intel

5164SL
64K (8K x 8) CMOS SLOW STATIC RAM

■ **Performance Range**

Symbol	Parameter	5164SL-10	Units
t_{AA}	Address Access Time	100	ns
t_{ACS}	Chip Select Access Time	100	ns
t_{OE}	Output Enable Access Time	55	ns

■ **Static Operation**
— No Clock/Refresh Required

■ **Equal Access and Cycle Times**
— Simplifies System Design

■ **Single +5V Supply**
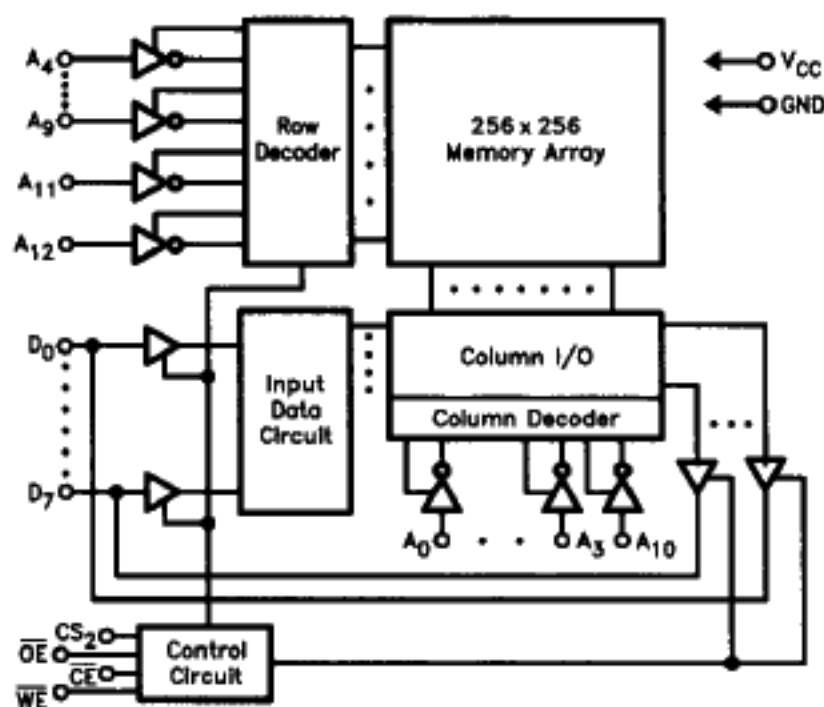
■ **Power Down Mode**

