

```
[
  {
    "question": "What is India according to the Union and its Territory?",
    "answer": "India, that is Bharat, shall be a Union of States."
  },
  {
    "question": "How is India, that is Bharat, defined in terms of its political structure?",
    "answer": "India, that is Bharat, is defined as a Union of States according to the provisions of the Constitution."
  },
  {
    "question": "What does the territory of India comprise of?",
    "answer": "The territory of India shall comprise the territories of the States, the Union Territories, and the National Capital Territory of Delhi."
  },
  {
    "question": "What does the territory of a country, such as India, comprise of, and how is it defined?",
    "answer": "The territory of a country like India comprises the territories of the States, the Union Territories, and the National Capital Territory of Delhi."
  },
  {
    "question": "Who has the authority to admit or establish new States into the Union?",
    "answer": "Parliament may by law admit into the Union, or establish, new States."
  },
  {
    "question": "Who can, by law, admit or establish new States into the Union?",
    "answer": "Parliament"
  },
  {
    "question": "Under what circumstances can a new State be formed?",
    "answer": "A new State can be formed by separation of territory from any State or by cession of territory to it, or by merger of territory into it, or by any other means."
  }
]
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are the ways in which a new State can be formed?",
  "answer": "A new State can be formed by separation of territory from any State",
},
{
  "question": "What power does the Parliament have over the area and boundaries of States?",
  "answer": "Parliament may by law increase the area of any State, diminish the area of any State",
},
{
  "question": "What can Parliament do by law in relation to the area, boundaries or name of any States?",
  "answer": "Parliament may by law increase the area of any State, diminish the area of any State",
},
{
  "question": "Can a Bill for altering the area, boundaries or name of any States be introduced in either House of Parliament?",
  "answer": "No, a Bill for the purpose shall not be introduced in either House of Parliament",
},
{
  "question": "What is required for a Bill to be introduced in either House of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The Bill can only be introduced on the recommendation of the President",
},
{
  "question": "What does 'State' include in clauses (a) to (e)?",
  "answer": "In clauses (a) to (e), 'State' includes a Union territory.",
},
{
  "question": "What does 'State' refer to in clauses (a) to (e)?",
  "answer": "A Union territory"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Does 'State' include a Union territory in the proviso?",
  "answer": "In the proviso, 'State' does not include a Union territory."
},
{
  "question": "What does 'State' refer to in the proviso? Does it include a Union t",
  "answer": "In the proviso, 'State' refers to a geographical and administrative re",
},
{
  "question": "What does the power conferred on Parliament by clause (a) includ",
  "answer": "The power conferred on Parliament by clause (a) includes the pow",
},
{
  "question": "What does the formation of a new State or Union territory by unitin",
  "answer": "The formation of a new State or Union territory by uniting a part of a",
},
{
  "question": "What does any law referred to in article 2 or article 3 contain?",
  "answer": "Such law contains provisions for the amendment of the First Sched",
},
{
  "question": "What do the provisions of a law referred to in article 2 or article 3 t",
  "answer": "These laws typically contain provisions for the amendment of the F",
},
{
  "question": "What is not considered an amendment of the Constitution under t",
  "answer": "Any law referred to in article 2 or article 3 is not deemed to be an a
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the status of any law referred to in article 2 or article 3 in t
  "answer": "Any law referred to in article 2 or article 3 is not deemed to be an a
},
{
  "question": "Who is considered a citizen of India at the commencement of the
  "answer": "Every person who has his domicile in the territory of India and was
},
{
  "question": "What are the criteria for a person to be considered a citizen of Ind
  "answer": "A person will be considered a citizen of India at the commencement
},
{
  "question": "Who is deemed to be a citizen of India if they migrated from Pakis
  "answer": "A person who has migrated to the territory of India from the territory
},
{
  "question": "What are the conditions for a person migrating from Pakistan to b
  "answer": "A person who has migrated to the territory of India from the territory
},
{
  "question": "Who can be registered as a citizen of India?",
  "answer": "A person can be registered as a citizen of India by an officer appoin
},
{
  "question": "What is the process and eligibility for a person to be registered as
  "answer": "A person can be registered as a citizen of India by an officer appoin
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the condition for a migrant to Pakistan to not be deemed a",
  "answer": "A person who has migrated from the territory of India to the territory",
},
{
  "question": "When would a person who migrated from India to Pakistan after M",
  "answer": "If they have returned to the territory of India under a permit for rese",
},
{
  "question": "What are the rights of citizenship for certain persons of Indian orig",
  "answer": "Any person who or either of whose parents or any of whose grand-",
},
{
  "question": "Who is deemed to be a citizen of India if registered by the diploma",
  "answer": "Any person who or either of whose parents or any of whose grand-",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a person voluntarily acquires citizenship of a fore",
  "answer": "No person shall be a citizen of India if he has voluntarily acquired th",
},
{
  "question": "What is the consequence according to Indian law if a person volun",
  "answer": "No person shall be a citizen of India if he has voluntarily acquired th",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to make provisions with respect to the acquisi",
  "answer": "The Parliament has the power to make any provision with respect t
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to make any provision with respect to the acquittal of an accused?",
  "answer": "The Parliament has the power."
},
{
  "question": "What is the definition of 'the State' in the context of Indian law?",
  "answer": "'The State' includes the Government and Parliament of India and the officers and servants of the Government of India."
},
{
  "question": "What entities are included in 'the State' according to Indian law?",
  "answer": "'The State' includes the Government and Parliament of India and the officers and servants of the Government of India."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to laws that are inconsistent with the provisions of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "All laws in force in the territory of India immediately before the commencement of the Constitution are subject to the provisions of the Constitution."
},
{
  "question": "What is the status of laws in force in the territory of India that are inconsistent with the provisions of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "All laws in force in the territory of India immediately before the commencement of the Constitution are subject to the provisions of the Constitution."
