

Interoperability in a national context: elements needed

HISI Conference Dublin

November 14, 2012

Michiel Sprenger, PhD Senior adviser IT & innovation National Institute for IT in Healthcare Technical University of Eindhoven

sprenger@nictiz.nl & m.sprenger@tue.nl



Me...

- Michiel Sprenger, PhD
- Clinical Physicist
- MRI, X-ray, radiotherapy
- → Clinical informatics
- Free University MC, Amsterdam
- Joined Nictiz 2008
- Joined Eindhoven Technical University (part-time), 2010





Nictiz

- Founded in 2002
- The national competence center for health IT
- ~40 fte (fall 2012)
- Tasks:
 - Define and maintain standards
 - Offer knowledge & advice
 - Coordinate on consensus processes for interoperability
- Better care through better information



Presentation Outline

- Introduction
- Architectural & interoperability concepts
- Consequences and examples



Areas for IT in healthcare

EHR, for professionals within institutions

HIE, for professionals, between institutions

 Patient enabling: for patients and their relation with professionals



Today's main focus

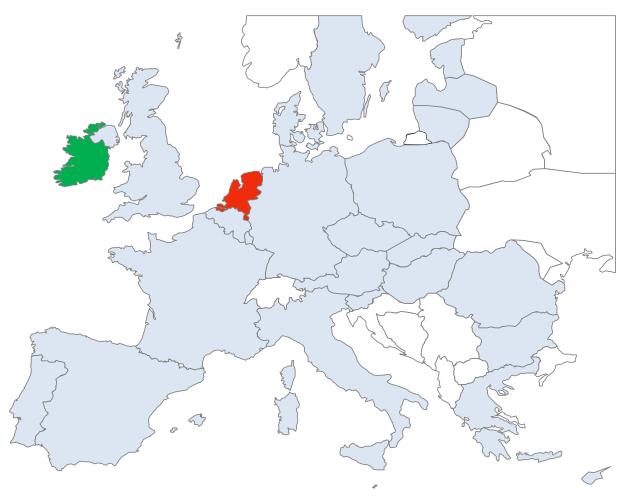
EHR, for professionals within institutions

HIE, for professionals, between institutions

 Patient enabling: for patients and their relation with professionals

The Netherlands in EU





Area: #22/27

Pop: #8/27 (16,7M)



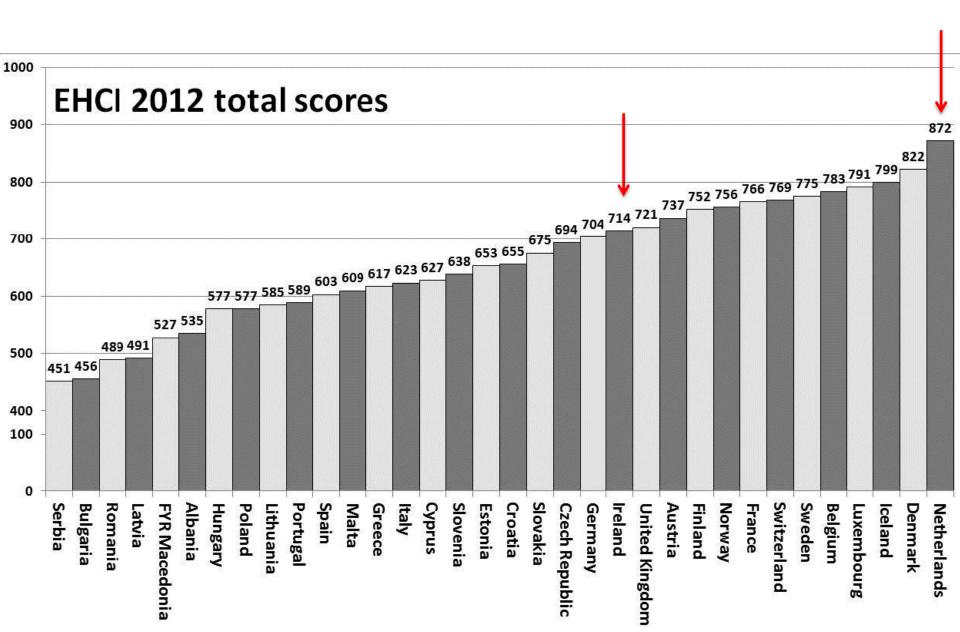
Healthcare in NL

- Organisations private
- Finance: partly regulated:
 - Insurance: basis for everyone, + extra packages
 - Increasing market model
 - Disabled, elderly, etc: National Insurance (AWBZ)
- Total ~80 billion €



