

Module 6

Containers Networking

Advanced Infrastructures for Data Science

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Master in Data Science and Engineering (MDSE) Course

Outline

- Objectives
- Docker Networking Introduction
- Manipulating Docker Networking
- Summary & Bibliography

Outline

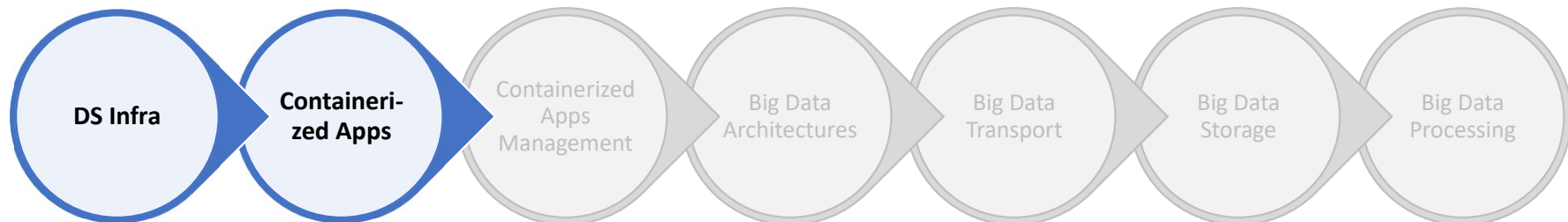
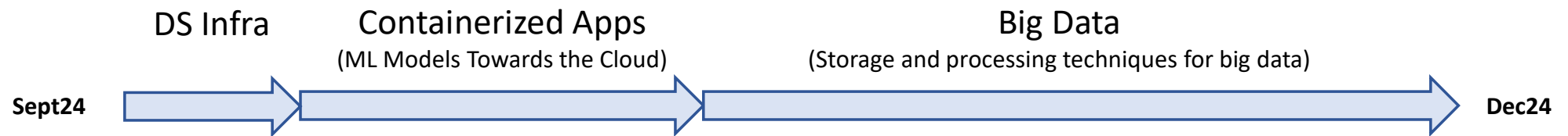
- Objectives
- Docker Networking Introduction
- Manipulating Docker Networking
- Summary & Bibliography

Objectives

What you will learn

1. Understand how Docker **containers manage** the **communication** with external entities

Unit Program

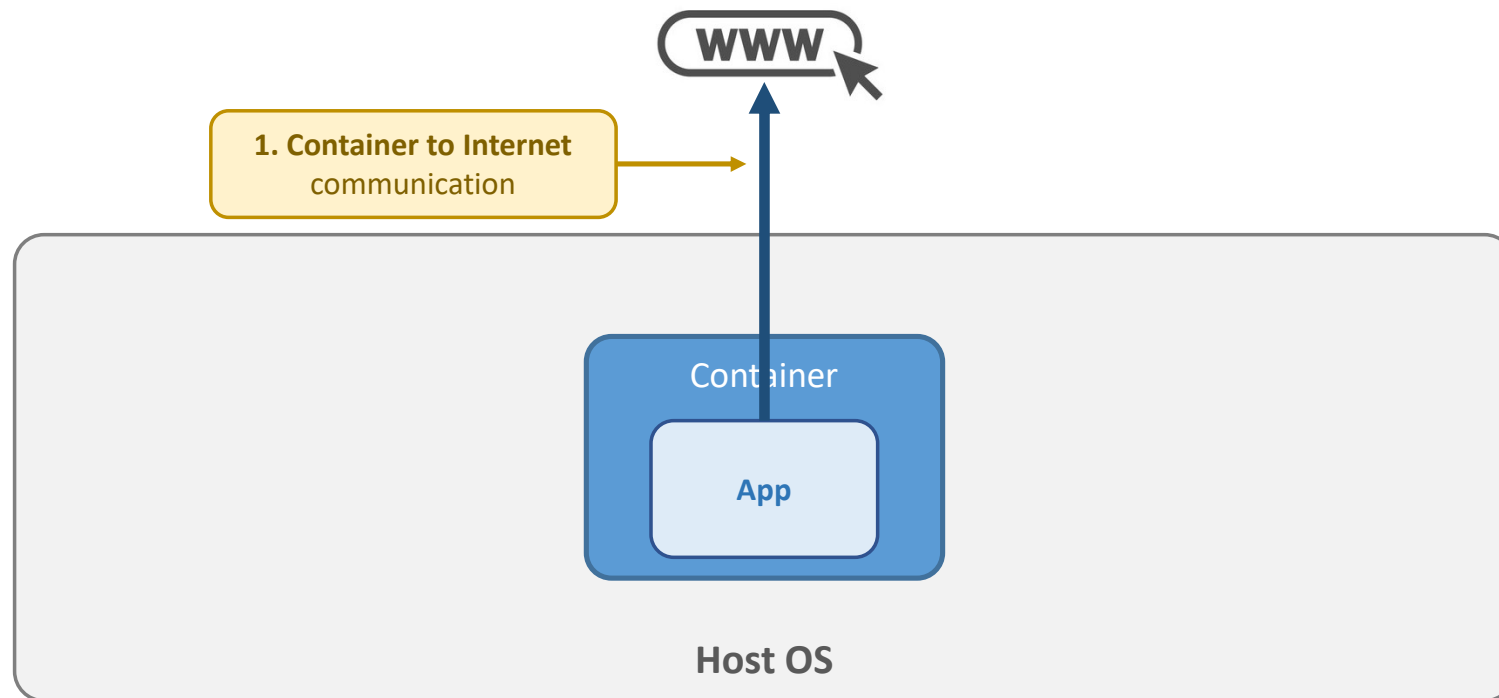


Outline

- Objectives
- Docker Networking Introduction
- Manipulating Docker Networking
- Summary & Bibliography

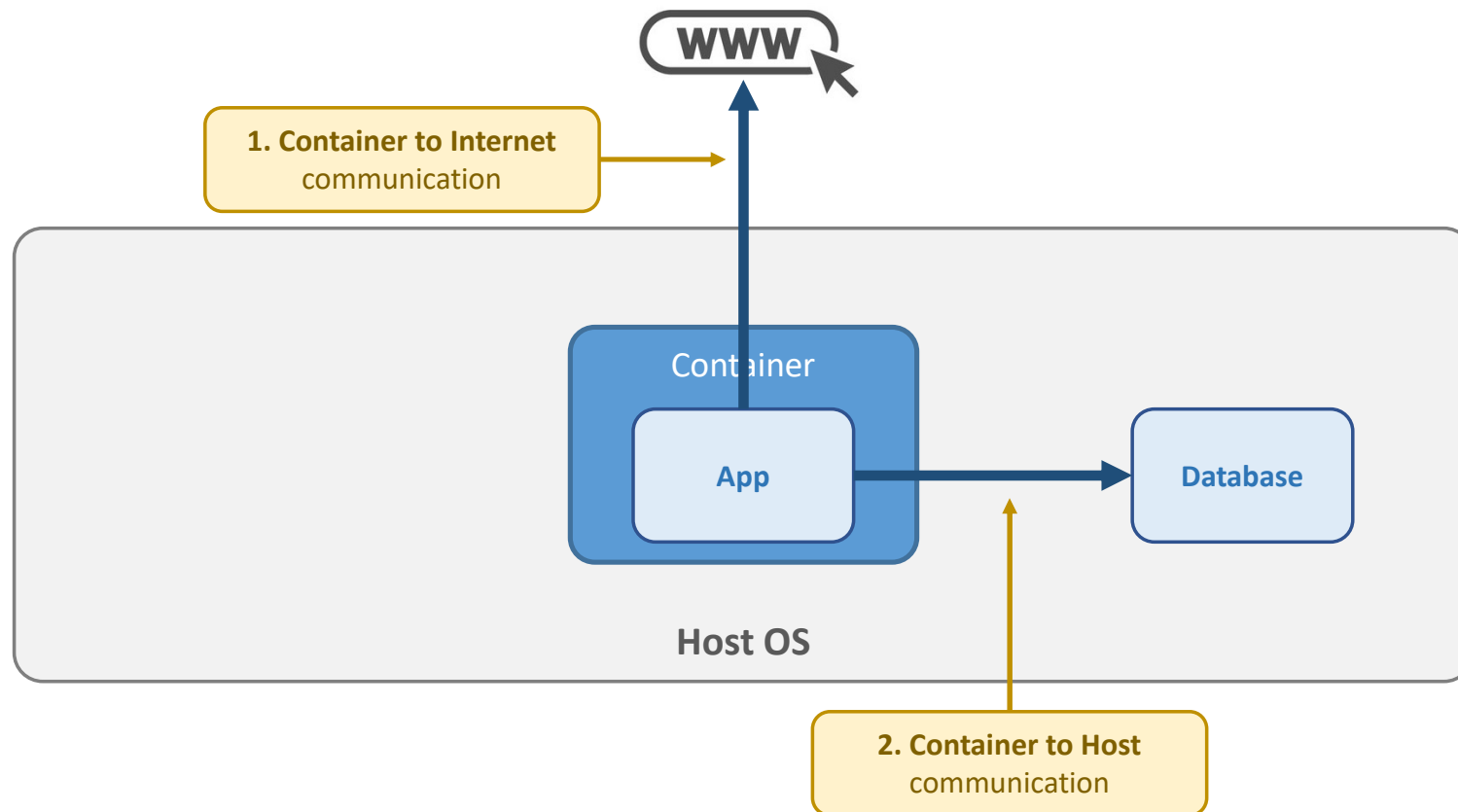
Docker Networking

Container to Internet Communication



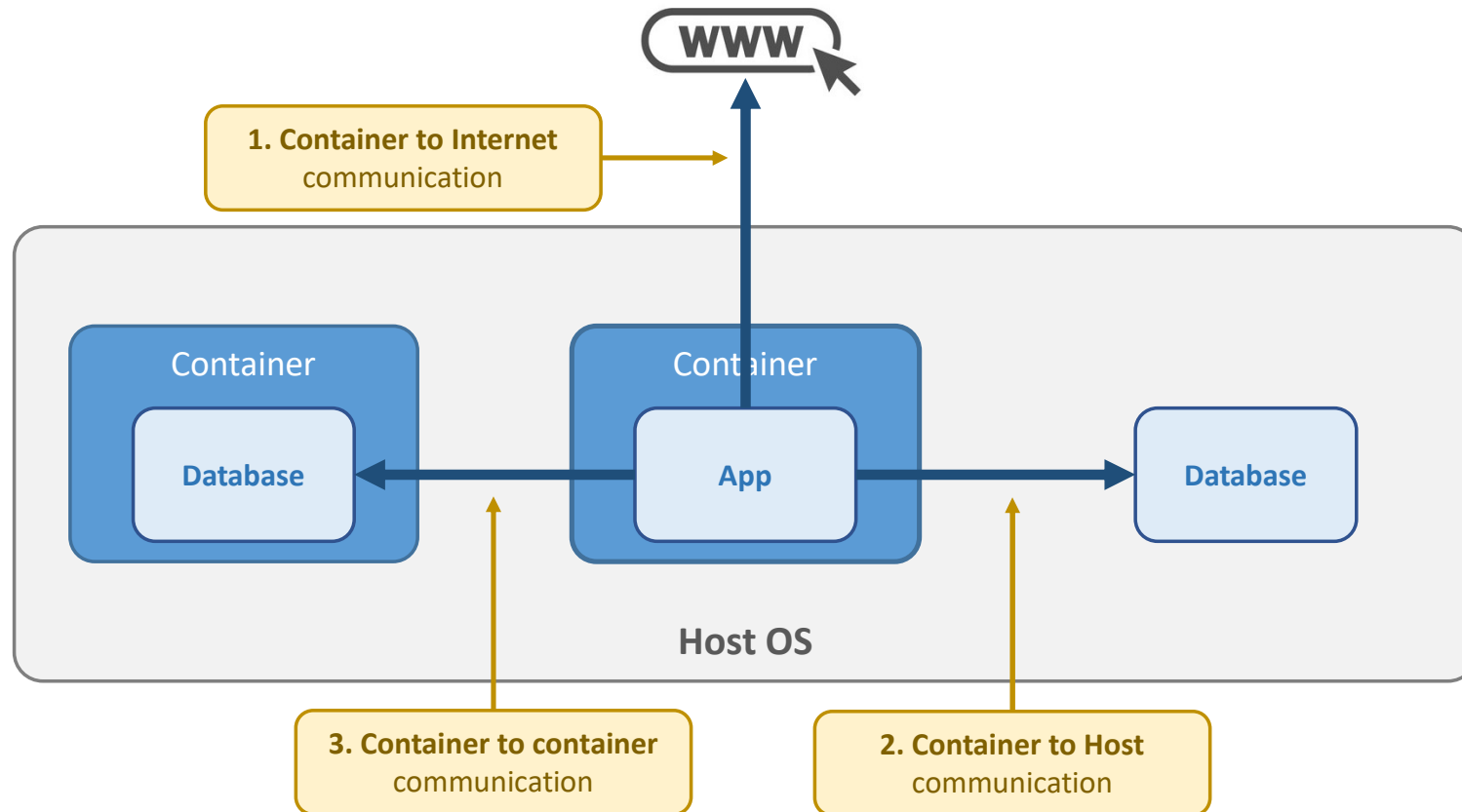
Docker Networking

Container to Host OS Communication



Docker Networking

Container to Container Communication



Outline

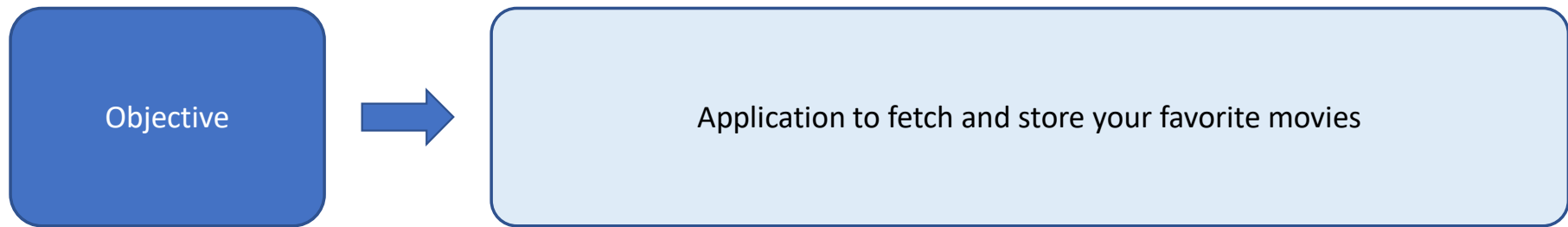
- Objectives
- Docker Networking Introduction
- Manipulating Docker Networking
- Summary & Bibliography