},
{
  "question": "What is the definition of 'law' and 'laws in force' in the context of Indian law?",
  "answer": "'Law' includes any Ordinance, order, bye-law, rule, regulation, notification or other instrument having the force of law."
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'Law' and 'laws in force' include according to the Constitution?",
  "answer": "'Law' includes any Ordinance, order, bye-law, rule, regulation, notification or other instrument having the force of law."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the Right to Equality state in the Constitution of India?",
  "answer": "The Right to Equality states that the state shall not deny to any per
},
{
  "question": "Does the Constitution of India provide any specific protections or p
  "answer": "Yes, according to the Right to Equality in the Constitution of India, t
},
{
  "question": "What exceptions are there to the prohibition of discrimination in th
  "answer": "The Constitution allows the State to make special provisions for wo
},
{
  "question": "What special provisions does the Indian Constitution allow the Sta
  "answer": "The Constitution allows the State to make special provisions for the
},
{
  "question": "What does article 14 of the Constitution of India state?",
  "answer": "Article 14 states that the State shall not deny to any person equality
},
{
  "question": "Which article of the Constitution of India states that the State sha
  "answer": "Article 14"
},
{
  "question": "What is prohibited by article 15 of the Constitution of India?",
  "answer": "Article 15 prohibits discrimination on grounds of religion, race, cast
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which article of the Constitution of India states that no citizen shall be deprived of his property without compensation?",
  "answer": "Article 15 of the Constitution of India states this."
},
{
  "question": "What does sub-clause (g) of clause (1) of article 19 or clause (2) of article 29 mean?",
  "answer": "It does not prevent the State from making any special provision for the advancement of any socially and educationally backward classes of citizens or for the advancement of any Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes."
},
{
  "question": "What special provisions does sub-clause (g) of clause (1) of article 19 or clause (2) of article 29 make?",
  "answer": "Sub-clause (g) of clause (1) of article 19 or clause (2) of article 29 allows the State to make special provisions for the advancement of any socially and educationally backward classes of citizens or for the advancement of any Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes."
},
{
  "question": "What does 'economically weaker sections' refer to in the context of article 16?",
  "answer": "'Economically weaker sections' refers to groups that may be notified by the State as economically weaker sections for the purpose of reservation in public employment."
},
{
  "question": "Who does the State notify as part of the 'economically weaker sections'?",
  "answer": "'Economically weaker sections' refers to groups that may be notified by the State as economically weaker sections for the purpose of reservation in public employment."
},
{
  "question": "What provisions does article 16 make for equality of opportunity?",
  "answer": "Article 16 ensures equality of opportunity for all citizens in matters relating to employment or appointment to any office in the State."
},
{
  "question": "Which article of the constitution prohibits discrimination on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth?",
  "answer": "Article 16 prohibits discrimination on these grounds in matters relating to employment or appointment to any office in the State."
}
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Can any law prescribe a requirement as to residence within a State?",
  "answer": "Yes, nothing in this article prevents Parliament from making a law to that effect.",
},
{
  "question": "Does anything in this article prevent Parliament from making a law to that effect?",
  "answer": "No, nothing in this article prevents Parliament from making such a law.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the article state about the reservation of appointments or posts?",
  "answer": "The article states that the State can make provision for the reservation of appointments or posts.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can make provision for the reservation of appointments or posts?",
  "answer": "The State can make provision for the reservation of appointments or posts.",
},
{
  "question": "What does clause 4A of the article state about reservation in matters of appointments or posts?",
  "answer": "Clause 4A states that the State can make provision for reservation in matters of appointments or posts.",
},
{
  "question": "Which clause allows the State to make provision for reservation in matters of appointments or posts?",
  "answer": "Clause 4A of the article allows this.",
},
{
  "question": "What does clause 4B of the article state about unfilled vacancies?",
  "answer": "Clause 4B states that the State can consider any unfilled vacancies as if they were appointments or posts.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does clause 4B state about how the State can consider any",
  "answer": "Clause 4B states that the State can consider any unfilled vacancies",
},
{
  "question": "What does the article say about the reservation of appointments f",
  "answer": "The article states that the State can make provision for the reserva",
},
{
  "question": "What provisions can the State make for the reservation of appoint",
  "answer": "The State can make provision for the reservation of appointments o",
},
{
  "question": "What does the article 17 state about untouchability?",
  "answer": "Article 17 states that “Untouchability” is abolished and its practice i",
},
{
  "question": "Which article states that the practice of 'Untouchability' is abolishe",
  "answer": "Article 17 states that 'Untouchability' is abolished and its practice in",
},
{
  "question": "What is the punishment for enforcing disability arising out of 'Unto",
  "answer": "It shall be an offence punishable in accordance with law.",
},
{
  "question": "What will happen if someone enforces disability arising out of 'Unt",
  "answer": "It shall be an offence punishable in accordance with law."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Can the state confer any titles?",
  "answer": "No title, not being a military or academic distinction, shall be conferred",
},
{
  "question": "What types of titles can the State not confer?",
  "answer": "The State cannot confer any title that is not a military or academic distinction",
},
{
  "question": "Can a citizen of India accept any title from any foreign State?",
  "answer": "No citizen of India shall accept any title from any foreign State.",
},
{
  "question": "Is it allowed for an Indian citizen to accept a title from a foreign State?",
  "answer": "No, it is not allowed for an Indian citizen to accept any title from any foreign State.",
},
{
  "question": "Can a non-citizen of India holding an office of profit or trust under the Government accept any title?",
  "answer": "No person who is not a citizen of India shall, while he holds any office of profit or trust under the Government, accept any title from any foreign State.",