Healthcare in NL

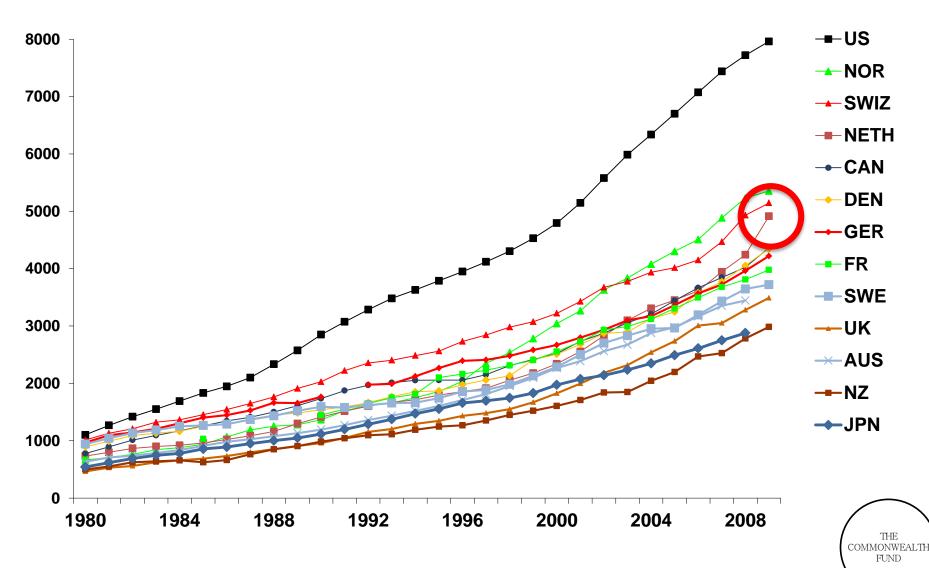
- Well established primary care
- Management of chronic diseases
- Locum tenency services for GP's (1:40)
- 8 academic medical centres
- NL #1 in European Health Consumer Index
- NL high in capital spending in Healthcare



Average Health Care Spending per Capita, 1980–2009

Adjusted for differences in cost of living

Dollars



Source: OECD Health Data 2011 (June 2011).



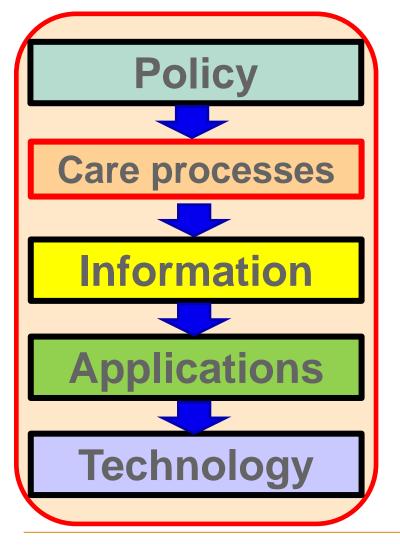
Healthcare in the Netherlands

- Multi-enterprise business model:
- 100 hospitals, 4500 GP practices, 1800 pharmacies, 100 locum tenency services for GP's, each responsable for own finance, medical policies, investments, and IT
- Thus: interoperability problems are large on all levels
- → Urge for standards
- → Much debate ("polder"-model)