■ **TTL Compatible**

■ **Common Data Input and Output**

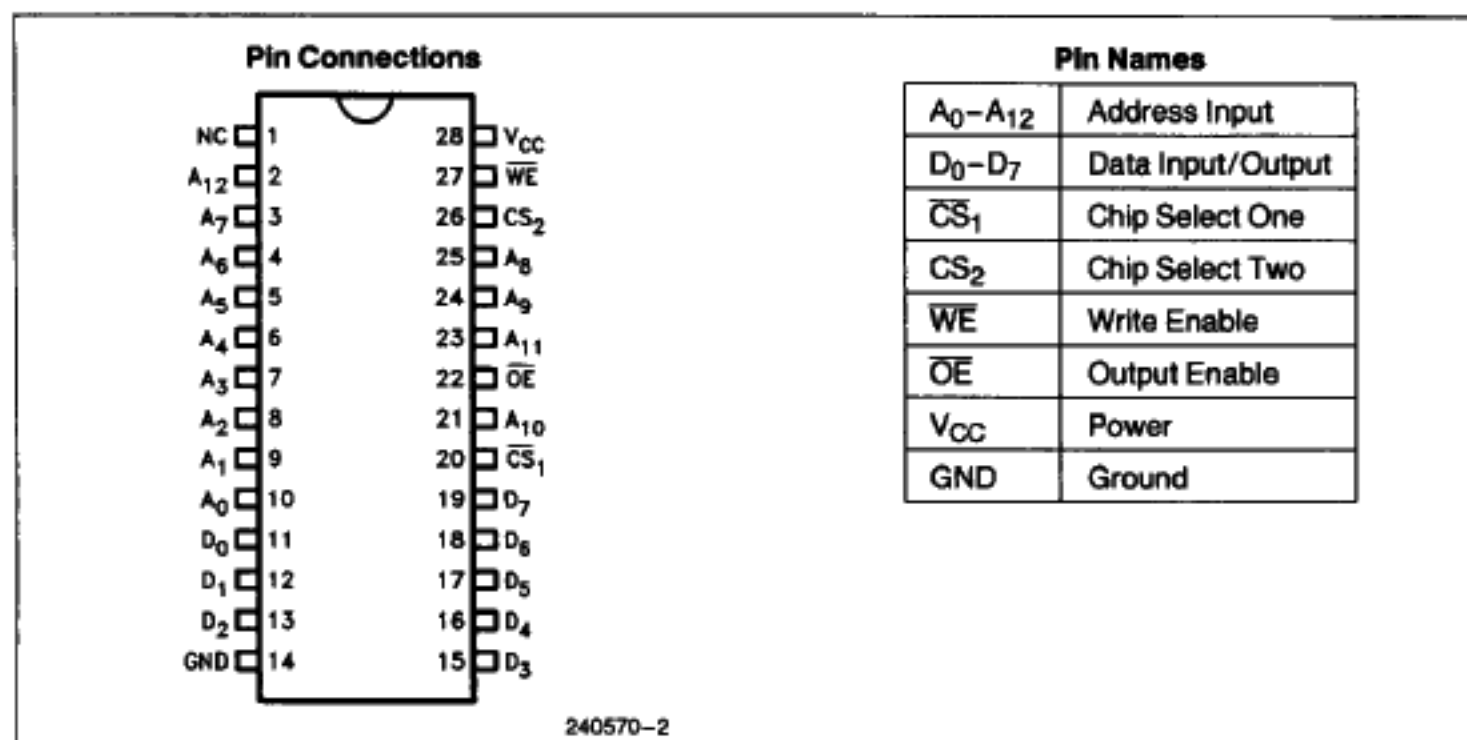■ **High Reliability 28-Pin 600 Mil PDIP (P) and 28-Pin SOP (PG) Package Types**

Intel's 5164SL is a 8192-word by 8-bit CMOS static RAM fabricated using CMOS Silicon Gate process.

The 5164SL is placed in a standby or reduced power consumption mode by asserting either CS input ($\overline{CS}_1$, CS_2) false. When in standby mode, the device is deselected and the outputs are in a high impedance state, independent of the $\overline{WE}$ input. When device is deselected, standby current is reduced to 2 μA typ. @ 25°C. The device will remain in standby mode until both pins are asserted true again. The device has a data retention mode that guarantees that data will remain valid at minimum V_{CC} of 2.0V.

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Figure 1. Block Diagram

Pin Connections

NC 1 · 28 V_{CC}
A_{12} 2 · 27 $\overline{WE}$
A_7 3 · 26 CS_2
A_6 4 · 25 A_8
A_5 5 · 24 A_9
A_4 6 · 23 A_{11}
A_3 7 · 22 $\overline{OE}$
A_2 8 · 21 A_{10}
A_1 9 · 20 $\overline{CS_1}$
A_0 10 · 19 D_7
D_0 11 · 18 D_6
D_1 12 · 17 D_5
D_2 13 · 16 D_4
GND 14 · 15 D_3

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Pin Names

Pin	Name
A_0–A_{12}	Address Input
D_0–D_7	Data Input/Output
$\overline{CS_1}$	Chip Select One
CS_2	Chip Select Two
$\overline{WE}$	Write Enable
$\overline{OE}$	Output Enable
V_{CC}	Power
GND	Ground

Device Operation

The 5164SL has three control inputs: Two Chip Selects ($\overline{CS_1}$, CS_2) and Write Enable ($\overline{WE}$). $\overline{WE}$ is the data control pin and should be used to gate data at the I/O pins. A write cycle starts at the lowest transition of $\overline{CS_1}$, low $\overline{WE}$ or high CS_2 and ends at the earliest transition of $\overline{CS_1}$, high WE or low CS_2. Out Enable (OE) is used for precise control of the outputs.

The availability of active high and active low chip enable pins provides more system design flexibility than single chip enable devices.

