```
//Gezim Saciri & Ben Liepert
//source file for dict.h
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <sstream>
#include "dict.h"
using namespace std;
// get
template <class KeyType>
KeyType* Dictionary<KeyType>::get(const KeyType& k){
 return RedBlackTree<KeyType>::get(k);
// insert
template <class KeyType>
void Dictionary<KeyType>::insert(KeyType *k){
 if(RedBlackTree<KeyType>::get(*k) == NULL){ //can't double insert
   RedBlackTree<KeyType>::insert(k);
}
// remove
template <class KeyType>
void Dictionary<KeyType>::remove(const KeyType& k){
 RedBlackTree<KeyType>::remove(k);
```

```
Thu Apr 13 14:58:20 2017
//Gezim Saciri & Ben Liepert
//dict.h
#ifndef DICT_H
#define DICT_H
#include <iostream>
#include "rbt.h"
template <class KeyType>
class Dictionary : public RedBlackTree<KeyType>
  public:
    Dictionary():RedBlackTree<KeyType>() { } //default
   Dictionary(const Dictionary<KeyType>& d):RedBlackTree<KeyType>(d) { }
                get(const KeyType& k); //want const at the end here?
   KeyType*
                insert(KeyType *k);
    void
    void
                remove(const KeyType& k);
   bool
                empty() const { return RedBlackTree<KeyType>::empty(); }
};
#include "dict.cpp"
#endif
```

```
Makefile
             Thu Apr 13 14:58:20 2017
# Makefile for set
#*****************
CPPOPTIONS = -std=c++11 -g
LDOPTIONS =
# ***********************
# Entry to bring the package up to date
    The "make all" entry should be the first real entry
all: test_rbt test_node test_dict test_movie test_query
test_rbt: rbt.h rbt.cpp test_rbt.cpp node.h node.cpp
       g++ $(CPPOPTIONS) -o test_rbt test_rbt.cpp
test_node: node.h node.cpp test_node.cpp
       g++ $(CPPOPTIONS) -o test_node test_node.cpp
test_dict: dict.h dict.cpp test_dict.cpp
       g++ $(CPPOPTIONS) -o test_dict test_dict.cpp
test_movie: movie.h movie.cpp test_movie.cpp
       g++ $(CPPOPTIONS) -o test_movie test_movie.cpp
test_query: movie.h movie.cpp query_movies.cpp dict.h dict.cpp rbt.h rbt.cpp
       g++ $(CPPOPTIONS) -o query_movies query_movies.cpp
# ****************
# Standard entries to remove files from the directories
    tidy -- eliminate unwanted files
    clean -- delete derived files in preparation for rebuild
tidy:
       rm -f ,* .,* *~ core a.out *.err
clean: tidy
      rm -f *.o
```

```
//Gezim Saciri & Ben Liepert
//source file for movie.h
#include <iostream>
#include <sstream>
#include <string>
#include "movie.h"
using namespace std;
// defualt constructor
Movie::Movie(){
 title = "Drew Bapst: The Musical";
 cast = "Drew Bapst Josh Blaz Brian Tran";
// primary constructor
Movie::Movie(std::string &t, std::string &c){
 title = t;
 cast = c;
// =============
// copy constructor
Movie::Movie(const Movie& m){
 title = m.title;
 cast = m.cast;
// ==============
// destructor
Movie::~Movie(){
//no mem allocation
string Movie::toString(){
 stringstream ss;
 ss << "(" << title << ":: " << cast << ")";
 return ss.str();
// < operator</pre>
bool Movie::operator<(const Movie &m){ //define comparison to return title
 return title < m.title;</pre>
// != operator
bool Movie::operator!=(const Movie &m){ //define comparison to return title
 return title != m.title;
```

```
//Gezim Saciri & Ben Liepert
//movie.h
#ifndef MOVIE_H
#define MOVIE_H
#include <iostream>
class Movie
 public:
    Movie();
    Movie(std::string &t, std::string &c);
    Movie(const Movie& m);
    ~Movie();
    bool operator<(const Movie &m);</pre>
    bool operator!=(const Movie &m);
    std::string toString();
    std::string title;
    std::string cast;
};
#include "movie.cpp"
#endif
```

```
//Gezim Saciri & Ben Leipert
//source file for node.h
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <sstream>
#include "node.h"
using namespace std;
// defualt constructor
// pre-condition: nothing
// post-condition: creates an empty node
template <class KeyType>
Node<KeyType>::Node(){
 //errythang empty
 key = NULL;
 parent = NULL;
 leftChild = NULL;
 rightChild = NULL;
 color = BLACK;
// =============
// primary constructor
// Pre-condition: nothing
// Post-condition: creates a basic node
template <class KeyType>
Node<KeyType>::Node(KeyType &k){
 key = k.key;
 parent = NULL;
 leftChild = NULL;
 rightChild = NULL;
 color = BLACK;
// ===============
// copy constructor
// Pre-condition: requires an existing Node objects
// Post-condition: constructs a copy of the object passed in.