Step 1

Analysis of the dummy **web app** for demonstrating
Docker Networking

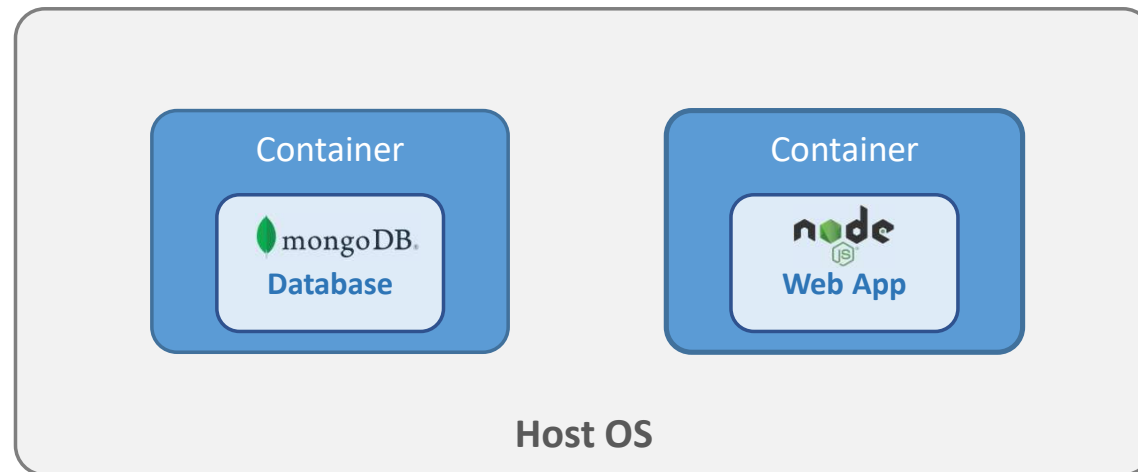
Favorite Movies Web App Example

App Objective



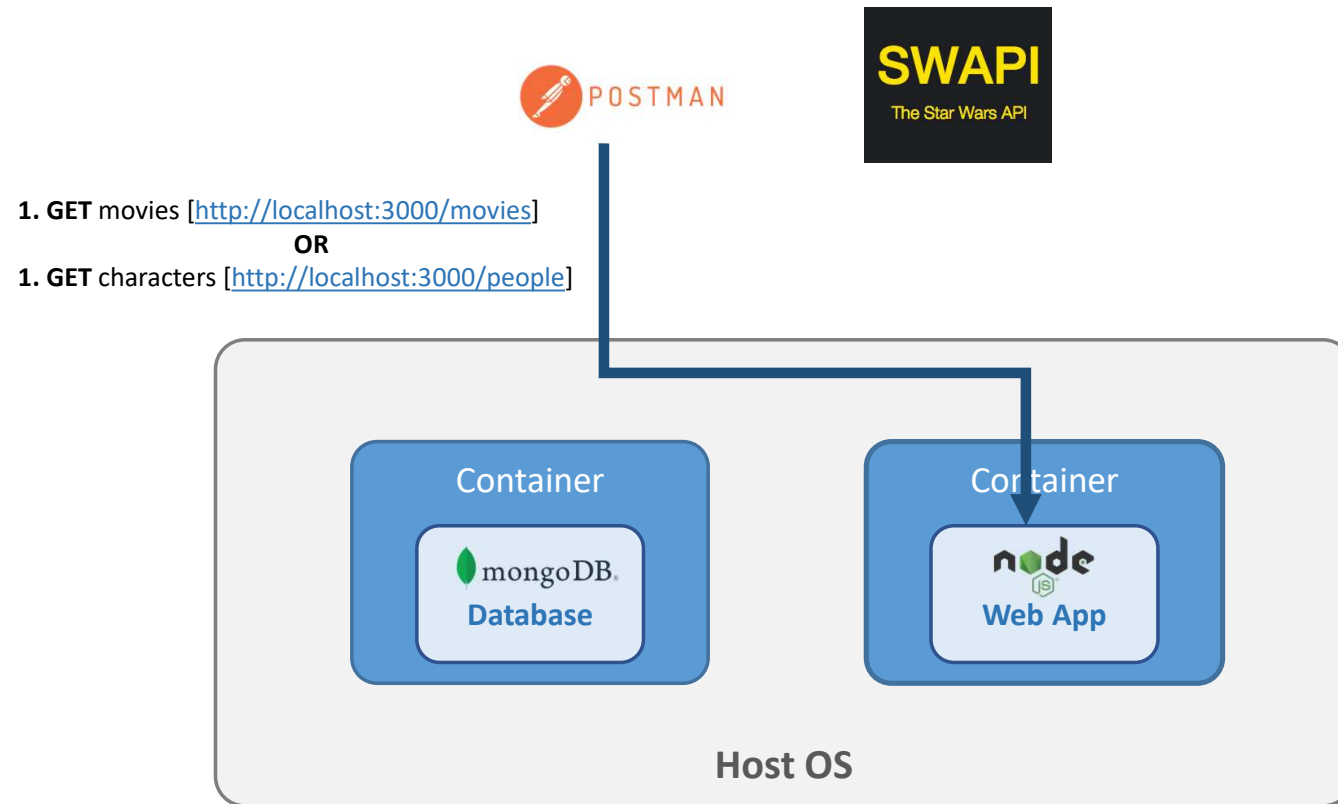
Favorite Movies Web App Example

Architecture & Technologies



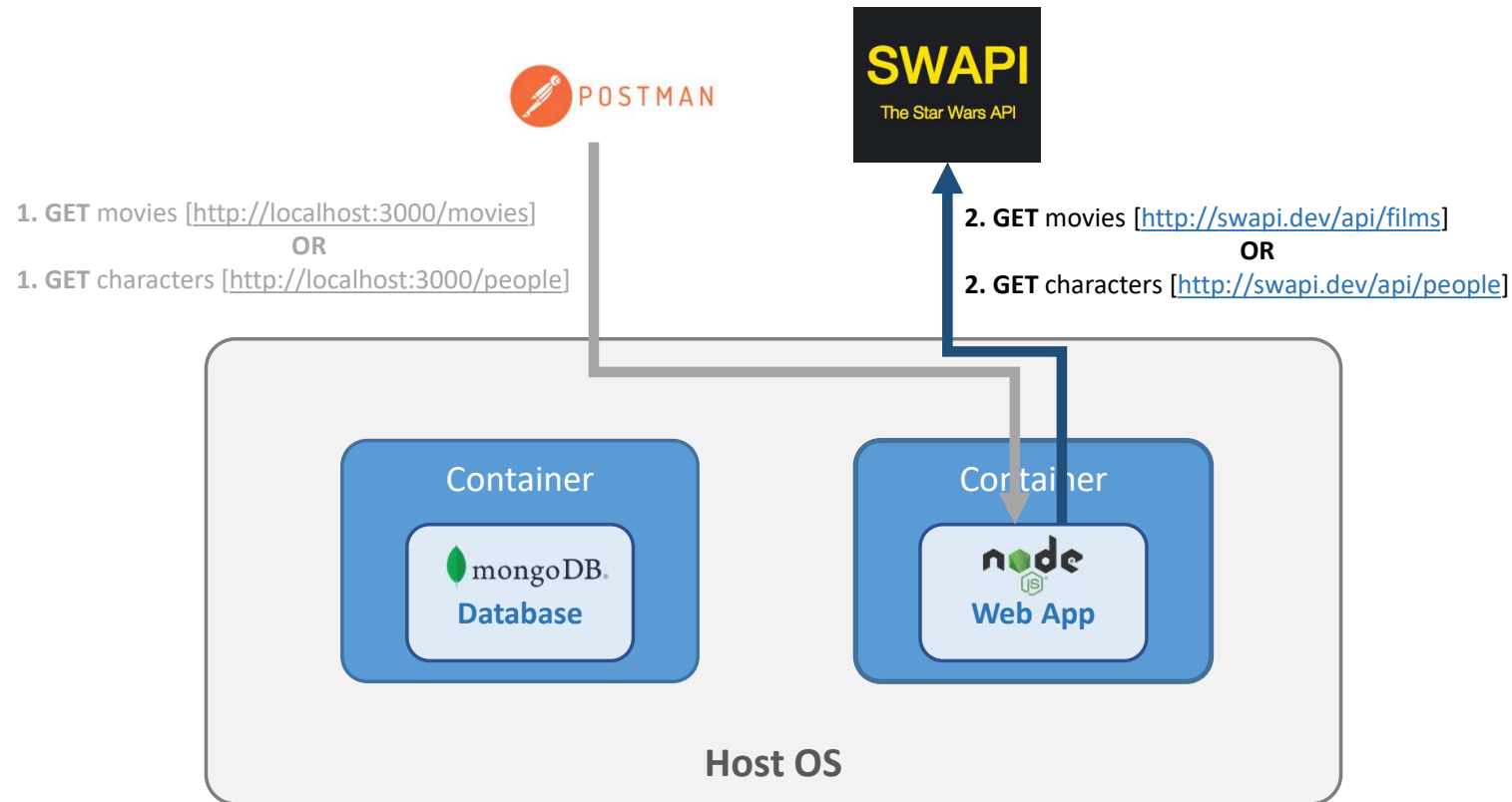
Favorite Movies Web App Example

Workflow – HTTP GET Movies and Characters Stored in Web App



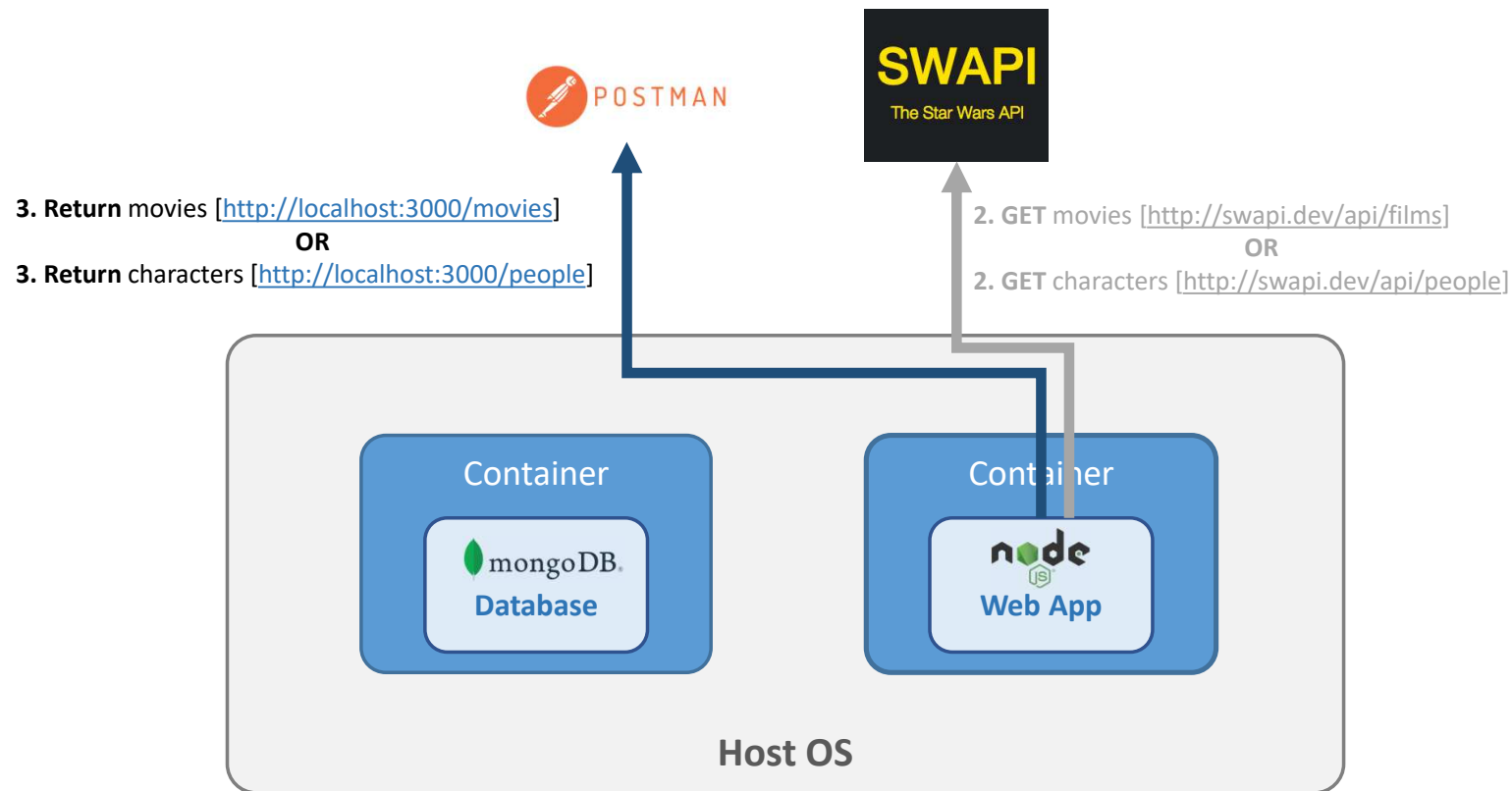
Favorite Movies Web App Example

Workflow – HTTP GET Movies and Characters Stored in SWAPI



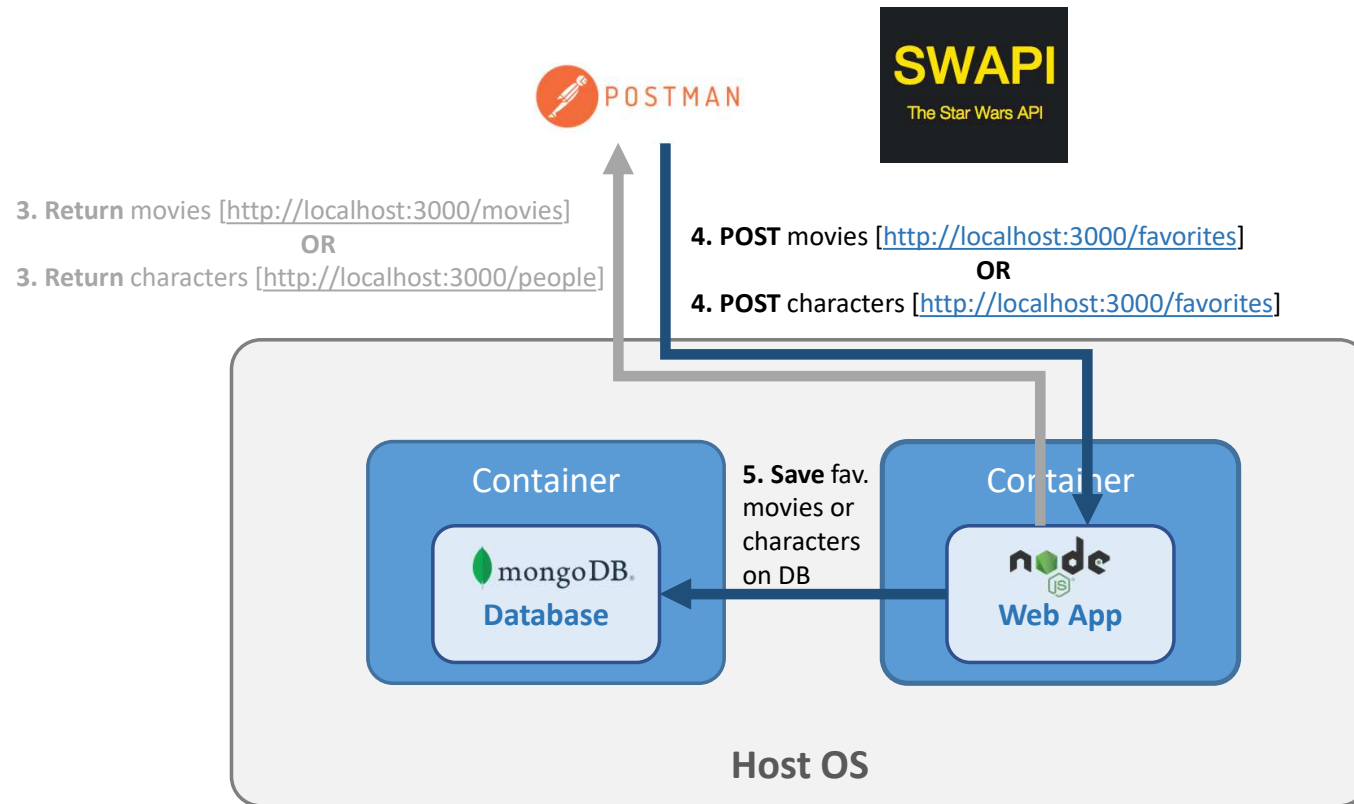
Favorite Movies Web App Example

Workflow – Movies and Characters are Delivered to POSTMAN



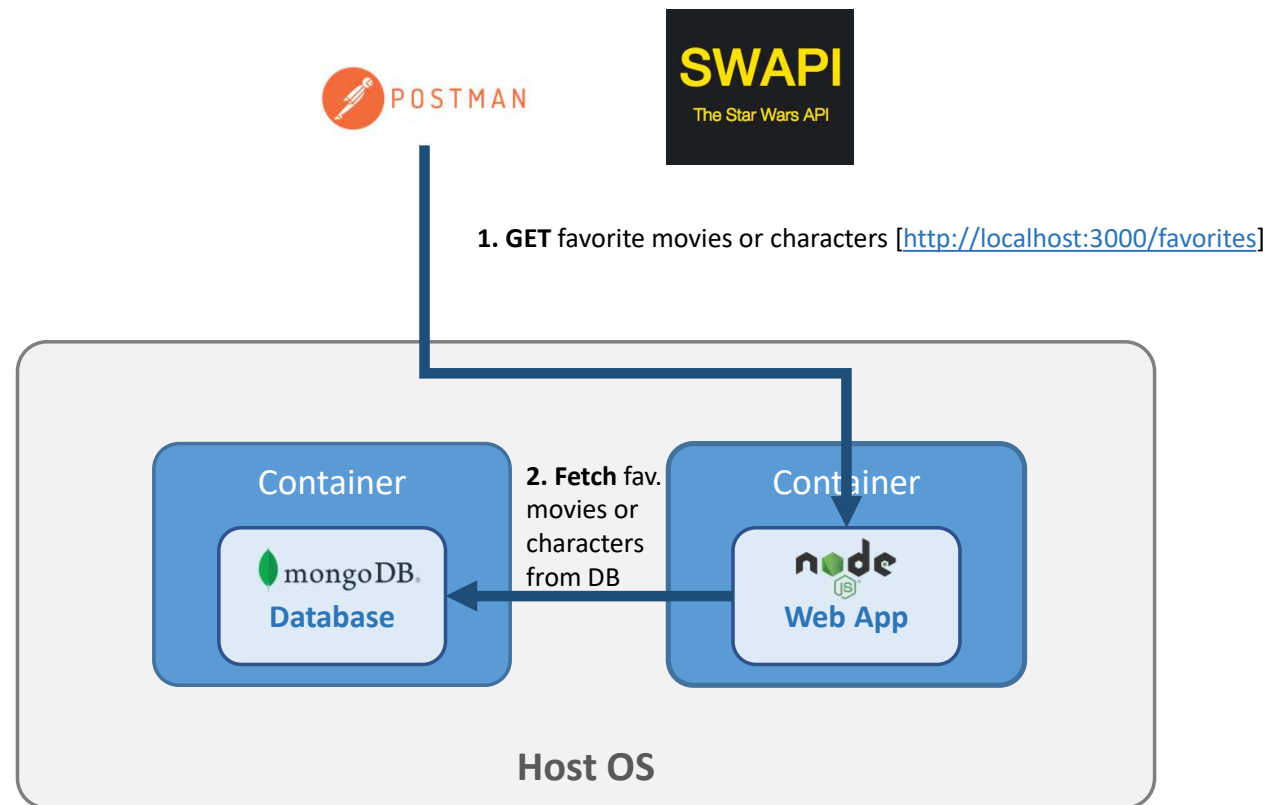
Favorite Movies Web App Example

Workflow – HTTP POST Favorite Movies and Characters in DB



Favorite Movies Web App Example

Workflow – HTTP GET Favorite Movies and Characters in DB



Favorite Movies Web App Example

HTTP GET Endpoints – Movies and People

The image shows a code editor with a file explorer on the left and a code editor on the right. The file explorer shows a project structure with a folder named 'NETWORKS-STARTING-SETUP' containing files like 'models', 'favorite.js', 'app.js', 'Dockerfile', and 'package.json'. The code editor shows the implementation of two HTTP GET endpoints in 'app.js'.