},
{
  "question": "Who needs the consent of the President to accept any title from a foreign State?",
  "answer": "A person who is not a citizen of India needs the consent of the President to accept any title from a foreign State.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the rights of citizens under the Right to Freedom?",
  "answer": "All citizens shall have the right to freedom of speech and expression, and the right to assemble peaceably and without arms, and the right to form associations or unions, and the right to move freely throughout the territory of India, and the right to reside in any part of the territory of India.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the Right to Freedom grant to all citizens in terms of sp",
  "answer": "The Right to Freedom grants all citizens the right to freedom of spe",
},
{
  "question": "Can the State make any law imposing restrictions on the exercise",
  "answer": "Yes, in so far as such law imposes reasonable restrictions on the e",
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances can the State impose restrictions on the",
  "answer": "The State can impose restrictions on the exercise of the right to fre",
},
{
  "question": "What does sub-clause (c) of the clause allow the state to do?",
  "answer": "Sub-clause (c) allows the state to make any law imposing reasonab",
},
{
  "question": "What does sub-clause (c) allow the state to impose on the exercis",
  "answer": "Sub-clause (c) allows the state to impose any law imposing reason",
},
{
  "question": "What does sub-clauses (d) and (e) of the clause allow the state to",
  "answer": "Sub-clauses (d) and (e) allow the state to make any law imposing r",
},
{
  "question": "What do sub-clauses (d) and (e) allow the state to impose on the",
  "answer": "Sub-clauses (d) and (e) allow the state to impose any law imposing
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does sub-clause (g) of the clause allow the state to do?",
  "answer": "Sub-clause (g) allows the state to make any law imposing reasonable",
},
{
  "question": "What does sub-clause (g) allow the state to impose on the exercise",
  "answer": "Sub-clause (g) allows the state to make any law imposing reasonable",
},
{
  "question": "What protection is provided in respect of conviction for offences?",
  "answer": "No person shall be convicted of any offence except for violation of a",
},
{
  "question": "What does the law state about the conviction of a person for any offence",
  "answer": "No person shall be convicted of any offence except for violation of a",
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean to be prosecuted and punished for the same offence",
  "answer": "No person shall be prosecuted and punished for the same offence",
},
{
  "question": "What is the legal principle that prevents a person from being prosecuted",
  "answer": "The principle that no person shall be prosecuted and punished for the same",
},
{
  "question": "Can a person accused of any offence be compelled to testify against himself",
  "answer": "No, a person accused of an offence shall not be compelled to be a witness",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Is it permitted for a person accused of an offence to be forced to b",
  "answer": "No, a person accused of an offence shall not be compelled to be a",
},
{
  "question": "What is the right to life and personal liberty?",
  "answer": "The right to life and personal liberty means that no person shall be",
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean when a person is not deprived of his life or per",
  "answer": "It means the person is exercising their right to life and personal libe",
},
{
  "question": "What is the right to education?",
  "answer": "The right to education means that the State shall provide free and c",
},
{
  "question": "What does the State provide to all children of the age of six to fou",
  "answer": "The State provides the right to free and compulsory education.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the protections against arrest and detention in certain ca",
  "answer": "The protections against arrest and detention in certain cases includ",
},
{
  "question": "What rights does a person have when arrested or detained, includ",
  "answer": "When arrested or detained, a person has the right to be informed o
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who is exempt from the protections against arrest and detention?",
  "answer": "The protections against arrest and detention do not apply to any pe
},
{
  "question": "To whom do the protections against arrest and detention not apply?",
  "answer": "The protections against arrest and detention do not apply to any pe
},
{
  "question": "What are the conditions for preventive detention for more than thr
  "answer": "No law providing for preventive detention shall authorise the detent
},
{
  "question": "Who needs to report before the expiration of three months for a p
  "answer": "An Advisory Board consisting of persons who are, or have been, or
},
{
  "question": "What does the authority have to communicate to a person who is
  "answer": "The authority making the order shall communicate to such person t
},
{
  "question": "What should be communicated to a detained person by the autho
  "answer": "The authority making the order shall communicate to such person t
},
{
  "question": "What can the Parliament prescribe according to clause (7)?",
  "answer": "Parliament may by law prescribe the circumstances under which a
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What circumstances, maximum detention period, and Advisory Board are required for a valid detention order under Article 22(4) of the Constitution of India?",
  "answer": "According to clause (7), Parliament may by law prescribe the circumstances, maximum period of detention, and the composition of the Advisory Board.",
},
{
  "question": "What does article 23 of 'THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA' state?",
  "answer": "Article 23 states that traffic in human beings and begar and other similar practices are prohibited in India.",
},
{
  "question": "Which article of 'THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA' states that trafficking in human beings is prohibited?",
  "answer": "Article 23"
},
{
  "question": "Can the State impose compulsory service for public purposes according to Article 23?",
  "answer": "Yes, nothing in this article shall prevent the State from imposing compulsory service for public purposes.",
},
{
  "question": "What does article 23 state about the State imposing compulsory service for public purposes?",
  "answer": "Article 23 states that nothing shall prevent the State from imposing compulsory service for public purposes.",
},
{
  "question": "What is not required by the authority making a detention order as per Article 22(4)?",
  "answer": "The authority making a detention order is not required to disclose facts to the person detained.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the authority making a detention order consider to be a valid detention order?",
  "answer": "The authority making a detention order considers the facts which are relevant to the detention order."
