APC detector

BERT-based token classification for nominal person in German

Georg F.K. Höhn

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Ironhack

Project overview

Adnominal pronoun constructions (APCs)

- (1) a. we linguists
 - b. wir Linguisten we linguists

German

Challenges

- · hard to detect automatically
- · limited empirical data on distribution
- available tagged dataset not publishable due to copyright

Aim

 use tagged dataset to train BERT-transformer for high-accuracy automatic detection (for German)

Outline

Background

Practical challenges

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Conclusion and outlook

Background

Nominal person

- expressions marking whether a speech act participant (author, addressee) is part of the reference set of a nominal expression
- APCs are one type, other examples:
- (2) a. clitic person marking

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yima-nëm Alamblak
person-1pL
"we people" (Bruce 1984:96, (158))
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b. aka [malav e] roa-ru kiu-la-m. Lavukaleve then people 1PL.EXCL one.SG.M-none die-NEG-SG.M
 "And we, the people [lit: the people we] didn't die. [i.e. None of us people died.]" (Terrill 2003:171)

Crosslinguistic variation

- presence of definite article, possibly related to "unagreement" (ability to drop the pronoun)
- (3) a. [(Nosotras) las mujeres] denuncia-mos Castilian we.F DET.PL.F women denounced-1PL las injusticias.

 DET.PL injustices

 "We women denounced the injustices." (after Hurtado 1985:187, (1))
 - · singular contexts restricted in English, fine in German
- (4) [Ich Vulkanier] habe Dinge gesehen, die German 1sg.nom Vulcan have things seen Rel.acc.pl [du Mensch] dir nicht vorstellen kannst. 2sg.nom human 2sg.dat neg imagine can.2sg "*I Vulcan have seen things that you human cannot imagine."

Person-number

- · no adnominal third person APCs in many (European) languages
- (5) a. *They linguists are concerned with strange issues.
 - b. Kipu mae [ria nikana Japani] de Hoava NEG come 3PL man Japanese PURP
 [γami nikana hupa] mae ŋani=i [γami].
 1EXCL.PL man be.black come kill=ACC 1EXCL.PL
 "The Japanese men did not come to come and kill us black men." (Palmer 2017:426)

• a possible correlation between third person adnominal pronouns and definite articles? (Höhn 2020)

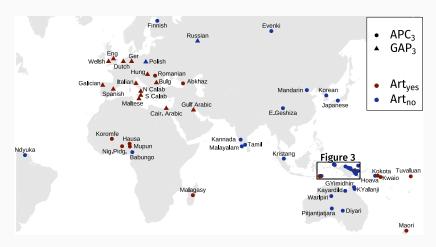


Figure 1: Availability of third APCs and definite articles

Practical challenges

- few corpus investigations on nominal person/APCs (Keizer 2016 uses data from BNC), although lots of potential:
 - language-internal distribution (genre, information structure)
 - relationship to definiteness
 - relationship between different types of nominal person (APCs and unagreement)
 - crosslinguistic differences in frequency of use
- identifying APCs in POS-tagged corpora is time/work-intensive
 - many false positives
 - capturing intervening modifiers requires more complex queries
 - \rightarrow even more false hits

Modifiers

- (6) a. ihr armen kleinen Deutschen you.pl poor little Germans
 - b. du von großer Sorge geplagter Anführer der you.sg by great sorrow tormented leader DET.GEN.PL Achaier Achaeans
 "you leader of the Achaeans who are(is?) tormented by great sorrow"

Some potential false positives

- (7) a. I told [you] [linguists are great].
 - b. Gestern haben [wir] [Linguisten gesehen].
 yesterday have.1PL we linguists seen
 "Yesterday we saw linguists."

Methodology

Manually tagged datasets

- manual pattern searches in POS-tagged corpora
 - English: British National Corpus (BNC) 96,986,707 tokens
 - German: Digitales Wörterbuch der deutschen Sprache (DWDS), Kernkorpus 1900–1999
 121,494,429 tokens
- hits collated into tables with metainformation (search pattern, year, bibliographic reference etc.) + context
- annotation for APC + further linguistic properties
 - many thanks to Andrea Schröter, Maya Galvez Wimmelmann and Carolin Kuna for their work!
- unfortunately strict licensing conditions on the corpora preclude publication of the annotated datasets

Training dataset

45,539 hits:

• no APC: 39,239

• APC: 6,188

Table 1: Precision for APC search by pronoun

	ich	du	wir	ihr	Sie
total hits	14,771	5,285	17,939	2,623	4,756
APCs identified	327	1,753	3,690	202	208
Precision (in %)	2.214	33.17	20.57	7.7	4.37