HTTP GET "movies" endpoint

```
52 app.get('/movies', async (req, res) => {
53   try {
54     const response = await axios.get('https://swapi.dev/api/films');
55     res.status(200).json({ movies: response.data });
56   } catch (error) {
57     res.status(500).json({ message: 'Something went wrong.' });
58   }
59 });
```

HTTP GET "people" endpoint

```
61 app.get('/people', async (req, res) => {
62   try {
63     const response = await axios.get('https://swapi.dev/api/people');
64     res.status(200).json({ people: response.data });
65   } catch (error) {
66     res.status(500).json({ message: 'Something went wrong.' });
67   }
68 });
```

Favorite Movies Web App Example

HTTP POST Endpoint – Favorites

HTTP POST
“favorites” endpoint

```
18 app.post('/favorites', async (req, res) => {
19   const favName = req.body.name;
20   const favType = req.body.type;
21   const favUrl = req.body.url;
22
23   try {
24     if (favType !== 'movie' && favType !== 'character') {
25       throw new Error('"type" should be "movie" or "character"!');
26     }
27
28     const existingFav = await Favorite.findOne({ name: favName });
29     if (existingFav) {
30       throw new Error('Favorite exists already!');
31     }
32   } catch (error) { ...
33   }
34
35   const favorite = new Favorite({
36     name: favName,
37     type: favType,
38     url: favUrl,
39   });
40
41   try { ...
42   } catch (error) { ...
43   }
44
45   res.status(201).json(favorite);
46 }
47
48 // ...
49
50 });
```

Favorite Movies Web App Example

HTTP GET Endpoint – Favorites

HTTP GET
“favorites” endpoint



The screenshot shows a code editor with a file explorer on the left and a code editor on the right. The file explorer lists files: `models`, `favorite.js`, `app.js`, `Dockerfile`, and `package.json`. The code editor shows the implementation of the `app.get('/favorites')` endpoint in `app.js`. The code is as follows:

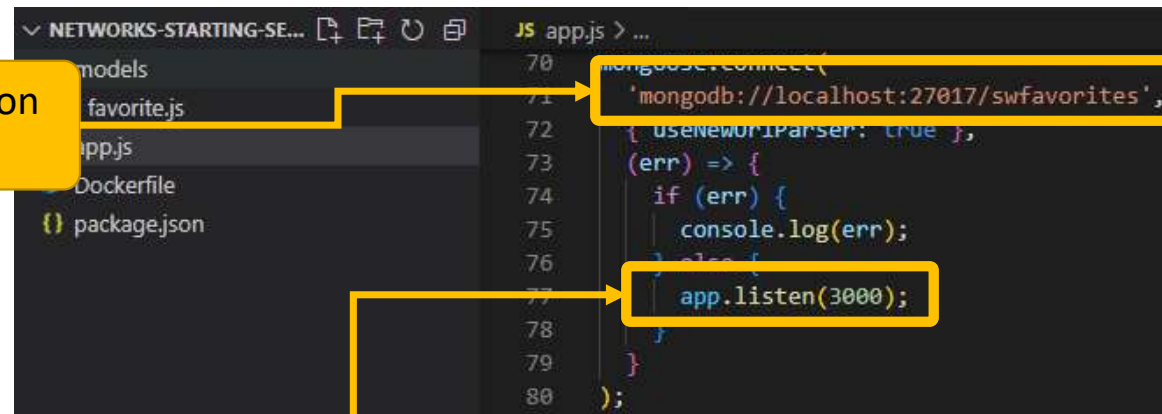
```
11  
12 app.get('/favorites', async (req, res) => {  
13   const favorites = await Favorite.find();  
14   res.status(200).json({  
15     favorites: favorites,  
16   });  
17 });
```

Favorite Movies Web App Example

HTTP GET Endpoint – Favorites

MongoDB connection
address

Web app listens on
port 3000



The screenshot shows a code editor with a file explorer on the left and a code editor on the right. The file explorer shows a project structure with files: models, favorite.js, app.js, Dockerfile, and package.json. The code editor shows the content of app.js, which includes a MongoDB connection and a web server listener. Two yellow boxes with arrows point to specific lines of code: one points to the MongoDB connection string on line 71, and the other points to the app.listen(3000) call on line 77.

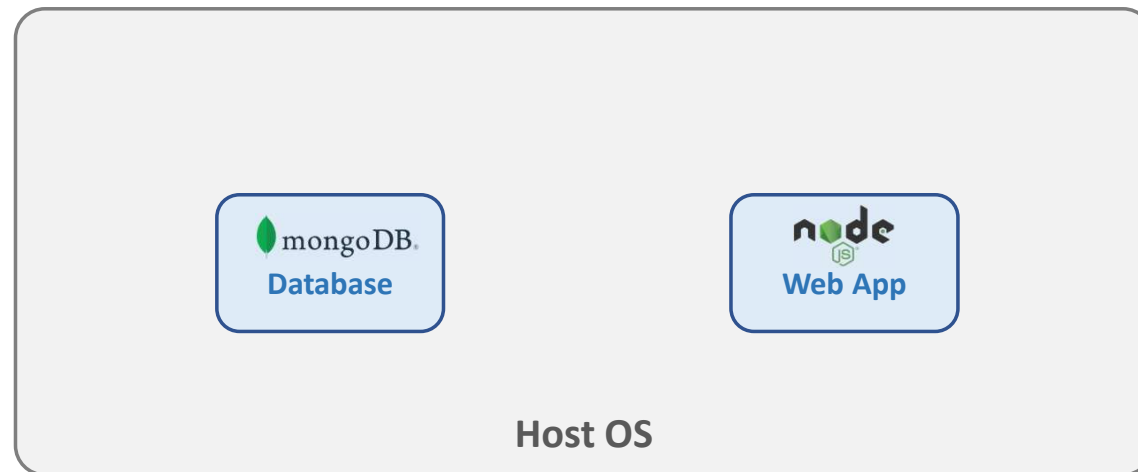
```
70 mongoose.connect(  
71   'mongodb://localhost:27017/swfavorites',  
72   { useNewUrlParser: true },  
73   (err) => {  
74     if (err) {  
75       console.log(err);  
76     } else {  
77       app.listen(3000);  
78     }  
79   }  
80 );
```

Step 2

Running the App **without** containers

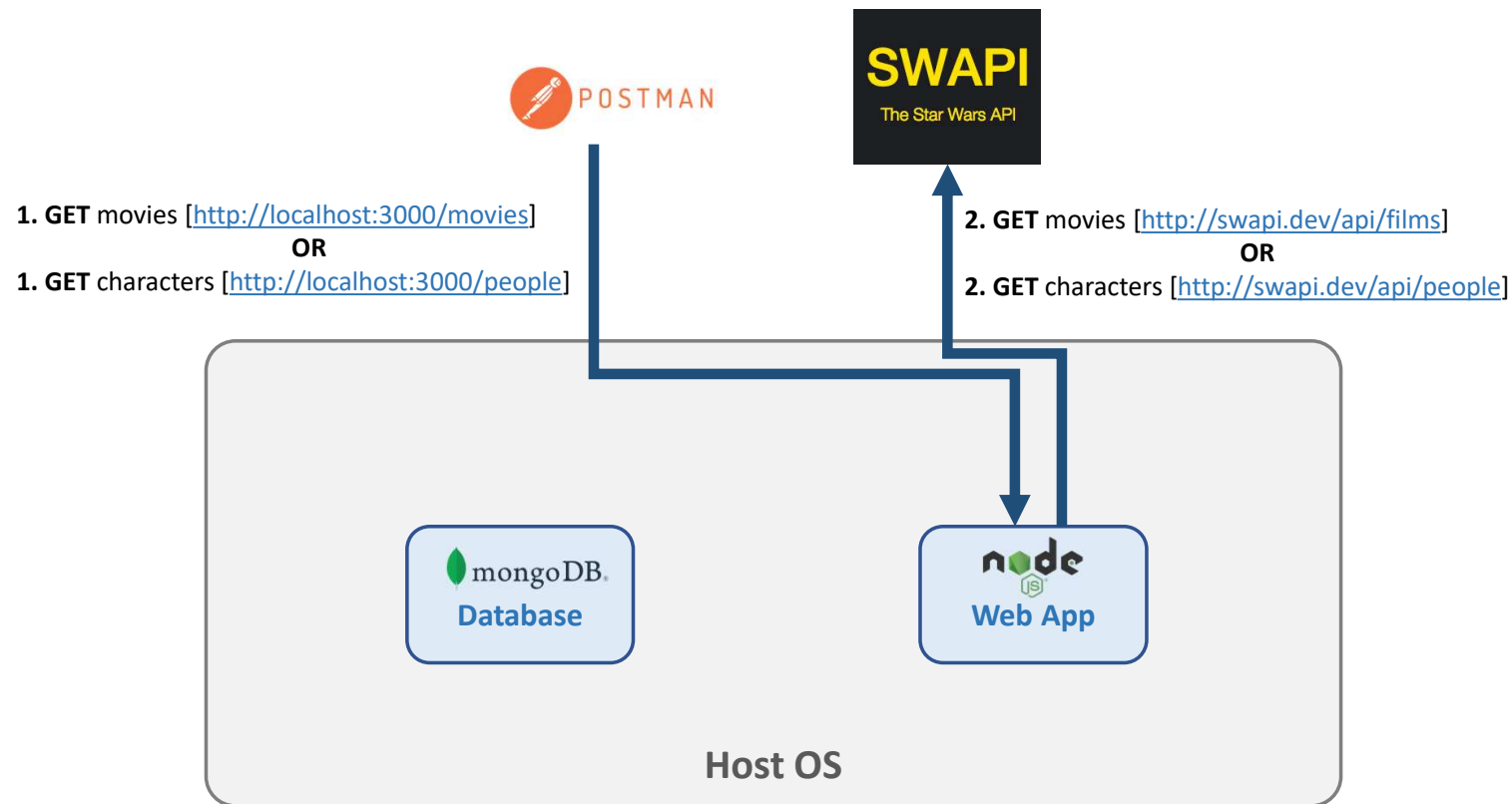
Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App Without Containers



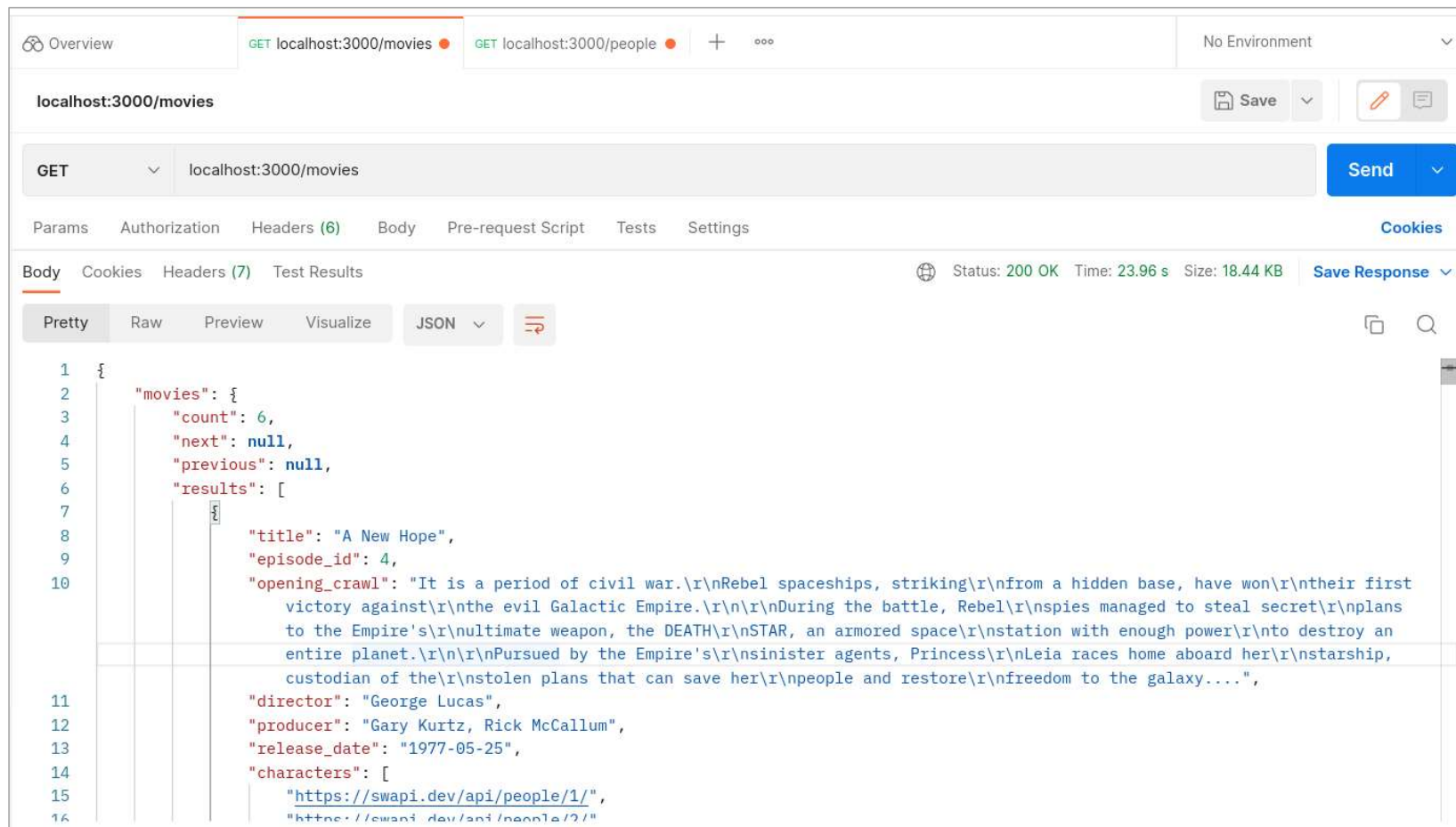
Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App Without Containers – HTTP GET Movies/Characters



Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App Without Containers – HTTP GET Movies

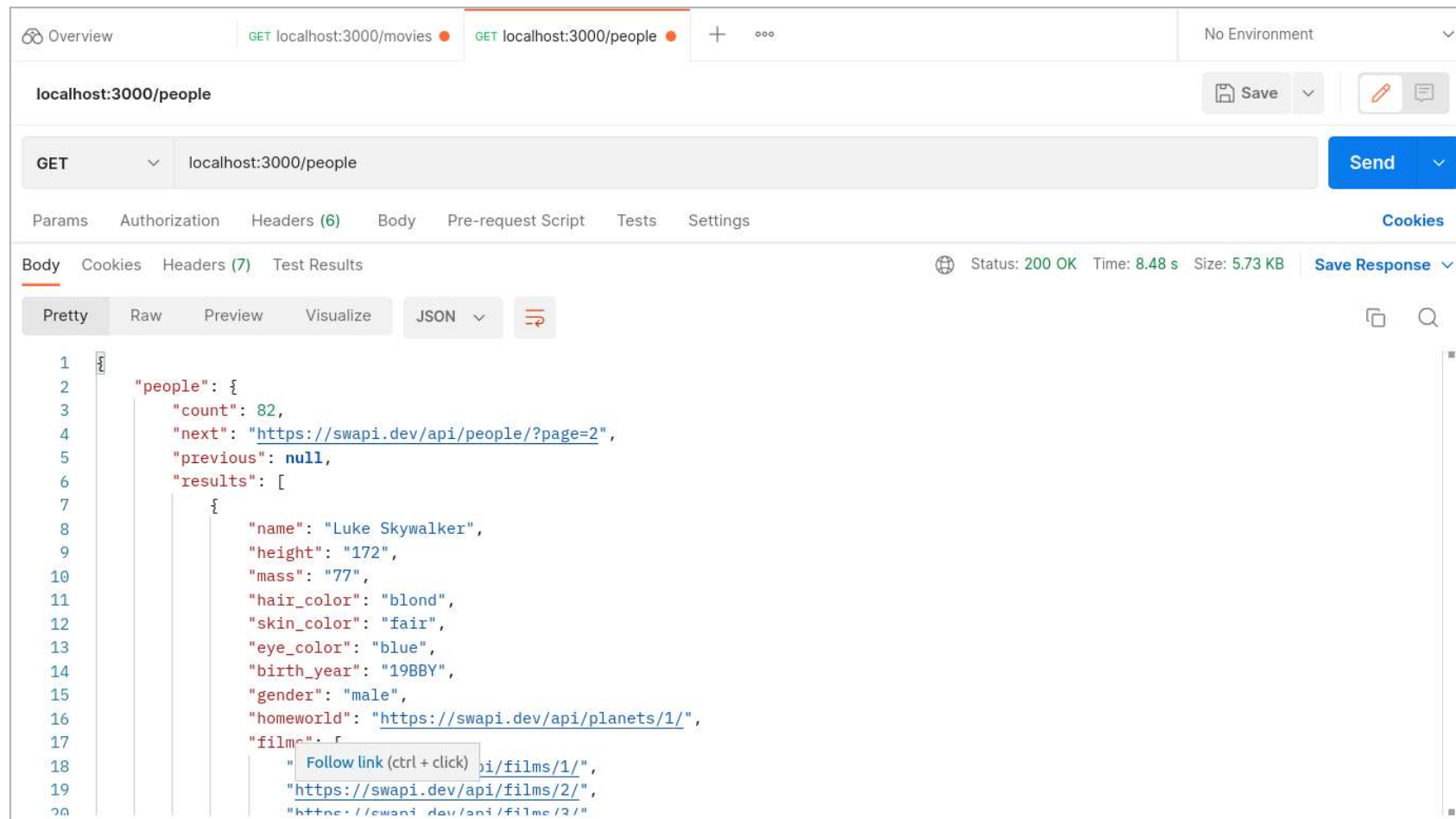


The screenshot shows a web browser interface with a tab titled "localhost:3000/movies". The browser's address bar shows the URL "localhost:3000/movies". The browser's status bar at the bottom indicates "Status: 200 OK", "Time: 23.96 s", and "Size: 18.44 KB". The response is displayed in the "Body" tab, showing a JSON object with the following structure:

```
1 {
2   "movies": {
3     "count": 6,
4     "next": null,
5     "previous": null,
6     "results": [
7       {
8         "title": "A New Hope",
9         "episode_id": 4,
10        "opening_crawl": "It is a period of civil war.\r\nRebel spaceships, striking\r\nfrom a hidden base, have won\r\ntheir first victory against\r\nthe evil Galactic Empire.\r\n\r\nDuring the battle, Rebel\r\nspies managed to steal secret\r\nplans to the Empire's\r\nultimate weapon, the DEATH\r\nSTAR, an armored space\r\nstation with enough power\r\nto destroy an entire planet.\r\n\r\nPursued by the Empire's\r\nsinister agents, Princess\r\nLeia races home aboard her\r\nstarship, custodian of the\r\nstolen plans that can save her\r\npeople and restore\r\nfreedom to the galaxy....",
11        "director": "George Lucas",
12        "producer": "Gary Kurtz, Rick McCallum",
13        "release_date": "1977-05-25",
14        "characters": [
15          "https://swapi.dev/api/people/1/",
16          "https://swapi.dev/api/people/2/"
17        ]
18      }
19    ]
20  }
21 }
```

Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App Without Containers – HTTP GET People



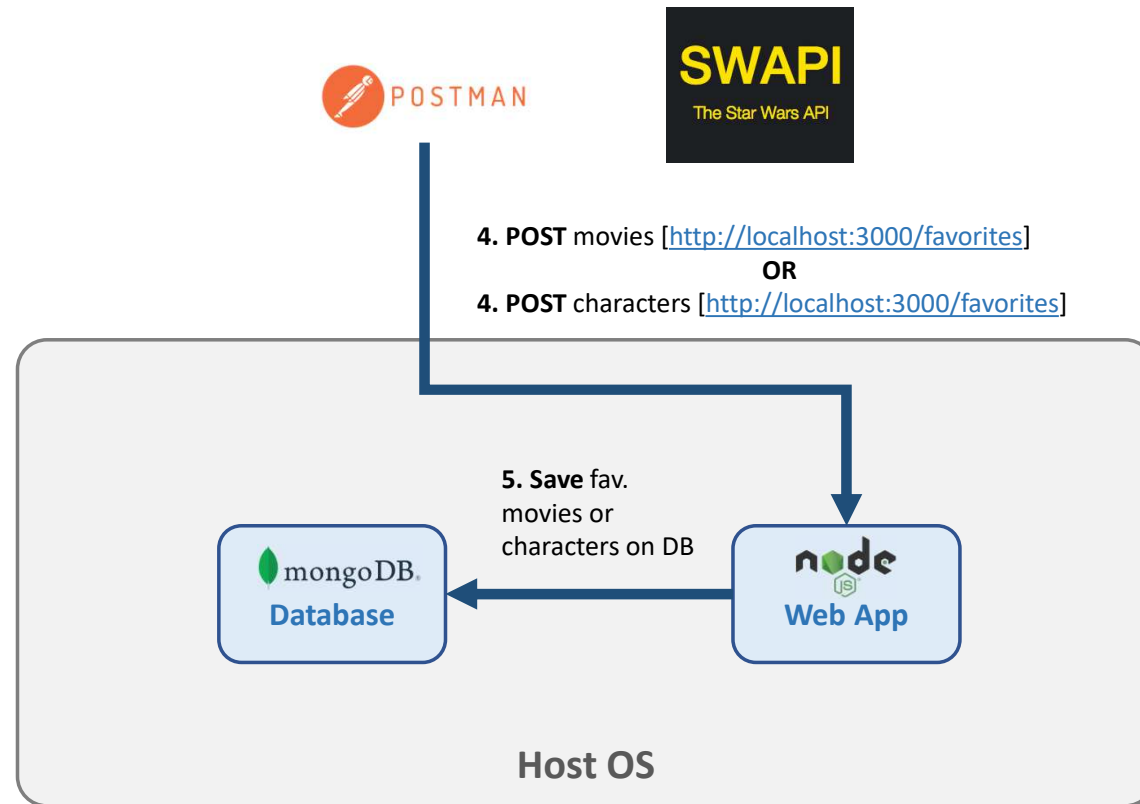
The screenshot shows a REST client interface with a GET request to `localhost:3000/people`. The response is a JSON object with the following structure:

```
1 {
2   "people": {
3     "count": 82,
4     "next": "https://swapi.dev/api/people/?page=2",
5     "previous": null,
6     "results": [
7       {
8         "name": "Luke Skywalker",
9         "height": "172",
10        "mass": "77",
11        "hair_color": "blond",
12        "skin_color": "fair",
13        "eye_color": "blue",
14        "birth_year": "19BBY",
15        "gender": "male",
16        "homeworld": "https://swapi.dev/api/planets/1/",
17        "films": [
18          "Follow link (ctrl + click) https://swapi.dev/api/films/1/",
19          "https://swapi.dev/api/films/2/",
20          "https://swapi.dev/api/films/2/"
21        ]
22      }
23    ]
24  }
25 }
```

The response status is 200 OK, with a time of 8.48 s and a size of 5.73 KB. The response is saved and can be viewed in various formats (Pretty, Raw, Preview, Visualize) and JSON.

Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App Without Containers – HTTP POST Favorite Movies



Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App Without Containers – HTTP POST Favorite Movies

The screenshot displays a REST client interface with the following components:

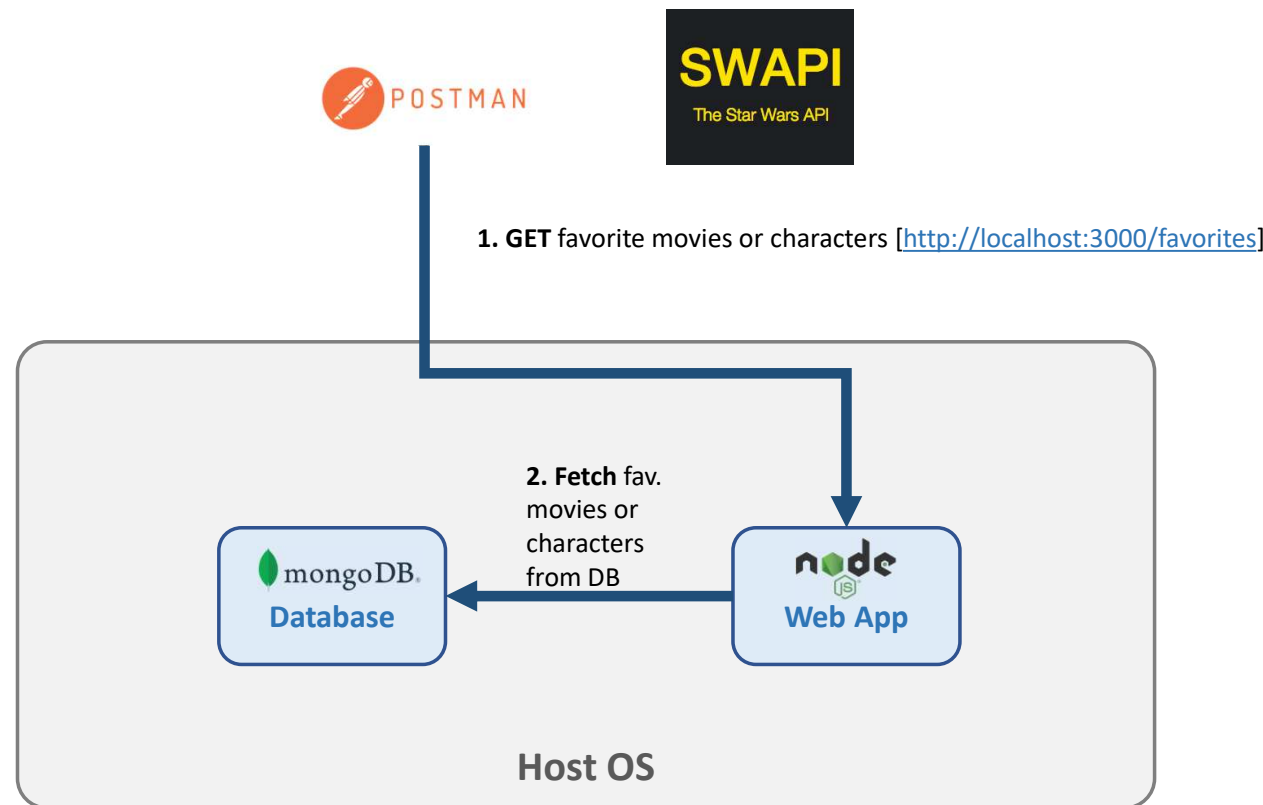
- Overview Tab:** Shows a list of requests: `GET localhost:3000/movies`, `GET localhost:3000/people`, and `POST localhost:3000/favorites`. The environment is set to `No Environment`.
- Request Configuration:** The method is `POST` and the URL is `localhost:3000/favorites`. The `Body` tab is selected, showing a JSON payload:

```
1 {
2   "name": "A New Hope",
3   "type": "movie",
4   "url": "http://swapi.dev/api/films/1"
5 }
```
- Response View:** The `Body` tab is selected, showing the response in `JSON` format:

```
1 {
2   "message": "Favorite saved!",
3   "favorite": {
4     "_id": "6333183b589ba60aed5a2f6e",
5     "name": "A New Hope",
6     "type": "movie",
7     "url": "http://swapi.dev/api/films/1",
8     "__v": 0
9   }
10 }
```
- Status Bar:** Indicates `Status: 201 Created`, `Time: 677 ms`, and `Size: 396 B`. A `Save Response` button is available.

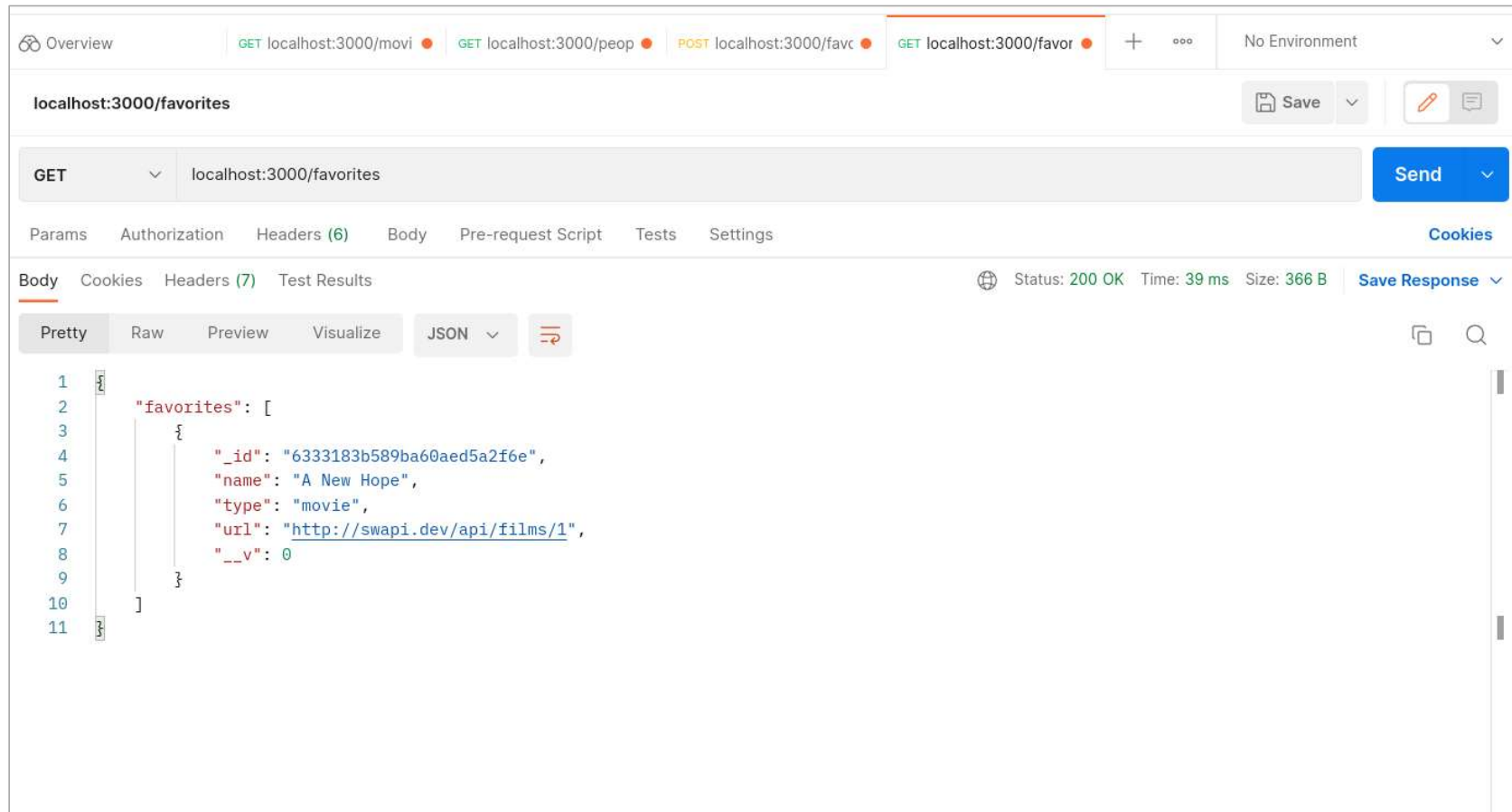
Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App Without Containers – HTTP GET Favorite Movies and Characters from DB



Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App Without Containers – HTTP GET Favorite Movies and Characters from DB



The screenshot shows a web browser's developer tools interface. The top bar displays several active requests: `GET localhost:3000/movi`, `GET localhost:3000/peop`, `POST localhost:3000/favc`, and the selected `GET localhost:3000/favor`. The main panel shows the details of the `GET localhost:3000/favorites` request. The response body is displayed in JSON format, showing a successful `200 OK` status with a response time of `39 ms` and a size of `366 B`. The JSON data is as follows:

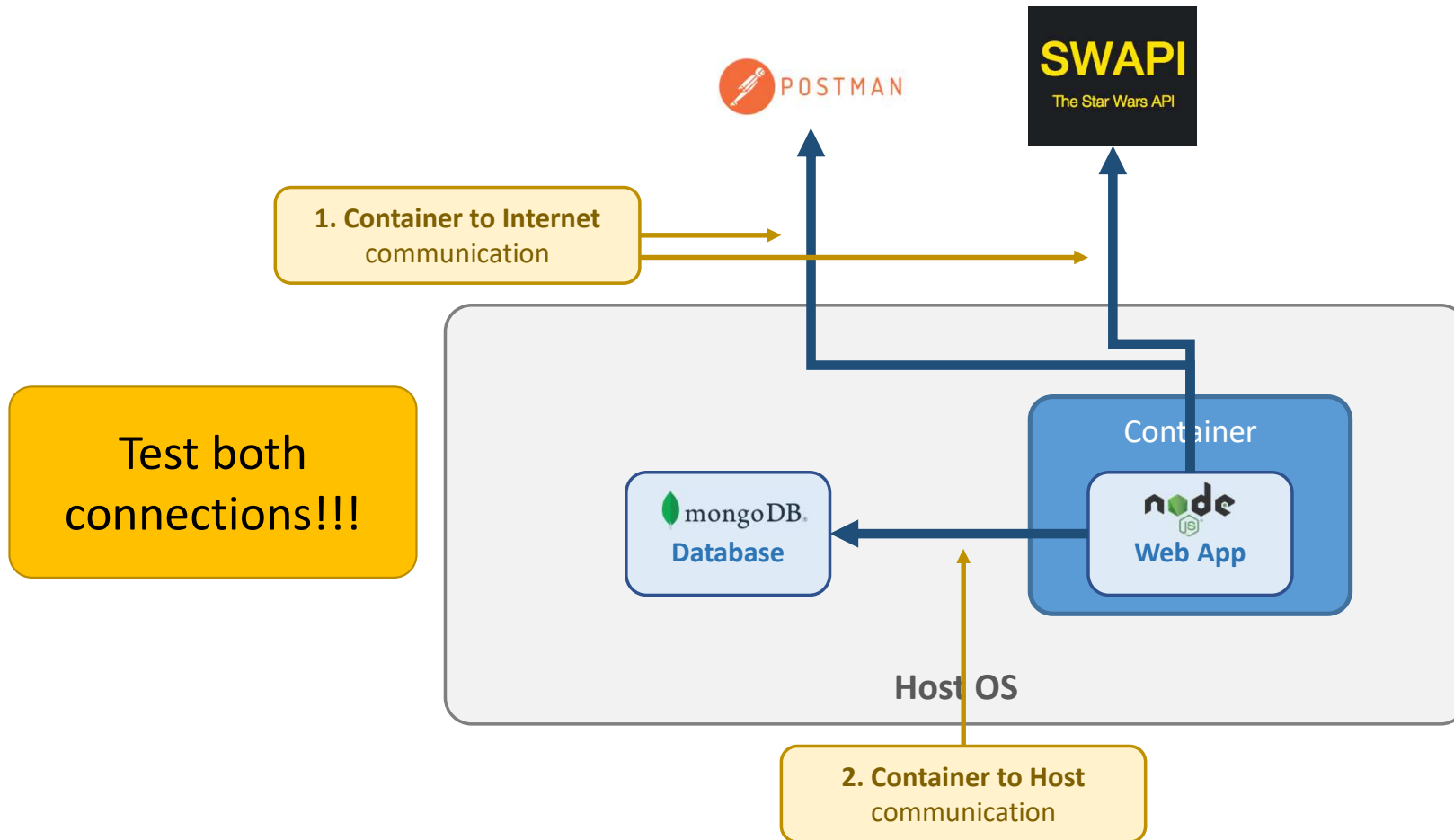
```
1 {
2   "favorites": [
3     {
4       "_id": "6333183b589ba60aed5a2f6e",
5       "name": "A New Hope",
6       "type": "movie",
7       "url": "http://swapi.dev/api/films/1",
8       "__v": 0
9     }
10  ]
11 }
```