}
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is prohibited in terms of employment of children?",
  "answer": "No child below the age of fourteen years shall be employed to work",
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum age for a child to be legally employed in any",
  "answer": "The minimum age for a child to be legally employed in any factory,",
},
{
  "question": "What are persons entitled to in terms of religion?",
  "answer": "All persons are equally entitled to freedom of conscience and the ri",
},
{
  "question": "What rights are all persons equally entitled to with regard to religio",
  "answer": "All persons are equally entitled to freedom of conscience and the ri",
},
{
  "question": "What can the State regulate or restrict in relation to religion?",
  "answer": "The State can regulate or restrict any economic, financial, political",
},
{
  "question": "What types of activities associated with religious practice can the",
  "answer": "The State can regulate or restrict any economic, financial, political",
},
{
  "question": "What rights does every religious denomination or any section ther",
  "answer": "Every religious denomination or any section thereof has the right to
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What can a religious denomination or any section thereof do with
  "answer": "Every religious denomination or any section thereof has the right to
},
{
  "question": "What is the rule regarding payment of taxes for promotion of any p
  "answer": "No person shall be compelled to pay any taxes, the proceeds of wh
},
{
  "question": "Are individuals required to pay taxes that are utilized for promoting
  "answer": "No, no person shall be compelled to pay any taxes, the proceeds o
},
{
  "question": "What does clause 28 state about religious instruction in state-fund
  "answer": "Clause 28 states that no religious instruction shall be provided in a
},
{
  "question": "What does Clause 28 state about providing religious instruction in
  "answer": "Clause 28 states that no religious instruction shall be provided in a
},
{
  "question": "What rights are mentioned in section 29 regarding minorities and
  "answer": "Section 29 protects the interests of minorities by stating that any se
},
{
  "question": "What does section 29 state about the rights of citizens with a disti
  "answer": "Section 29 protects the interests of minorities by stating that any se
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the right of minorities to establish and administer educational institutions?",
  "answer": "According to section 30, all minorities, whether based on religion or language, shall have the right to establish and administer educational institutions of their choice.",
},
{
  "question": "Who are granted the rights to establish and administer educational institutions?",
  "answer": "All minorities, whether based on religion or language, are granted the right to establish and administer educational institutions of their choice.",
},
{
  "question": "What provision is made for the compulsory acquisition of property for educational purposes?",
  "answer": "In the event of compulsory acquisition of any property of an educational institution for educational purposes, the State shall ensure that the amount fixed by or determined under any law made in that behalf by the State shall not be less than the amount fixed by or determined under any law made in that behalf by the State.",
},
{
  "question": "What should the State ensure in the event of compulsory acquisition of property for educational purposes?",
  "answer": "The State shall ensure that the amount fixed by or determined under any law made in that behalf by the State shall not be less than the amount fixed by or determined under any law made in that behalf by the State.",
},
{
  "question": "Can the State discriminate against any educational institution on the ground of its religious character?",
  "answer": "No, the State shall not discriminate against any educational institution on the ground of its religious character.",
},
{
  "question": "Is it permitted for the State to discriminate against an educational institution on the ground of its religious character?",
  "answer": "No, the State is not allowed to discriminate against any educational institution on the ground of its religious character.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the law provide for the acquisition of estates and rights in educational institutions?",
  "answer": "The law provides for the acquisition by the State of any estate or right in educational institutions for educational purposes.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the law say about the State's ability to acquire any estate or of",
  "answer": "The law provides for the acquisition by the State of any estate or of",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can the state take over the management o",
  "answer": "The State can take over the management of any property for a limit",
},
{
  "question": "For what reasons and for how long can the State take over the ma",
  "answer": "The State can take over the management of any property for a limit",
},
{
  "question": "When can the rights of managing agents, secretaries, treasurers,",
  "answer": "The rights of managing agents, secretaries, treasurers, managing c",
},
{
  "question": "How can the rights of managing agents, secretaries, treasurers, m",
  "answer": "The rights of these positions can be extinguished or modified by law",
},
{
  "question": "What is the provision for the extinguishment or modification of any",
  "answer": "The law provides for the extinguishment or modification of any right",
},
{
  "question": "What does the law say about the premature termination or cancel",
  "answer": "The law provides for the extinguishment or modification of any right"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "When does the provisions of this article not apply to a law made b
  "answer": "The provisions of this article do not apply to a law made by the Leg
},
{
  "question": "In what condition does the provisions of this article apply to a law
  "answer": "The provisions of this article apply to a law made by the Legislature
},
{
  "question": "What is the condition for the State to acquire any portion of person
  "answer": "The state can acquire any portion of such land only if the law relat
},
{
  "question": "What does the law state about the compensation for personal cult
  "answer": "The law states that the state can acquire any portion of personal cu
},
{
  "question": "How is the term 'estate' defined in the constitution of India?",
  "answer": "The term 'estate' is defined as having the same meaning as that ex
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'estate' include as per the constitution of India
  "answer": "The term 'estate' includes any jagir, inam or muafi or other similar g
},
{
  "question": "What is included in the term 'rights' related to an estate according
  "answer": "The term 'rights' in relation to an estate, shall include any rights ves
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who are the potential holders of 'rights' in relation to an estate according to the Constitution of India?",
  "answer": "The potential holders of 'rights' in relation to an estate according to the Constitution of India are the State and the people of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What does article 31B in the constitution of India state about certain laws?",
  "answer": "Article 31B states that none of the Acts and Regulations specified in the Ninth Schedule shall be deemed to be void on the ground that they are inconsistent with, or in violation of, any provision of the Constitution of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution and its purpose?",
  "answer": "According to Article 31B, it implies that none of the Acts and Regulations specified in the Ninth Schedule shall be deemed to be void on the ground that they are inconsistent with, or in violation of, any provision of the Constitution of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution of India state about laws giving effect to international treaties?",
  "answer": "According to the Constitution of India, notwithstanding anything contained in any law, no law giving effect to international treaties shall be deemed to be void on the ground that it is inconsistent with, or in violation of, any provision of the Constitution of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution of India say about the validity and the effect of laws made by the Legislature of a State?",
  "answer": "The Constitution of India states that no law giving effect to the policy of the Government of India shall be deemed to be void on the ground that it is inconsistent with, or in violation of, any provision of the Constitution of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the provision if such law is made by the Legislature of a State?",
  "answer": "If such law is made by the Legislature of a State, the provisions of the Constitution of India shall apply to it.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a law made by the Legislature of a State has been reserved for the consideration of the President?",
  "answer": "If such law is made by the Legislature of a State and has been reserved for the consideration of the President, the provisions of the Constitution of India shall apply to it.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is stated in the Constitution of India about the right to Const",
  "answer": "The right to move the Supreme Court by appropriate proceedings f",
},
{
  "question": "What powers does the Supreme Court and Parliament have for th",
  "answer": "The Supreme Court has the right to issue directions or orders or wr",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the rights guaranteed by the article as per the C",
  "answer": "The rights guaranteed by the article shall not be suspended except",
},
{
  "question": "Are the rights guaranteed by the article according to the Constitut",
  "answer": "Yes, the rights guaranteed by the article can be suspended, but on",
},
{
  "question": "What power does the Parliament have in relation to the rights con",
  "answer": "Parliament may, by law, determine to what extent any of the rights",
},
{
  "question": "What groups can the Parliament, by law, restrict or abrogate the r",
  "answer": "Parliament may restrict or abrogate the rights conferred by this Par",
},
{
  "question": "What is the provision under Article 34 of the Indian Constitution?",
  "answer": "Article 34 states that, notwithstanding anything in the foregoing pro
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which Article of the Indian Constitution allows Parliament to indent",
  "answer": "This is provisioned under Article 34 of the Indian Constitution."
