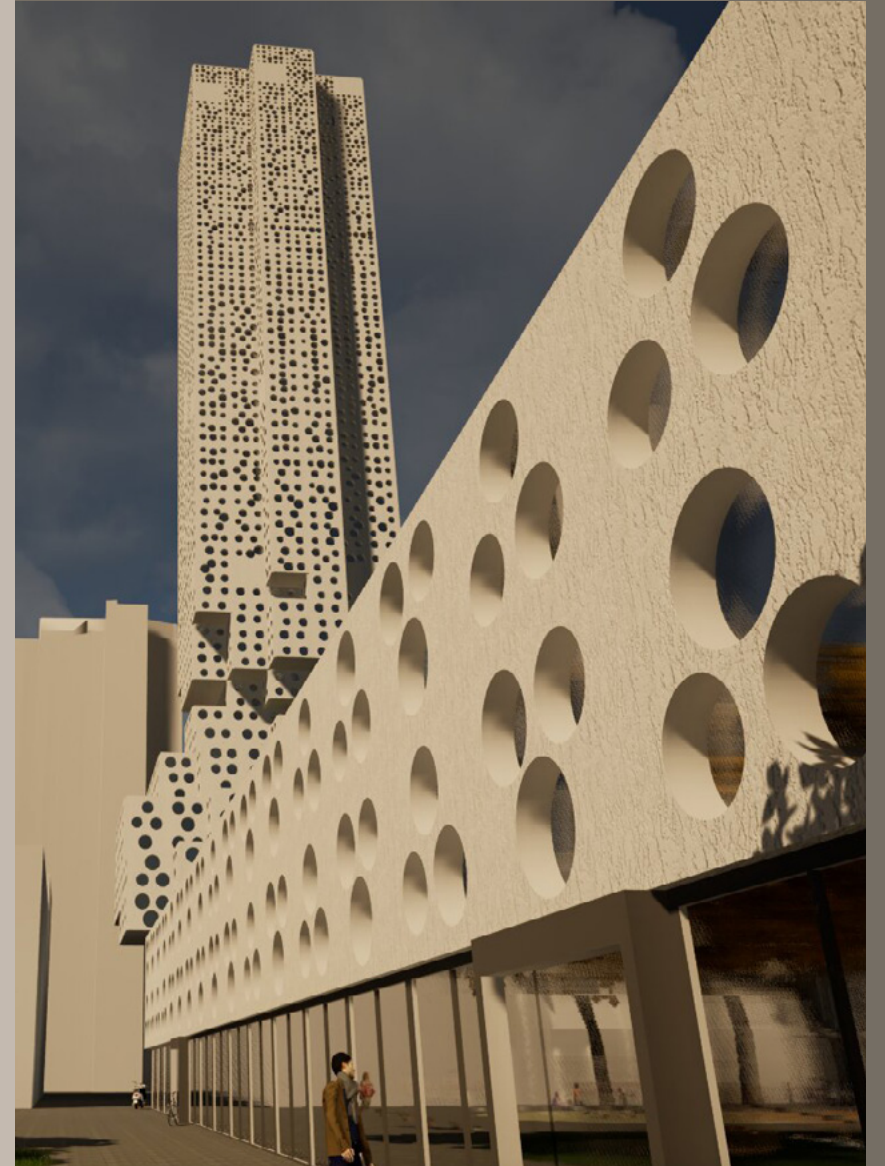


Computational design

HARMONY HOMES

A PROJECT BY SHERLOCK HOMES

Suzanne Erenst, Lapo den Hollander, Bart Koppejan // BK7083 // 2024 // TUDelft



Contents



Design Process

01

Initialization

02

Shaping

03

Analyses

04

Growing

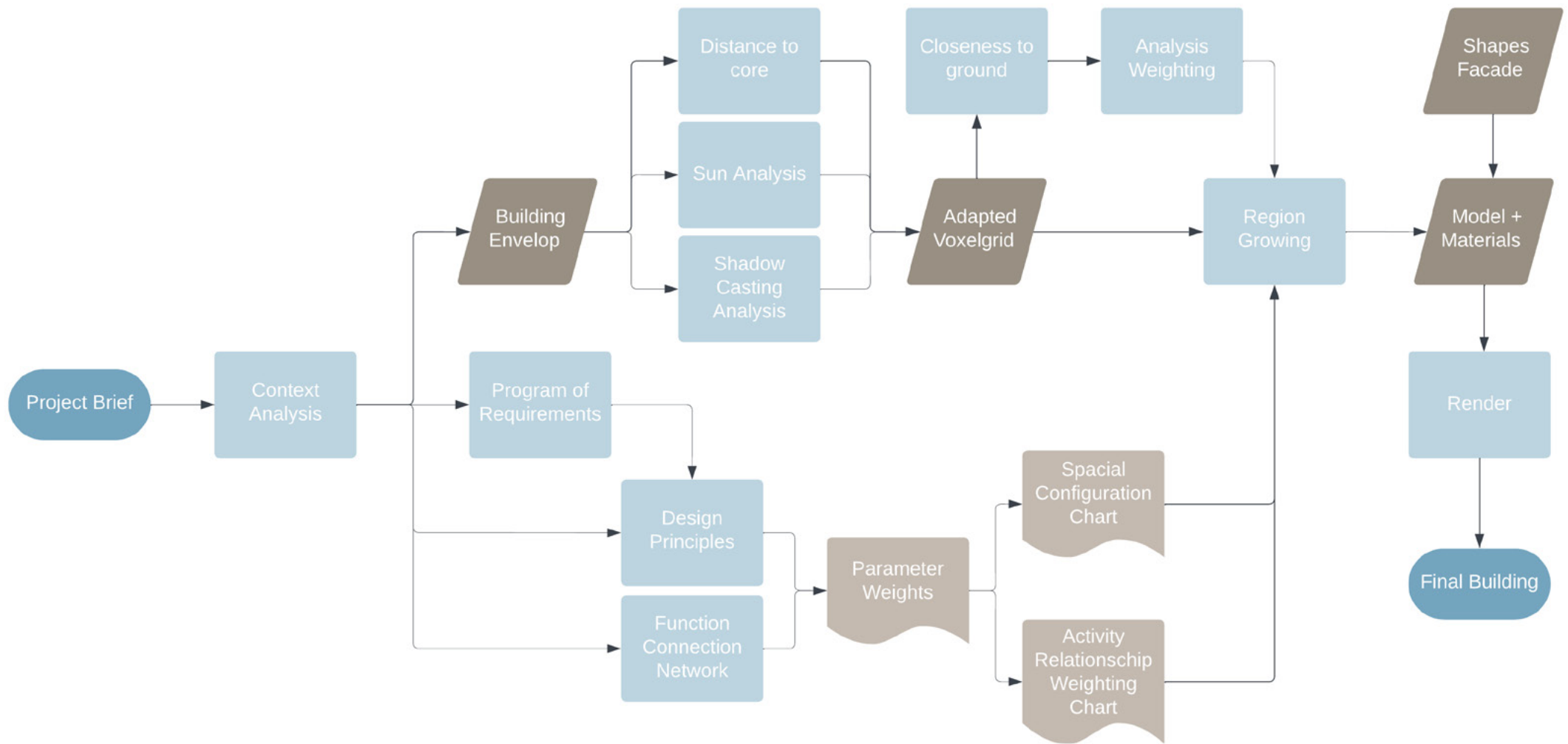
05

Plans

06

Facade

Design Process



Assignment



Multifunctional building



Computationally designed



Well-connected to surroundings



Students

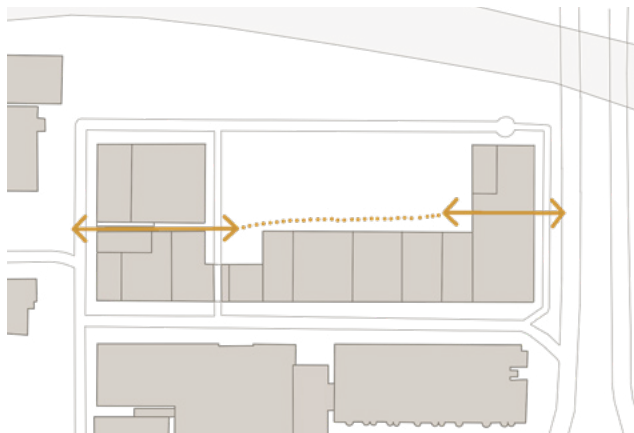


Starters

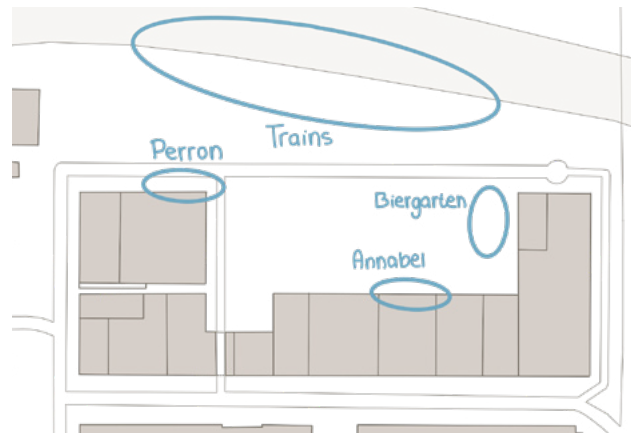


Elderly

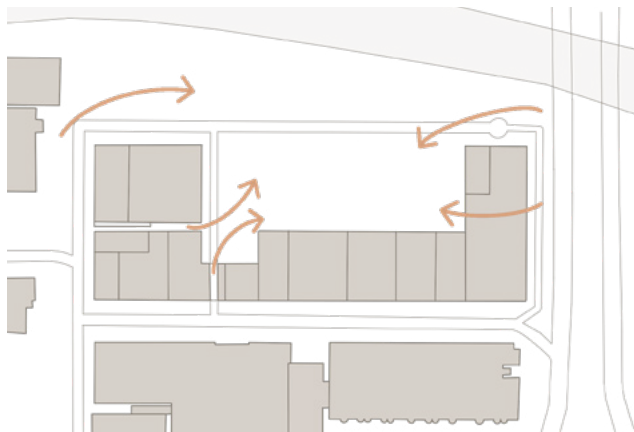
Content Analysis



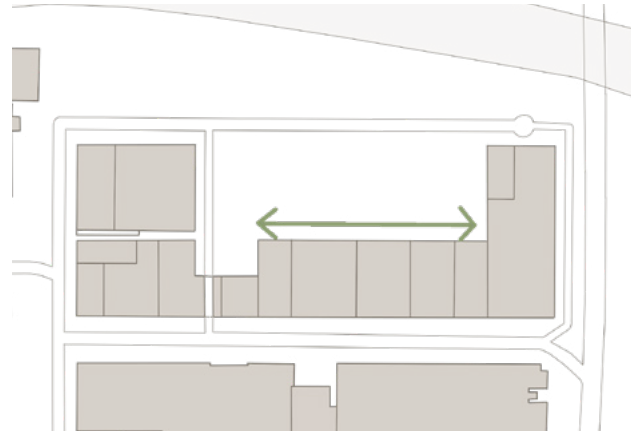
The "Yellow route"