Table 1. Mode Selection Truth Table

$\overline{CS_1}$	CS_2	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{OE}$	Mode	I/O	Power
H	X	X	X	Standby	High Z	Standby
X	L	X	X	Standby	High Z	Standby
L	H	L	X	Write	D_{IN}	Active
L	H	H	L	Read	D_{OUT}	Active
L	H	H	H	Read	High Z	Active

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Voltage on Any Pin
Relative to Ground (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) . . . . . -0.3V to 7V
Storage Temperature (T_{STG}) . . . . $-55°C$ to $+150°C$
Power Dissipation (P_D) 1.0W
DC Continuous Output Current (I_{OS}) . . . . 50 mA

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Voltage referenced to V_{SS}, $T_A = 0°C$ to $70°C$

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_{SS}	Ground	0	0	0	V
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.2	—	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	-0.3	—	0.8	V

NOTE:
1. During transitions, the inputs may undershoot to -3.5V for periods less than 20 ns.

CAPACITANCE $T_A = 25°C$, $f = 1.0$ MHz

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
C_{IN1}	Input Capacitance ($V_{IN} = 0$V)	—	6	pF
C_{OUT}	Output Capacitance ($V_{OUT} = 0$V)	—	8	pF

NOTE:
This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

DC AND OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Typ*	Max	Units	Test Conditions
I_{CC1}	Operating Current		—	30	50	mA	$\overline{CS1} = V_{IL}$, CS2 = V_{IH} I/O Open, V_{CC} = Max
I_{CC2}	Dynamic Current		—	40	70	mA	T_{CYC} = Min, V_{CC} = Max I/O Open
I_{SB}	Standby Current			1	3	mA	$\overline{CS1} = V_{IH}$ or CS2 = V_{IL}
I_{SB1}		STD		0.2	2	mA	$\overline{CS1} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$V $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$V or $V_{IN} < 0.2$V
		L	—	2	100	μA	
I_{SB2}		STD		0.2	2	mA	CS2 $\leq V_{CC} - 0.2$V
		L	—	2	100	μA	$V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$V or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2$V
I_{LI}	Input Load Current		-2	—	2	μA	V_{CC} = Max V_{IN} = GND to V_{CC}
I_{LO}	Output Leakage		-2	—	2	μA	$\overline{CS1} = V_{IH}$, CS2 = V_{IL} V_{OUT} = Ground to V_{CC}
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage		2.4	—	—	V	$I_{OH} = -1.0$ mA
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage		—	—	0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 2.1$ mA

*Typ: $V_{CC} = 5$V, $T_A = 25°C$

DATA RETENTION ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
V_{CDR}	Voltage for Data Retention	2		—	V	
I_{CCDR}	Data Retention Current		2	50	μA	$\overline{CS1} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$, $V_{CC} = 3V$ $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$
			2	50	μA	$CS2 \leq 0.2V$, $V_{CC} = 3V$ $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$
t_{CDR}	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time	0	—	—	ns	
t_R	Operation Recovery Time	$t_{RC}*$	—	—	ns	

NOTES:
1. $*t_{RC}$ = Read Cycle Time
2. Typ: $V_{CC} = 3V$, $T_A = 25°C$

DATA RETENTION WAVEFORM (No. 1) ($\overline{CS1}$ Controlled)

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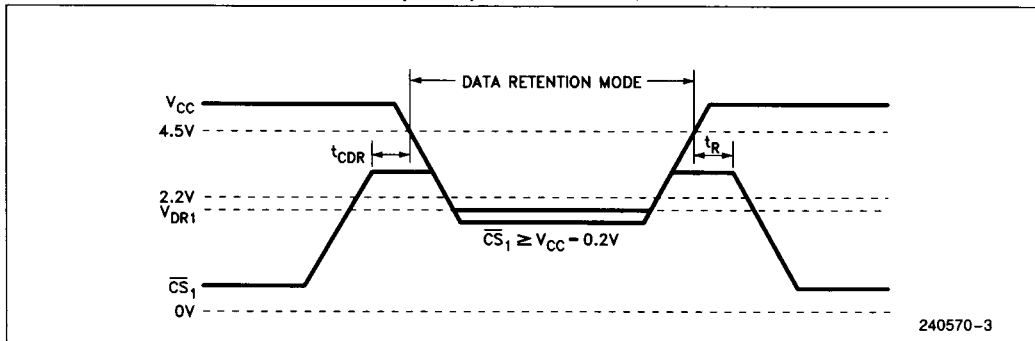
DATA RETENTION WAVEFORM (No. 2) (CS2 Controlled)

