py and client.py. It just allows developers like you to ensure the methods you've defined / modified in the client file are working as expected. This file is part of the bonus task should you wish to do it

 new_client.py: aka new_client3.py in the Python3 REPL (see <u>BASIC REPL</u> <u>EDITING section</u> to remember what this file is for)



Brief info about the files in this REPL

- **test.csv**: This is where the stocks data that the server returns to your client comes from. YOU DO NOT NEED TO TOUCH THIS.
- main.py: is the script that runs in REPL that runs both server.py and client.py.
 the output you see in the blue screen comes from client.py. YOU DO NOT
 NEED TO MAKE ANY CHANGES TO THIS SCRIPT. IF YOU WISH TO DO
 THE BONUS TASK, THAT'S THE ONLY TIME YOU MIGHT NEED TO
 UNCOMMENT STUFF HERE (SEE COMMENTED INSTRUCTIONS IN
 main.py)
- Other files: You do not need to bother about other files. They are artifacts used by REPL to install dependencies before running the applications



Set Up

This platform is an alternative to the first way of accomplishing module 1.

Using this platform, repl.it, you don't have to do a lot of set up or installation of dependencies. Python, the scripting language that is used for this exercise, is already available and its dependencies / packages will be installed automatically when you run the main.py script via the 'Start' button



Objectives

- This part assumes you haven't made any changes to the code yet.
- Run the application by hitting the 'Start' button. You should end up with an

output like:

```
Quoted ABC at (bid:127.59, ask:128.84, price:127.59)
Ouoted DEF at (bid:124.66, ask:124.8, price:124.66)
Ratio 1
Ouoted ABC at (bid:127.59, ask:128.84, price:127.59)
Ouoted DEF at (bid:124.66, ask:124.8, price:124.66)
Ratio 1
Ouoted ABC at (bid:127.59, ask:128.84, price:127.59)
Quoted DEF at (bid:124.66, ask:124.8, price:124.66)
Ratio 1
Quoted ABC at (bid:127.59, ask:128.84, price:127.59)
Ouoted DEF at (bid:124.66, ask:124.8, price:124.66)
Ratio 1
Ouoted ABC at (bid:127.59, ask:128.84, price:127.59)
Ouoted DEF at (bid:124.66, ask:124.8, price:124.66)
Ratio 1
Quoted ABC at (bid:127.59, ask:125.05, price:127.59)
Quoted DEF at (bid:124.66, ask:125.15, price:124.66)
Ratio 1
```



Objectives

- If you closely inspect the output in the previous slide, there are two incorrect things...
 - (1) Ratio is always 1
 - (2) The price of each stock is always the same as its bid_price.
- These are obviously wrong so you job is to fix those things...
- Don't worry we'll walk you through how to get these things done



Where to make changes:

- All the changes you have make to get the right output will be in the client.py file inside the jpm_module_1 folder (client3.py if you're in python3 REPL)
- If you wish to do the bonus task after accomplishing the main objective, you need to also add some more code in the client_test.py file (we have a <u>guide</u> <u>on how to do that later on</u>).



First you have to ensure you start with a clean git repository where you'll generate your patch file containing your changes later.

On the terminal at the right side (i.e. blue area). Type the following commands

(see next slide)

Python 2.7.16 (default, Jul 13 2019, 16:01:51)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux2



(one line means one command; hit enter on the blue screen when you finish typing a command)

```
import os
os.system('bash')
cd jpm_module_1
git init
git add -A
git config user.email "<your_email_address>"
git config user.name "<your_name>"
git commit -m 'INIT'
exit
```

note: only use this command if your terminal is not yet in the directory itself. **cd** is for changing directory. You will know you're already in the directory if your terminal looks like

runner@7d8985fcef48: -/jpm_module_1\$

note: make sure you use your personal email address and your real name for example: git config user.email <u>i@insidesherpa.com</u>
git config user.name j



```
import os
import os
> os.system('bash')
runner@7d8985fcef48: $ cd jpm_module_1/
runner@7d8985fcef48:~/jpm_module_1$ git init
Initialized empty Git repository in /home/runner/jpm module 1/.git/
runner@7d8985fcef48:~/jpm_module_1$ git add -A
runner@7d8985fcef48:~/jpm_module_1$ git config user.email "joe@insidesher
pa.com"
runner@7d8985fcef48: //jpm_module_1$ git config user.name "joe ferrer"
runner@7d8985fcef48:~/jpm_module_1$ git commit -m 'INIT'
[master (root-commit) c732383] INIT
4 files changed, 2229 insertions(+)
create mode 100644 client.py
create mode 100644 client test.py
create mode 100644 server.py
create mode 100644 test.csv
runner@7d8985fcef48: ~/jpm_module_1$ exit
exit
```