},
{
  "question": "What was declared invalid by the Supreme Court in Minerva Mills",
  "answer": "Section 4 of the Constitution (Forty-second Amendment) Act, 1976"
},
{
  "question": "In which court case was Section 4 of the Constitution (Forty-second",
  "answer": "Section 4 of the Constitution (Forty-second Amendment) Act, 1976"
},
{
  "question": "What was the conclusion of the Supreme Court in the case of Kes",
  "answer": "In Kesavananda Bharati vs. the State of Kerala, the Supreme Court"
},
{
  "question": "Which provisions did the Supreme Court hold to be invalid in the c",
  "answer": "The Supreme Court held the provisions in italics to be invalid in Ke"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to make laws with respect to the matters unde",
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "What entity is responsible for making laws with respect to the mat",
  "answer": "Parliament"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What will happen to any law in force immediately before the comm
  "answer": "It shall continue in force until altered or repealed or amended by Pa
},
{
  "question": "What will occur to a law in force prior to the commencement of the
  "answer": "It shall continue in force."
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'the State' refer to in Part IV of the Constitution
  "answer": "The term 'the State' has the same meaning as in Part III."
},
{
  "question": "In which part of the Constitution does 'the State' have the same m
  "answer": "Part III"
},
{
  "question": "Can the provisions contained in Part IV of the Constitution be enfo
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Is it true that no court can enforce the provisions contained in Par
  "answer": "Yes"
},
{
  "question": "What is the duty of the State according to the principles laid down
  "answer": "It shall be the duty of the State to apply these principles in making l
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What should the State do with the principles laid down in Part IV of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "It shall be the duty of the State to apply these principles in making laws",
},
{
  "question": "What is the aim of the State according to Article 38 of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "The State shall strive to secure a social order for the promotion of welfare",
},
{
  "question": "Which article of the Constitution states that the State should strive to secure a social order?",
  "answer": "Article 38"
},
{
  "question": "What is the responsibility of the State in securing a social order?",
  "answer": "The State is responsible for securing and protecting a social order in which justice, equality and welfare prevail",
},
{
  "question": "What is the State securing and protecting in the national life institutions?",
  "answer": "The State is securing and protecting a social order in which justice, equality and welfare prevail",
},
{
  "question": "What should the State strive to minimise?",
  "answer": "The State should strive to minimise the inequalities in income, status, facilities and opportunities",
},
{
  "question": "What should be minimised by the State to ensure equality among citizens?",
  "answer": "The inequalities in income, status, facilities and opportunities should be minimised"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the State's policy towards securing citizens' rights?",
  "answer": "The State's policy includes securing the right to an adequate livelihood",
},
{
  "question": "What does the state's policy include in terms of securing citizens' rights?",
  "answer": "The State's policy includes securing the right to an adequate livelihood",
},
{
  "question": "What is the State's policy on the distribution of material resources?",
  "answer": "The State's policy is that the ownership and control of the material resources",
},
{
  "question": "How are the ownership and control of the material resources of the State?",
  "answer": "The State's policy is that the ownership and control of the material resources",
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the State in promoting justice in the legal system?",
  "answer": "The State shall secure that the operation of the legal system promotes",
},
{
  "question": "What are the responsibilities of the State in ensuring equal opportunities?",
  "answer": "The State shall secure that the operation of the legal system promotes",
},
{
  "question": "What is the responsibility of the State in terms of village panchayats?",
  "answer": "The State is responsible for the organisation of village panchayats."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for the organisation of village panchayats?",
  "answer": "The State is responsible for the organisation of village panchayats.",
},
{
  "question": "What powers are given to village panchayats?",
  "answer": "Village panchayats are endowed with such powers and authority as",
},
{
  "question": "Who are endowed with such powers and authority as may be nec",
  "answer": "Village panchayats are endowed with these powers."