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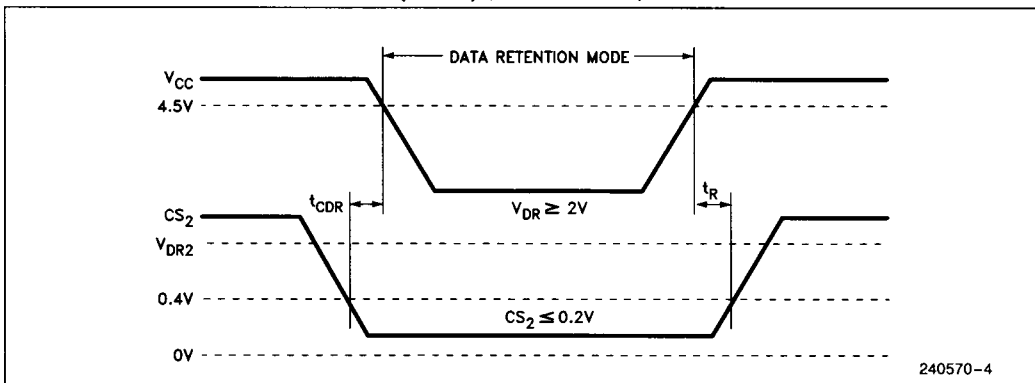
AC TEST CONDITIONS

Input Pulse Levels .0.8V to 2.4V

Input Rise and Fall Times . . . . .5 ns

Timing Reference Level 1.5V

Output Load . . . . .1 TTL Load + 100 pF

AC CHARACTERISTICS (READ CYCLE)

T_A = 0°C to 70°C, V_{CC} = 5V ±10%

READ CYCLE

Symbol	Parameter	5164SL-10		Units
		Min	Max	
t_{RC}	READ Cycle Time	100		ns
t_{AA}	Address Access Time		100	ns
t_{ACS}	Chip Select Access Time*		100	ns
t_{OH}	Output Hold from Address Change	10		ns
t_{CLZ}	Chip Selection to Output in Low Z*	10		ns
t_{CHZ}	Chip Deselection to Output in High Z*	0	35	ns
t_{OE}	Output Enable Access Time	55		ns
t_{OLZ}	Output Enable to Output in Low Z	5		ns
t_{OHZ}	Output Disable to Output in High Z	0	35	ns

*Timing parameters referenced to both $\overline{CS}$1 and CS2.
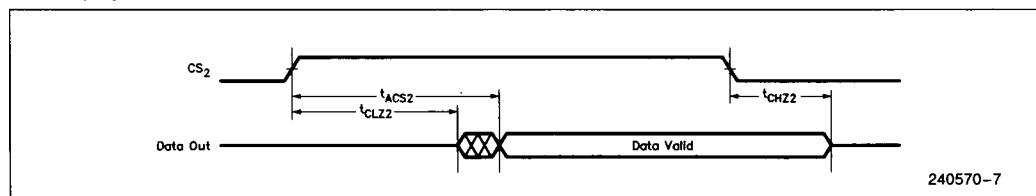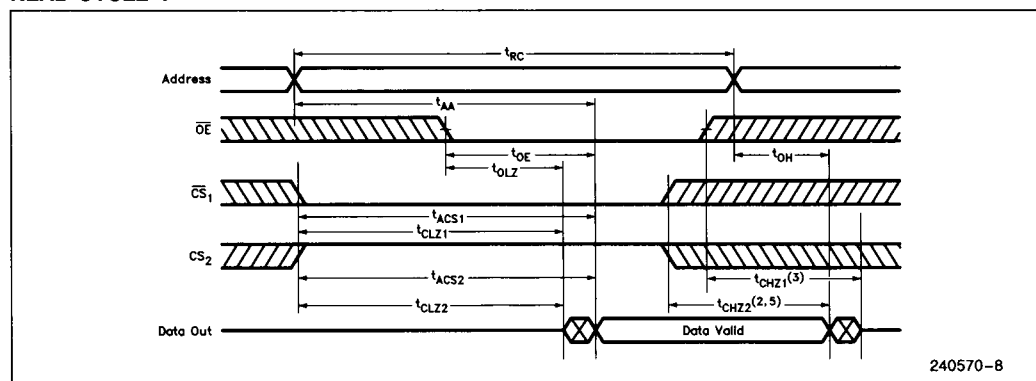
TIMING DIAGRAMS (READ CYCLE)