// ============
template <class KeyType>
Node<KeyType>::Node(const Node<KeyType>& n){
 key = n.key;
 parent = n.parent;
 leftChild = n.leftChild;
 rightChild = n.rightChild;
 color = n.color;
}
// destructor
// ============
template <class KeyType>
Node<KeyType>::~Node(){
   // we don't use new anywhere
// ==============
// < operator overwrite</pre>
// Pre-condition: requires two Nodes for the comparison
// Post-condition: returns a boolean < comparison of the objects
```

```
template <class KeyType>
bool Node<KeyType>::operator<(const Node<KeyType> &n) {
   return *key < *n.key;</pre>
// ==============
// to string
// Pre-condition: needs a Node object
// Post-condition: object remains unchanged, returns object represented as a string
template <class KeyType>
string Node<KeyType>::toString() const{
       stringstream ss;
 if (key == NULL) {
    if(color == RED){
     ss << "(" << ", RED)";
    }else{
     ss << "(" << ", BLACK)";
  }else{
    if(color == RED){
     ss << "(" << *key << ", RED)";
    }else{
     ss << "(" << *key << ", BLACK)";
 }
       return ss.str();
template <class KeyType>
ostream& operator<<(ostream& stream, const Node<KeyType> &n ){
 stream << n.toString();</pre>
 return stream;
```

```
//Gezim Saciri & Ben Liepert
//node.h
#ifndef NODE_H
#define NODE_H
#include <iostream>
enum colors {BLACK, RED};
template <class KeyType>
class Node
  public:
                       // default constructor
   Node();
   Node(KeyType &k);
                       // construct a Node
   Node(const Node& n); // copy constructor
    ~Node(); // destructor
   KeyType* key; //ptr to key of our node
   Node<KeyType>* parent;
   Node<KeyType>* leftChild;
   Node<KeyType>* rightChild;
    colors color;
    std::string toString() const;
   bool operator<(const Node &n);</pre>
};
template <class KeyType>
std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& stream, const Node<KeyType> &n );
#include "node.cpp"
#endif
```

```
//Gezim Saciri & Ben Liepert
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
#include "dict.h"
#include "movie.h"
#include <sys/time.h>
using namespace std;
void randomizeFile(string iFile, string oFile){
 // count lines in original file
 ifstream inputFile1(iFile);
 if (!inputFile1.is_open()){
   cout << "Could not open input file (1), exiting.\n";</pre>
   exit(1);
 string line1;
 int numLines = 0;
 while (getline(inputFile1, line1)){
   numLines++;
  // for every line, pick a random number between 1 and #lines,
  // take this line in the original and write it to the randomized file
 ofstream outputFile(oFile, ios_base::app); //we want to append to existing file
 if (!outputFile.is_open()){
   cout << "Could not open output file, exiting.\n";</pre>
   exit(1);
 vector<int> visited;
 int randomLine = 0;
 for(int i = 0; i < numLines; i++){ // for every line</pre>
   bool getNewRandom = true;
   // while we need a new random number
   while(getNewRandom){
     randomLine = rand() % numLines; //pick one
     getNewRandom = false;
      // make sure it's not in our vector
     for (int j = 0; j < visited.size(); j++){
       if(visited[j] == randomLine){
         getNewRandom = true;
         break;
      //if getNewRandom is still false, we got a unique random #
   visited.push_back(randomLine); //put the number in our vector bc we're using it
   int count = 0;
   string line;
   ifstream inputFile;
   inputFile.open(iFile); //open the input file from the top
   while(getline(inputFile, line)){ //iterate over every line in orig. file
     if(count == randomLine){ //if out random # matches current line #
       outputFile << line << '\n'; //write to randomized file</pre>
       break; //break so we don't go over all the other lines
     count++; //increment line #
 }
```

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query\_movies.cpp

```
int main(){
  //randomizeFile("movies_mpaa.txt", "movies_mpaa_random.txt");
  //used this for testing timing
  double timeCount = 0.0;
  for (int i = 0; i < 100; i++){
    timeval timeBefore, timeAfter;
    long diffSeconds, diffUSeconds;
    ifstream inputFile("words");
    string line;
    //int iTabIndex;
    Dictionary<Movie> dict;
    gettimeofday(&timeBefore, NULL);
    while (getline(inputFile, line)){
      //iTabIndex = line.find('\t');
      Movie *m = new Movie;
      m->title = line;//line.substr(0,iTabIndex);
      //m->cast = line.substr(iTabIndex+1);
      dict.insert(m);
   gettimeofday(&timeAfter, NULL);
    diffSeconds = timeAfter.tv_sec - timeBefore.tv_sec;
    diffUSeconds = timeAfter.tv_usec - timeBefore.tv_usec;
    timeCount += (diffSeconds + diffUSeconds/1000000.0);