This set of commands instructs the REPL environment to initialize the **jpm_module_1** directory as a git repository. This means you can now execute git commands within this directory when you finish the initialization

DO NOT REFRESH / RESTART YOUR REPL ENV from here on if you do not want to repeat this process



Avoid refreshing this page from here on. Otherwise you'll have to do these steps again. If you restart your PC or browser, you'll have to do this initial steps again as REPL does not save the entire state of the application you're working with



Making changes in `client.py` (client3.py for python3)

- To get the correct computation of stock price and ratio between prices, you
 need to make changes in `client.py` inside the jpm_module_1 folder.
- Click that folder and click the file named `client.py`
- Once you see the contents of `client.py`, you can make changes by typing on the screen (but factor in <u>workaround 2</u>) or you can manually copy the code into new_client.py (using <u>workaround 1</u>)



Making changes in `client.py` (client3.py for python3)

- The changes you need to make will be in the following methods of the file
 - getDataPoint
 - getRatio
 - Main

 The changes for each method will be dissected for each method on the next slide



Making changes in `client.py` (client3.py for python3) **getDataPoint**

getDataPoint. In this method, you'll have to make the modifications to compute for the right stock price. This means you have to change how `price` is computed for. The formula is (bid_price+ask_price) / 2.

YOU DO NOT NEED TO CHANGE the return value as that is representational of the entire data point. You should end up with something like:

```
def getDataPoint(quote):
    """ Produce all of the needed values to generate a datapoint """
    """ -------- Update this function ------ """
    stock = quote['stock']
    bid_price = float(quote['top_bid']['price'])
    ask_price = float(quote['top_ask']['price'])
    price = (bid_price + ask_price)/2
    return stock, bid_price, ask_price, price
```



Making changes in `client.py` (client3.py for python3) **getRatio**

getRatio. In the original case, this method just returns 1 all the time. To correct this, you must change the return value to the ratio of stock **price_a** to stock **price_b**

note: that we've also added the condition of the case where in price_b could be zero, i.e. division by zero, in the rare chance that it might happen...



Making changes in `client.py` (client3.py for python3) main

main method. Now that you've fixed the two other methods, it's just a matter of printing the correct values. For every iteration in the main method, you need to store the datapoints you get from getDataPoint method so that you can properly call getRatio and print the right ratio out: (the below image is for python 2.7.x version)



Making changes in `client.py` (client3.py for python3) main

main method. (the image here is now for python 3.x version)

```
if name == " main ":
52
                                                               python 2.7.x uses xrange.
        # Query the price once every N seconds.
53
                                                               in python 3.x we use range
         for in range(N):
             quotes = json.loads(urllib.request.urlopen(QUERY.format(random.random())).read())
55
                                                                                    python 2.7.x print does not
             """ ------ Update to get the ratio ----- """
                                                                                    enclose the text it will print
             prices = {}
             for quote in quotes:
                                                                                    python3.x encloses the text
                 stock, bid price, ask price, price = getDataPoint(quote)
                                                                                    it prints in parenthesis
                 prices[stock] = price
                 print ("Quoted %s at (bid:%s, ask:%s, price:%s)" % (stock, bid price, ask price, price))
62
             print ("Ratio %s" % (getRatio(prices['ABC'], prices['DEF'])))
```



Making changes in `client.py` (client3.py for python3) main

- To review the changes in main (whether it was in python2 or python3), what we did was create a **prices** dictionary to store the stock prices. Think of a dictionary as a key-value store wherein you can specify a key and be able to retrieve a value. In our case, they key was the stock name and the value was the price.
- We then used this prices dictionary at the end to pass in the right values in the getRatio function.



