Topic modeling

A brief (semi-technical) walk through the algorithm)

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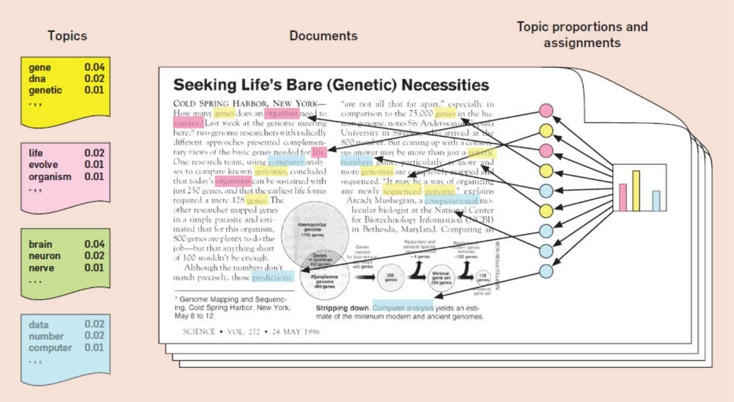
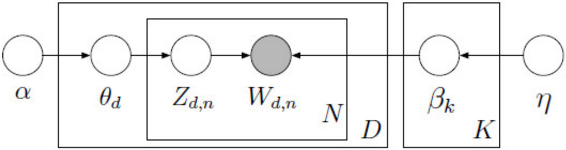
The assumptions behind the topic model algorithm



Text is produced by chosing a distribtion of topics within the given document; the for every word a selection of topic based on the document-level distribution; finally a word from the corresponding topic (Blei 2012, 78). For my best attempt at a non-technical explanation of topic models, see (Ferguson-Cradler 2021).

The document generating process



Interrelations of the probabalistic data generating process (Blei og Lafferty 2009, 78).

- $\vec{\beta}_k \sim \mathrm{Dir}_V(\eta)$

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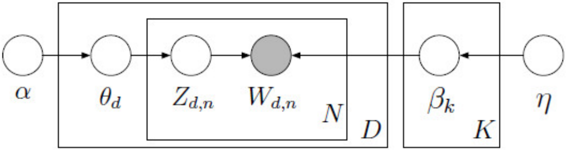

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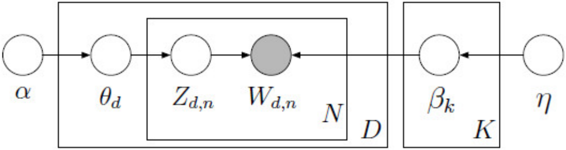

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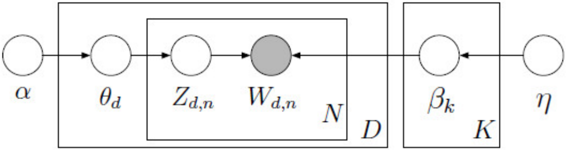

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- $Z_{d,n} \sim \mathrm{Mult}(\vec{\theta}), Z_{d,n} \in \{1, ..., K\}$
- $W_{d,n} \sim \mathrm{Mult}(\vec{\beta}_{Z_{d,n}}), W_{d,n} \in \{1, ..., V\}$

Fitting the model

First, randomly assign a topic to each word in the document. We can now compute θ and β distributions. Now, for every word, compute:

$$P(K|d,n) = \frac{tf_{K,n} + \eta}{tf_K} \cdot (tf_{K,d} + \alpha)$$

and reassign based on new most likely topic assignment.

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- Our two matrices of interest: θ and β.

Practice

Enough Greek letters, let's see how to do this in practice.

Blei, David M. 2012. Probabilistic topic models. *Communications of the ACM* 55 (4): 77–84.

Blei, David M, og John D Lafferty. 2009. Topic models. *Text mining: classification, clustering, and applications* 10 (71): 34.

Ferguson-Cradler, Gregory. 2021. Narrative and computational text analysis in business and economic history. *Scandinavian Economic History Review*, 1–25.