},
{
  "question": "What are the state's responsibilities regarding work, education and",
  "answer": "The State shall, within the limits of its economic capacity and devel",
},
{
  "question": "What does the State commit to provide, within its economic capac",
  "answer": "The State commits to make effective provision for securing the righ",
},
{
  "question": "What is the state's obligation towards working conditions and mat",
  "answer": "The State shall make provision for securing just and humane condi",
},
{
  "question": "What provisions should the State make for work conditions and m",
  "answer": "The State shall make provision for securing just and humane condi"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What should the state secure for all workers?",
  "answer": "The State shall endeavour to secure, by suitable legislation or econo",
},
{
  "question": "What measures should the State take to ensure the welfare of all",
  "answer": "The State should endeavour to secure, by suitable legislation or eco",
},
{
  "question": "What is the state's role in promoting cottage industries?",
  "answer": "The State shall endeavour to promote cottage industries on an indi",
},
{
  "question": "Where should the State endeavour to promote cottage industries",
  "answer": "The State shall endeavour to promote cottage industries on an indi",
},
{
  "question": "What is the state's role in workers' participation in management?",
  "answer": "The State shall take steps, by suitable legislation or in any other wa",
},
{
  "question": "How does the State secure the participation of workers in the mar",
  "answer": "The state's role in workers' participation in management is to take s",
},
{
  "question": "What is the state's responsibility towards co-operative societies?",
  "answer": "The State shall endeavour to promote voluntary formation, autonon
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the State endeavour to promote for co-operative societies?",
  "answer": "The State endeavours to promote voluntary formation, autonomous management, self-help and co-operation among the people.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the state's duty regarding a uniform civil code?",
  "answer": "The State shall endeavour to secure for the citizens a uniform civil code.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the state's responsibility towards securing a uniform civil code?",
  "answer": "The State shall endeavour to secure for the citizens a uniform civil code.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the state's obligation towards early childhood care and education?",
  "answer": "The State shall endeavour to provide early childhood care and education for all children.",
},
{
  "question": "Until what age should the State endeavour to provide early childhood care and education?",
  "answer": "The State shall endeavour to provide early childhood care and education for all children.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the State's responsibility towards the educational and economic advancement of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes?",
  "answer": "The State shall promote with special care the educational and economic advancement of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.",
},
{
  "question": "What shall the State do to protect the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and other vulnerable sections of the population?",
  "answer": "The State shall promote with special care the educational and economic advancement of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the State's duty regarding the level of nutrition, standard of living and employment?",
  "answer": "The State shall regard the raising of the level of nutrition and the standard of living and improving public health as one of its primary duties.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution of India mandate about raising the level of nutrition and standard of living?",
  "answer": "The Constitution of India mandates that the State shall regard the raising of the level of nutrition and the standard of living and improving public health as one of its primary duties.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the State's role in agriculture and animal husbandry according to the Constitution of India?",
  "answer": "The State shall endeavour to organise agriculture and animal husbandry on modern and scientific methods and to improve the techniques of cultivation.",
},
{
  "question": "What actions should the State take to organise agriculture and animal husbandry?",
  "answer": "The State shall endeavour to organise agriculture and animal husbandry on modern and scientific methods and to improve the techniques of cultivation.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the State's duty regarding the environment, forests and wildlife?",
  "answer": "The State shall endeavour to protect and improve the environment and to safeguard the forests and wildlife of the country.",
},
{
  "question": "What should the State endeavour to do for the environment, forests and wildlife?",
  "answer": "The State's duty is to protect and improve the environment and to safeguard the forests and wildlife of the country.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the State's obligation towards monuments, places and objects of artistic or historic interest?",
  "answer": "It shall be the obligation of the State to protect every monument or place or object of artistic or historic interest.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution of India declare about the State's responsibility towards its citizens?",
  "answer": "It shall be the obligation of the State to protect every monument or place of importance.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution of India say about the separation of judiciary from the executive?",
  "answer": "The State shall take steps to separate the judiciary from the executive.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the State need to do in the public services of the State?",
  "answer": "The State shall take steps to separate the judiciary from the executive.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the State's role in promoting international peace and security?",
  "answer": "The State shall promote international peace and security."
},
{
  "question": "What is the responsibility of the State according to the Constitution?",
  "answer": "The State shall promote international peace and security."
},
{
  "question": "What are the duties that every citizen of India must perform?",
  "answer": "Abide by the Constitution and respect its ideals and institutions, the
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean to be a citizen of India, in terms of duties and responsibilities?",
  "answer": "Being a citizen of India involves duties such as abiding by the Cons
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the President of India in the Union?",
  "answer": "The executive power of the Union shall be vested in the President a
},
{
  "question": "Who is vested with the executive power of the Union and how is it
  "answer": "The executive power of the Union is vested in the President of India
},
{
  "question": "What are the objectives promoted by the endeavour?",
  "answer": "International peace and security; Just and honourable relations bet
},
{
  "question": "What is promoted by the endeavour that aims to encourage intern
  "answer": "The objectives"
},
{
  "question": "Who holds the supreme command of the Defence Forces of the U
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "What position, according to the constitution, holds the supreme co
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "How is the President elected?",
  "answer": "The President is elected by the members of an electoral college co
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who elects the President?",
  "answer": "The President is elected by the members of an electoral college co
},
{
  "question": "What does 'State' include in the articles mentioning the election of
  "answer": "'State' includes the National Capital Territory of Delhi and the Union
},
{
  "question": "Which territories does 'State' refer to in the articles mentioning the
  "answer": "'State' refers to the National Capital Territory of Delhi and the Union
},
{
  "question": "How is uniformity in representation secured in the election of the P
  "answer": "Uniformity is secured by determining the number of votes each elect
},
{
  "question": "How is the number of votes each elected member of Parliament a
  "answer": "The number of votes is determined in a specific manner to ensure r
},
{
  "question": "How many votes does every elected member of the Legislative As
  "answer": "Every elected member of the Legislative Assembly of a State shall
},
{
  "question": "How are the votes of each elected member of the Legislative Ass
  "answer": "The votes of each elected member of the Legislative Assembly of a
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How is the number of votes for each elected member of either Ho
  "answer": "The number of votes for each elected member of either House of P
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the fractions after dividing the total number of vo
  "answer": "Fractions exceeding one-half are counted as one and other fraction
},
{
  "question": "In what manner is the election of the President held?",
  "answer": "The election of the President is held in accordance with the system
},
{
  "question": "What is the system in accordance with which the President's elect
  "answer": "The President's election is held in accordance with the system of p
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'population' refer to in this article?",
  "answer": "In this article, the term 'population' refers to the population as asce
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'population' in this article refer to as ascertain
  "answer": "In this article, the term 'population' refers to the population as asce
},
{
  "question": "What is the duration of the term of office of the President?",
  "answer": "The term of office of the President is five years from the date he en
```

```
},
{
  "question": "When does the term of office of the President start?",
  "answer": "The term of office of the President starts from the date he enters up
},
{
  "question": "How can the President resign his office?",
  "answer": "The President can resign his office by writing under his hand addre
},
{
  "question": "Who is the President's resignation letter addressed to?",
  "answer": "The President's resignation letter is addressed to the Vice-President
},
{
  "question": "Who is eligible for re-election as President?",
  "answer": "A person who holds, or who has held, office as President is eligible
},
{
  "question": "Who, according to the Constitution, can be re-elected as President
  "answer": "A person who holds, or who has held, office as President."