READ CYCLE 1[1, 2, 4]

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READ CYCLE 2[1, 3, 4, 6]

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READ CYCLE 3[1, 4, 7]

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READ CYCLE 4[1]

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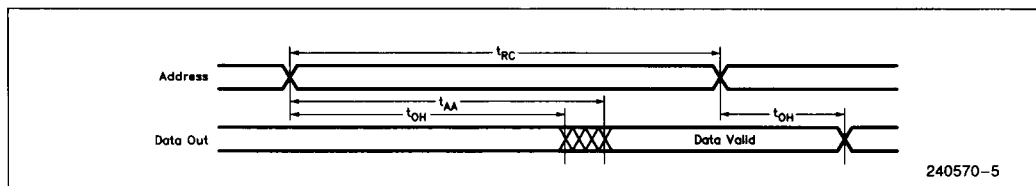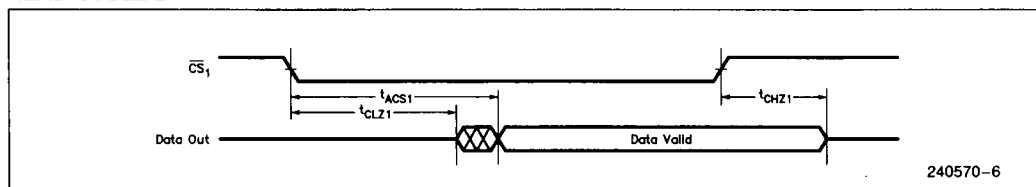
NOTES:
1. $\overline{WE}$ is high for READ cycle.
2. Device is continuously selected $\overline{CS1} = V_{IL}$ and CS2 = V_{IH}.
3. Address valid prior to or coincident with $\overline{CS1}$ transition low.
4. $\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$.
5. Transition is measured ±500 mV from steady state. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
6. CS2 is high.
7. $\overline{CS1}$ is low.

AC CHARACTERISTICS (WRITE CYCLE)

WRITE CYCLE

Symbol	Parameter	5164SL-10		Units
		Min	**Max**	
t_{WC}	Write Cycle Time	100		ns
t_{CW}	Chip Selection to End of Write	70		ns
t_{AW}	Address Valid to End of Write	80		ns
t_{AS}	Address Set-Up Time	0		ns
t_{WP}	Write Pulse Width	60		ns
t_{WR}	Write Recovery Time	15		ns
t_{DW}	Data Valid to End of Write	40		ns
t_{DH}	Data Hold Time	15		ns
t_{WHZ}	Write Enable to Output in High Z	0	35	ns
t_{OW}	Output Active from End of Write	10		ns
t_{OHZ}	Output Disable to Output in High Z	0	35	ns