Step 3

Running the App **with** containers and non-containers

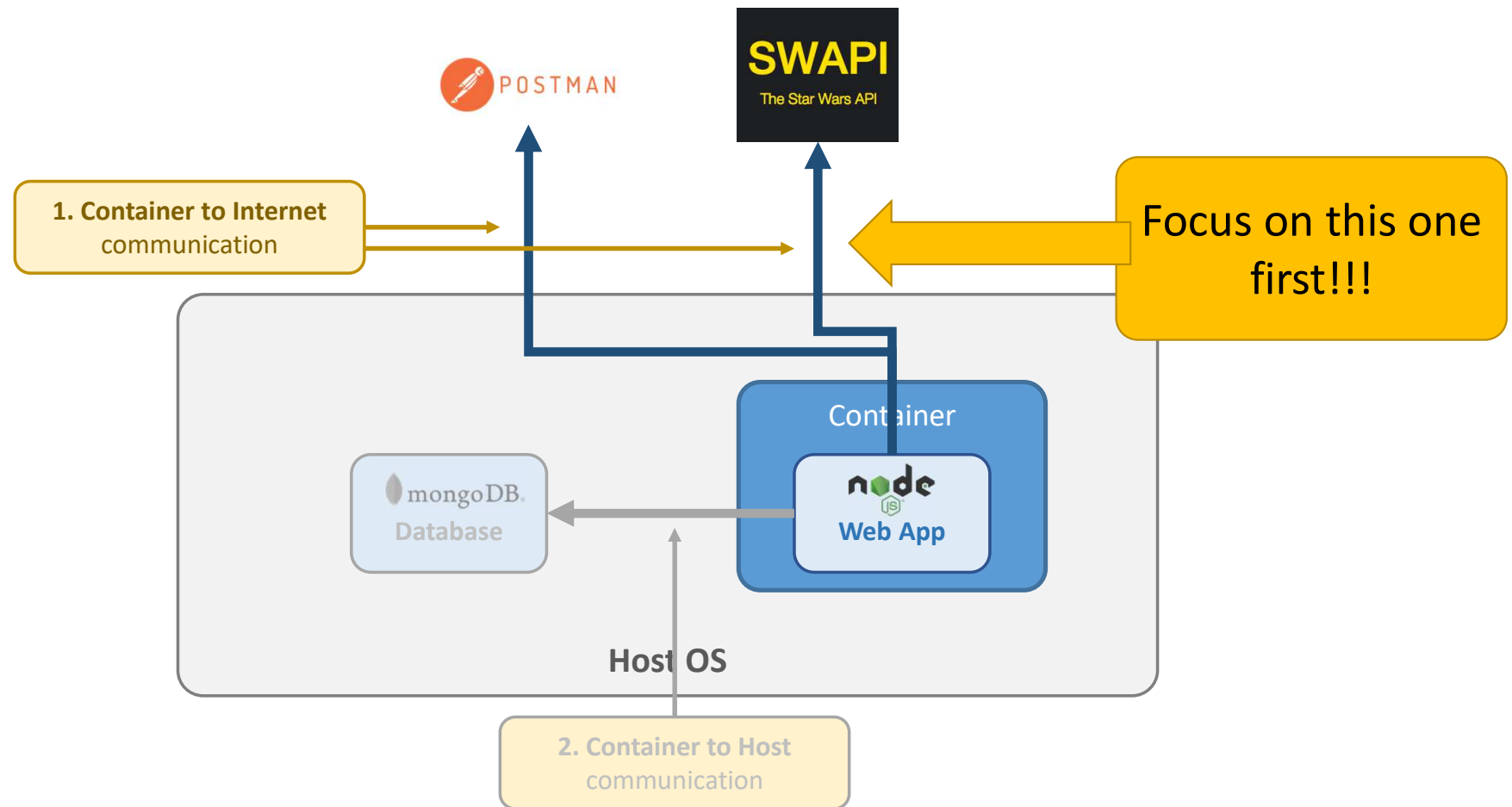
Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App With Containers and non-Containers



Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App With Containers and non-Containers



Favorite Movies Web App Example

Container to Internet Communication – Dockerize and Build the Image

1. Create Dockerfile

```
Dockerfile > FROM
1 FROM node
2
3 WORKDIR /app
4
5 COPY package.json .
6
7 RUN npm install
8
9 COPY . .
10
11 CMD ["node", "app.js"]
```



2. Build Image

```
[user@user-virtualbox networks-starting-setup]$ docker build -t favorites-app-image .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 7.168kB
Step 1/6 : FROM node
--> 2577ab2cda97
Step 2/6 : WORKDIR /app
--> Using cache
--> d7f83dcc6caf
Step 3/6 : COPY package.json .
--> 67b12139430b
Step 4/6 : RUN npm install
--> Running in 90285181f23c
Removing intermediate container 90285181f23c
--> 686231682e6a
Step 5/6 : COPY . .
--> bc46606e9a07
Step 6/6 : CMD ["node", "app.js"]
--> Running in 4b1205aa5031
Removing intermediate container 4b1205aa5031
--> 3f232921f5f9
Successfully built 3f232921f5f9
Successfully tagged favorites-app-image:latest
```

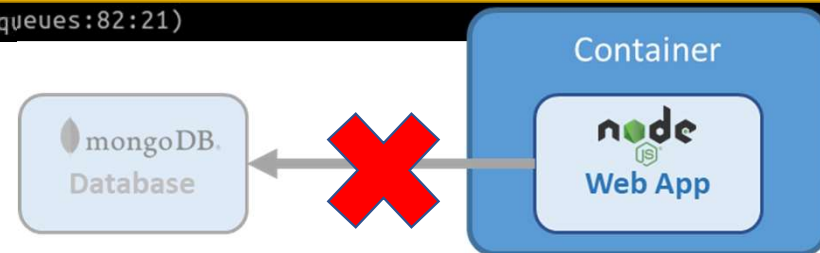
Favorite Movies Web App Example

Container to Internet Communication – Run the Container

3. Run Web App Container

```
[user@user-virtualbox networks-starting-setup]$ docker run --name favorites-app --rm -p 3000:3000 favorites-app-image
(node:1) [MONGODB DRIVER] Warning: Current Server Discovery and Monitoring engine is deprecated, and will be removed in a future
ver and Monitoring engine, pass option { useUnifiedTopology: true } to the MongoClient constructor.
(Use `node --trace-warnings ...` to show where the warning was created)
MongoNetworkError: failed to connect to server [localhost:27017] on first connect [Error: connect ECONNREFUSED 127.0.0.1:27017]
    at TCPConnectWrap.afterConnect [as oncomplete] (node:net:1300:16) {
  name: 'MongoNetworkError'
}
at Pool.<anonymous> (/app/node_modules/mongodb/lib/core/topologies/server.js:441:11)
at Pool.emit (node:events:513:28)
at /app/node_modules/mongodb/lib/core/connection/pool.js:564:14
at /app/node_modules/mongodb/lib/core/connection/pool.js:1000:11
at /app/node_modules/mongodb/lib/core/connection/connect.js:32:11
at callback (/app/node_modules/mongodb/lib/core/connection/connect.js:32:11)
at Socket.<anonymous> (/app/node_modules/mongodb/lib/core/connection/connect.js:32:11)
at Object.onceWrapper (node:events:628:26)
at Socket.emit (node:events:513:28)
at emitErrorNT (node:internal/streams/destroy:151:8)
at emitErrorCloseNT (node:internal/streams/destroy:116:3)
at process.processTicksAndRejections (node:internal/process/task_queues:82:21)
```

- Container crashed!!!
- We are connecting the container to a component in the localhost (MongoDB)!!!
 - For now we will not test this part!
 - Comment Mongo connection code, rebuild and retest ...



Favorite Movies Web App Example

Container to Internet Communication – Comment Mongo Connection, Build Image and Run Container

1. Comment Mongo Connection Code

```
66   res.status(500).json({ message: 'Something went wrong.' });
67 }
68 });
69
70 //mongoose.connect(
71 //  'mongodb://localhost:27017/swfavorites',
72 //  { useNewUrlParser: true },
73 //  (err) => {
74 //    if (err) {
75 //      console.log(err);
76 //    } else {
77 //      app.listen(3000);
78 //    }
79 //  }
80 //);
81
```

2. Build Image

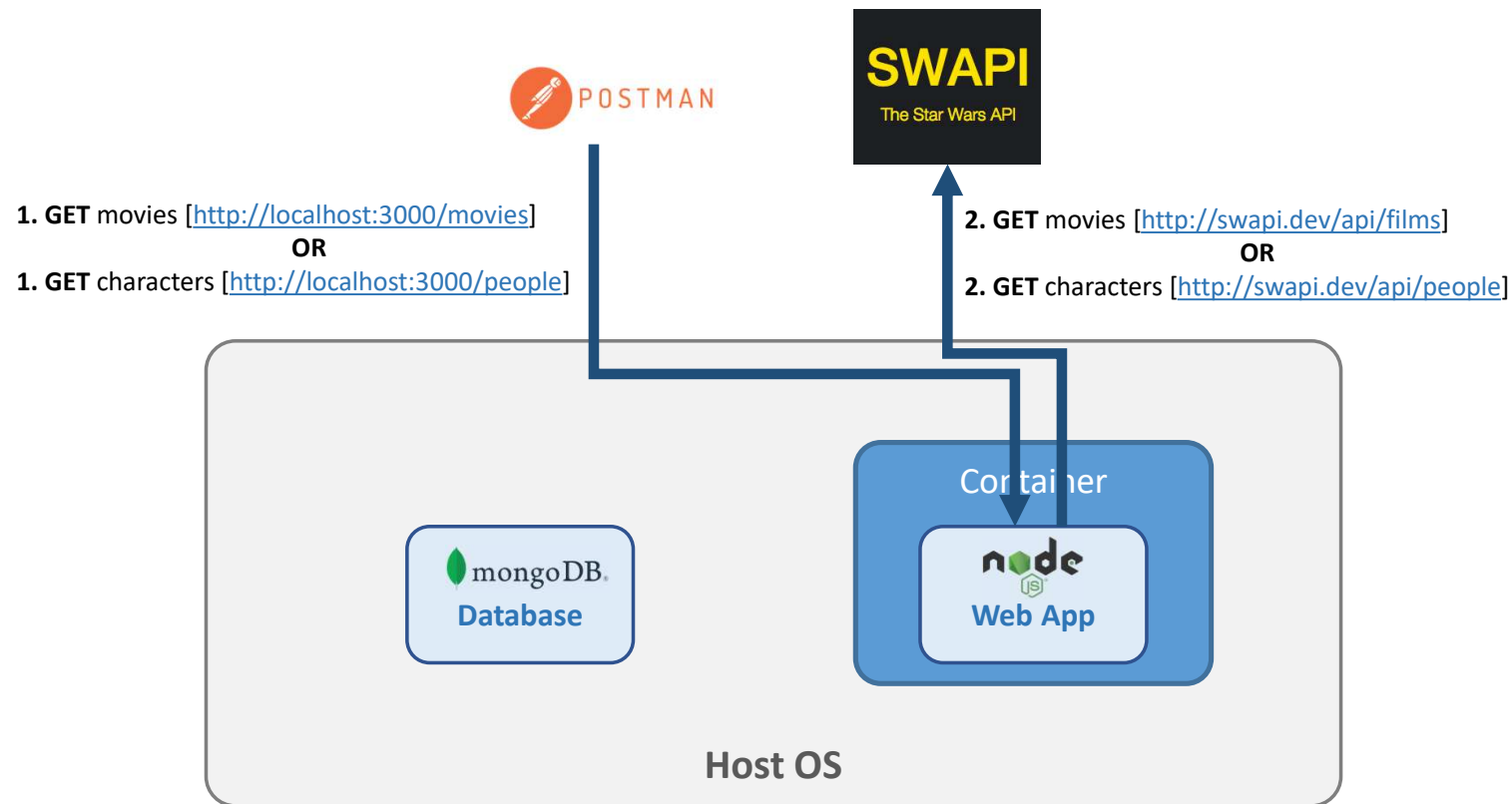
```
[user@user-virtualbox networks-starting-setup]$ docker build -t favorites-app-image .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 7.168kB
Step 1/6 : FROM node
----> 2577ab2cda97
Step 2/6 : WORKDIR /app
----> Using cache
----> d7f83dcc6caf
Step 3/6 : COPY package.json .
----> 67b12139430b
Step 4/6 : RUN npm install
----> Running in 90285181f23c
Removing intermediate container 90285181f23c
----> 686231682e6a
Step 5/6 : COPY . .
----> bc46606e9a07
Step 6/6 : CMD ["node", "app.js"]
----> Running in 4b1205aa5031
Removing intermediate container 4b1205aa5031
----> 3f232921f5f9
Successfully built 3f232921f5f9
Successfully tagged favorites-app-image:latest
```

3. Run Web App Container

```
[user@user-virtualbox networks-starting-setup]$ docker run --name favorites-app --rm -p 3000:3000 favorites-app-image
```

Favorite Movies Web App Example

Container to Internet Communication – Test Connectivity



Favorite Movies Web App Example

Container to Internet Communication – Test Connectivity

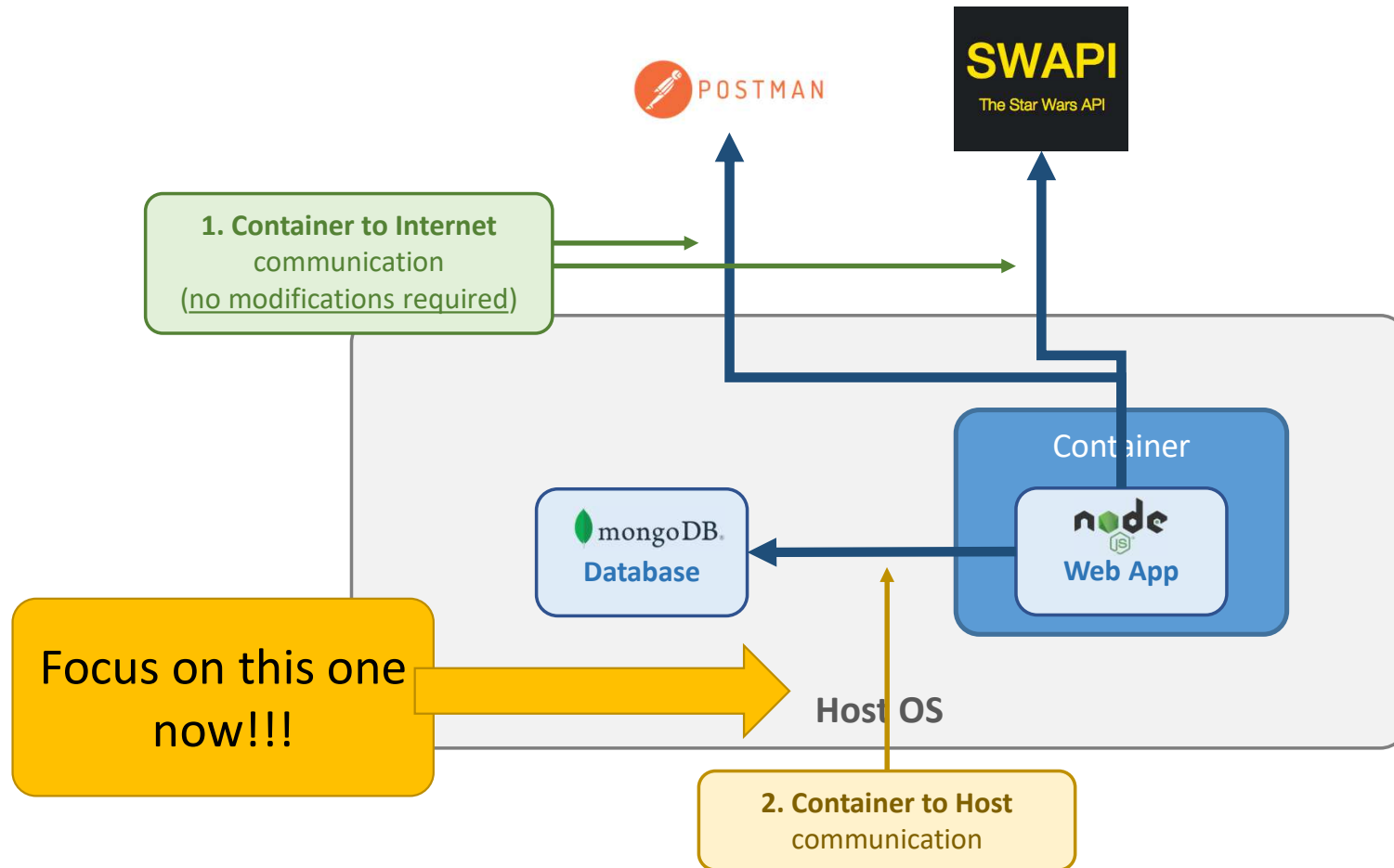
4. Test the GET movies endpoint

The screenshot displays a REST client interface with a tab for the endpoint `localhost:3000/movies`. The request is a `GET` method. The response status is `200 OK` with a response time of `836 ms` and a size of `18.44 KB`. The response body is formatted as JSON, showing a list of movies. The first movie in the list is "A New Hope" with an episode ID of 4. The opening crawl text is visible, starting with "It is a period of civil war."

```
1 {
2   "movies": {
3     "count": 6,
4     "next": null,
5     "previous": null,
6     "results": [
7       {
8         "title": "A New Hope",
9         "episode_id": 4,
10        "opening_crawl": "It is a period of civil war.\r\nRebel spaceships, striking\r\nfrom a hidden base, have won\r\ntheir first victory against\r\nthe evil Galactic Empire.\r\n\r\nDuring the battle, Rebel\r\nspies managed to steal secret\r\nplans to the Empire's\r\nultimate weapon, the DEATH\r\nSTAR, an armored space\r\nstation with enough power\r\nto destroy an entire planet.\r\n\r\nPursued by the
```

Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App With Containers and non-Containers