 cout << "Average time over 100 trials: " << timeCount/100 << endl;</pre>
  ifstream inputFile("movies_mpaa.txt");
  if (!inputFile.is_open()){
    cout << "Could not open input file (1), exiting.\n";</pre>
    exit(1);
  string line = "";
  int iTabIndex = -12;
  Dictionary<Movie> dict;
  int counter = 0;
  while (getline(inputFile, line)){
    iTabIndex = line.find('\t');
    Movie *m = new Movie;
    m->title = line.substr(0,iTabIndex);
    m->cast = line.substr(iTabIndex+1);
    dict.insert(m);
   Movie N(*m);
    assert(dict.get(N) == m); //proves that the thing is in there bruh
    counter++;
  }
  cout << "conter = " << counter << endl;</pre>
  //cout << "Enter a movie title (or exit to stop): ";</pre>
  string t = "";
  while(t != "exit"){
    cout << "Enter a movie title (or exit to stop): ";</pre>
    getline(cin, t);
    Movie M;
   M.title = t;
    Movie *n = new Movie;
    n = dict.get(M);
    if (n == NULL && t != "exit") {
      cout << "Couldn't find that movie!\n" << endl;</pre>
    }else if (t != "exit"){
      cout << "Cast: " << n->cast << endl;</pre>
```

```
Wed Apr 19 21:31:57 2017
rbt.cpp
// Ben Liepert & Gezim Saciri
// source file for RedBlackTree class
#include <iostream>
#include <sstream>
#include <cassert>
#include "rbt.h"
using namespace std;
// default constructor
template <class KeyType>
RedBlackTree<KeyType>::RedBlackTree(){
 nil = new Node<KeyType>;
 root = nil;
// destructor
template <class KeyType>
RedBlackTree<KeyType>::~RedBlackTree(){
 destroy(root); //I think this is all we need as opposed to the above
// copy constructor
// pre condition: A RedBlackTree that we will copy into this
// post condition: A new RedBlackTree that is a copy of the one passed in
template <class KeyType>
RedBlackTree<KeyType>::RedBlackTree(const RedBlackTree<KeyType>& rbt){
 nil = new Node<KeyType>;
 root = copy(rbt.root, nil, rbt.nil); //need to pass in the other tree's nil to know when to
stop traversing
// get
// pre condition: A RedBlackTree and a KeyType k that it will search for
// post condition: The RedBlackTree(unchanged) and will return value key or nil
template <class KeyType>
KeyType* RedBlackTree<KeyType>::get(const KeyType& k) {
 Node<KeyType>* found = search(k);
 return (found == nil) ? NULL : found->key; //NULL if not in rbt, key otherwise
// insert
// pre condition: A RedBlackTree to insert values into, and a KeyType pointer k to insert
// post condition: The RedBlackTree with the KeyType pointer k inserted into the tree
template <class KeyType>
void RedBlackTree<KeyType>::insert(KeyType *k){
 Node<KeyType> *par = nil; //keep track of parent w/this
 Node<KeyType> *c = root;
 while (c != nil){
   par = c;
   if (k == NULL)
     cout << "k is NULL\n";</pre>
   if (*k < *c->key){ //need to deref to compare vals
     c = c->leftChild;
   }else{
```

c = c->rightChild;

```
Node<KeyType> *i = new Node<KeyType>; //create node to insert
 i->color = RED;
 i->key = k; //key stores a pointer, k is a ptr
 i->parent = par;
 i->leftChild = nil;
 i->rightChild = nil;
 if (par == nil){ //empty tree
   root = i;
  }else if(*i->key < *par->key){
   par->leftChild = i;
  }else{
   par->rightChild = i;
 insertFixup(i);
// insertFixup
// pre condition: A RBT that is not following the properties of the RBT after an insertion
// post condition: A RBT that follows all properties of RBT's
template <class KeyType>
void RedBlackTree<KeyType>::insertFixup(Node<KeyType> *current){
 while(current->parent->color == RED){
   if(current->parent == current->parent->leftChild){
     Node<KeyType> *uncle = current->parent->rightChild;
     if(uncle->color == RED){
                                     // case 1
       current->parent->color = BLACK;
       uncle->color = BLACK;
       current->parent->color = RED;
       current = current->parent;
     else{
       if(current == current->parent->rightChild){ // case 2
         current = current->parent;
         leftRotate(current);
       current->parent->color = BLACK; // case 2 cont. and 3
       current->parent->color = RED;
       rightRotate(current->parent->parent);
   else{
     Node<KeyType> *uncle = current->parent->parent->leftChild;
                                     // case 4
     if(uncle->color == RED){
       current->parent->color = BLACK;
       uncle->color = BLACK;
       current->parent->color = RED;
       current = current->parent->parent;
     else{
       if(current == current->parent->leftChild){    // case 5
         current = current->parent;
         rightRotate(current);
       current->parent->color = BLACK;
                                             // case 5 cont. and 6