Noise disturbance



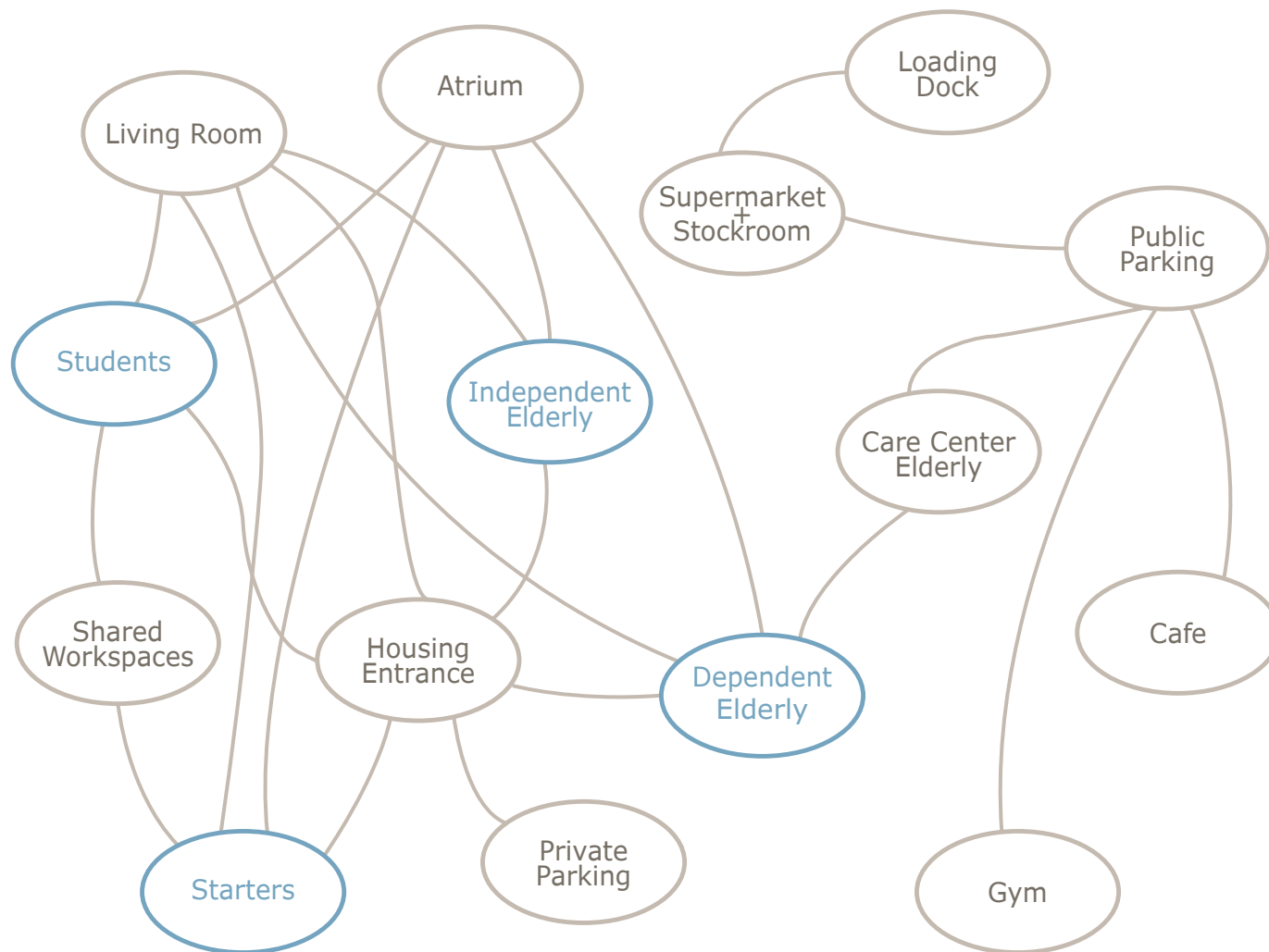
Area entries



Street with entrances



Design Principles



Connect Yellow route

Keep noise sensitive functions away from noisy areas

Open space in front of entrances from clubs

Shared semi-private areas

Atrium to get light into the building

two towers

Rainwater harvesting

Program Of Requirements

Housing Requirements

Student units: 400 units

Studios:

- With bathroom and kitchen
- >25 m²

Multi-units:

- Shared bathroom, kitchen and living room
- 8 students per unit
- >25 m²

Elderly units: 200 units

- 50-80 m²
- Dependent elderly connected to care center
- Accessible by elevator
- Exterior space with sunlight

Starter units: 200 units

- Accessible by stroller
- 25 m² per person
- up to two adults and 2 children
- With a bathroom, kitchen, 3 room apartment

Additional Requirements

Mobility

- 1.33 private bike parking spot per resident
- 0.8 private car parking spot per dwelling
- 10 publicly accesible bike parking spots per 200 m² of other programs
- 4 publicly accessible car parking spots per 200 m² of other programs

Environment

- Area for greenery equal to total plot surface area
- System for rain water harvesting in the building

Surroundings

- No blind facades on ground level
- Preserve existing functions of surroundings
- Keep biergarten intact
- Distance of 10 meter to other facades

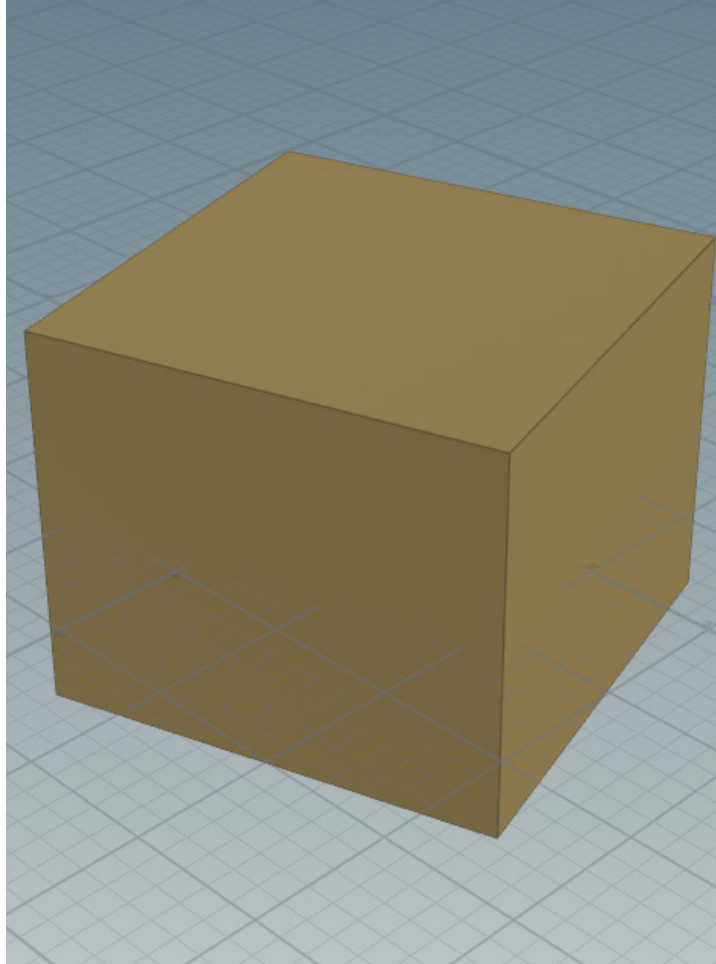
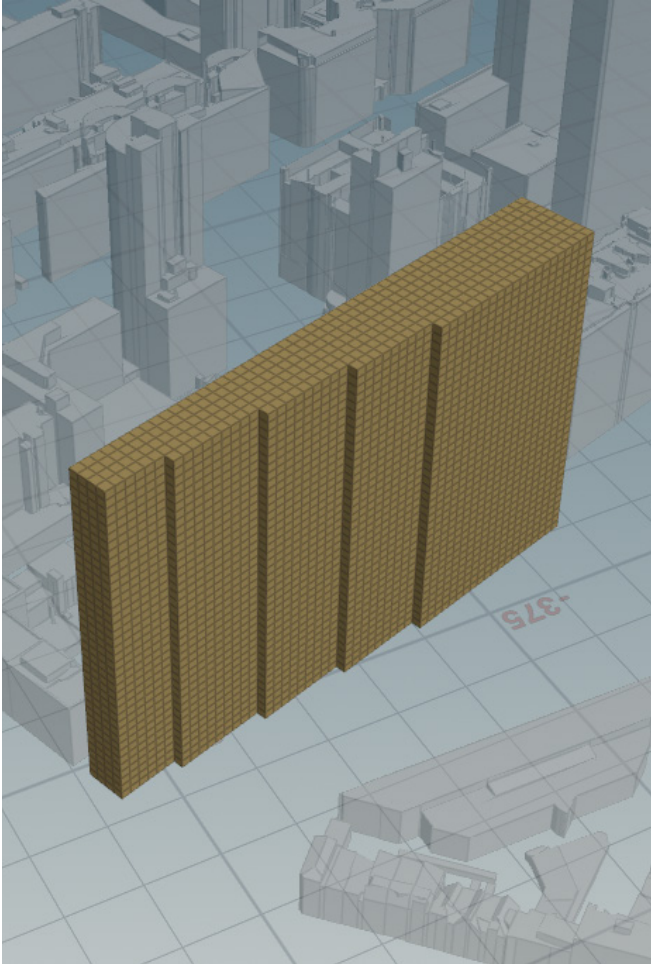
Computational goals

- Minimise blocking of sunlight on other buildings
- Maximise social integration
- Balance between privacy and community

REL Chart

	Housing entree	Starter houses	Student houses	Private parking	Independent elderly houses	dependent elderly houses	shared workspaces	Supermarket and stockroom	Care center elderly	Cafe	Loading dock- supermarket	gym	Outside	Public parking
Housing entree	self	5	5	4	5	5	3	2	3	1	1	2	2	1
Starter houses	5	Self	3	4	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	2	3	2
Student houses	5	3	Self	3	2	2	4	2	1	3	1	2	2	1
Private parking	4	4	3	Self	4	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1
Independent elderly houses	5	3	2	4	Self	4	2	4	3	2	1	2	3	2
dependent elderly houses	5	3	2	3	4	Self	2	4	4	2	1	2	3	2
Shared workspaces	3	3	4	1	2	2	Self	2	2	2	1	2	2	3
Supermarket and stockroom	2	2	2	1	4	4	2	Self	4	3	5	3	2	4
Care center elderly	3	1	1	1	3	4	2	4	Self	2	1	3	4	3
Cafe	1	2	3	1	2	2	2	3	2	Self	3	3	3	3
Loading dock- supermarket	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	1	3	Self	2	3	2
Gym	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	Self	3	4
Outside	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	4	3	3	3	Self	2
Public parking	1	2	1	1	2	2	3	4	3	3	2	4	2	Self