Container to Host Communication

Replace localhost domain

- Replace “localhost” domain in source code by the host IP address
 - Use *ifconfig* command to check the host IP address

`'...localhost:...' → '...<host ip address>:...'`

Favorite Movies Web App Example

Container to Host Communication – Replace Domain and Build the Image

1. Replace localhost domain

```
mongoose.connect(  
  'mongodb://localhost:27017/swfavorites',  
  { useNewUrlParser: true },
```



```
mongoose.connect(  
  'mongodb://10.0.2.15:27017/swfavorites',  
  { useNewUrlParser: true },
```

2. Build Image

```
[user@user-virtualbox networks-starting-setup]$ docker build -t favorites-app-image .  
Sending build context to Docker daemon 7.168kB  
Step 1/6 : FROM node  
--> 2577ab2cda97  
Step 2/6 : WORKDIR /app  
--> Using cache  
--> d7f83dcc6caf  
Step 3/6 : COPY package.json .  
--> 67b12139430b  
Step 4/6 : RUN npm install  
--> Running in 90285181f23c  
Removing intermediate container 90285181f23c  
--> 686231682e6a  
Step 5/6 : COPY . .  
--> bc46606e9a07  
Step 6/6 : CMD ["node", "app.js"]  
--> Running in 4b1205aa5031  
Removing intermediate container 4b1205aa5031  
--> 3f232921f5f9  
Successfully built 3f232921f5f9  
Successfully tagged favorites-app-image:latest
```

3. Run Web App Container

```
[user@user-virtualbox networks-starting-setup]$ docker run --name favorites-app --rm -p 3000:3000 favorites-app-image
```

Favorite Movies Web App Example

Container to Host Communication – Test Connectivity

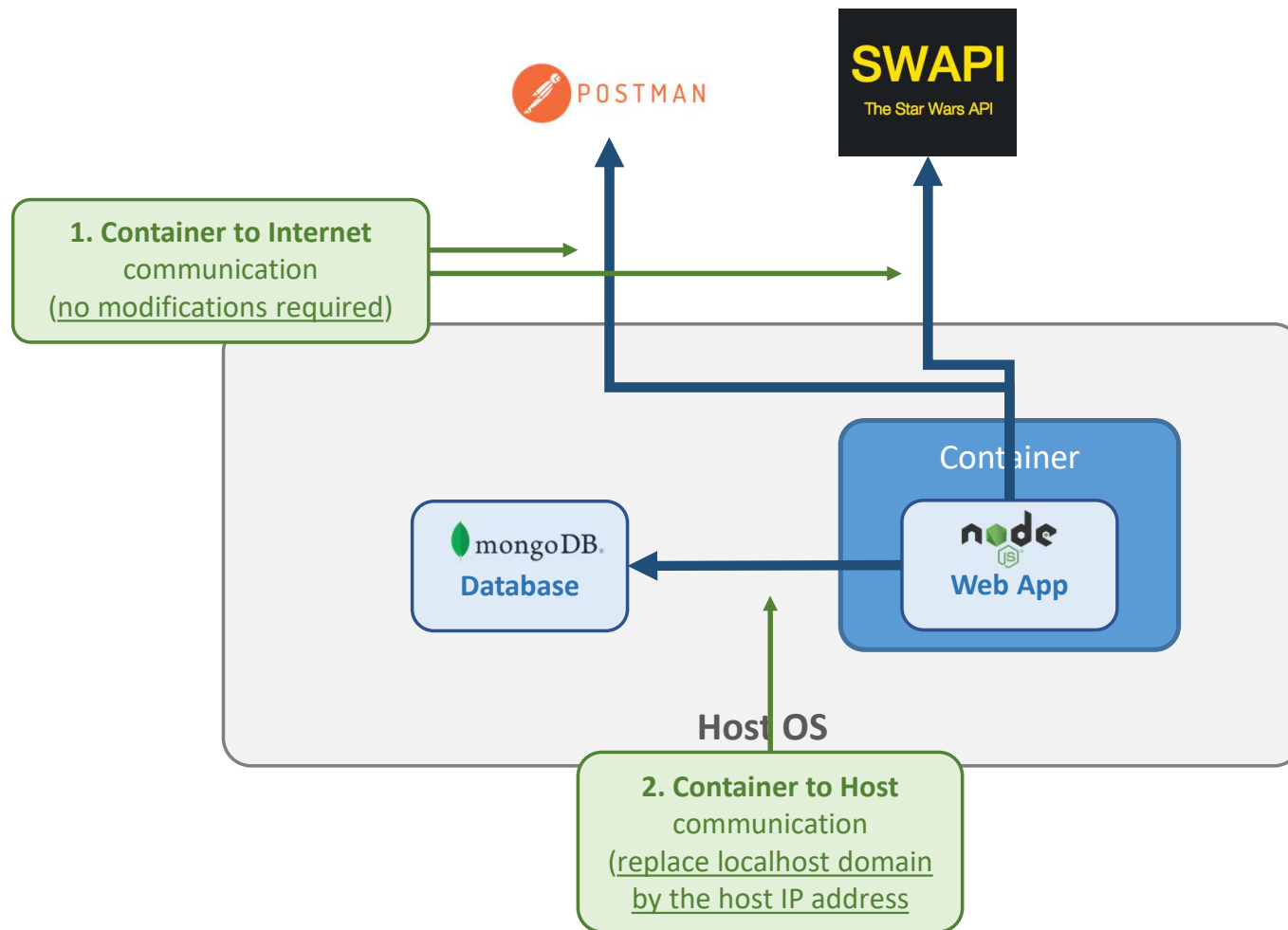
4. Test the GET favorite movies endpoint

The screenshot displays a REST client interface with a list of requests at the top: `GET localhost:3000/movi`, `GET localhost:3000/peop`, `POST localhost:3000/favc`, and the selected `GET localhost:3000/favor`. The main panel shows the details for the `localhost:3000/favorites` endpoint, configured with the `GET` method. The response is shown in the 'Body' tab, displaying a JSON array of movie favorites. The status is `200 OK` with a response time of `39 ms` and a size of `366 B`.

```
{
  "favorites": [
    {
      "_id": "6333183b589ba60aed5a2f6e",
      "name": "A New Hope",
      "type": "movie",
      "url": "http://swapi.dev/api/films/1",
      "__v": 0
    }
  ]
}
```

Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App With Containers and non-Containers

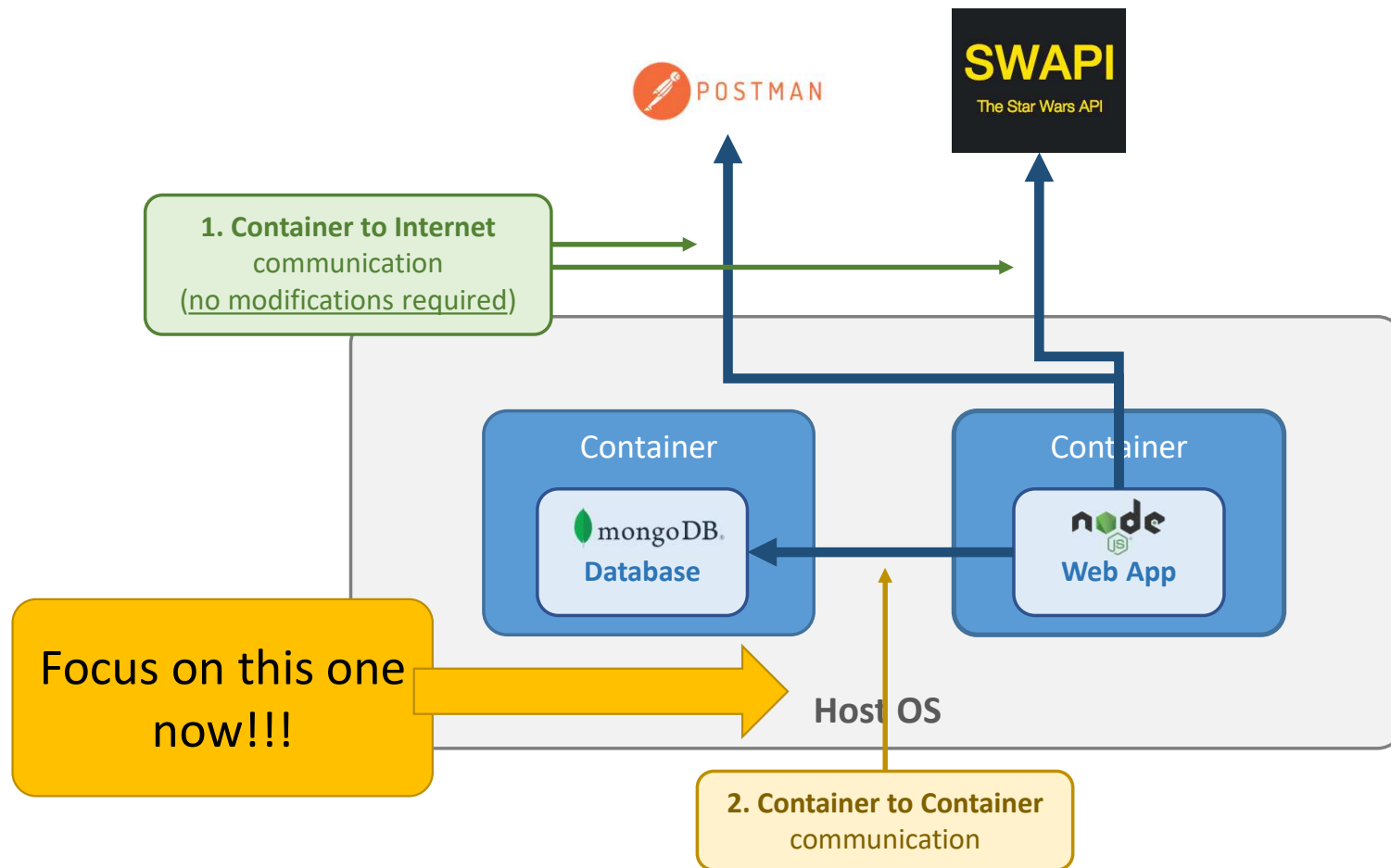


Step 4

Running the App **fully** containerized

Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App Fully Containerized



Favorite Movies Web App Example

Container to Container Communication – Run MongoDB Container

1. Run MongoDB Container (pre-built image)

```
[user@user-virtualbox networks-starting-setup]$ docker run --name mongodb mongo:4.4.6
Unable to find image 'mongo:4.4.6' locally
4.4.6: Pulling from library/mongo
e7ae86ffe2df: Pull complete
cb44957d0c54: Pull complete
1b034681f705: Pull complete
f68a0696c1b2: Pull complete
e7e03afd9141: Pull complete
a4a217eed0e5: Pull complete
af2e1e83b32e: Pull complete
1a263184825b: Pull complete
8cadecd5d9b5: Pull complete
a0b5b7c565dc: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:6efa052039903e731e4a5550c68a13c4869ddc93742c716332883fd9c77eb79b
Status: Downloaded newer image for mongo:4.4.6
{"t":{"$date":"2022-09-30T16:34:31.368+00:00"},"s":"I", "c":"STORAGE", "id":22430,
555671:368222}[1:0x7f0de0e6f700], WT_SESSION.checkpoint: [WT_VERB_CHECKPOINT_PROGRESS]
timestamp: (0, 0) , meta checkpoint timestamp: (0, 0)"}
{"t":{"$date":"2022-09-30T16:35:31.427+00:00"},"s":"I", "c":"STORAGE", "id":22430,
555731:427965}[1:0x7f0de0e6f700], WT_SESSION.checkpoint: [WT_VERB_CHECKPOINT_PROGRESS]
timestamp: (0, 0) , meta checkpoint timestamp: (0, 0)"}
{"t":{"$date":"2022-09-30T16:36:31.466+00:00"},"s":"I", "c":"STORAGE", "id":22430,
555791:466047}[1:0x7f0de0e6f700], WT_SESSION.checkpoint: [WT_VERB_CHECKPOINT_PROGRESS]
timestamp: (0, 0) , meta checkpoint timestamp: (0, 0)"}
{"t":{"$date":"2022-09-30T16:36:31.515+00:00"},"s":"I", "c":"NETWORK", "id":22943,
0", "connectionId":1, "connectionCount":1}}
{"t":{"$date":"2022-09-30T16:36:31.542+00:00"},"s":"I", "c":"NETWORK", "id":51800,
ent":"conn1", "doc":{"driver":{"name":"nodejs", "version":"3.7.3"}, "os":{"type":"Linux",
'Node.js v18.9.0, LE (legacy)'}}
```

Container to Container Communication

Replace localhost domain

- Replace “localhost” domain in source code by “mongoDB container IP address”

‘...localhost:...' → ‘...container-IP-address:...'

- Use `docker inspect` command to discover container IP address
 - **Not easy process!!!**

```
[user@user-virtualbox networks-starting-setup]$ docker inspect mongodb
[
  {
    "Id": "7f111a1d1ee4ddf9b801715689dcf0466d5923d71c2edb0487347a3a2d5b8a0e",
    "Created": "2022-09-30T16:33:28.841142178Z",
    "Path": "docker-entrypoint.sh",
    "Args": [
      "mongod"
    ],
    "SandboxKey": "/var/run/docker/netns/ebfb2715425c",
    "SecondaryIPAddresses": null,
    "SecondaryIPv6Addresses": null,
    "EndpointID": "5ba5fb7d5664c3d53e0af3dad83d5ac19f77512e5a9c91409458f3db",
    "Gateway": "172.17.0.1",
    "GlobalIPv6Address": "",
    "GlobalIPv6PrefixLen": 0,
    "IPAddress": "172.17.0.2",
    "IPPrefixLen": 16,
    "IPv6Gateway": "",
    "MacAddress": "02:42:ac:11:00:02",
```


Favorite Movies Web App Example

Container to Container Communication – Replace IP address and Run Container

2. Replace localhost domain

```
mongoose.connect(  
  'mongodb://10.0.2.15:27017/swfavorites',  
  { useNewUrlParser: true }  
)
```



```
70 mongoose.connect(  
71   'mongodb://172.17.0.2:27017/swfavorites',  
72   { useNewUrlParser: true }  
)
```

3. Build Image

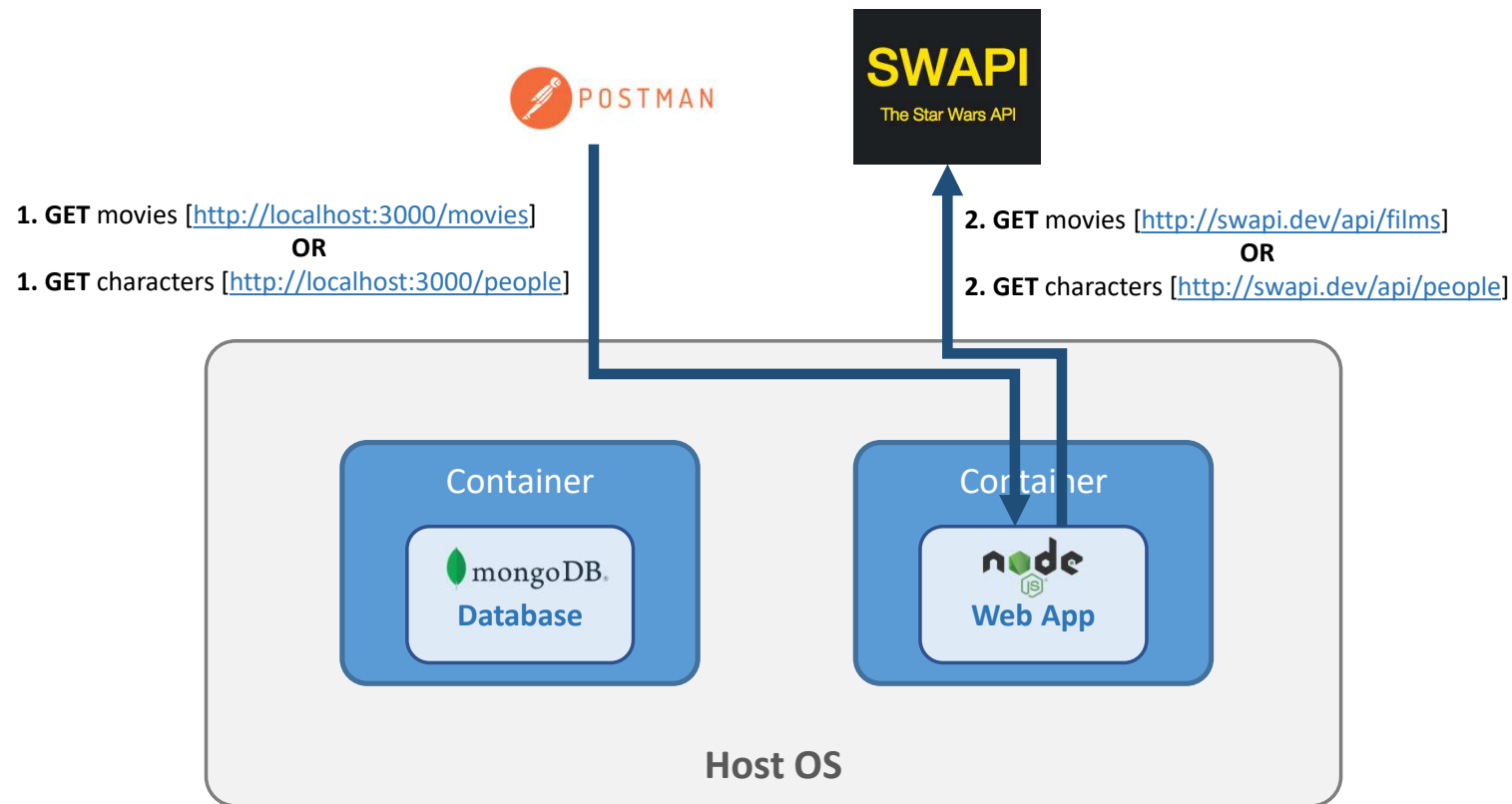
```
[user@user-virtualbox networks-starting-setup]$ docker build -t favorites-app-image .  
Sending build context to Docker daemon 7.168kB  
Step 1/6 : FROM node  
--> 2577ab2cda97  
Step 2/6 : WORKDIR /app  
--> Using cache  
--> d7f83dcc6caf  
Step 3/6 : COPY package.json .  
--> 67b12139430b  
Step 4/6 : RUN npm install  
--> Running in 90285181f23c  
Removing intermediate container 90285181f23c  
--> 686231682e6a  
Step 5/6 : COPY . .  
--> bc46606e9a07  
Step 6/6 : CMD ["node", "app.js"]  
--> Running in 4b1205aa5031  
Removing intermediate container 4b1205aa5031  
--> 3f232921f5f9  
Successfully built 3f232921f5f9  
Successfully tagged favorites-app-image:latest
```