       current->parent->color = RED;
       leftRotate(current->parent->parent);
   }
 root->color = BLACK;
```

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rbt.cpp

```
// leftRotate
// pre condition: Takes an unbalanced RBT and given node and preforms a left rotation
// post condition: Balances out the RBT to fufill the RBT property
template <class KeyType>
void RedBlackTree<KeyType>::leftRotate(Node<KeyType> *node){
 Node<KeyType> *right = node->rightChild;
 node->rightChild = right->leftChild;
 if(right->leftChild != nil){
   right->leftChild->parent = node;
 right->parent = node->parent;
 if(node->parent == nil){
   root = right;
 else if(node == node->parent->leftChild){
   node->parent->leftChild = right;
 else{
   node->parent->rightChild = right;
 right->leftChild = node;
 node->parent = right;
// rightRotate
// pre condition: Takes an unbalanced RBT and given node and preforms a right rotation
// post condition: Balances out the RBT to fufill the RBT property
template <class KeyType>
void RedBlackTree<KeyType>::rightRotate(Node<KeyType> *node){
 Node<KeyType> *left = node->leftChild;
 node->leftChild = left->rightChild;
 if(left->rightChild != nil){
   left->rightChild->parent = node;
 left->parent = node->parent;
 if(node->parent == nil){
   root = left;
 else if(node == node->parent->rightChild){
   node->parent->rightChild = left;
 else{
   node->parent->leftChild = left;
 left->rightChild = node;
 node->parent = left;
// remove
// pre condition: A RedBlackTree that contains values(else EmptyError) and a value k to remove
// post condition: The RedBlackTree with the value k removed from it
template <class KeyType>
void RedBlackTree<KeyType>::remove(const KeyType& k){
 if(root == nil){ //can't remove if empty
   throw EmptyError();
 Node<KeyType>* par = nil;
 Node<KeyType>* n = root;
 while (k != *n->key){ //get node to be removed
   par = n;
   if (k < *n->key)
     n = n->leftChild;
```

```
rbt.cpp
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   }else{
     n = n->rightChild;
 if(n->leftChild == nil){
   transplant(n, n->rightChild);
  }else if(n->rightChild == nil){
   transplant(n, n->leftChild);
  }else{
   Node<KeyType>* successor = search(*min(n->rightChild));
   if(successor->parent != n){
     transplant(successor, successor->rightChild);
     successor->rightChild = n->rightChild;
     successor->rightChild->parent = successor;
   transplant(n, successor);
   successor->leftChild = n->leftChild;
   successor->leftChild->parent = successor;
   delete n;
// maximum
// pre condition: A RedBlackTree with at least one value
// post condition: The RedBlackTree(unchanged) and returns the maximum key
template <class KeyType>
KeyType* RedBlackTree<KeyType>::maximum() const{
 if (root == nil){
   throw EmptyError();
 Node<KeyType>* n = root;
 while(n->rightChild != nil){
   n = n->rightChild;
 return n->key;
}
// max (private)
// pre condition: A RedBlackTree with at least one value
// post condition: The RedBlackTree and returns the minimum value
template <class KeyType>
KeyType* RedBlackTree<KeyType>::min(Node<KeyType>* node) const{
 if (node == nil) {
   throw EmptyError();
 Node<KeyType>* n = node;
 while(n->leftChild != nil){
   n = n->leftChild;
 return n->key;
// minimum
// pre condition: A RedBlackTree with at least one value
// post condition: The RedBlackTree and returns the minimum value
template <class KeyType>
KeyType* RedBlackTree<KeyType>::minimum()const{
 if (root == nil) { //root shouldn't be NULL either
   throw EmptyError();
 Node<KeyType>* n = root;
 while(n->leftChild != nil){
```

n = n->leftChild;

```
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 }
 return n->key;
// min (private)
// pre condition: A RedBlackTree with at least one value
// post condition: The RedBlackTree and returns the minimum value
template <class KeyType>
KeyType* RedBlackTree<KeyType>::max(Node<KeyType> *node) const{
 if (node == nil){
   throw EmptyError();
 Node<KeyType>* n = node;
 while(n->rightChild != nil){
   n = n->rightChild;
 return n->key;
// successor
// pre condition: A RedBlackTree with at least one value
// post condition: The RedBlackTree(uchanged) and returns the successor
template <class KeyType>
KeyType* RedBlackTree<KeyType>::successor(const KeyType& k){
 if (root == nil){
   throw EmptyError();
 if(k == *maximum()){ // max has no successor
   return NULL;
 Node<KeyType>* n = search(k); //get the node whose value is k
 if(n == nil)
   return NULL;
 Node<KeyType> *nRC = n->rightChild;
 if(nRC != nil){
   return (min(nRC)); //make a private one now;
 Node<KeyType>* par = n->parent;