TIMING DIAGRAMS (WRITE CYCLE)
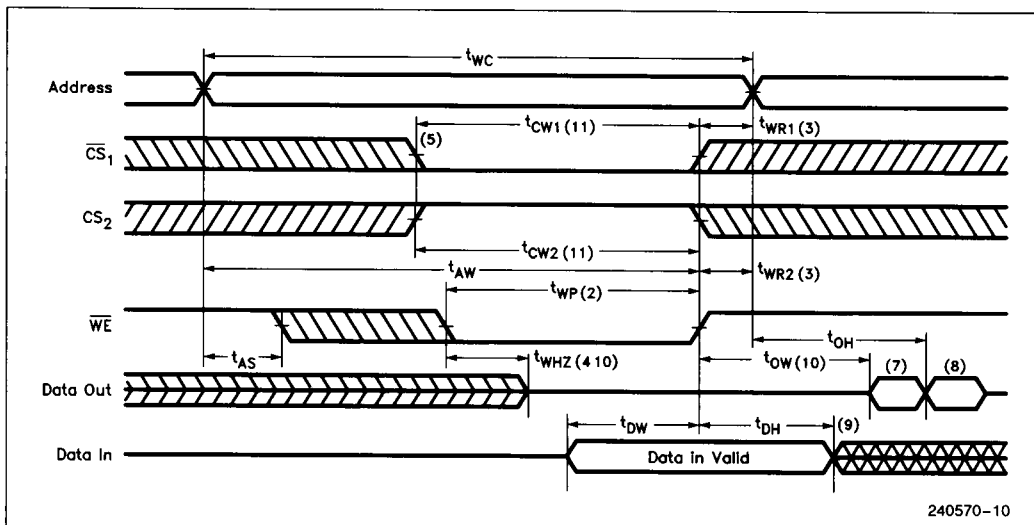## WRITE CYCLE 1[1]
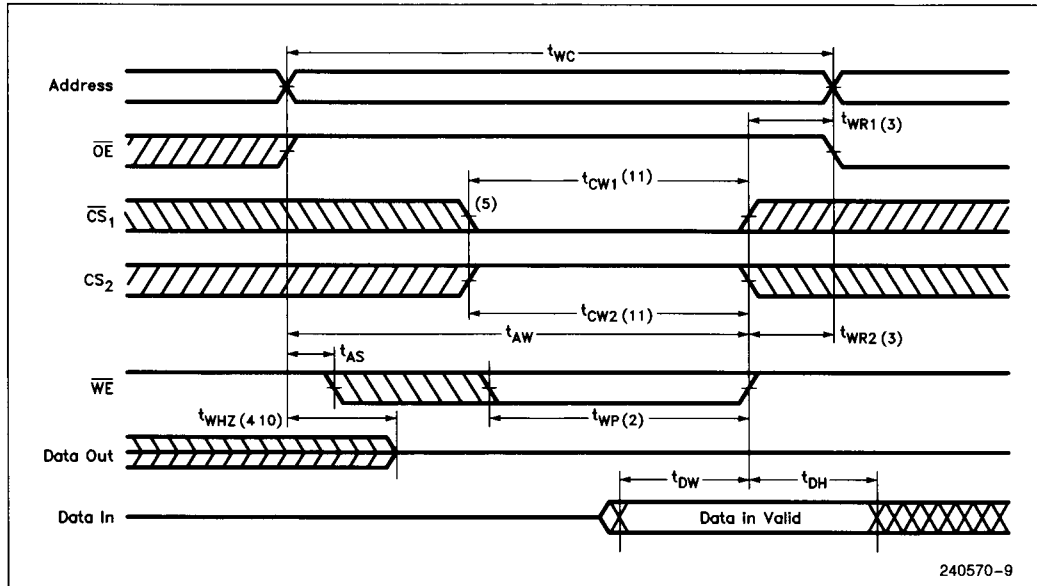
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TIMING DIAGRAMS (WRITE CYCLE) (Continued)

WRITE CYCLE 2[1, 6]