(8) Und er wollt dir einen Groschen schenken, und er and he wanted you.sg.dat a twopence gift and he spielte mit dir Räuber und Gendarm. played with you robber and cop "and he wanted to give you a twopence and he played cops and coppers with you." (ID 16413)

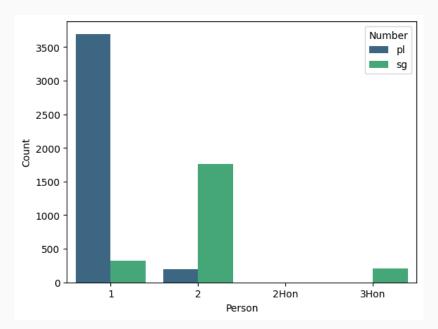


Figure 2: Absolute frequency of APCs by person/number

Relative frequency

- (9) n of $APC_{PersNum}$ * 100 / number of pronouns_{PersNum}
 - counts of pronouns contain only those that were not blocked from display for copyright reasons, since APC checking was necessarily restricted to the accessible examples

 Table 2: Relative frequency of APCs by pronoun

	ich	du	wir	ihr	Sie
pronoun count APCs identified	587,893 327	119,295 1,753	322,350 3,690	120,512 202	N/A 208
APC freq (in %)	0.056	1.47	1.447	0.168	N/A

Approach

 using huggingface's Trainer with pre-trained base model: bert-base-german-cased

Token-level classification

- prominently used in named entity recognition
- tokenized items get one of three labels
 - B-APC: **beginning** of the construction
 - I-APC: inside the construction
 - O: outside the construction (majority of tokens)
- model learns to apply these labels to new input
- (10) AMD Radeon is a brand name by Advanced Micro B-BRAND I-BRAND O O O O B-COMP I-COMP Devices (AMD)
 I-COMP I-COMP

Training data structure

- reduced version of annotated dataset
- retaining
 - ContextBefore, Hit, ContextAfter: strings
 - instance: marking whether row contains an APC (1) or not (0)
 - simplified externally in EDA (original annotation has several other levels)
 - APC: string of the concrete APC
- one row per (potential) APC instance → sentences with more than one (potential) APC occur in multiple rows

Data pre-/post-processing (APCData class)

- organises raw data into appropriate format for the trainer
- input: structured csv or raw text
 - raw text gets split into a table with triples of (previous sentence, focus sentence, following sentence)
- methods for training=True dataset
 - generate BIO-labels
 - merge BIO-labels in duplicate sentences to ensure full annotation, remove duplicates
 - create train-val-test split and BERT-tokenize to new dataset
- methods for training=False dataset
 - sentence tokenize input and split into overlapping triples
 - import predictions from inference and align with tokenization
 - de-tokenize texts and filter for APCs (and optionally pronouns)
- shared method: BERT-tokenization
 - chunking to avoid hitting maximum length of 512 tokens

Model evaluation

	train	validation				
epoch	loss	loss	accuracy	F1	precision	recall
1	0.0110	0.00996	0.99699	0.99699	0.99699	0.99699
2	0.0049	0.01134	0.99716	0.99716	0.99716	0.99716
3	0.0022	0.01420	0.99718	0.99718	0.99718	0.99718
		test				
		0.00955	0.99667	0.99667	0.99667	0.99667

Table 3: Evaluation metrics for training

- model size: about 415 MB
- almost 99.7% accuracy
- no detailed analysis of possible partial mis-/matches (e.g. Tjong Kim Sang & De Meulder 2003)

Quick demo

Streamlit app

- · choose input
 - · direct text input
 - text file
- choose output
 - · only detected APCs
 - · detected APCs and personal pronouns
 - allows identification of false negatives and calculation of rel.freq.
- · display results as DataFrame
 - · works cumulatively
- save results as csv

Conclusion and outlook

- transformers offer a promising avenue for relatively reliable identification of APCs
- trade-off: large-ish model size at 415 MB

Notes

- beware of interactions of batched tokenisation and chunking of long datarows
 - batching does not work if rows are added due to chunking

Further evaluation

- create systematic test set of difficult data types
- · comparing up- and downwards
 - export test set as csv, compare performance of LLMs
 - build smaller models and compare performance

Some extensions

- extend APCData to allow import of csv files for testing as well
- · train and include model for English data
- more options for data output (bracketed APCs, full dataset as plain text)
- inferencing larger dataset (including difficult cases)
 - check manually for gold-standard \rightarrow further model training

Thanks for your attention and a pleasant and productive 9 weeks!

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