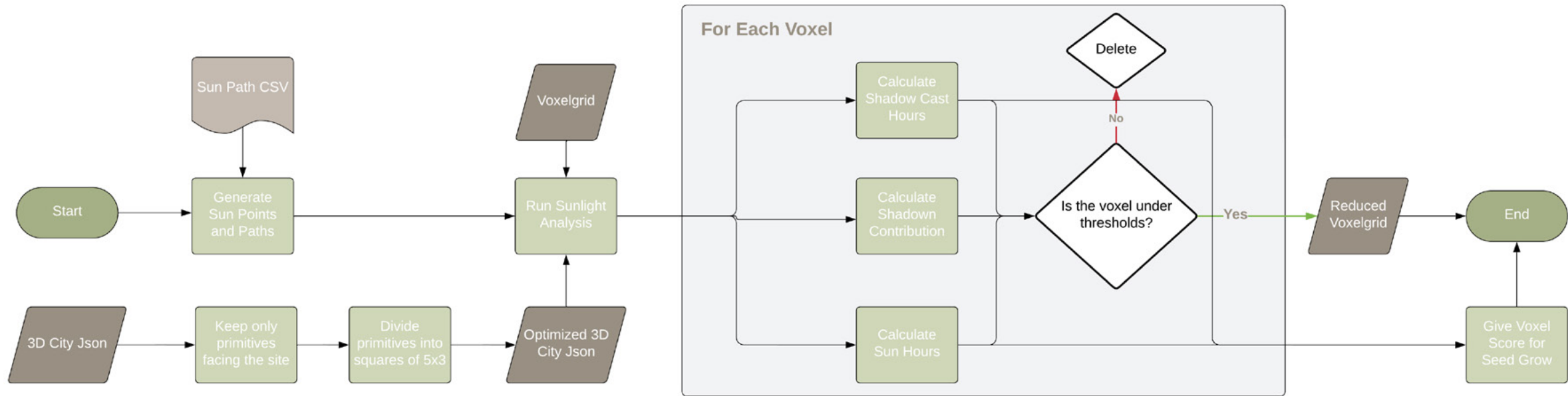
Building envelope



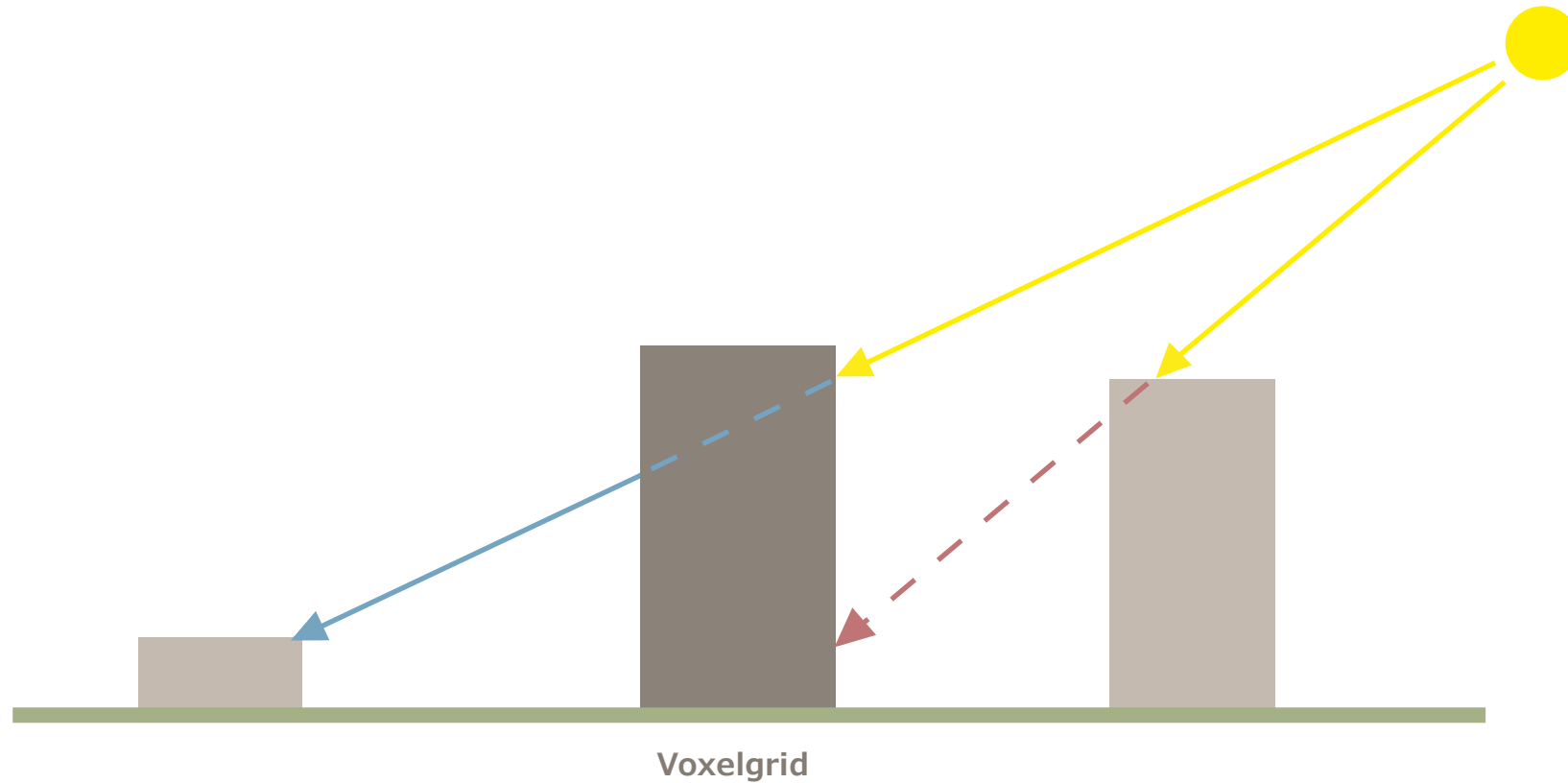
Shaped by:

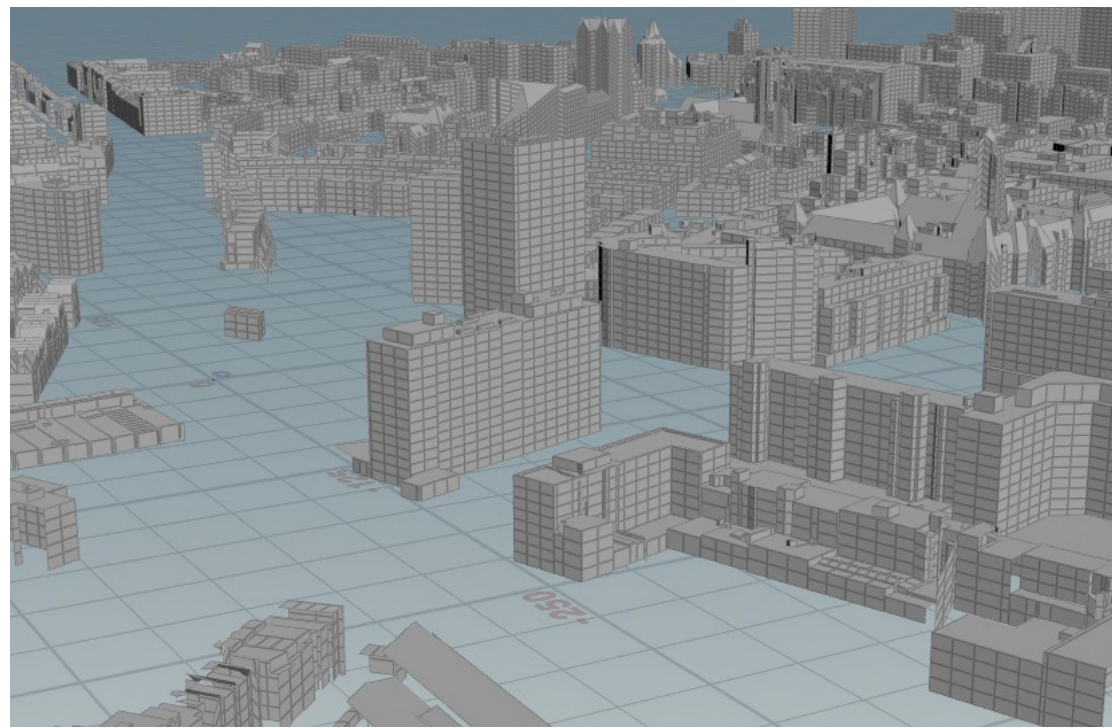
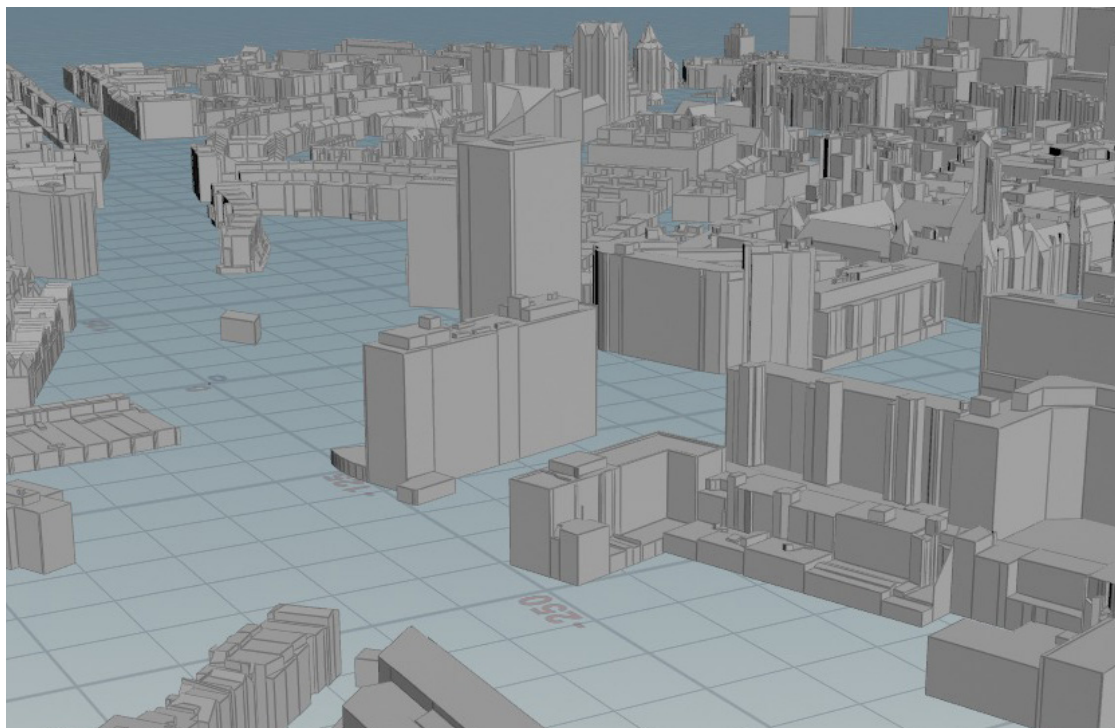
- Yellow route from Biergarten
- Amount of floors
- Voxelsize
- Threshold values for sun and shadow analysis