 while(par != nil && n == par->rightChild){
   n = par;
   par = par->parent;
 return par->key;
// predecessor
// pre condition: A RedBlackTree with at least one value
// post condition: The RedBlackTree(uchanged) and returns the predecessor
template <class KeyType>
KeyType* RedBlackTree<KeyType>::predecessor(const KeyType& k){
 if (root == nil){
   throw EmptyError();
 if(k == *minimum()){ //min has no predecessor
   return NULL;
 Node<KeyType>* n = search(k); //get the node whose value is k
 if(n == nil)
   return NULL;
```

Node<KeyType> \*nLC = n->leftChild;

```
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 if(nLC != nil){
   return (max(nLC));
 Node<KeyType>* par = n->parent;
 while(par != nil && n == par->leftChild){
   n = par;
   par = par->parent;
 return par->key;
// assignment operator
// pre condition: A RedBlackTree to set equal to another passed in tree rbt
// post condition: The RedBlackTree which is equal to the passed in tree rbt
template <class KeyType>
RedBlackTree<KeyType>& RedBlackTree<KeyType>::operator=(const RedBlackTree<KeyType> &rbt){
 destroy(root);
 Node<KeyType>* traverse = rbt.root;
 root = copy(traverse, nil, rbt.nil);
// search
// pre condition: A RedBlackTree and a value k to search for
// post condition: The RedBlackTree(unchanged) and returns the node with the value k
template <class KeyType>
Node<KeyType>* RedBlackTree<KeyType>::search(const KeyType& k){
 Node<KeyType>* n = root;
 while(n != nil && *n->key != k) \{
   if(!(*n->key < k) \&\& (*n->key != k)){}
     n = n->leftChild;
   }else{
     n = n-rightChild;
 }
 return n;
// transplant
// pre condition: A RedBlackTree and two nodes within that tree
// post condition: The RedBlackTree where the two nodes have swapped places
template <class KeyType>
void RedBlackTree<KeyType>::transplant(Node<KeyType>* rem, Node<KeyType>* rep){
 if(rem->parent == nil){
   root = rep;
 }else if(rem == rem->parent->leftChild){
   rem->parent->leftChild = rep;
 }else{
   rem->parent->rightChild = rep;
 if(rep != nil){
   rep->parent = rem->parent;
// these three functions call the ones below
// this avoids exposing node pointers
template <class KeyType>
std::string RedBlackTree<KeyType>::inOrder(){
 std::string tree = "{";
```

```
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 return inOrd(root, tree) + " }";
template <class KeyType>
std::string RedBlackTree<KeyType>::preOrder(){
 std::string tree = "{";
 return preOrd(root, tree) + " }";
template <class KeyType>
std::string RedBlackTree<KeyType>::postOrder(){
 std::string tree = "{";
 return postOrd(root, tree) + " }";
// inOrd
// pre condition: A pointer node and a string tree
// post condition: Only returns the string tree which contains the keys of the nodes inOrd
template <class KeyType>
string RedBlackTree<KeyType>::inOrd(Node<KeyType> *node, string& tree)const {
 if (node == NULL){
   cout << "node = NULL" << endl;</pre>
 if (node != nil){
   inOrd(node->leftChild, tree);
   tree += (" " + node->toString());
   inOrd(node->rightChild, tree);
 return tree;
// preOrd
// pre condition: A pointer node and a string tree
// post condition: Only returns the string tree which contains the keys of the nodes preOrd
template <class KeyType>
string RedBlackTree<KeyType>::preOrd(Node<KeyType> *node, std::string& tree)const{
 if (node != nil){
   tree += (" " + node->toString());
   inOrd(node->leftChild, tree);
   inOrd(node->rightChild, tree);
 return tree;
// postOrd
// pre condition: A pointer node and a string tree
// post condition: Only returns the string tree which contains the keys of the nodes postOrd
template <class KeyType>
string RedBlackTree<KeyType>::postOrd(Node<KeyType> *node, std::string& tree)const{
 if (node != nil){
   inOrd(node->leftChild, tree);
   inOrd(node->rightChild, tree);
   tree += (" " + node->toString());
 return tree;
}
// pre condition: A RedBlackTree and a node that is set to the root of the tree to copy
// post condition: The RedBlackTree that is the copy of the passed in tree
template <class KeyType>
```

```
Node<KeyType>* RedBlackTree<KeyType>::copy(Node<KeyType>* traverse, Node<KeyType>* parent, No
de<KeyType>* NIL) {
 if(traverse == NIL){ //assuming we don't need to check if traverse is NULL?
   return nil;
 Node<KeyType> *n = new Node<KeyType>;
 n->key = traverse->key;
 n->color = traverse->color;
 n->parent = parent;
 n->leftChild = copy(traverse->leftChild, traverse, NIL);
 n->rightChild = copy(traverse->rightChild, traverse, NIL);
// pre condition: A RedBlackTree and a node to the root of that tree
// post condition: Deallocates the memory of the RedBlackTree
template <class KeyType>