5 layers for architecture





Policy makers

Health professionals, managers

Health professionals, Informaticians

Informaticians, IT professionals

IT professionals



Architecture

- Coordinated design on all levels
- With all stakeholders involved

Yields operable solutions

For use within operable organisational units



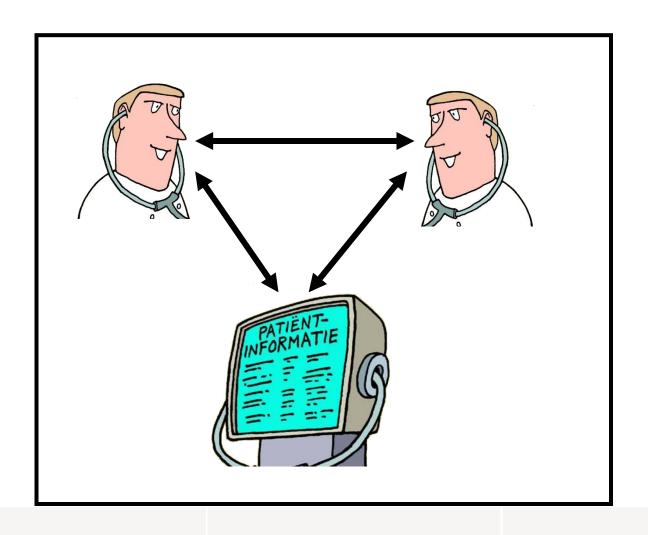
*Inter*operability

- To bring about cooperation between operable units of different nature
- Selective information exchange
- "B2B interactions"