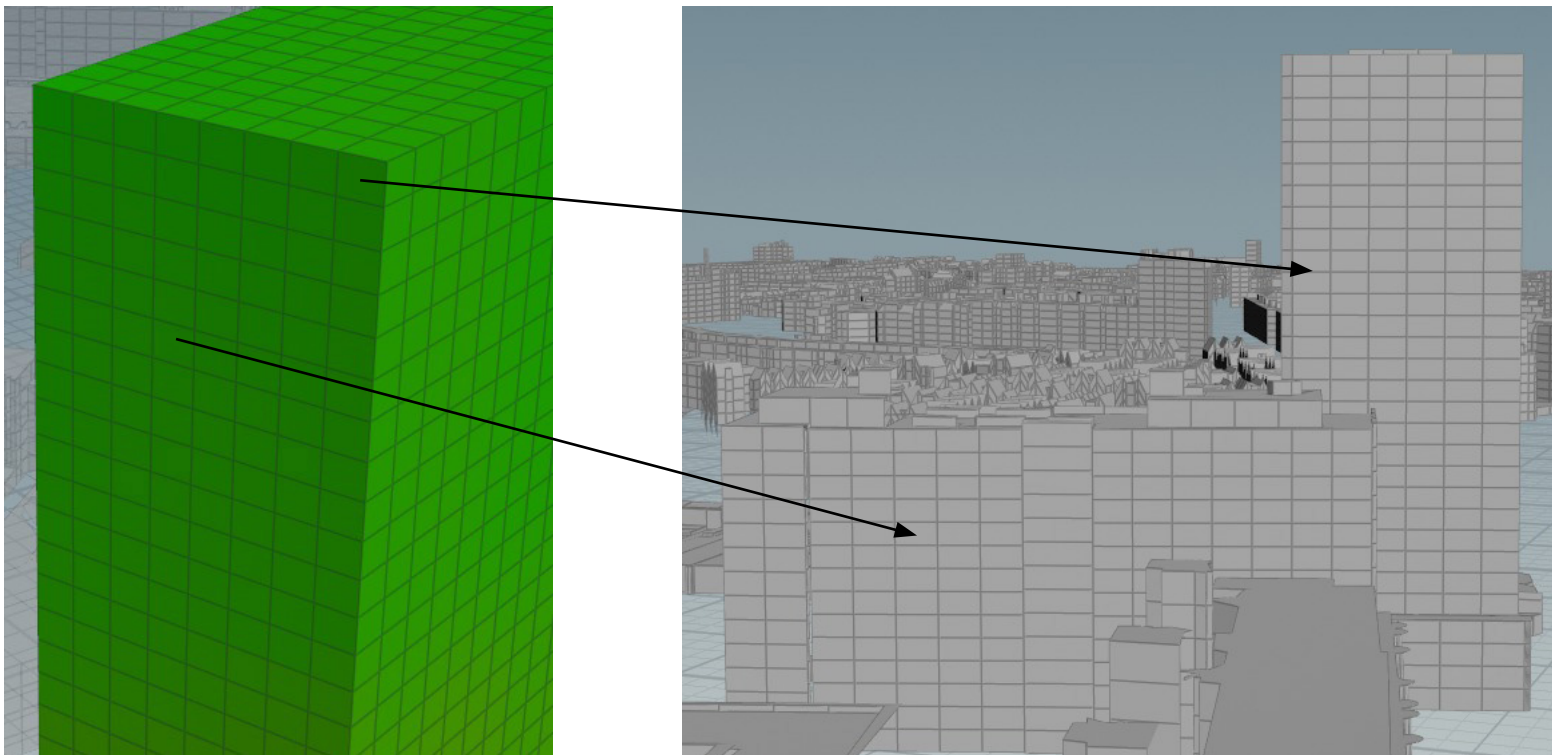
Sunlight analysis



Shadow Casting Analysis

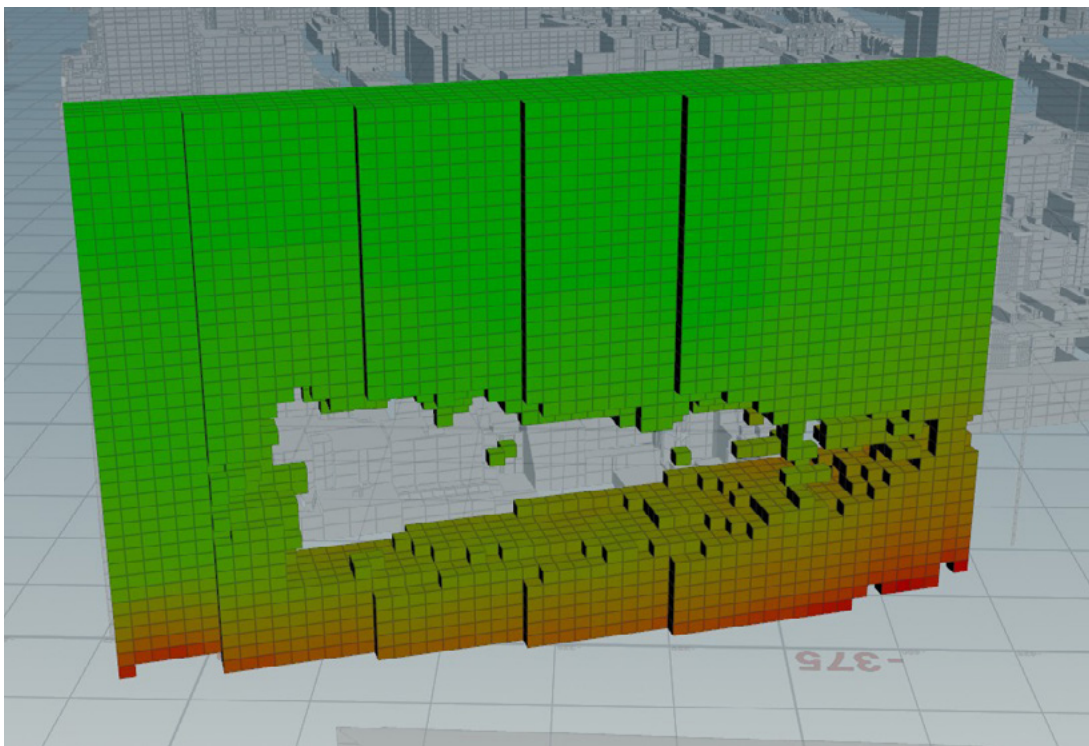




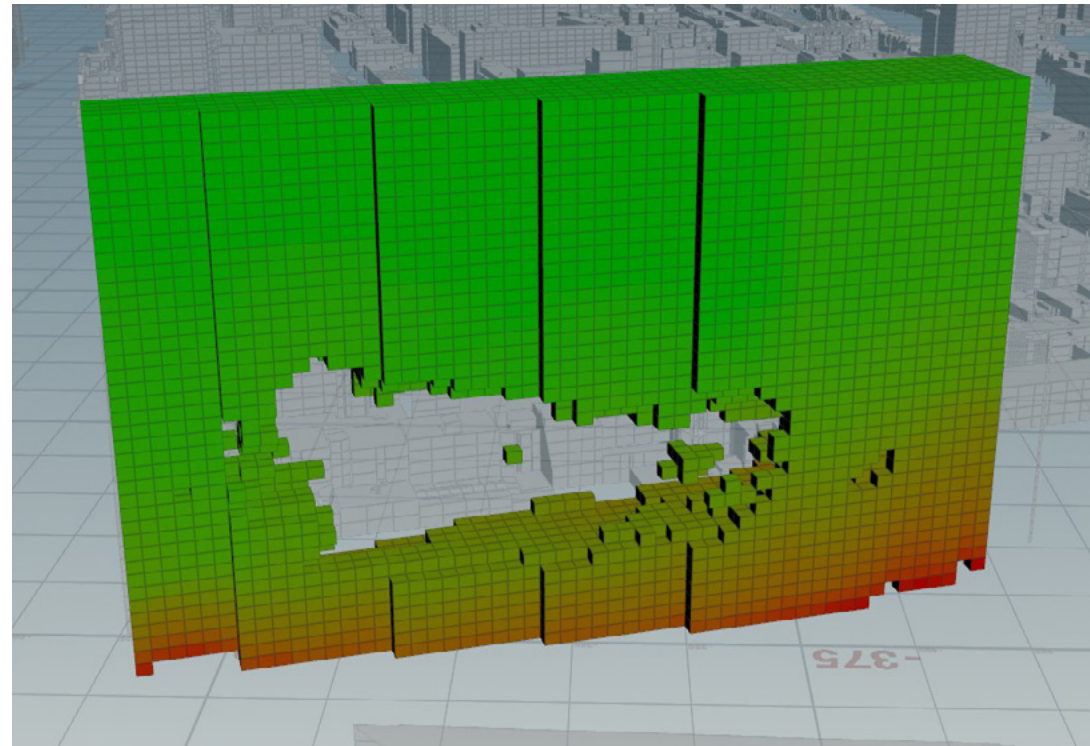


nd = amount of sunhours for day d

$1/nd$ = shadow contribution score
for voxel