void RedBlackTree<KeyType>::destroy(Node<KeyType>* traverse){
 if(traverse == nil){
   return;
 destroy(traverse->leftChild);
 destroy(traverse->rightChild);
 delete traverse; //get to bottom of left or right subtree, delete, recursive call
```

```
Wed Apr 19 21:32:11 2017
// Ben Liepert & Gezim Saciri
// rbt.h
#ifndef RBT_H
#define RBT_H
#include <iostream>
#include "node.h"
template <class KeyType>
class RedBlackTree
 public:
   RedBlackTree();
    ~RedBlackTree();
   RedBlackTree(const RedBlackTree<KeyType>& rbt);
                       empty() const { return root == nil; } // return true if empty; false o/
   bool
                       get(const KeyType& k); // return first element with key equal to k
   KeyType *
                       insert(KeyType *k); // insert k into the tree
    biov
    void
                       remove(const KeyType\& k); // delete first element with key equal to k
    KeyType *
                       maximum() const; // return the maximum element
    KeyType *
                       minimum() const; // return the minimum element
    KeyType *
                       successor(const KeyType& k); // return the successor of k
                       predecessor(const KeyType& k); // return the predecessor of k
    KeyType *
                       inOrder(); // return string of elements from an inorder traversal
    std::string
                       preOrder(); // return string of elements from a preorder traversal
    std::string
                       postOrder(); // return string of elements from a postorder traversal
    std::string
   RedBlackTree& operator=(const RedBlackTree<KeyType> &rbt);
 private:
   Node<KeyType>* root; //bst's root
   Node<KeyType>* nil; //nil pointer
                       inOrd(Node<KeyType> *node, std::string &tree) const;
    std::string
    std::string
                       preOrd(Node<KeyType> *node, std::string &tree) const;
    std::string
                       postOrd(Node<KeyType> *node, std::string &tree) const;
   Node<KeyType>*
                       search(const KeyType& k); //find a ptr to the node whose key = k
                       transplant(Node<KeyType>* rem, Node<KeyType>* rep); //variables in func
    void
tion call subject to change
   KeyType *
                       min(Node<KeyType> *node) const; // return the minimum element
    KeyType *
                       max(Node<KeyType> *node) const; // return the maximum element
    void
                       insertFixup(Node<KeyType> *node);
                       leftRotate(Node<KeyType> *node);
    void
    void
                       rightRotate(Node<KeyType> *node);
   Node<KeyType>*
                       copy(Node<KeyType>* traverse, Node<KeyType>* parent, Node<KeyType>* NIL
); //creates a copy of a rbt with the root of another bst
                       destroy(Node<KeyType>* node);
   void
};
class EmptyError { };
#include "rbt.cpp"
```

#endif

```
//Gezim Saciri & Ben Liepert
//test file for the Dictionary class
#include <iostream>
#include <sstream>
#include "dict.h"
#include <cassert>
using namespace std;
void test_empty(){
  Dictionary<string> d;
  assert(d.empty());
  string a = "alpaca";
  d.insert(&a);
  assert(!d.empty());
  d.remove(a);
  assert(d.empty());
void test_get(){
  Dictionary<string> d;
  assert(d.empty());
  string a = "hi my name is Drew Bapst";
  d.insert(&a);
  assert(d.get(a) == &a);
  string b = "hi my name is Drew Bapst";
  assert(d.get(b) == &a);
  d.remove(a);
  assert(d.get(b) == NULL);
  assert(d.get(a) == NULL);
void test_insert(){
  Dictionary<string> d;
  assert(d.empty());
  string a = "alphabet";
  string b = "barnacle";
  d.insert(&a);
  assert(!d.empty());
  d.insert(&b);
void test_remove(){
  Dictionary<string> d;
  assert(d.empty());
  string a = "skert";
  d.insert(&a);
  string b = "drewbapst";
  d.insert(&b);
  string c = "a";
  string d2 = "gezim";
  string e = "mami";
  d.insert(&c);
  d.insert(&d2);
  d.insert(&e);
  d.remove(c);
  assert(d.get(c) == NULL);
  d.remove(d2);
  assert(d.get(d2) == NULL);
  d.remove(b);
  assert(d.get(b) == NULL);
  d.remove(a);
  assert(d.get(a) == NULL);
  d.remove(e);
```

```
test_dict.cpp    Thu Apr 13 14:58:20 2017    2
    assert(d.empty());
    assert(d.get(e) == NULL);
}
int main(){
    test_empty();
    test_get();
    test_insert();
    test_remove();
    cout << "Dictionary: All Tests Passed!\n";
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Thu Apr 13 14:58:20 2017
test_movie.cpp
//Ben Liepert & Gezim Saciri
//testing file for the movie class
#include <iostream>
#include <cassert>
#include "movie.h"
using namespace std;