- Traditionally: humans
- Nowadays: humans and systems

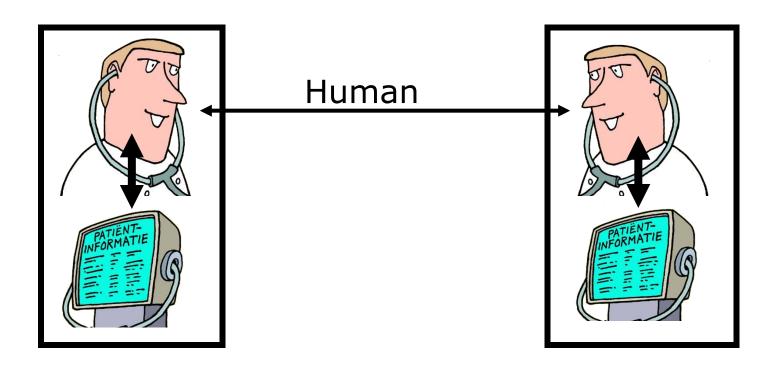


Within institutions



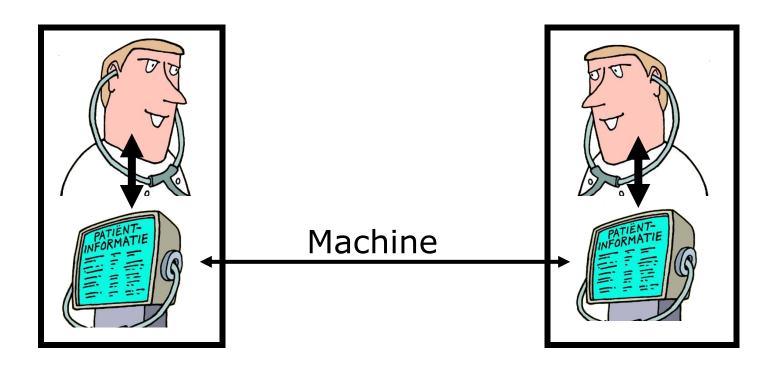


Between institutions



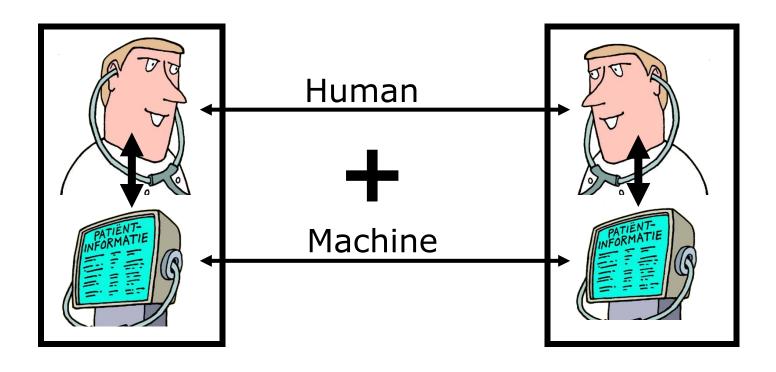


Between institutions



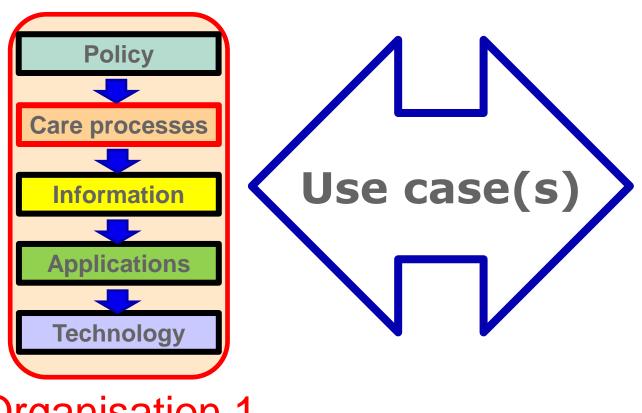


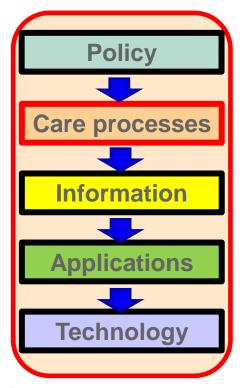
Between institutions



Interoperability



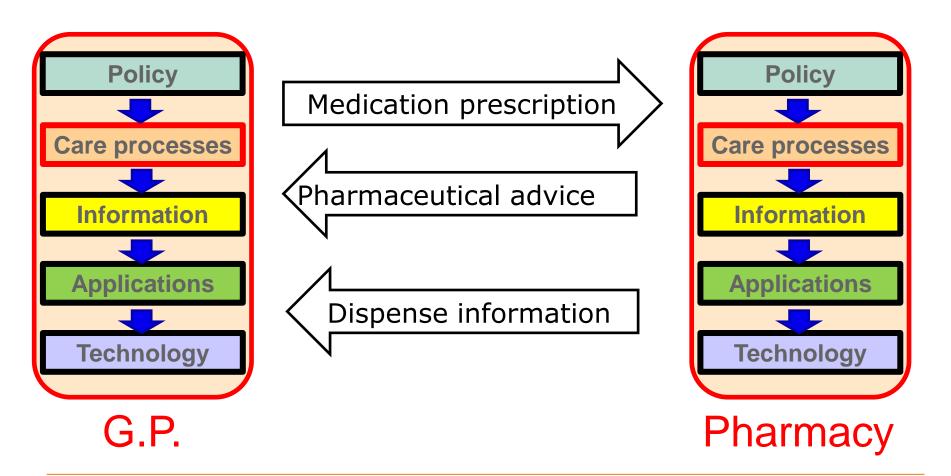




Organisation 2

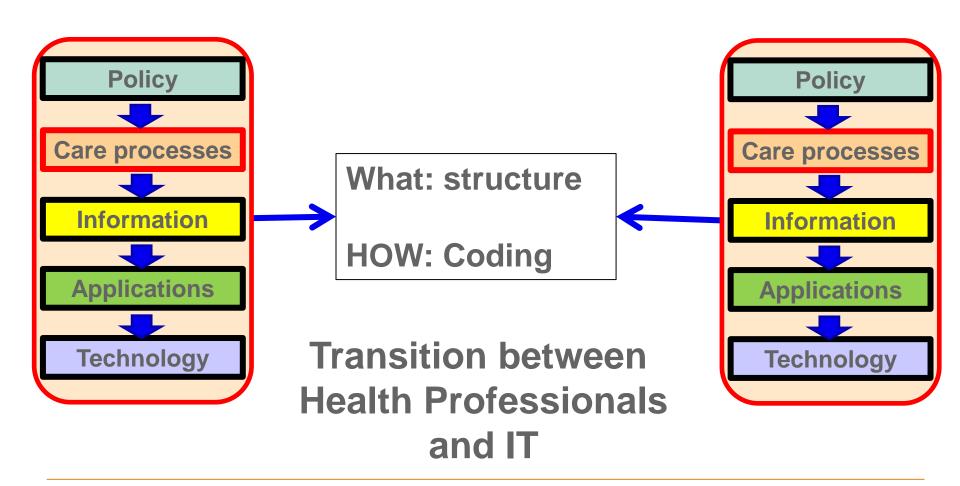
Interoperability: example





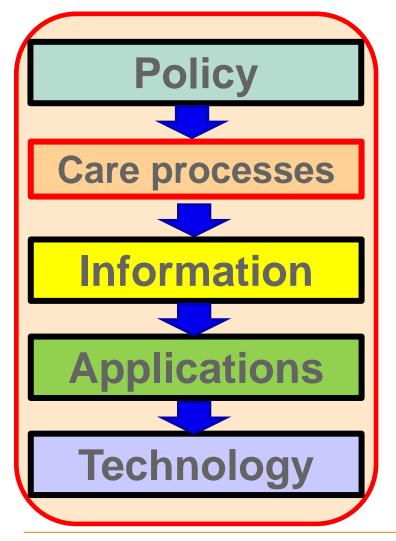
Semantic interoperability





5 layers for architecture





Policy makers

Health professionals, managers

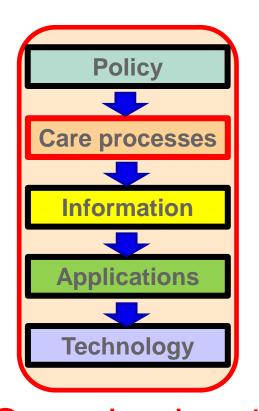
Health professionals, Informaticians

Informaticians, IT professionals

IT professionals

Interoperability





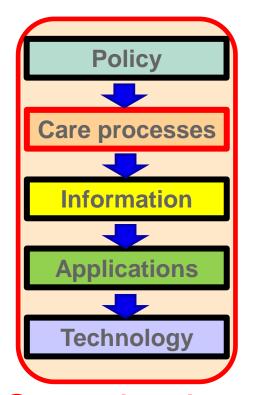
Policy alignment

Cooperation

Information content

Software-coupling

Infrastructure



Organisation 1

Organisation 2



But...

- It only works when it works (on the clinical work floor!!)
- Standardisation, or, at least, agreement, is needed on all levels

- →national coordination and standardisation
- Local (regional) implementation



Agenda thus is 10-fold

Theme	Nationally / globally	Regionally / locally
Policy alignment	Agreements	Local agreements
Cooperation in health care	Guidelines	Regional coordination
Information content	Standards	Implementation
Applications	National agreements with vendors	Implementation in local systems
Infrastructure	Guidelines for safe communication	Creation and operation of infrastructures



With many actors

Theme	Nationally / globally	Regionally / locally
Policy alignment	Autorities, professional societies	Local cooperations
Cooperation in health care	Professional societies Profiling organisations (IHE)	Groups of HP's and/or HCP's