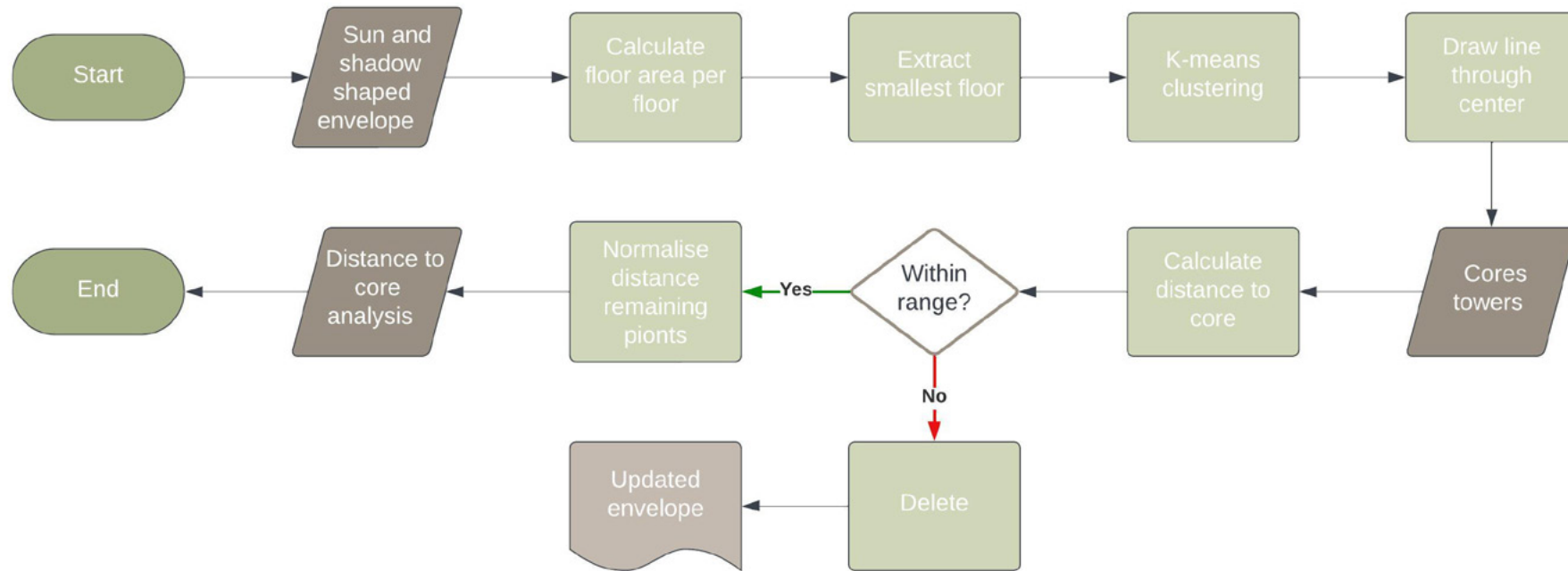


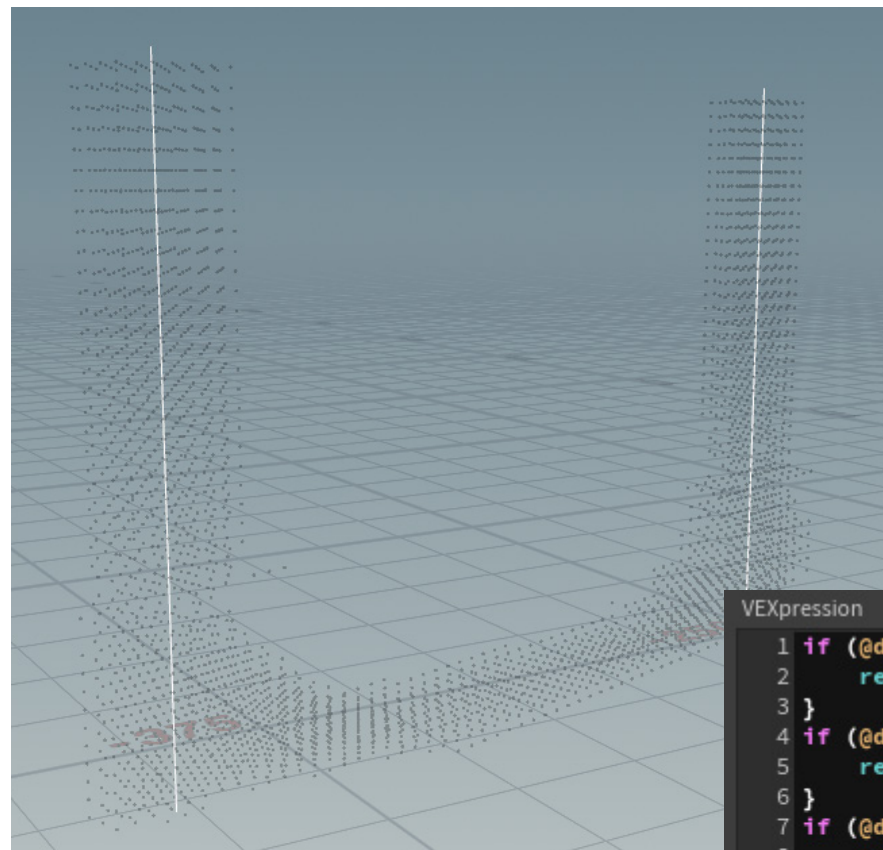
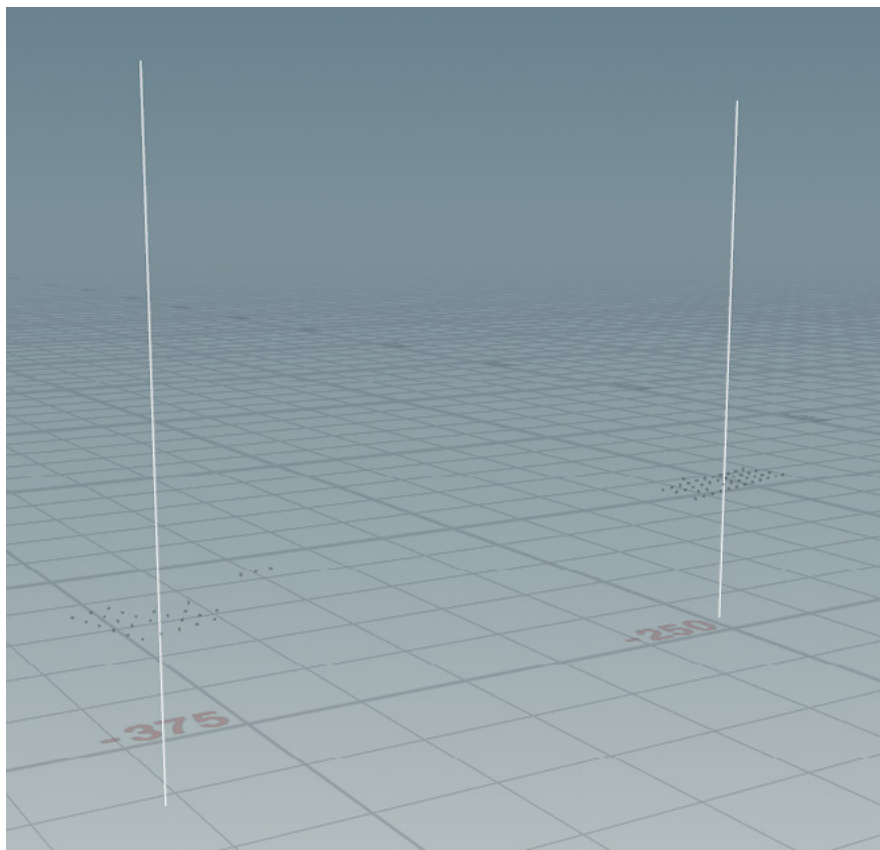
Blocking score



Shadow contribution score

Distance to core analysis



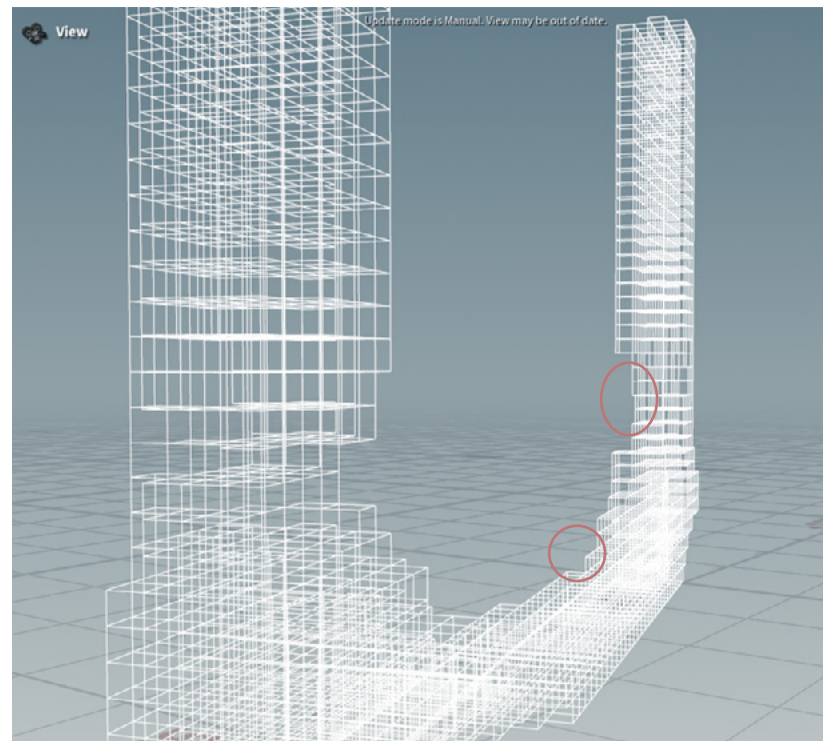
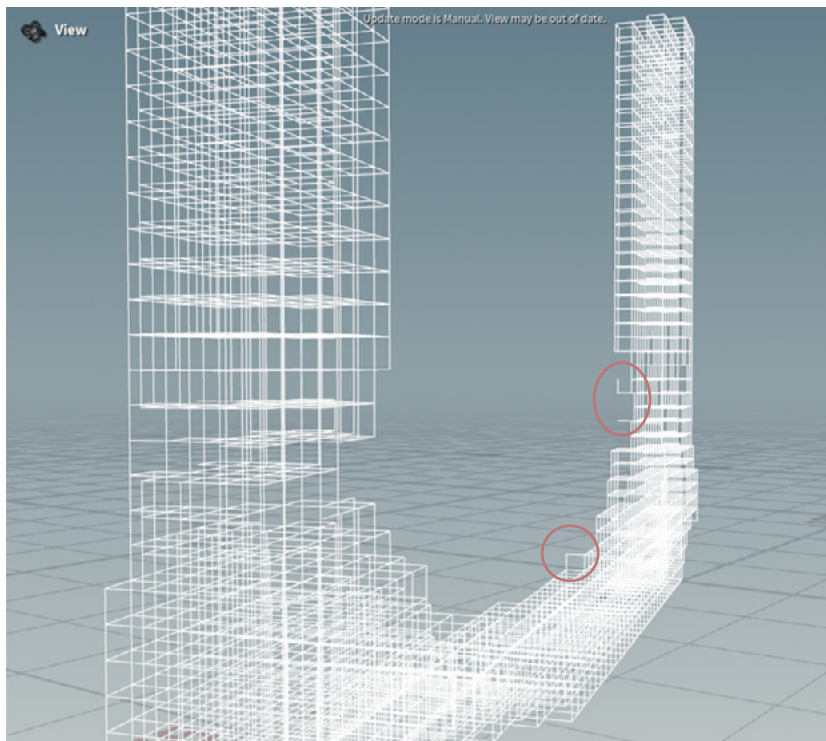