4. Run Web App Container

```
[user@user-virtualbox networks-starting-setup]$ docker run --name favorites-app --rm -p 3000:3000 favorites-app-image
```

Favorite Movies Web App Example

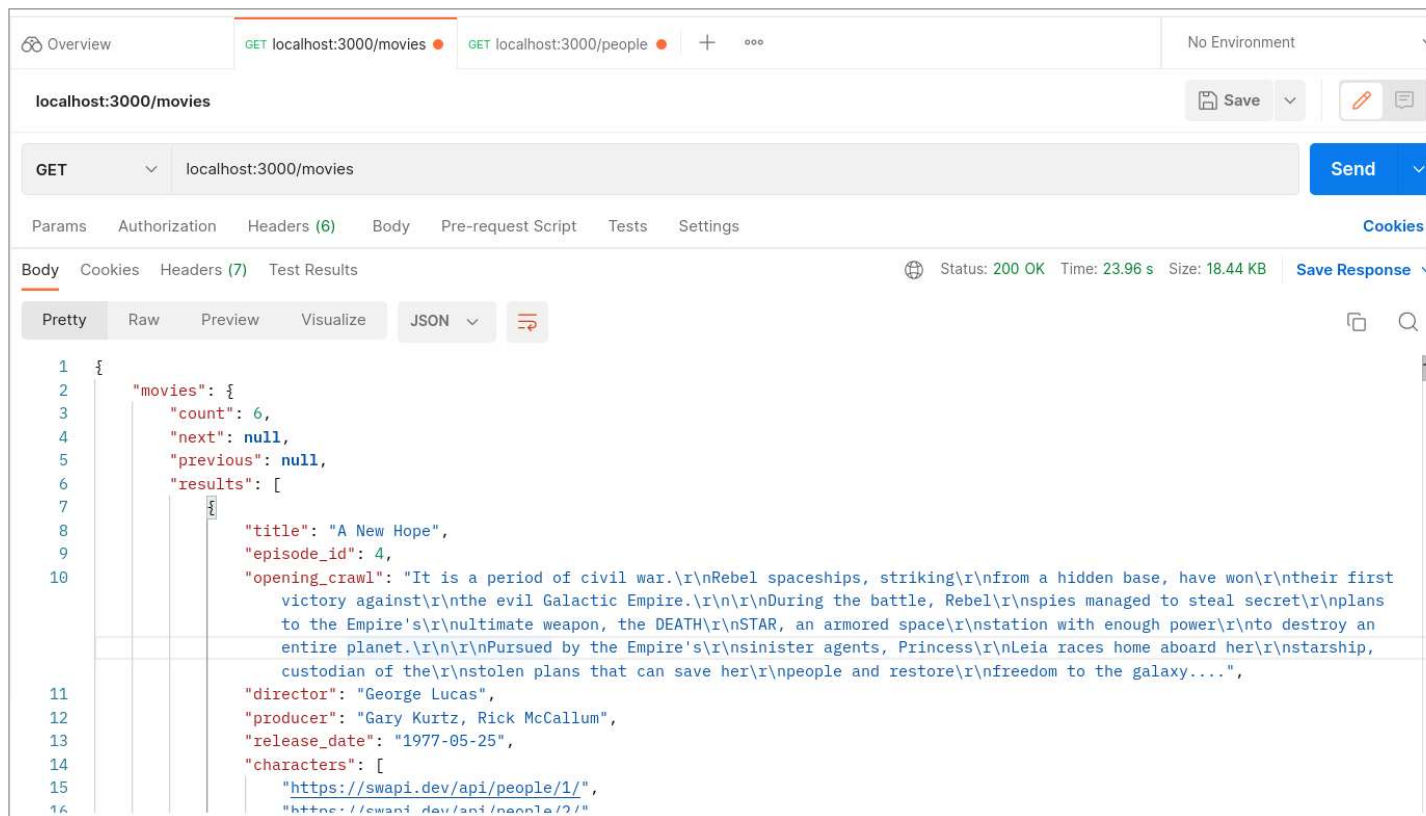
Running the App Fully Containerized – HTTP GET Movies/Characters



Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App Fully Containerized – HTTP GET Movies

5. Test the GET movies endpoint



The screenshot shows a web browser interface for testing HTTP requests. The address bar shows the URL `localhost:3000/movies`. The request method is `GET`. The response status is `200 OK`, the time is `23.96 s`, and the size is `18.44 KB`. The response body is displayed in JSON format, showing a list of movies.

```
{
  "movies": {
    "count": 6,
    "next": null,
    "previous": null,
    "results": [
      {
        "title": "A New Hope",
        "episode_id": 4,
        "opening_crawl": "It is a period of civil war.\r\nRebel spaceships, striking\r\nfrom a hidden base, have won\r\ntheir first victory against\r\nthe evil Galactic Empire.\r\nDuring the battle, Rebel\r\nspies managed to steal secret\r\nplans to the Empire's\r\nultimate weapon, the DEATH\r\nSTAR, an armored space\r\nstation with enough power\r\nto destroy an entire planet.\r\nPursued by the Empire's\r\nsinister agents, Princess\r\nLeia races home aboard her\r\nstarship, custodian of the\r\nstolen plans that can save her\r\npeople and restore\r\nfreedom to the galaxy....",
        "director": "George Lucas",
        "producer": "Gary Kurtz, Rick McCallum",
        "release_date": "1977-05-25",
        "characters": [
          "https://swapi.dev/api/people/1/",
          "https://swapi.dev/api/people/2/"
        ]
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App Fully Containerized – HTTP GET People

6. Test the GET characters endpoint

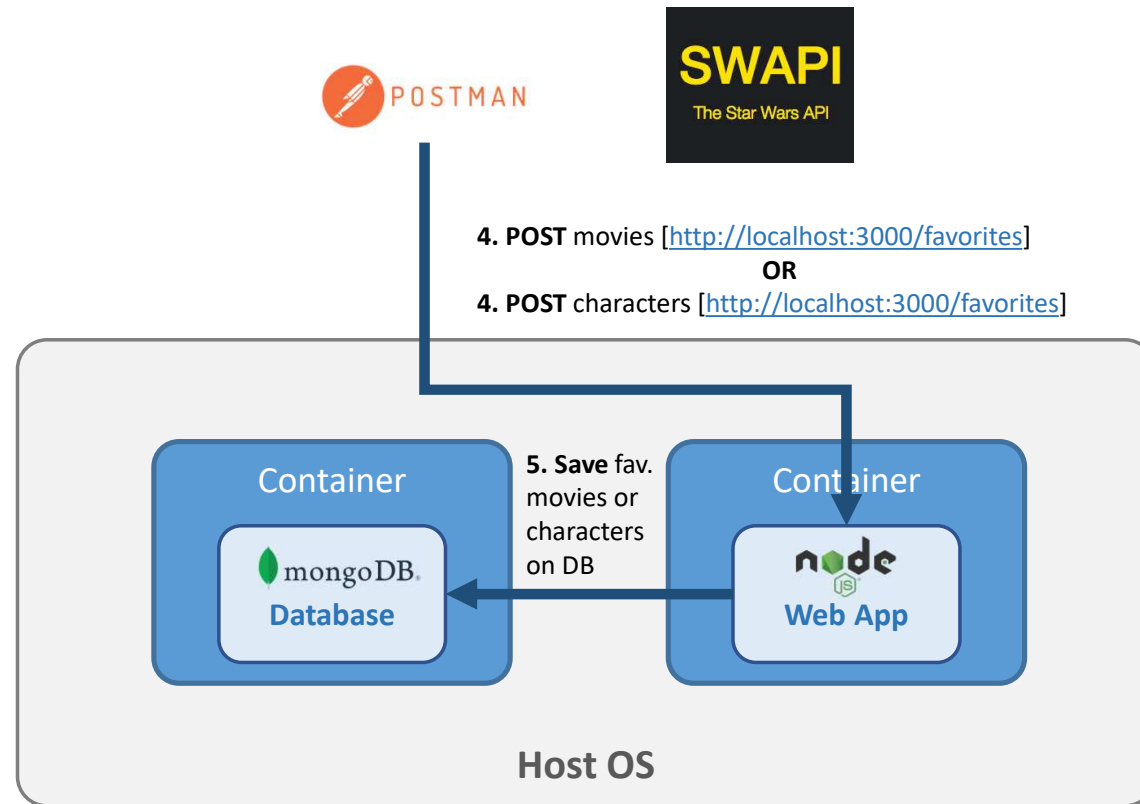
The screenshot shows a REST client interface with the following details:

- Overview:** Two tabs are visible: `GET localhost:3000/movies` and `GET localhost:3000/people`. The second tab is active.
- URL:** `localhost:3000/people`
- Method:** `GET`
- Status:** `200 OK`, Time: `8.48 s`, Size: `5.73 KB`
- Response Body (JSON):**

```
1 {
2   "people": {
3     "count": 82,
4     "next": "https://swapi.dev/api/people/?page=2",
5     "previous": null,
6     "results": [
7       {
8         "name": "Luke Skywalker",
9         "height": "172",
10        "mass": "77",
11        "hair_color": "blond",
12        "skin_color": "fair",
13        "eye_color": "blue",
14        "birth_year": "19BBY",
15        "gender": "male",
16        "homeworld": "https://swapi.dev/api/planets/1/",
17        "films": [
18          "https://swapi.dev/api/films/1/",
19          "https://swapi.dev/api/films/2/",
20          "https://swapi.dev/api/films/3/"
21        ]
22      }
23    ]
24  }
25 }
```

Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App Fully Containerized – HTTP POST Favorite Movies



Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App Fully Containerized – HTTP POST Favorite Movies

7. Test the POST favorites movies/characters endpoint

The screenshot displays a REST client interface with a tab for the endpoint `localhost:3000/favorites`. The request is a `POST` method. The body is formatted as JSON and contains the following data:

```
1 {
2   "name": "Luke Skywalker",
3   "type": "character",
4   "url": "https://swapi.dev/api/people/1/"
5 }
```

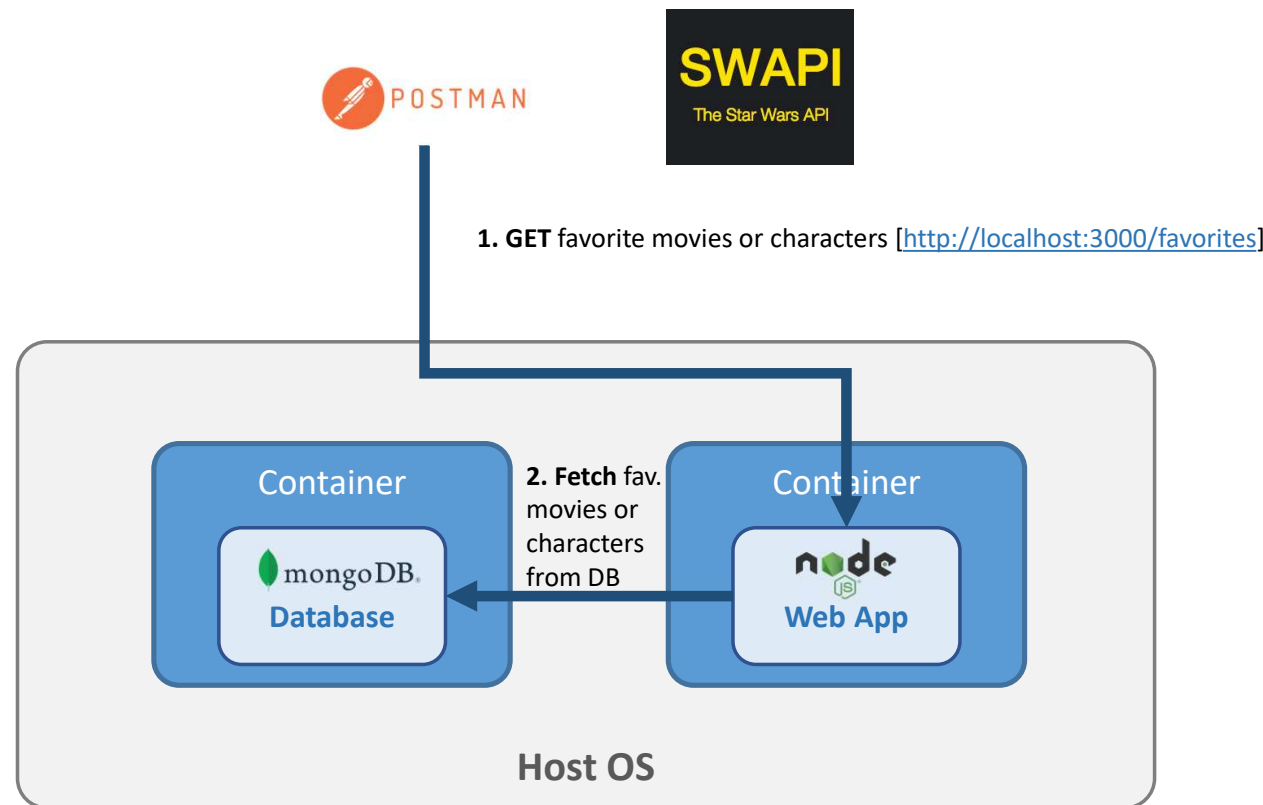
The response is also in JSON format, showing a success message and the saved favorite details:

```
1 {
2   "message": "Favorite saved!",
3   "favorite": {
4     "_id": "63371c135230c8a72bd74a3d",
5     "name": "Luke Skywalker",
6     "type": "character",
7     "url": "https://swapi.dev/api/people/1/",
8     "__v": 0
9   }
10 }
```

At the top, a list of tabs shows other requests: `GET localhost:3000/movies`, `GET localhost:3000/people`, `POST localhost:3000/favorites` (active), and `GET localhost:3000/favorites`. The status bar at the bottom indicates a `201 Created` status, a response time of `15 ms`, and a size of `407 B`.

Favorite Movies Web App Example

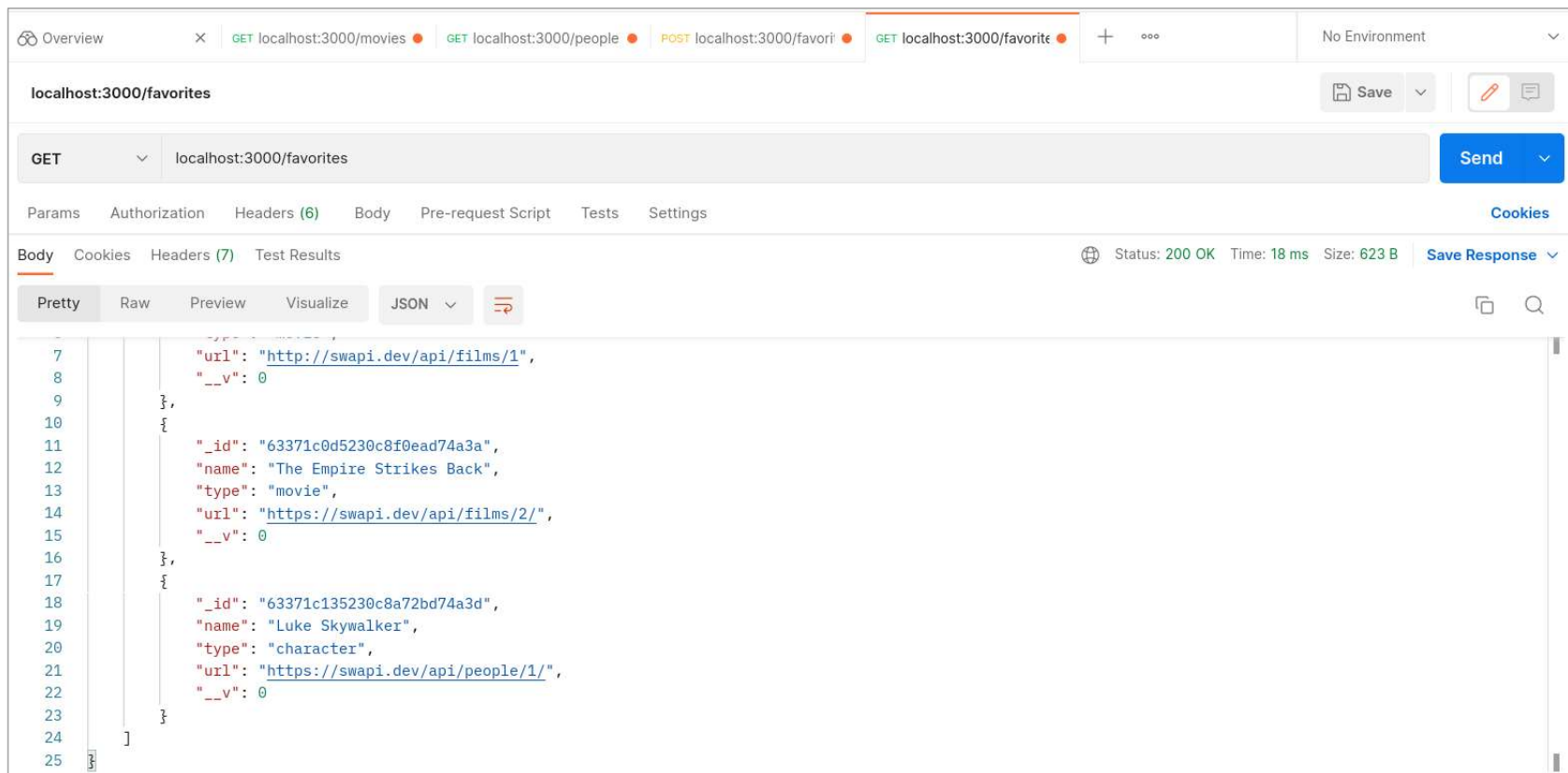
Running the App Fully Containerized – HTTP GET Favorite Movies and Characters from DB



Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App Fully Containerized – HTTP GET Favorite Movies and Characters from DB

8. Test the GET favorites endpoint



The screenshot displays a REST client interface with a tab for the endpoint `localhost:3000/favorites`. The request is a `GET` method. The response status is `200 OK` with a response time of `18 ms` and a size of `623 B`. The response body is shown in JSON format, containing an array of three objects:

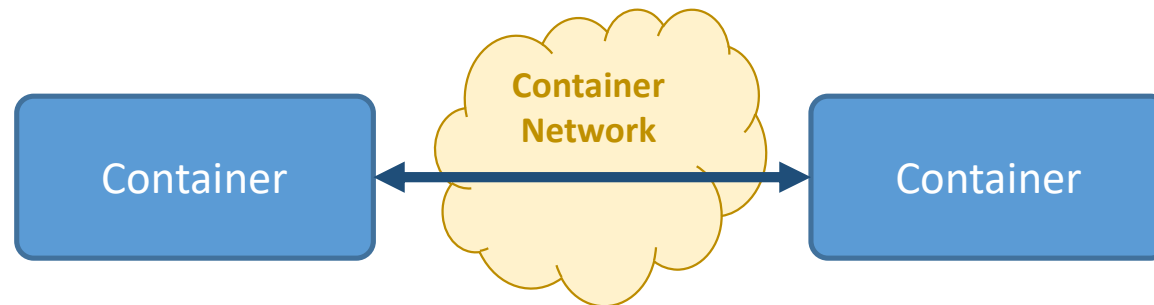
```
[{"url": "http://swapi.dev/api/films/1",
  "_id": "63371c0d5230c8f0ead74a3a",
  "name": "The Empire Strikes Back",
  "type": "movie",
  "url": "https://swapi.dev/api/films/2/"}, {"url": "https://swapi.dev/api/people/1/",
  "_id": "63371c135230c8a72bd74a3d",
  "name": "Luke Skywalker",
  "type": "character"}]
```


Step 5

Running the App **fully** containerized in
a **more simple** way

Container to Container Communication

Create Container Network



- Create a **container network**
 - Creates a network in which all containers are able to communication with each other
- How?

Manage Networks

Objective & Syntax

- Objective
 - Create a docker containers network

docker

network

create

<network-name>

Create a docker network

Favorite Movies Web App Example

Container to Container Communication – Create a Container Network

1. Create a Docker Container Network