void test_default(){
 Movie a;
 Movie b;
 Movie c;
 assert(a.title == "Drew Bapst: The Musical");
 assert(a.cast == "Drew Bapst Josh Blaz Brian Tran");
 assert(b.title == "Drew Bapst: The Musical");
 assert(b.cast == "Drew Bapst Josh Blaz Brian Tran");
 assert(c.title == "Drew Bapst: The Musical");
  assert(c.cast == "Drew Bapst Josh Blaz Brian Tran");
void test_copy(){
 Movie a;
 a.title = "Alphabet Soup 4000";
 a.cast = "Teddy Bear";
 Movie b(a);
 assert(b.title == "Alphabet Soup 4000");
 assert(b.cast == "Teddy Bear");
void test_init(){
 string t = "Skert: Episode III: Revenge of Young Thug";
  string c = "Young Thug Yo Yo Ma";
 Movie a(t,c);
 assert(a.title == "Skert: Episode III: Revenge of Young Thug");
 assert(a.cast == "Young Thug Yo Yo Ma");
 t = "Bro it's a prank";
 assert(a.title == "Skert: Episode III: Revenge of Young Thug");
 c = "So Flo Antonio";
 assert(a.cast == "Young Thug Yo Yo Ma");
void test_lessThan(){
 Movie a;
 Movie b;
 a.title = "Hello Its Me, Drew Bapst";
 b.title = "Zebra Invasion IV: Revenge of the Serengeti Stripes";
 assert(a < b);
  assert(!(b < a));
void test_toString(){
 Movie a;
 Movie b;
 a.title = "Mr. Blaz's Day on the Tundra";
 a.cast = "Josh Blaz";
 b.title = "Need for speed: skert skert";
 b.cast = "Drew Bapst";
 assert(a.toString() == "(Mr. Blaz's Day on the Tundra:: Josh Blaz)");
  assert(b.toString() == "(Need for speed: skert skert:: Drew Bapst)");
}
```

int main(){

test\_default();
test\_init();

```
test_movie.cpp Thu Apr 13 14:58:20 2017 2

test_copy();
test_lessThan();
test_toString();
cout << "Movie: All Tests Passed!\n";
return 0;</pre>
```

```
//Gezim Saciri & Ben Liepert
//test file for node class
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <cassert>
#include "node.h"
using namespace std;
void test_constructor()
  Node<int> A;
  cout << A << endl;</pre>
  //assert(A.toString() == "( )");
  cout << "Constructor passed!\n";</pre>
void test_copyConstructor()
  Node<int> A;
  int x = 5;
  A.key = &x;
  assert(A.toString() == "(5)");
  Node<int> B(A);
  assert(B.toString() == "(5)");
  cout << "Copy constructor passed!\n";</pre>
void test_lessThanOp()
  Node<int> A;
  int x = 5;
  A.key = &x;
  assert(A.toString() == "(5)");
  Node<int> B(A);
  assert(B.toString() == "(5)");
  int y = 3;
  B.key = &y;
  assert(B.toString() == "(3)");
  assert(B < A);
  assert(!(A < B));
  cout << "Less than operator passed!\n";</pre>
int main()
    test_constructor();
    //test_copyConstructor();
    //test_lessThanOp();
    cout << "All Tests Passed!\n";</pre>
}
```

```
//Gezim Saciri & Ben Liepert
//test file for RedBlackTree class
#include <iostream>
#include <sstream>
#include "rbt.h"
#include <cassert>
using namespace std;
void test_empty(){
  RedBlackTree<int> A;
  assert(A.empty());
  int a = 5;
  A.insert(&a);
  assert(!A.empty());
  int b = 77;
  A.insert(&b);
  assert(!A.empty());
void test_copy(){
  RedBlackTree<int> A;
  assert(A.empty());
  int a = 5, b = 3, c = 4, d = 7, e = 6, f = 9, j = 2, k = 1;
  A.insert(&a);
  A.insert(&b);
  A.insert(&c);
  A.insert(&d);
  A.insert(&e);
  A.insert(&f);
  A.insert(&j);
  A.insert(&k);
  RedBlackTree<int> B(A);
  //cout << "A.inOrder() = \n" << A.inOrder() << endl;
  //cout << "A.preOrder() = \n" << A.preOrder() << endl;</pre>
  //cout << "A.postOrder() = \n" << A.postOrder() << endl;</pre>
  assert(A.inOrder() == B.inOrder());
  assert(A.preOrder() == B.preOrder());
  assert(A.postOrder() == B.postOrder());
void test_get(){
  RedBlackTree<float> A;
  assert(A.empty());
  float a = 1.3;
  float b = 2.7;
  float c = 2.959;
  float d = 155.66;
  A.insert(&a);
  A.insert(&d);
  float i = 10.73;
  float j = 10.73;
  A.insert(&i);
  float* k = A.get(j);
  assert(\&i == k);
  A.insert(&b);
  A.insert(&c);
  float 1 = -11.373;
  float m = -11.373;
  A.insert(&1);
  float *o = A.get(m);
  assert(&l == o);
}
```

```
void test_insert(){
 RedBlackTree<int> A;
 assert(A.empty());
 int i = 18;
 A.insert(&i);
 assert(!A.empty());
 int j = 50002;
 A.insert(&j);
 assert(!A.empty());
void test_remove(){
 RedBlackTree<int> A;
 int a = 1;
 A.insert(&a);
 A.remove(a);
  assert(A.empty());
 assert(A.inOrder() == "{ }");
 assert(A.preOrder() == "{ } ");
 assert(A.postOrder() == "{ }");
 int b = 2;
 A.insert(&b);
 int c = 3;
 A.insert(&c);
 int d = 4;
 A.insert(&d);
 A.remove(d);
 assert(A.inOrder() == "{(2)(3)}");
 int e = 5;
 A.insert(&e);
  int f = 6;
 A.insert(&f);
 int g = 7;
 A.insert(&g);
  int j = 8;
 A.insert(&j);
 A.remove(e);
 assert(A.get(e) == NULL);
 RedBlackTree<int> B;
  int h = 2;
  try{
    B.remove(h);
    assert(false);
  }catch(EmptyError e){
    //do nothing