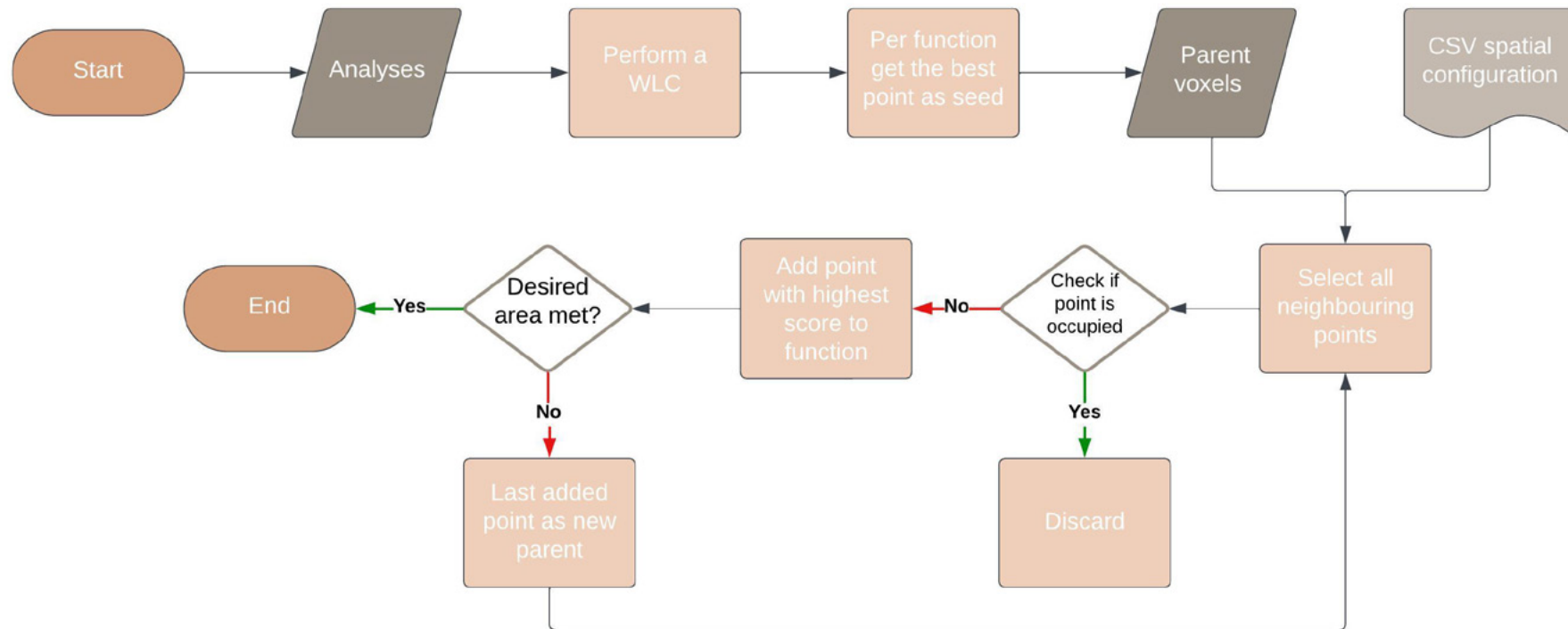
```
VExpression
1 if (@dist > 12 && @P.y > 30.6) {
2     removepoint(geoself(), @ptnum);
3 }
4 if (@dist > 15 && @P.y > 24.6) {
5     removepoint(geoself(), @ptnum);
6 }
7 if (@dist > 22 && @P.y > 16.6) {
8     removepoint(geoself(), @ptnum);
9 }
10 if (@dist > 30 && @P.y > 10.6) {
11     removepoint(geoself(), @ptnum);
12 }
13 if (@dist > 40 && @P.y > 7.6) {
14     removepoint(geoself(), @ptnum);
15 }
```

Closeness to ground analysis

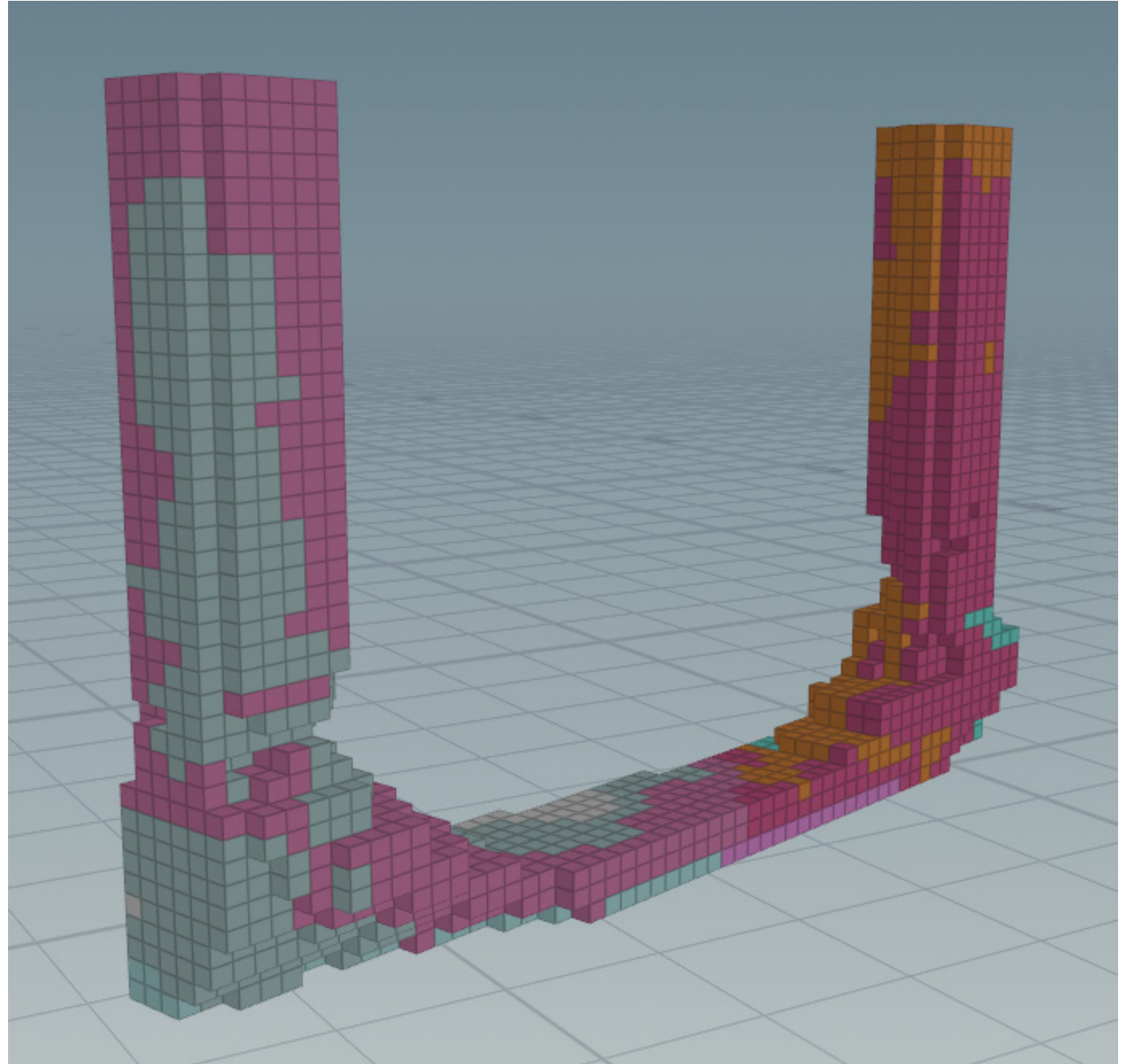


Function Growing





Find Shape



Procedurality

Variables:

Voxel width

Voxel height

Amount of floors

Sun hits minimum

Shadow contribution maximum

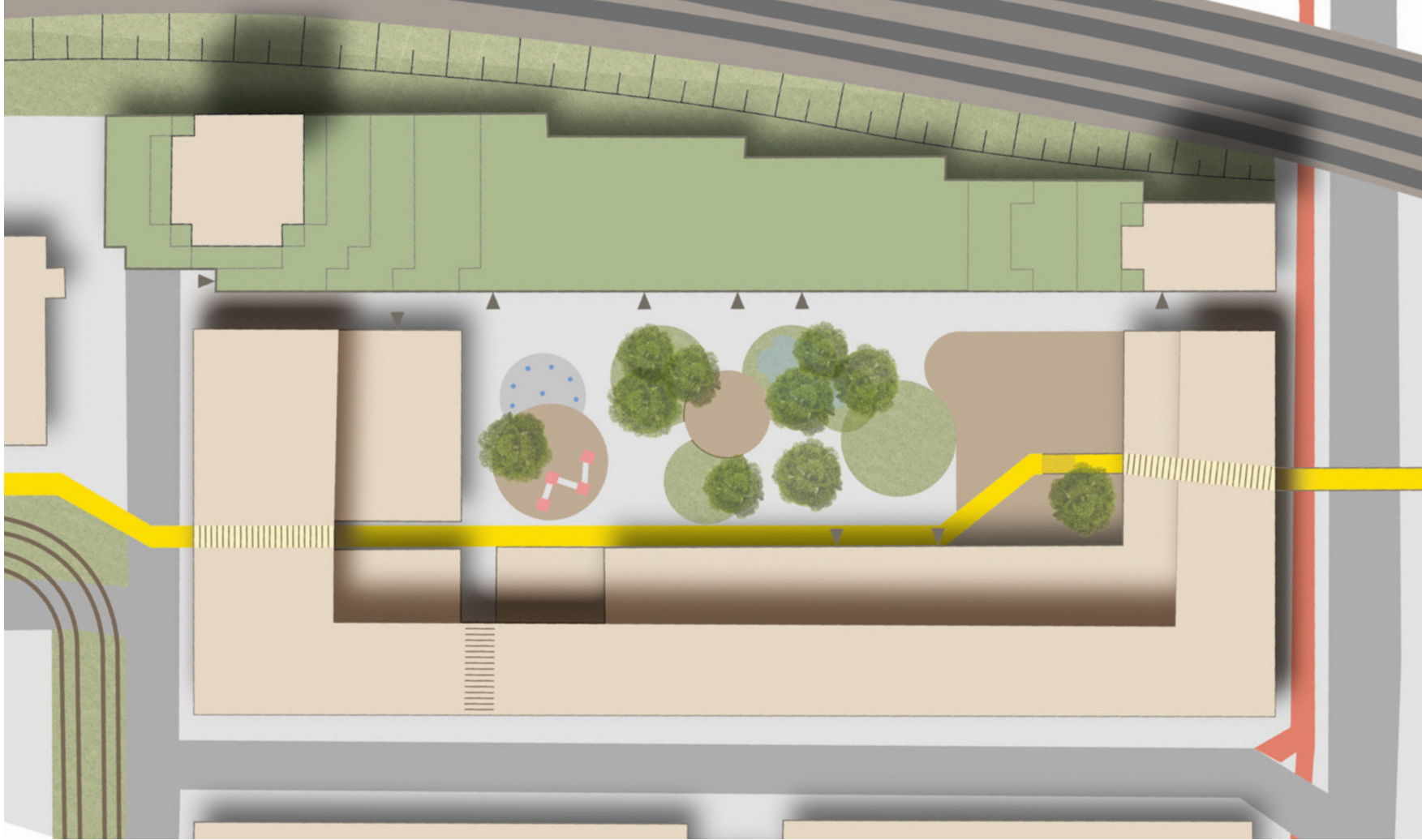
Floor area per function

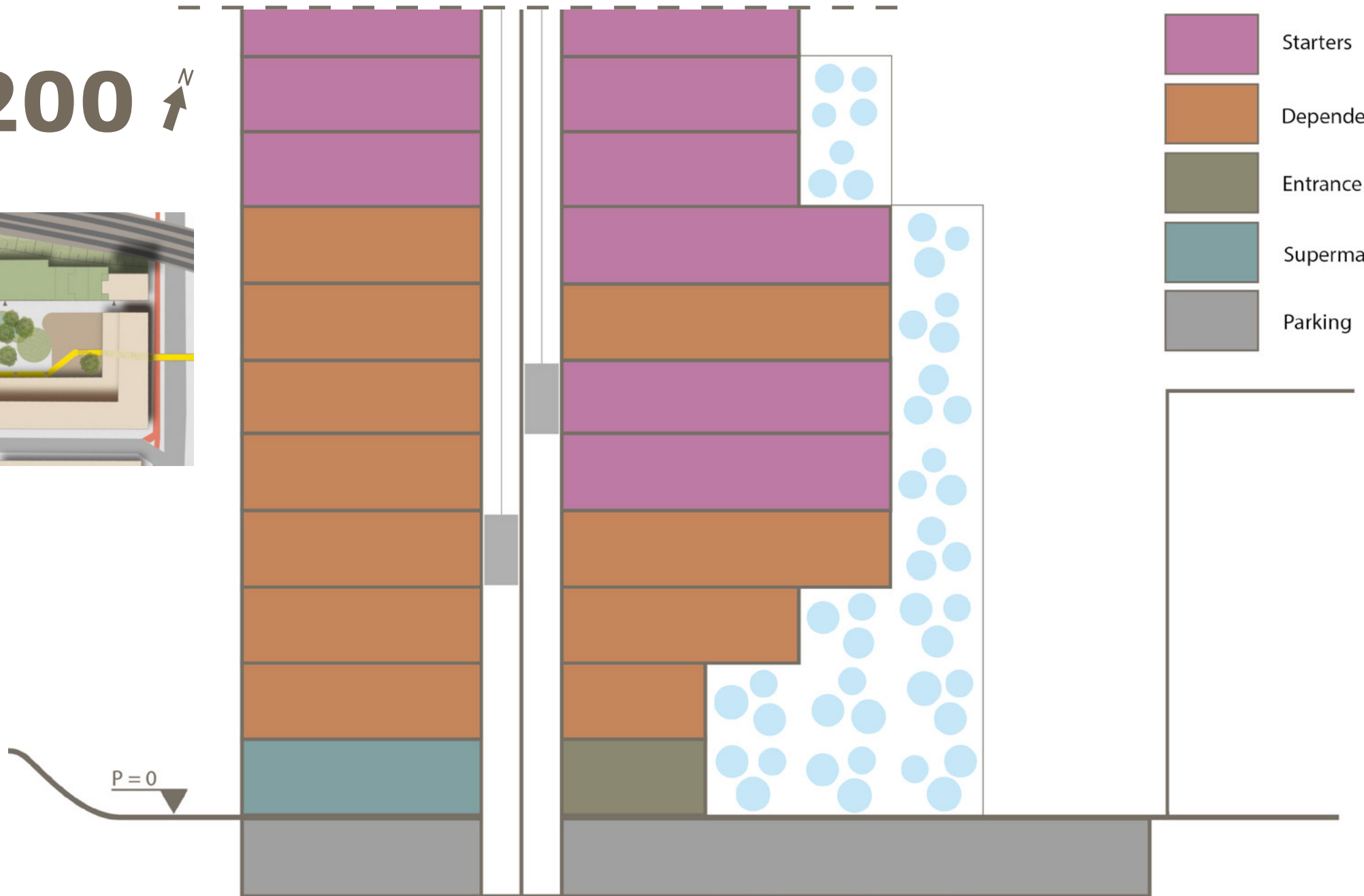
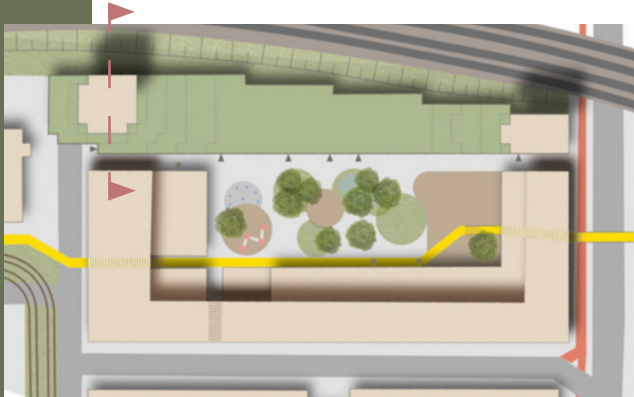
Weights

“flatness”

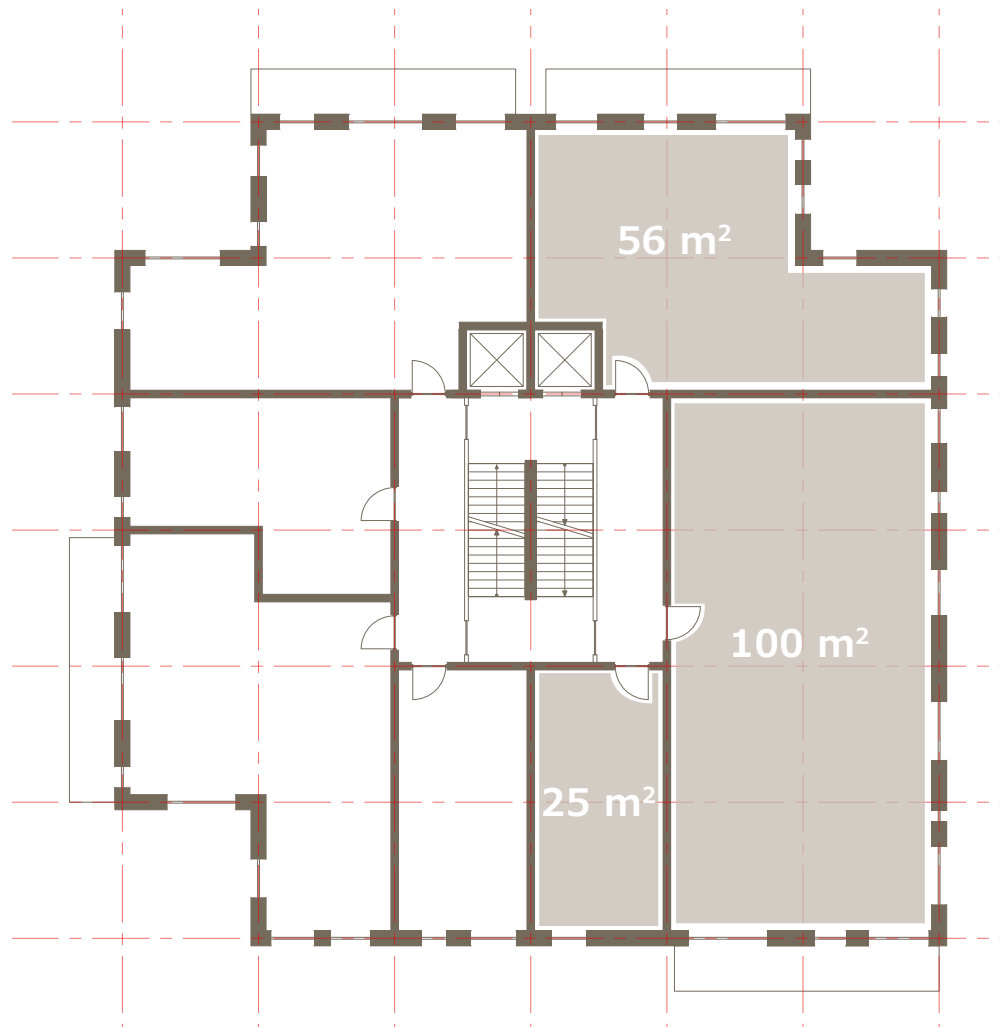
Minimum and maximum radius windows topfloor and first floor