Information content	Professional societies Knowledge institutions SDO's, vendors	Health providers and professionals
Applications	Vendors associations, profiling organisations	HCP's and vendors
Infrastructure	National authorities, vendors	Vendors, HCP's



Build an infrastructure (AORTA)

Theme	Nationally / globally	Regionally / locally
Policy alignment	Autorities, professional societies	Local cooperations
Cooperation in health care	Professional societies Profiling organisations (IHE)	Groups of HP's and/or HCP's
Information content	Professional societies Knowledge institutions SDO's, vendors	Health providers and professionals
Applications	Vendors associations, profiling organisations	HCP's and vendors
Infrastructure	National authorities vendors	Vendors, HCP's



AORTA

- Safe, national infrastructure
- Developed, partly implemented
- 20k messages/yr
- 8,5 M patients in database
- Political debate
- Use cases:
 - Patient summary
 - Overview of recently dispensed medication



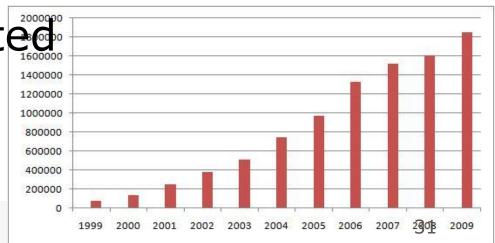
Assist regional organisations

Theme	Nationally / globally	Regionally / locally
Policy alignment	Autorities, professional societies	Local cooperations
Cooperation in health care	Professional societies Profiling organisations (IHE)	Groups of HP's and or HCP's
Information content	Professional societies Knowledge institutions SDO's, vendors	Health providers and professionals
Applications	Vendors associations, profiling organisations	HCP's and vendors
Infrastructure	National authorities, vendors	Vendors, HCP's



Regional developments

- 100M messages /yr, 6/inhabitant
- Medication, lab, discharge
- Growing, 18%/yr
- Old standards (Edifact)
- Safety is doubtful
- Not inter-connected.
- But: initiative is important!