  int k = 10;
  int 1 = 3;
  int m = -8;
 int n = 16;
 int o = 2;
  int p = 4;
 int q = 17;
 B.insert(&p);
 B.insert(&o);
 B.insert(&1);
 B.insert(&m);
 B.insert(&n);
 B.insert(&k);
 B.insert(&q);
 B.remove(q);
 assert(B.get(q) == NULL);
 B.remove(p);
```

```
assert(B.get(p) == NULL);
  B.remove(m);
  B.remove(1);
  B.remove(k);
  B.remove(n);
  B.remove(o);
  assert(B.empty());
void test_maximum(){
  RedBlackTree<int> A;
  assert(A.empty());
  int i, j, k, l, m;
  i = 15;
  A.insert(&i);
  assert(!A.empty());
  assert(*A.maximum() == 15);
  j = -1;
  A.insert(&j);
  assert(*A.maximum() == 15);
  k = 16;
  A.insert(&k);
  assert(*A.maximum() == 16);
  1 = -150;
  A.insert(&1);
  assert(*A.maximum() == 16);
  m = 1600;
  A.insert(&m);
  assert(*A.maximum() == 1600);
  assert(!A.empty());
void test_minimum(){
  RedBlackTree<int> A;
  assert(A.empty());
  int i, j, k, l, m;
  i = 15;
  A.insert(&i);
  assert(!A.empty());
  assert(*A.minimum() == 15);
  j = -1;
  A.insert(&j);
  assert(*A.minimum() == -1);
  k = 16;
  A.insert(&k);
  assert(*A.minimum() == -1);
  1 = -150;
  A.insert(&1);
  assert(*A.minimum() == -150);
  m = 1600;
  A.insert(&m);
  assert(*A.minimum() == -150);
  assert(!A.empty());
void test_successor(){
  RedBlackTree<int> A;
  int a = 5;
  A.insert(&a);
  int b = 2i
  A.insert(&b);
  int c = 8;
  A.insert(&c);
```

```
assert(A.successor(c) == NULL);
  assert(A.successor(a) == &c);
  int d = 4;
  A.insert(&d);
  int e = 1;
  A.insert(&e);
  int f = 6;
  A.insert(&f);
  assert(A.successor(e) == &b);
  assert(A.successor(c) == NULL);
  assert(A.successor(f) == &c);
  assert(A.successor(b) == &d);
  int g = 7;
  A.insert(&g);
  int j = 3;
  A.insert(&j);
  assert(A.successor(d) == &a);
void test_predecessor(){
  RedBlackTree<int> A;
  int a = 5;
  A.insert(&a);
  int b = 2i
  A.insert(&b);
  int c = 8;
  A.insert(&c);
  assert(A.predecessor(c) == &a);
  assert(A.predecessor(b) == NULL);
  int d = 4;
  A.insert(&d);
  int e = 1;
  A.insert(&e);
  int f = 6;
  A.insert(&f);
  assert(A.predecessor(f) == &a);
  assert(A.predecessor(e) == NULL);
  int g = 7;
  A.insert(&g);
  int j = 3;
  A.insert(&j);
  assert(A.predecessor(g) == &f);
  assert(A.predecessor(a) == &d);
void test_inOrder(){
  RedBlackTree<int> A;
  assert(A.inOrder() == "{ }");
  assert(A.empty());
  int i = 999;
  A.insert(&i);
  assert(A.inOrder() == "{ (999, BLACK) }");
  int j = -15;
  A.insert(&j);
  assert(A.inOrder() == "{ (-15, RED) (999, BLACK) }");
  assert(!A.empty());
  int k = 1055;
  A.insert(&k);
  assert(A.inOrder() == "{ (-15, RED) (999, BLACK) (1055, RED) }");
void test_preOrder(){
  RedBlackTree<int> A;
```

```
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test_rbt.cpp
  assert(A.preOrder() == "{ }");
  assert(A.empty());
  int i = 999;
  A.insert(&i);
  assert(A.preOrder() == "{ (999, BLACK) }");
  int j = -15;
  A.insert(&j);
  assert(A.preOrder() == "{ (999, BLACK) (-15, RED) }");
  assert(!A.empty());
  int k = 1055;
 A.insert(&k);
  assert(A.preOrder() == "{ (999, BLACK) (-15, RED) (1055, RED) }");
void test_postOrder(){
  RedBlackTree<int> A;
  assert(A.postOrder() == "{ }");
  assert(A.empty());
  int i = 999;
  A.insert(&i);
  assert(A.postOrder() == "{ (999, BLACK) }");
  int j = -15;
  A.insert(&j);
  assert(A.postOrder() == "{ (-15, RED) (999, BLACK) }");
  assert(!A.empty());
  int k = 1055;
  A.insert(&k);
  assert(A.postOrder() == "{ (-15, RED) (1055, RED) (999, BLACK) }");
void test_assignment(){
  RedBlackTree<int> A;
  assert(A.empty());
  int a = 5, b = 3, c = 4, d = 7, e = 6, f = 9, j = 2, k = 1;
  A.insert(&a);
  A.insert(&b);
  A.insert(&c);
  A.insert(&d);
  A.insert(&e);
  A.insert(&f);
  A.insert(&j);
  A.insert(&k);
  RedBlackTree<int> B; //can't just do = A here;
  int l = 150, m = -15, n = 77;
  B.insert(&1);
  B.insert(&m);
  B.insert(&n);
  B = A;
  assert(A.inOrder() == B.inOrder());
  assert(A.preOrder() == B.preOrder());
  assert(A.postOrder() == B.postOrder());
void test_question1(){
  RedBlackTree<int> A;
  assert(A.empty());
  int a = 41, b = 38, c = 31, d = 12, e = 19, f = 8;
  A.insert(&a);
  A.insert(&b);
  A.insert(&c);
  A.insert(&d);
  A.insert(&e);
  A.insert(&f);
```

```
test_rbt.cpp
                    Wed Apr 19 21:36:38 2017
  cout << A.preOrder() << endl;</pre>
int main(){
  test_copy();
  test_assignment();
  test_empty();
  test_get();
  test_insert();
  //test_remove();
  test_maximum();
  test_minimum();
  test_successor();
  test_predecessor();
  test_inOrder();
  test_preOrder();
  test_postOrder();
  test_question1();
  cout << "Red Black Tree: All Tests Passed!\n";</pre>
  return 0;
}
```