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NOTES:
1. $\overline{WE}$ must be high during address transitions.
2. A write occurs during the overlap (t_{WP}) of a low $\overline{CS}$, a high CS, and a low $\overline{WE}$.
3. t_{WR} is measured from the earlier of $\overline{CS}$ or $\overline{WE}$ going high or CS going low to the end of write cycle.
4. During this period, I/O pins are in the output state so that the input signals of opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied.
5. If the $\overline{CS}$ low transition or the CS high transition occurs simultaneously with the $\overline{WE}$ low transitions or after the $\overline{WE}$ transition, outputs remain in a high impedance state.
6. $\overline{OE}$ is continuously low ($\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$)
7. D_{OUT} is the same phase of write data of this write cycle.
8. D_{OUT} is the read data of next address.
9. If $\overline{CS}$ is low and CS is high during this period, I/O pins are in the output state. Then the data input signals of opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied to them.
10. Transition is measured ±500 mV from steady state. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
11. t_{OW} is measured from the later of $\overline{CS}$ going low or CS going high to the end of write.
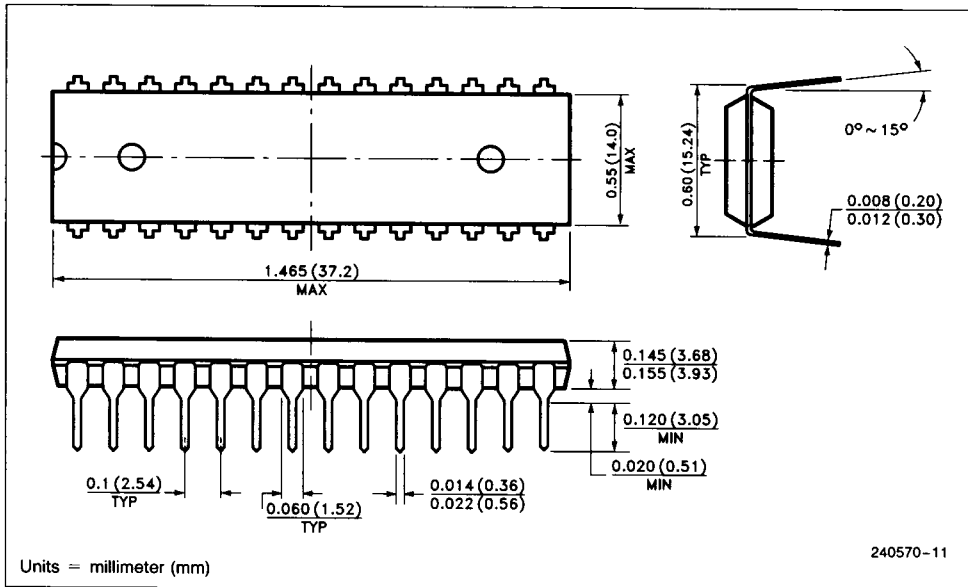
PACKAGE OUTLINES

Units = millimeter (mm)

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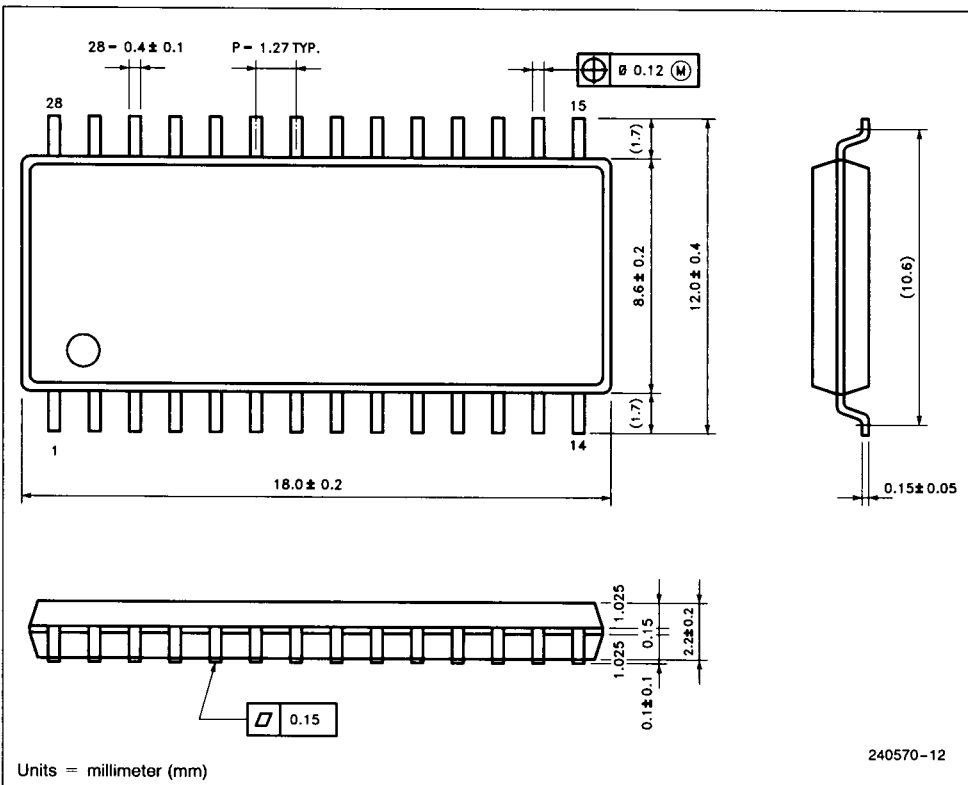**Figure 2. 28-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line Package**

Units = millimeter (mm)

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Figure 3. 28-Lead Small Out-Line Package (PG)