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## Animal Farm essay

In the story "Animal Farm," the most important problem is the power struggle between animals. At first, it is a revolution against humans. Once pigs gain control of power, internal struggle begins. Napoleon faces Snowball, and Napoleon wins. According to the author Orwell in "Animal Farm," a leader either gains power or loses power. There's no in-between. That is why eventually pigs especially Napoleon become humans. Therefore, power is the root of all evil and the struggle of power is unstoppable.

In the story, animals make the rules for Animal Farm. Every animal should be equal to each other, and they can't kill each other. The most important rule is that they can't trust human, and they also can't be nice to humans. Mr. Jones are drunk sometimes, and he will forget to feed the animals, so this is why the animals in the animal farm don't like humans. They also make a plan to kick humans off this farm, and they were successful. Afterwards, there is no human on the farm; the animals on the animal farm have to choose a new leader to lead them. Snowball makes a good speech for those animals, and Snowball is popular to the animals. Napoleon disagrees with Snowball when Snowball is making a speech. Napoleon uses his dogs to chase Snowball off the farm, then takes Snowball's idea of building a windmill to get electricity for the animal. This idea comes from Snowball. I think most people are afraid of people with power. In general, they are afraid to argue with people or animals with power. They just follow what they say.

Napoleon claims to train the puppies. Napoleon thinks that those puppies can be his soldiers after they grow up. Napoleon tells other animals that he is going to teach these puppies "Animalism." In actuality, these puppies are becoming big vicious dogs under Napoleon, and they are pretty

ferocious. When Napoleon and Snowball are fighting over windmill, Napoleon knows that he won't win, because most of the animals like the idea that Snowball proposes. Napoleon calls his dogs out and let all the animals know that he is more powerful. Napoleon call his dogs to chase Snowball off the farm. Other animals are afraid to question Napoleon because animals are afraid to get attacked by the dogs. Napoleon wants to let animals know who is a boss on animal farm. Of course, all animals will change their mind and follow Napoleon, because they know that if they don't follow Napoleon, then they will be the next one to be kicked out. So they have to follow Napoleon; there is not an alternative choice. After he kicks out Snowball, Napoleon says that he will continue the plan of building a windmill. He steals Snowball's idea. The most outrageous part is that Napoleon tell all animals that this idea comes from him. Napoleon has a public announcer; he is called Squealer. Squealer is a character that convinces other animals to believe in Napoleon. He tells other animals that Napoleon is never wrong. He just tells all animals that Snowball is bad; Snowball is just a good public speaker and has a good image in front of all animals. After Squealer says that to all animals many times, most of the animals start to believe him. They never know that Squealer is a big liar. After this happens, we can know that power is evil; the power can make a person change. The power also can control people and make people to lose their minds. Napoleon is a good example in animal farm.

Power should be used on a part that is good for everyone. If a leader knows how to use the power on the good part, then the leader can have success. If power is used on a place that is unhelpful or bad for people, then no one can do their jobs better. Napoleon is an example a bad leader; he just make all animals on the farm to become his slaves. Those animals are not happy on their jobs, and they work is for Napoleon and his enjoyment. They don't know that would Napoleon do to them. Although they are not happy when they are working, they still need to do it. Napoleon doesn't need to do anything at all; he can just stay over there and torture these animals. He always calls Squealer to spread out rumors that are not true. If there is any animal that is going to start a revolu-

tion or betray Napoleon, then Napoleon will call his dogs to kill them; however Napoleon will win anyway. In this summary, we can see the power is used the wrong way, an evil way. It also can kill someone. If all power is just like this, then the world might be terrible. There are lots of examples in the real world. For example, Adolf Hitler did a lot of things just like Napoleon. Adolf Hitler just wants to control the world by himself; he never thinks about other people. When Adolf Hitler was planning to control the world, there were already lots of revolution going on, so when he was having a speech, there were lots of Jews who hated him. Lots of Jews died, and lots of people didn't have food and recourses because of wars. So they said Adolf Hitler was a crazy person. We can see the same thing happened just like what Napoleon did in this example.

At the end, the pigs did change themselves. The animals in the animal farm hated human a lot, so they were listening to the pigs, because they think pigs are smart. They could lead the animal farm very well. We could see the pigs didn't have a good leader on the animal farm. Pigs discovered that they were just the animals before. But after they controlled animal farm, they were just like humans, always told everyone to work hard and threatened those animals. So they kicked the humans out, and they make their lifestyle just like humans. They wore shoes, shirt, pants, and did everything that the humans did. So at the end, we knew that although animals had power, it also could make them crazy, and after they were crazy, they would be just like humans. I think humans have the most evil faces when humans held power.