},
{
  "question": "What are the qualifications for election as President according to t
  "answer": "A person must be a citizen of India, must have completed the age o
},
{
  "question": "What are the requirements for a citizen of India to be eligible for e
  "answer": "The person must have completed the age of thirty-five years and m
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who is not eligible for election as President according to the Cons",
  "answer": "A person holding any office of profit under the Government of India",
},
{
  "question": "Who is considered ineligible to run for President due to holding an",
  "answer": "A person holding any office of profit under the Government of India",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a member of either House of Parliament or of a H",
  "answer": "He shall be deemed to have vacated his seat in that House on the",
},
{
  "question": "What is deemed to happen to the seat of a member of either House",
  "answer": "He shall be deemed to have vacated his seat in that House on the",
},
{
  "question": "Can the President hold any other office of profit?",
  "answer": "No, the President shall not hold any other office of profit."
},
{
  "question": "Is the President allowed to hold any other office of profit?",
  "answer": "No, the President is not allowed to hold any other office of profit."
},
{
  "question": "What are the conditions of the President's office?",
  "answer": "The President shall not be a member of either House of Parliament"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Can the President be a member of either House of Parliament, or",
  "answer": "The President shall not be a member of either House of Parliament",
},
{
  "question": "What must every President and every person acting as President",
  "answer": "They must make and subscribe an oath or affirmation in the presen",
},
{
  "question": "Who must be present when a President or person acting as Presi",
  "answer": "The Chief Justice of India must be present, or in his absence, anoth",
},
{
  "question": "What is the oath or affirmation that the President of India must tak",
  "answer": "\"I, A.B., do swear in the name of God that I will faithfully execute th",
},
{
  "question": "Who swears to 'faithfully execute the office of President (or discha",
  "answer": "The President of India",
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure for the impeachment of the president of Inc",
  "answer": "A President can be impeached for violation of the Constitution. The",
},
{
  "question": "What steps must be taken according to the constitution if a Presid",
  "answer": "A charge can be preferred by either House of Parliament. The prop
```

```
},
{
  "question": "When is the election held to fill a vacancy in the office of President",
  "answer": "The election to fill a vacancy caused by the expiration of the term o",
},
{
  "question": "What determines when an election to fill a presidential vacancy is",
  "answer": "The election to fill a vacancy caused by the expiration of the term o",
},
{
  "question": "When should an election be held to fill a vacancy in the office of P",
  "answer": "As soon as possible after, and in no case later than six months from",
},
{
  "question": "What is the latest time frame in which an election should be held f",
  "answer": "Six months from the date of occurrence of the vacancy."
},
{
  "question": "How long is the term of the person elected to fill the vacancy in the",
  "answer": "Five years from the date on which he enters upon his office."
},
{
  "question": "When does the term of the person elected to fill the vacancy in the",
  "answer": "The term begins from the date on which he enters upon his office."
},
{
  "question": "Who is the ex officio Chairman of the Council of States?",
  "answer": "The Vice-President."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What position does the Vice-President hold in the Council of State",
  "answer": "The Vice-President is the ex officio Chairman of the Council of State",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when the Vice-President acts as President or discharges",
  "answer": "He shall not perform the duties of the office of Chairman of the Council",
},
{
  "question": "What are the restrictions on the Vice-President when he acts as President",
  "answer": "He shall not perform the duties of the office of Chairman of the Council",
},
{
  "question": "Who acts as President in the event of a vacancy in the office of the President",
  "answer": "The Vice-President."
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the Vice-President in the event of a vacancy in the office of the President",
  "answer": "The Vice-President acts as President."
},
{
  "question": "If the President is unable to discharge his functions due to absence",
  "answer": "The Vice-President."
},
{
  "question": "Who assumes the duties of the President if they are unable to discharge",
  "answer": "The Vice-President."
}
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What does the Vice-President do during the period while he is acting?",
  "answer": "The Vice-President shall discharge his functions until the date on which the President resumes his functions.",
},
{
  "question": "Until when does the Vice-President discharge his functions when the President is absent from the country?",
  "answer": "The Vice-President discharges his functions until the date on which the President resumes his functions.",
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the emoluments, allowances and privileges of the Vice-President?",
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for determining the emoluments, allowances, and privileges of the Vice-President?",
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "How is the Vice-President elected?",
  "answer": "By the members of an electoral college consisting of the members of both Houses of Parliament and an equal number of members chosen by the State Legislatures.",
},
{
  "question": "Who elects the Vice-President and what system do they use?",
  "answer": "The Vice-President is elected by members of an electoral college consisting of the members of both Houses of Parliament and an equal number of members chosen by the State Legislatures.",
},
{
  "question": "Can the Vice-President be a member of either House of Parliament?",
  "answer": "No"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Is it allowed for the Vice-President to be a member of either House of Parliament?",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "What are the eligibility criteria for becoming Vice-President?",
  "answer": "The person must be a citizen of India, must have completed the age of 35 years, must be qualified for election as a member of the Council of States."