```
[user@user-virtualbox networks-starting-setup]$ docker network ls
NETWORK ID          NAME                DRIVER              SCOPE
ba0357c49078        bridge              bridge              local
fb6acb2f75d7        host                host                local
05d13aad88da        none                null                local
[user@user-virtualbox networks-starting-setup]$ docker network create favorites-app-net
6277e7fcd11d5c5a03918a8cf88b2252b3cccc4f85d7884c950fe0aaaf5535d0
[user@user-virtualbox networks-starting-setup]$ docker network ls
NETWORK ID          NAME                DRIVER              SCOPE
ba0357c49078        bridge              bridge              local
6277e7fcd11d        favorites-app-net    bridge              local
fb6acb2f75d7        host                host                local
05d13aad88da        none                null                local
```

Favorite Movies Web App Example

Container to Container Communication – Run MongoDB Container

2. Restart MongoDB Container (connected to the docker network)

```
[user@user-virtualbox networks-starting-setup]$ docker run --name mongodb --rm --network favorites-app-net mongo:4.4.6
{"t":{"$date":"2022-09-30T17:21:11.437+00:00"},"s":"I", "c":"CONTROL", "id":23285, "ctx":"main","msg":"Automatically d
pecify --sslDisabledProtocols 'none'"}
{"t":{"$date":"2022-09-30T17:21:11.460+00:00"},"s":"W", "c":"ASIO", "id":22601, "ctx":"main","msg":"No TransportLay
up"}
{"t":{"$date":"2022-09-30T17:21:11.463+00:00"},"s":"I", "c":"NETWORK", "id":4648601, "ctx":"main","msg":"Implicit TCP Fa
ired, set tcpFastOpenServer, tcpFastOpenClient, and tcpFastOpenQueueSize."}
{"t":{"$date":"2022-09-30T17:21:11.465+00:00"},"s":"I", "c":"STORAGE", "id":4615611, "ctx":"initandlisten","msg":"MongoD
bPath":"/data/db","architecture":"64-bit","host":"5614ddb5c9cb"}}
{"t":{"$date":"2022-09-30T17:21:11.466+00:00"},"s":"I", "c":"CONTROL", "id":23403, "ctx":"initandlisten","msg":"Build
","gitVersion":"72e66213c2c3eab37d9358d5e78ad7f5c1d0d0d7","opensslVersion":"OpenSSL 1.1.1 11 Sep 2018","modules":[],"allo
"ubuntu1804","distarch":"x86_64","target_arch":"x86_64"}}}
{"t":{"$date":"2022-09-30T17:21:11.466+00:00"},"s":"I", "c":"CONTROL", "id":51765, "ctx":"initandlisten","msg":"Operat
version":"18.04"}}}
```

Favorite Movies Web App Example

Container to Container Communication – Build Web App Container Image

3. Change localhost to destination container name - mongodb

```
mongoose.connect(  
  'mongodb://mongodb:27017/swfavorites',  
  { useNewUrlParser: true },
```

4. Build the new web app container

```
[user@user-virtualbox networks-starting-setup]$ docker build -t favorites-app-image .  
Sending build context to Docker daemon 7.168kB  
Step 1/6 : FROM node  
----> 2577ab2cda97  
Step 2/6 : WORKDIR /app  
----> Using cache  
----> d7f83dcc6caf  
Step 3/6 : COPY package.json .  
----> c7abd3a4ae3d  
Step 4/6 : RUN npm install  
----> Running in 8dfeaea8d15f  
npm WARN deprecated axios@0.20.0: Critical security vulnerability fixed in v0.21.1. For  
added 92 packages, and audited 93 packages in 8s
```

Favorite Movies Web App Example

Container to Container Communication – Run Web App Container

5. Restart web app container connected to the docker container network

```
[user@user-virtualbox networks-starting-setup]$ docker run --name favorites-web-app --rm --network favorites-app-net -p 3000:3000 favorites-app-image
(node:1) [MONGODB DRIVER] Warning: Current Server Discovery and Monitoring engine is deprecated, and will be removed in a future version. To use the new S
ver and Monitoring engine, pass option { useUnifiedTopology: true } to the MongoClient constructor.
(Use `node --trace-warnings ...` to show where the warning was created)
```

Favorite Movies Web App Example

Container to Container Communication – HTTP POST Favorite Movies

6. Test the POST favorites movies/characters endpoint

The screenshot displays a REST client interface with a tab for the endpoint `localhost:3000/favorites`. The request is a `POST` method. The body is set to `raw` and contains the following JSON:

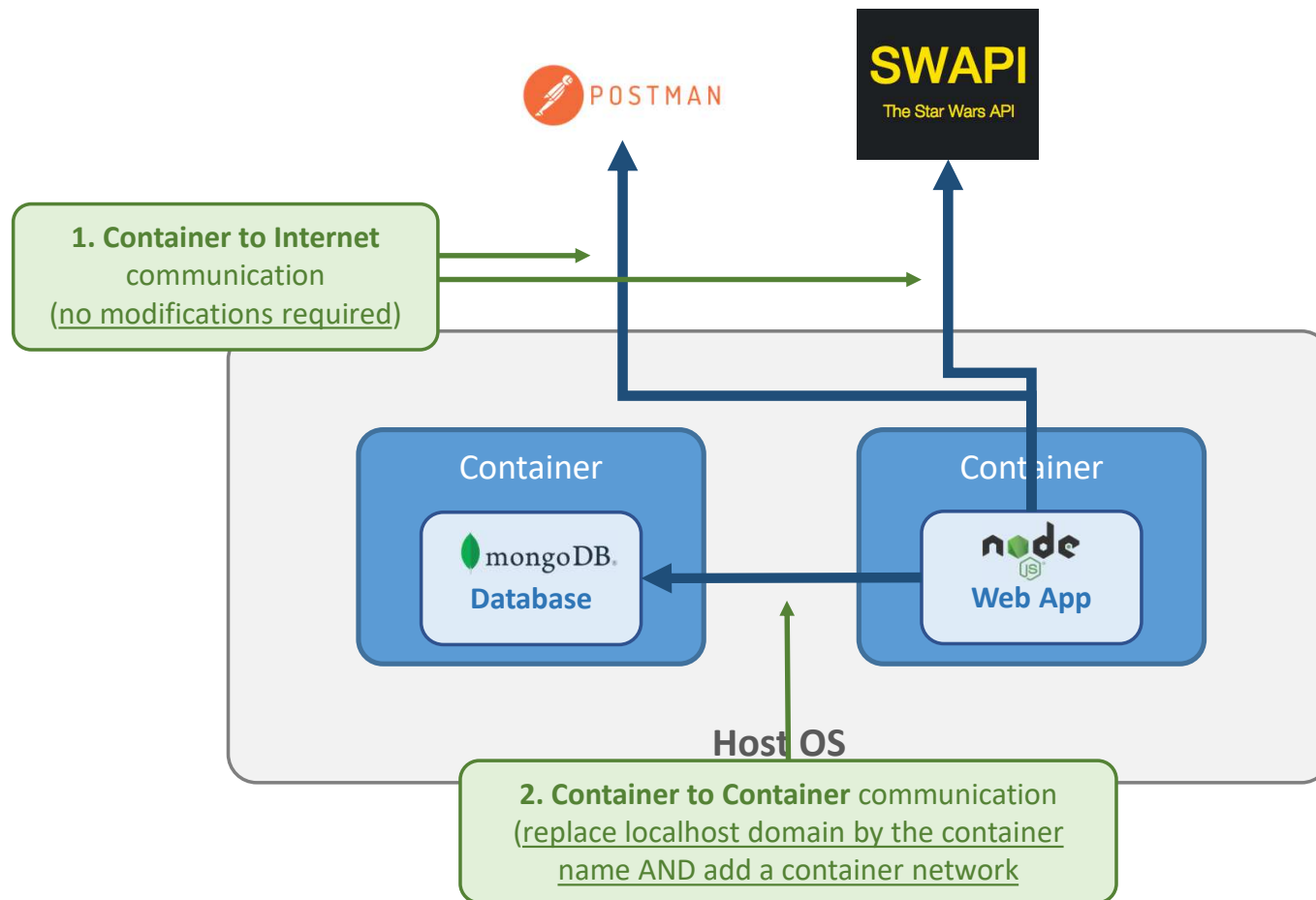
```
1 {
2   "name": "Pedro Neves",
3   "type": "character",
4   "url": "https://swapi.dev/api/people/27/"
5 }
```

The response is shown in the bottom panel, with a status of `201 Created`, a time of `267 ms`, and a size of `405 B`. The response body is formatted as JSON and contains the following data:

```
1 {
2   "message": "Favorite saved!",
3   "favorite": {
4     "_id": "633726bd81440b866f8ddaca",
5     "name": "Pedro Neves",
6     "type": "character",
7     "url": "https://swapi.dev/api/people/27/",
8     "__v": 0
9   }
}
```


Favorite Movies Web App Example

Running the App Fully Containerized



Outline

- Objectives
- Docker Networking Introduction
- Manipulating Docker Networking
- Summary & Bibliography

Summary

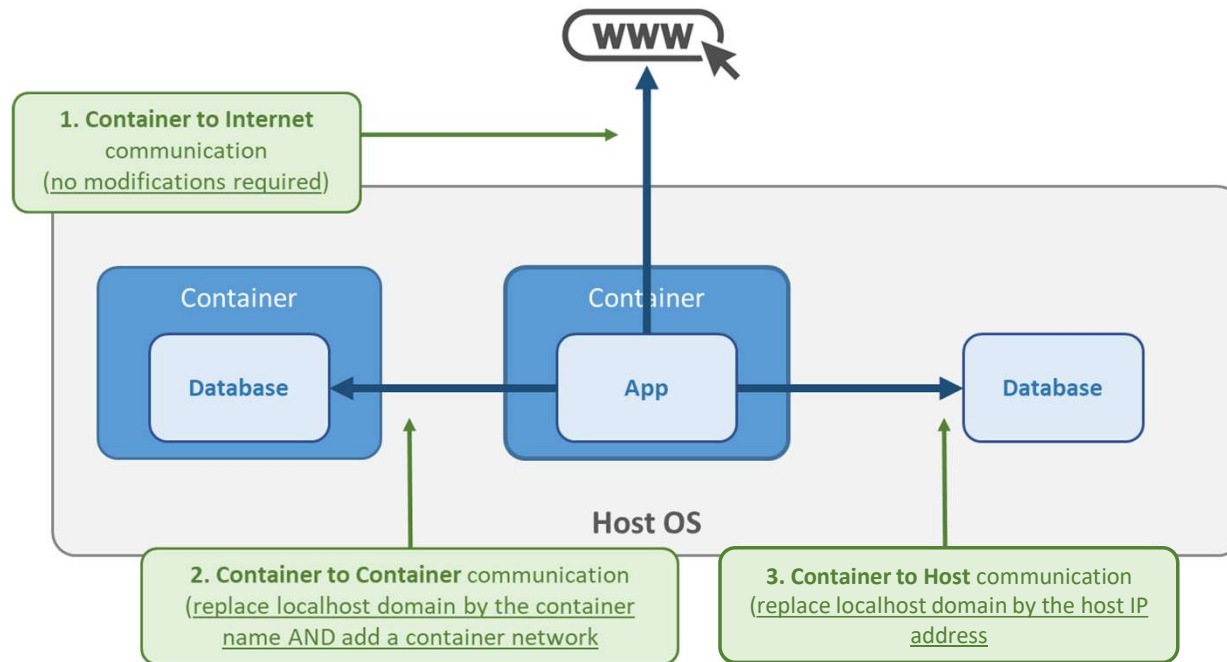
What have you learned

1. Understand how Docker **containers manage** the **communication** with external entities

Summary

What have you learned

1. Understand how Docker **containers manage** the **communication** with external entities



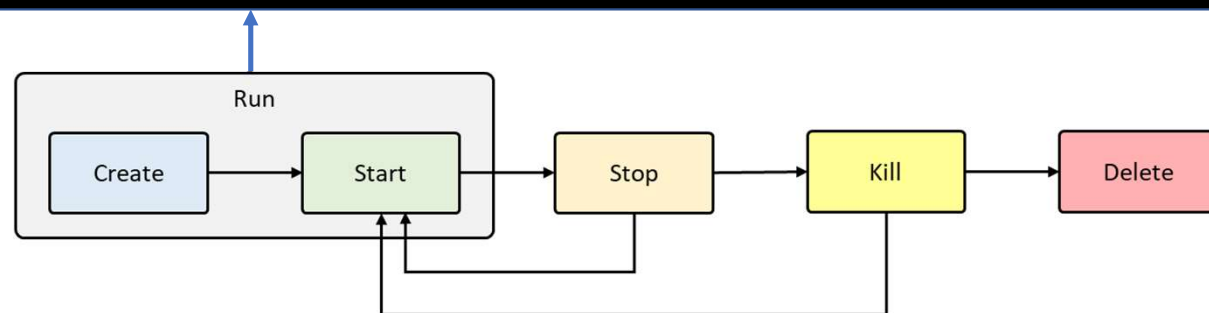
Summary

What have you learned

Update
from
Module 5

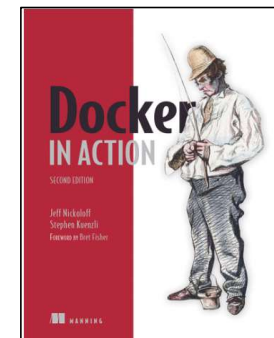
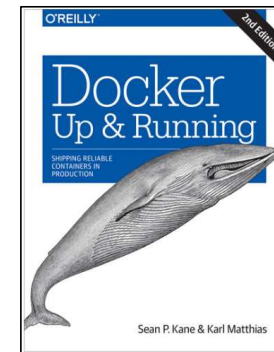
3. Understand the **Docker technology** by manipulating containers during their **lifecycle**

```
docker ps
docker ps -a
docker run -p <port-X:port-Y> -d <image-id>
docker run -p <port-X:port-Y> -d --name <container-name> <image-id>
docker run -p <port-X:port-Y> -d --rm --name <container-name> <image-id>
docker run -p <port-X:port-Y> -d --rm --name <container-name> -v <volume-name:container-path> <image-id>
docker run -p <port-X:port-Y> -d --rm --name <container-name> --network <docker-network> <image-id>
docker run -it <image-name>
docker attach <container-identifier>
docker logs <container-identifier>
```



Bibliography

- **Docker: Up & Running**, 2nd Edition, Sean P. Kane, Karl Matthias, Published by O'Reilly Media, Inc.
- **Docker in Action**, Second Edition, Jeffrey Nickoloff, Stephen Kuenzli, Published by Manning Publications



Next ...

Module 7 – Docker Compose



**Good
Work**