

Analysis of Algorithms Midterm

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1 (a)

$$T(n) = 3T(n/4) + n \log n$$

$$a = 3, b = 4, f(n) = n \log n$$

$$f(n) = \Omega(n^{\log_4 3 + \epsilon}) \quad \text{case 3}$$

$$(n \log n) / (n^{\log_4 3}) \quad (\text{it is polynomially larger})$$

Regularity condition:

$$3(n/4) \log(n/4) \leq c \cdot n \log n$$

$$n(3/4)(\log n - \log 4) \leq c \cdot n \log n$$

$$n(3/4)(\log n - 2) \leq c \cdot n \log n$$

$$n(3/4)(\log n) - (3/2) \leq c \cdot n \log n$$

$$(3/4) \cdot n(\log n) - (3/2) \leq 1 \cdot n \log n$$

(Passes)

$$T(n) = \Theta(n \log n)$$

(b)

$$T(n) = 3T(n/3) + n/3$$

$$a = 3, b = 3, f(n) = n/3$$

$$f(n) = \Theta(n^{\log_3 3}) \quad \text{case 2}$$

$$T(n) = \Theta(n)$$

2 (a) $T(n) = 3T(n/4) + n \log n$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} & & n \log n & & \\ & / & | & \backslash & \\ (n/4) \log(n/4) & & (n/4) \log(n/4) & & (n/4) \log(n/4) \\ \dots & & \dots & & \dots \end{array}$$

Height of tree is $h = \log_4 n$, and width of leaves is $n^{\log_4 3}$

$$T(n) = \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + \sum_{i=1}^h 3^i ((n/4^i) \log (n/4^i))$$

$$T(n) = 3T(n/3) + n/3$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} & & n/3 & & \\ & / & | & \backslash & \\ (n/3)/3 & & (n/3)/3 & & (n/3)/3 \\ \dots & & \dots & & \dots \end{array}$$

Height of tree is $h = \log_3 n$, and width of leaves is $n^{\log_3 3}$

$$T(n) = \Theta(n) + \sum_{i=1}^h (3^i ((n/3^i)/3))$$

(b)

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}
T(n) &= 3T(n/4) + n \log n \\
&= \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + \sum_{i=1}^h 3^i ((n/4^i) \log (n/4^i)) \\
&= \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + \sum_{i=1}^h n \cdot 3^i/4^i \cdot \log (n/4^i) \\
&= \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + \sum_{i=1}^h n \cdot \log(n/4^i) \cdot 3^i/4^i \\
&= \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + \sum_{i=1}^h (n \log n - n \log 4^i) \cdot 3^i/4^i \\
&= \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + \sum_{i=1}^h 3^i/4^i \cdot n \log n - 3^i/4^i \cdot n \log 4^i \\
&= \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + \sum_{i=1}^h 3^i/4^i \cdot n \log n - \sum_{i=1}^h 3^i/4^i \cdot n \log 4^i \\
&= \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + n \log n \sum_{i=1}^h 3^i/4^i - \sum_{i=1}^h 3^i/4^i \cdot n \log 4^i \\
&= \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + n \log n \sum_{i=1}^h (3/4)^i - n \sum_{i=1}^h (3/4)^i \cdot \log 4^i \\
&= \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + n \log n \sum_{i=1}^h (3/4)^i - n \sum_{i=1}^h (3/4)^i \cdot \log 4^i \\
&< \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + n \log n \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} (3/4)^i - n \sum_{i=1}^h (3/4)^i \cdot \log 4^i \\
&= \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + n \log n \left(\frac{1}{1 - (3/4)} \right) - n \sum_{i=1}^h (3/4)^i \cdot \log 4^i \\
&= \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + n \log n \cdot 4 - n \sum_{i=1}^h (3/4)^i \cdot \log 4^i \\
&= \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + \Theta(n \log n) - n \sum_{i=1}^h (3/4)^i \cdot \log 4^i \\
&= \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + \Theta(n \log n) - n \sum_{i=1}^h \frac{3^i \log 4^i}{4^i} \\
&= \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + \Theta(n \log n) - n \sum_{i=1}^h \left(\frac{3 \log 4}{4} \right)^i \\
&< \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + \Theta(n \log n) - n \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3 \log 4}{4} \right)^i
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + \Theta(n \log n) - n \left(\frac{1}{1 - (3 \log 4/4)} \right) \\
&\approx \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + \Theta(n \log n) - n \cdot 0.15 \\
&= \Theta(n^{\log_4 3}) + \Theta(n \log n) - \Theta(n) \\
&= \Theta(n \log n)
\end{aligned}$$

So the final guess is actually $\mathcal{O}(n \log n)$ because I had to use A.6 twice.

$$\begin{aligned}
&(b) \\
T(n) &= 3T(n/3) + n/3 \\
&= \Theta(n) + \sum_{i=1}^h (3^i (\frac{n/3^i}{3})) \\
&= \Theta(n) + \sum_{i=1}^h \frac{(3^i n)/3^i}{3} \\
&= \Theta(n) + \sum_{i=1}^h \frac{n}{3} \\
&= \Theta(n) + h/3 \cdot n \\
&= \Theta(n) + \Theta(n) \\
&= \Theta(n)
\end{aligned}$$

(c) For (a), where $T(n) = \Theta(n \log n)$:

Inductive hypothesis: $T(n) \leq c \cdot n \log n$ for \mathcal{O} and $T(n) \geq c \cdot n \log n$ for Ω . Induction for \mathcal{O} :

$$\begin{aligned}
T(n) &\leq 3 (n/4) \log (n/4) + n \log n \\
&= (3/4)n(\log n - \log 4) + n \log n \\
&= 3/4 \cdot n \log n - 3/4 \cdot n \log 4 + n \log n \\
&\leq 3/4 \cdot n \log n + n \log n \\
&= \frac{7}{4} \cdot n \log n
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
T(n) &\geq 3 (n/4) \log (n/4) + n \log n \\
&= (3/4)n(\log n - \log 4) + n \log n \\
&= 3/4 \cdot n \log n - 3/4 \cdot n \log 4 + n \log n \\
&\geq 3/4 \cdot n \log n + n \log n \\
&= n \log n
\end{aligned}$$

For (b), where $T(n) = \Theta(n)$:

Inductive hypothesis: $T(n) \leq c \cdot n \log n$ for \mathcal{O} and $T(n) \geq c \cdot n \log n$ for Ω . Induction for \mathcal{O} :

$$\begin{aligned}
T(n) &= 3 \left(\frac{n}{4} \right) \log \left(\frac{n}{4} \right) + n \log n \\
&= \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) n (\log n - \log 4) + n \log n \\
&= \frac{3}{4} \cdot n \log n - \frac{3}{4} \cdot n \log 4 + n \log n \\
&\leq \frac{3}{4} \cdot n \log n - \frac{3}{4} \cdot n \log n + n \log n \\
&= n \log n
\end{aligned}$$

(d)

3 (a)

(b)

(c)

(d)