1:500 

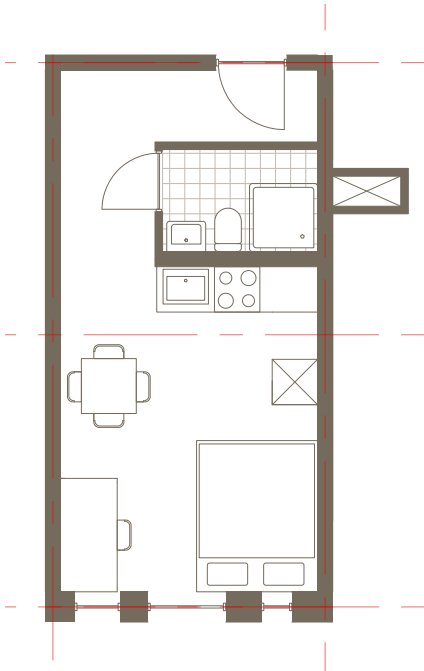


1:200 

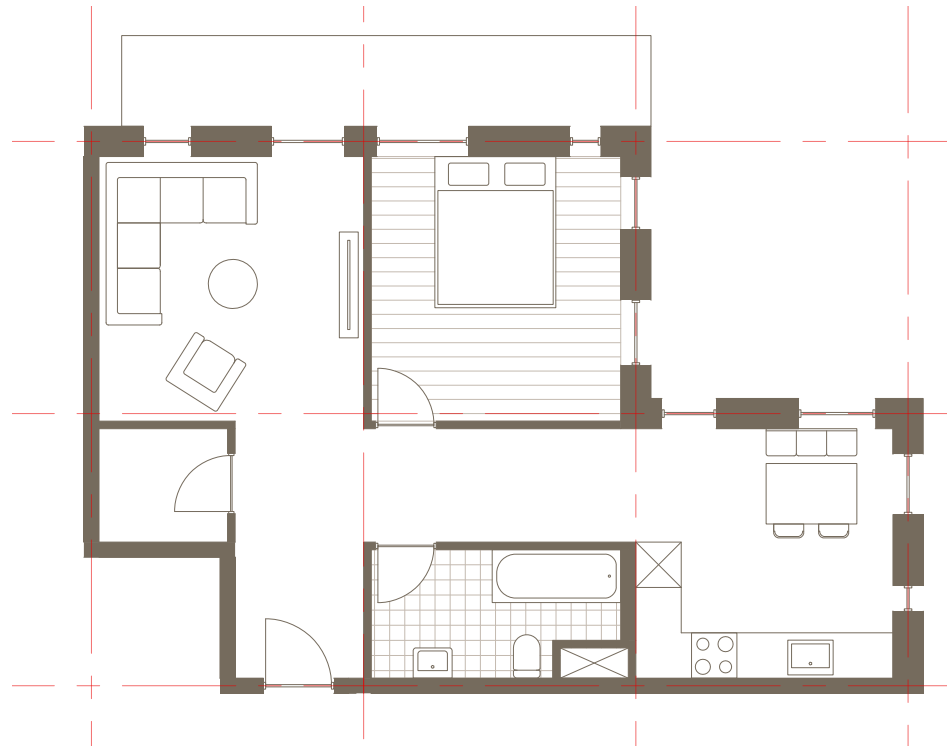
Tower 1:200 ↗



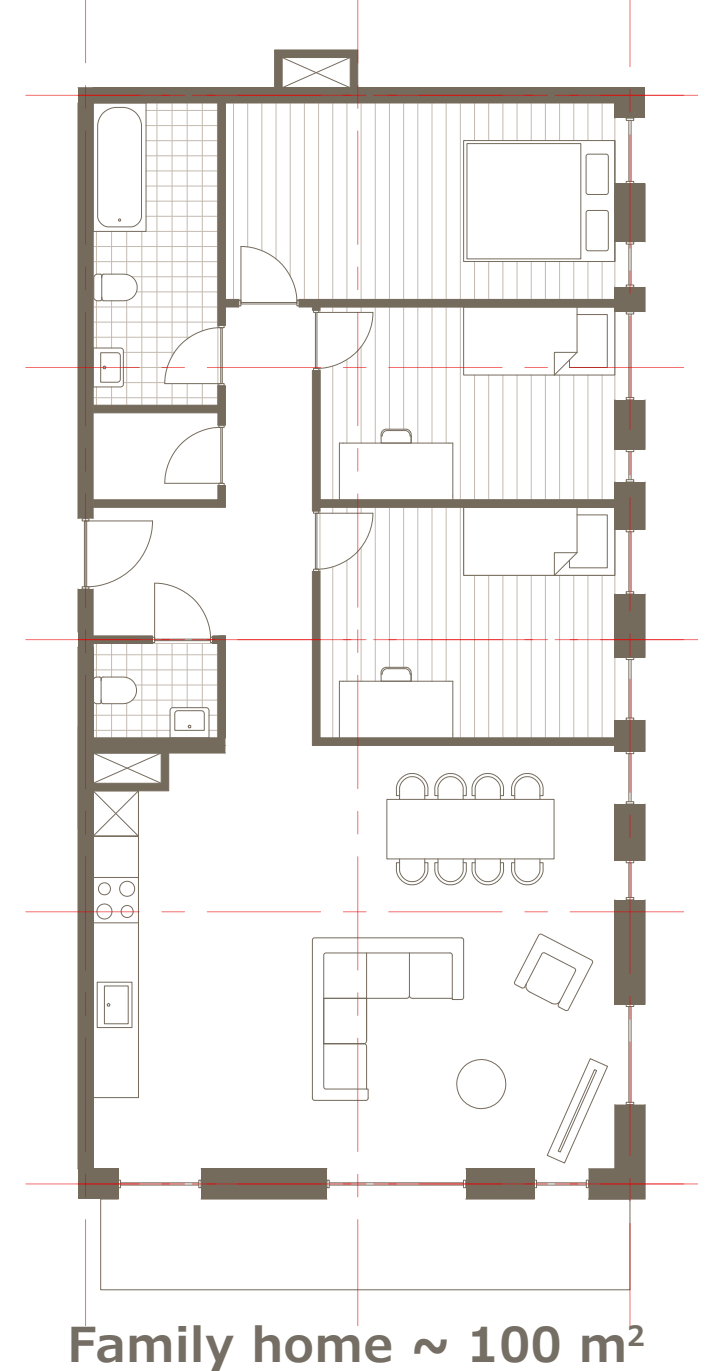
Module plans 1:100 ↗



Student home ~ 25 m²

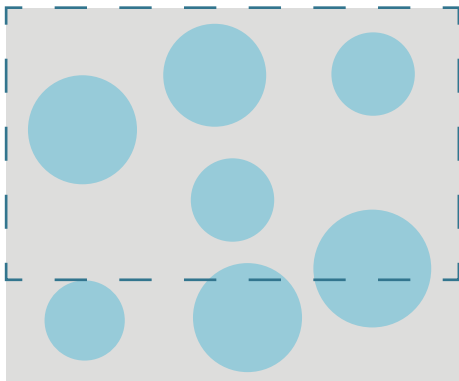


Elderly home ~ 56 m²



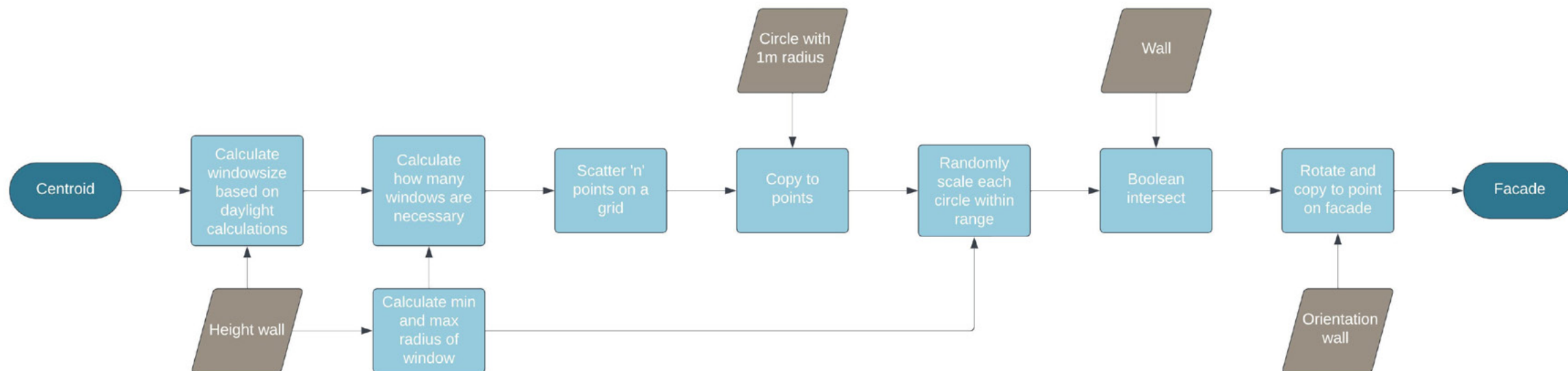
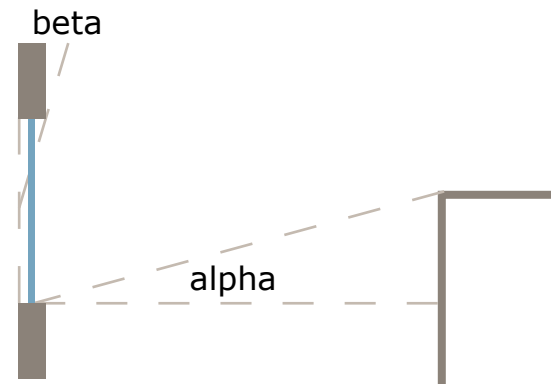
Family home ~ 100 m²

Concept

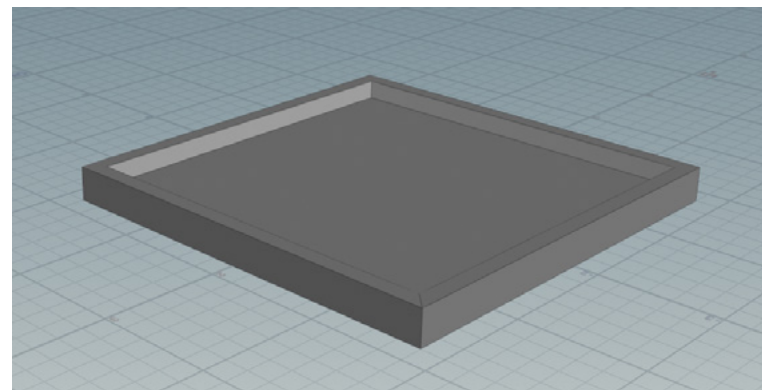
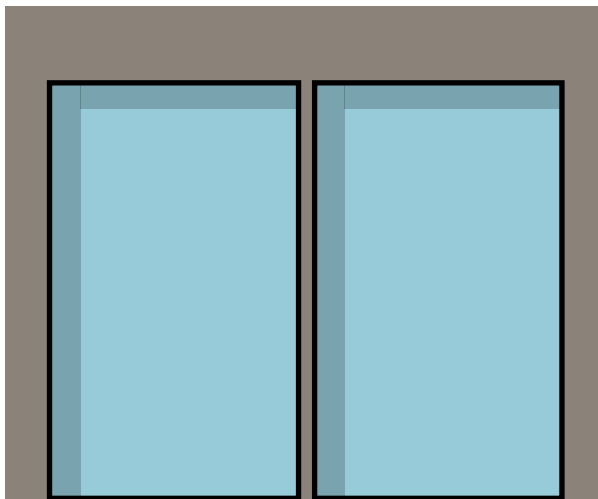
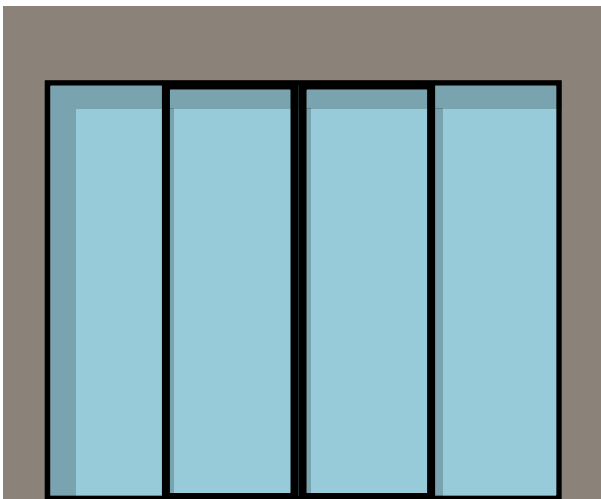
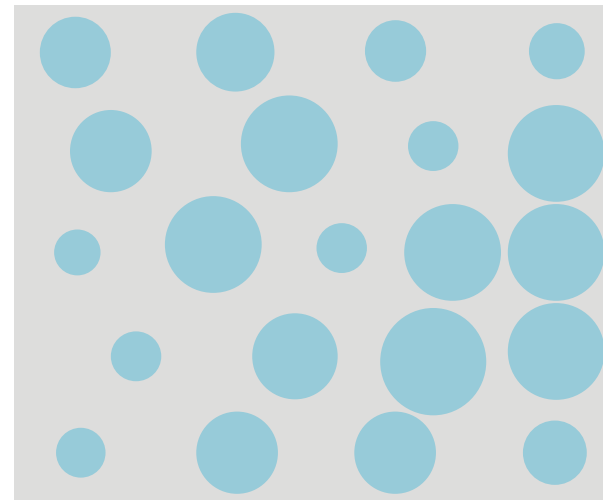
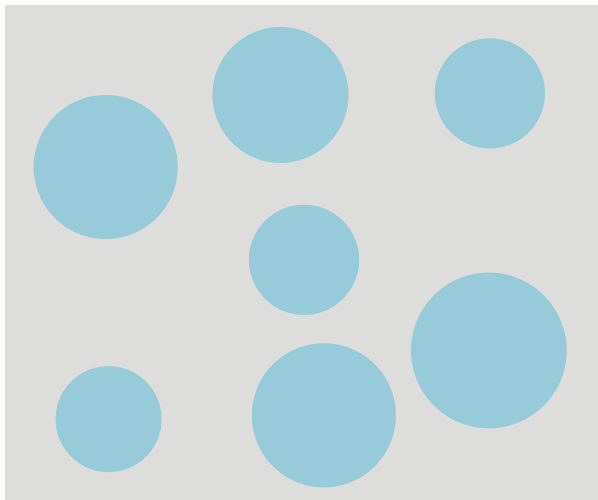


$r_{min,top}$
 $r_{max,top}$
 $r_{min,firstfloor}$
 $r_{max,firstfloor}$
 $area = \pi * r^2$
 $n_windows = \lceil Ae / area \rceil$

$Ae = Ad * Cb$
 $Ad = total_area * (1 - 0.6 / floorheight)$
 $Cb = 0.7$



Tiles



Final project



Thank
You