Semantics unification program

Theme	Nationally / globally	Regionally / locally
Policy alignment	Autorities, professional societies	Local cooperations
Cooperation in health care	Professional societies Profiling organisations (IHE)	Groups of HP's and/or HCP's
Information content	Professional societies Knowledge institutions SDO's, vendors	Health providers and professionals
Applications	Vendors associations, profiling organisations	HCP's and vendors
Infrastructure	National authorities, vendors	Vendors, HCP's



Semantics unification

- Led by Nictiz
- Knowledge, advice
- SNOMED has been chosen
- But also others (LOINC, etc)
- Tooling developed ART-DECOR (<u>decor.nictiz.nl</u>)



Cooperation of SDO's in NL

Theme	Nationally / globally	Regionally / locally
Policy alignment	Autorities, professional societies	Local cooperations
Cooperation in health care	Professional societies Profiling organisations (IHE)	Groups of HP's and/or HCP's
Information content	Professional societies Knowledge institutions SDO's, vendors	Health providers and professionals
Applications	Vendors associations, profiling organisations	HCP's and vendors
Infrastructure	National authorities, vendors	Vendors, HCP's



Agreement between SDO's and PDO's

- Standards development: HL7-NL, IHTSDO (SNOMED)
- Profile development: IHE-NL
- NEN: national standards institute
- Nictiz: coordination, chairing
- Per december 1st: formal agreement, press release



Conclusions in the Netherlands (2012)

- Build one competence center that
 - Offers knowledge & advice
 - Coordinates
 - Stimulates
 - Fosters consensus processes
 - Publishes and maitains consensus outcomes
- But does NOT build one particular solution



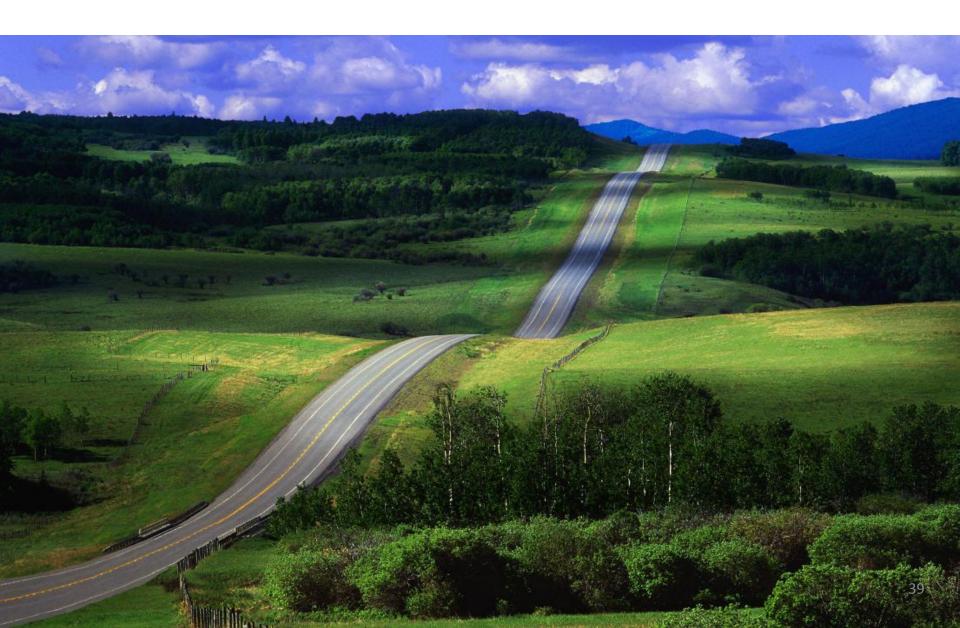
Interoperability: directions forward

- Profiling: predefined and pre-solved use cases, internationally agreed: IHE, Continua, etc
- European harmonisation of approaches, e.g. EIF (eHealth Interoperability Framework)
- Participation in epSOS
- Semantic unification in NL: large program
- Role of the patient will become crucial



Over-all conclusions in NL

- Technology is NOT the solution
- Decouple standardisation from infrastructure (development, implementation and operation)
 - Scales are different
 - Kills the independence, and thus hampers interoperability
 - There is always more needed (than in one infrastructure available)





further information...

www.nictiz.nl

sprenger@nictiz.nl

