

Programming Languages: Principles and Paradigms

14.1, 14.2, 14.6, *14.14 (in Haskell only), *14.32-14.34

1.

(a).

$$((\backslash x . x^*x)5)$$

(5 * 5)

25

(b).

$$((\backslash y . ((\backslash x . x + y + z)3))2)$$
$$y \cdot (3+y+z)^2$$
$$3+2+z$$

(c).

$$((\backslash v . (\backslash w . w)))(\backslash x . x)(y(\backslash z . z))$$
$$((\backslash v . (\backslash w . w))y(\backslash z .z))$$
$$(\backslash w . w)(\backslash z . z)$$

2.

Same results except example c, where the outer functions are not applied so nothing happens in the inner functions.

6.

```
(m-expression '(plus (times (variable a) (variable b))
                      (value 2)))
```

'((a 2) (b4)))

```
= applyBinary '(plus (times (variable a) (variable b))
                    (value 2))
```

'((a 2) (b4)))

$$= (+ \text{ (m-expression ' (times (variable a) (variable b)) ' ((a 2) (b 4))) } \\ \text{ (m-expression ' (value 2) ((a 2) (b 4)))}$$
$$= (+ (* (\text{m-expression (variable a)} ((a\ 2) (b\ 4))) (\text{m-expression (variable b)} ((a\ 2) (b\ 4)))) \\ (\text{m-expression (value 2)} ((a\ 2) (b\ 4))))$$

```
= (+ (* (get 'a '((a 2) (b 4))) etc
```

= (+ (* 2 (get 'b' ((a 2) (b4)))) etc

$$= (+ (* 2 4))$$

```
(m-expression '(value 2) ((a 2)(b 4))
```

$$= (+ (* 2 4) 2)$$
$$= (+8\ 2)$$
$$= 10$$