Bonus Task: client_test.py

- Click link if you want to do bonus task
 https://insidesherpa.s3.amazonaws.com/vinternships/companyassets/Sj7tem
 L583QAYpHXD/client_test_m1_v1a.pdf
- If you wish to do this, changes will be similar in REPL as it discusses how to change the client_test.py. However you must first uncomment the following code in the main.py of the REPL you're in (see next slide)



Bonus Task: client_test.py

```
# FOR BONUS TASK
              WANT TO DO IT THEN UNCOMMENT THE CODE BELOW
     # Comments are anything that's preceded with '#'
30
      TO UNCOMMENT JUST REMOVE THE '#'
     #print("UNIT TEST RESULTS BELOW...")
     #process2 = subprocess.Popen(['python',
     #'client test.py'], cwd=os.getcwd(),
     #preexec fn=os.setsid)
     #process2.wait()
```

To uncomment, just remove the **# note:** this image is from the main.py file (towards the end)



Bonus Task: client_test.py

- Also, do not make the patch file yet if you wish to do the bonus task.
- Avoid restarting your REPL session too! Or you'll have to do the initialization steps again and redo your changes...



- Once your confident with your changes, you can now generate your patch file.
- To do that, click on the terminal at the right again and do the following commands on the blue REPL terminal (one line, one command; hit enter on the blue screen when you finish typing a command):

```
import os
os.system('bash')
cd jpm_module_1
git add -A
git commit -m 'Create Patch File'
git format-patch -1 HEAD
mv <name of patch created> ../.
exit
```

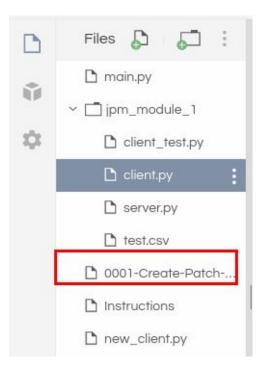
See the picture on the next slide before your run these on your end to understand better



```
import os
os.system('bash')
runner@5576a83ae8cc:~/jpm_module_1$ git add -A
runner@5576a83ae8cc:~/jpm_module_1$ git commit -m "Create Patch File"
[master 4f1517f] Create Patch File
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+), 1 deletion(-)
runner@5576a83ae8cc:~/jpm_module_1$ git format-patch -1 HEAD
0001-Create-Patch-File.patch
runner@5576a83ae8cc:~/jpm_module_1$ mv 0001-Create-Patch-File.patch ../.
runner@5576a83ae8cc:~/jpm_module_1$
```

- Notice we didn't have to execute cd jpm_module_1 anymore because our bash opened inside the jpm_module1 directory already.
- When you run the **mv 001-Create-Patch-File.patch** ../. you should see the patch file in your files sidebar (see image next slide)





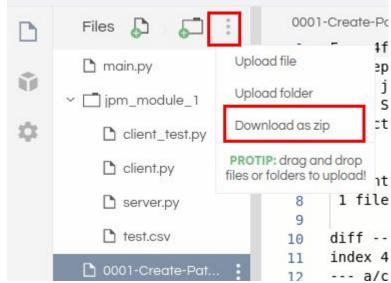


Download the files by clicking on the 3 vertical dots beside the new folder

button on the upper left side of the screen.

 This will download all the files to your PC as a .zip file

- Since we only want the .patch file, all you have to do is unzip the .zip file on your local machine and pick the .patch file there
- Finally, just submit the .patch file
 on the JPM module 1 page.



And you're done!



- **Double check!** Make sure you did not encounter errors in creating the patch file. Otherwise, it may be an invalid patch file.
- If you get errors, like "not a git repository" or "no changes" then the adviseable thing to do is to do a new fork from the original REPL link, redo the initialization steps, reapply your changes, retest and attempt to create a patch again. While it sounds like starting over, it should be quick since the changes are very little and you should be familiar with the process by now. The cause of this issue happening in the first place would most likely be because you restarted/refreshed your REPL or you didn't follow the initialization steps properly...



Troubleshooting

```
File "client.py", line 45
result = price_a / price_b

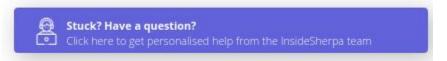
IndentationError: unindent does not match any outer indentation level
```

If you encountered a similar error like the image above, <u>please re-read the Basic</u> <u>REPL Editing section</u>, <u>particularly about the workarounds</u> as the possible solutions are discussed there...



Support

- If you encountered any issues, please post your issue/inquiry in any of the ff places:
 - https://github.com/insidesherpa/JPMC-tech-task-1/issues
 - The support button in the JPM Module 1 page



• When submitting a query, please don't forget to provide as much context as possible, i.e. your OS, your browser, what you've done here in REPL, what your errors is/are, etc. (screenshots would help too)