},
{
  "question": "Who is qualified for election as a member of the Council of States?",
  "answer": "The person eligible to become the Vice-President"
},
{
  "question": "What offices are considered an office of profit that would disqualify someone from being eligible for Vice-President?",
  "answer": "Any office under the Government of India or the Government of any State."
},
{
  "question": "Which offices would disqualify someone from being eligible for Vice-President?",
  "answer": "Any office considered an office of profit would disqualify someone from being eligible for Vice-President."
},
{
  "question": "What is the term of office of the Vice-President?",
  "answer": "Five years"
},
{
  "question": "Which office in government has a term length of five years?",
  "answer": "Vice-President"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Can a Vice-President resign? If so, how?",
  "answer": "Yes, a Vice-President can resign by writing under his hand address",
},
{
  "question": "Who should a Vice-President address his resignation letter to, if he",
  "answer": "If a Vice-President decides to resign, he should address his resigna",
},
{
  "question": "How can a Vice-President be removed from his office?",
  "answer": "A Vice-President may be removed from his office by a resolution of",
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure and conditions for passing a resolution to r",
  "answer": "To remove a Vice-President from his office, a resolution needs to b",
},
{
  "question": "When should an election to fill a vacancy in the office of Vice-Pres",
  "answer": "An election to fill a vacancy in the office of Vice-President should b",
},
{
  "question": "When should an election be held after the occurrence of a vacanc",
  "answer": "An election should be held as soon as possible after the occurrence",
},
{
  "question": "What is the term of office for a person elected to fill a casual vaca",
  "answer": "The person elected to fill a casual vacancy in the office of Vice-Pres
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How long is the full term of office for a person who is elected to fill a casual vacancy in the office of the President?",
  "answer": "The full term of office for a person elected to fill a casual vacancy in the office of the President is five years.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the oath taken by the Vice-President before entering upon the duties of the office?",
  "answer": "\"I, A.B., do swear in the name of God that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of India as by law established, that I will uphold the sovereignty and integrity of India and that I will faithfully execute the duties of the office of Vice-President to the best of my ability, without fear or favour, without partiality or prejudice.\"",
},
{
  "question": "Who says 'I, A.B., do swear in the name of God that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of India as by law established, that I will uphold the sovereignty and integrity of India and that I will faithfully execute the duties of the office of Vice-President to the best of my ability, without fear or favour, without partiality or prejudice.'?",
  "answer": "The Vice-President"
},
{
  "question": "What provisions can the Parliament make regarding the discharge of the President?",
  "answer": "Parliament may make such provisions as it thinks fit for the discharge of the President in such cases as may be specified in the Constitution.",
},
{
  "question": "In what situations can Parliament make provisions for the discharge of the President?",
  "answer": "Parliament may make provisions for the discharge of the President in such cases as may be specified in the Constitution.",
},
{
  "question": "Who decides on doubts and disputes arising out of the election of the President?",
  "answer": "The Supreme Court"
},
{
  "question": "What body is responsible for deciding on doubts and disputes arising out of the election of the President?",
  "answer": "The Supreme Court"
```

```
{
  "question": "What happens if the election of a person as President or Vice-President is declared invalid?",
  "answer": "Acts done by him in the exercise and performance of the powers and functions of his office shall not be invalidated by reason of that declaration."
},
{
  "question": "What is the status of the acts done by a person in the exercise and performance of the powers and functions of his office if the election of that person as President or Vice-President is declared invalid?",
  "answer": "Those acts will not be invalidated by reason of that declaration."
},
{
  "question": "Can the election of a person as President or Vice-President be called in question?",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible to question the election of a person as President or Vice-President?",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to grant pardons, reprieves, respites or remissions of punishment or to suspend, remit or commute the sentence of any person convicted of any offence?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to grant pardons, reprieves, respites or remissions of punishment or to suspend, remit or commute the sentence of any person convicted of any offence?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "In which cases can the President grant pardons, reprieves, respites or remissions of punishment or to suspend, remit or commute the sentence of any person convicted of any offence?",
  "answer": "In cases where the punishment or sentence is by a Court Martial, where the sentence is death and the President is satisfied that an award of a commutation of sentence is justified in the interests of justice, or where the President is satisfied that an award of a commutation of sentence is justified in the interests of justice, or where the President is satisfied that an award of a commutation of sentence is justified in the interests of justice."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are the specific situations where the President can grant pardon or reprieve?",
  "answer": "The President can grant such leniencies in cases where the punishment is excessive or where the interests of justice require it.",
},
{
  "question": "Does sub-clause (a) of clause (1) affect the power conferred by law on the President to grant pardon or reprieve?",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Does sub-clause (a) of clause (1) not affect the power conferred by law on the President to grant pardon or reprieve?",
  "answer": "Yes"
},
{
  "question": "Does sub-clause (c) of clause (1) affect the power to suspend, remit or commute a sentence of death or of imprisonment for life?",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Is the power to suspend, remit or commute a sentence of death or of imprisonment for life conferred by law on the President?",
  "answer": "Yes"
},
{
  "question": "To what extent does the executive power of the Union extend according to clause (1) of article 53?",
  "answer": "The executive power of the Union extends to the matters with respect to which the President has been empowered to exercise his functions.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the areas where the executive power of the Union extends according to clause (1) of article 53?",
  "answer": "The executive power of the Union extends to the matters with respect to which the President has been empowered to exercise his functions."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who can exercise executive power in matters with respect to which the President has no power?",
  "answer": "A State and any officer or authority of a State can exercise executive power in matters with respect to which the President has no power.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can exercise executive power in matters where Parliament has no power?",
  "answer": "A State and any officer or authority of that State can exercise executive power in matters where Parliament has no power.",
},
{
  "question": "Who aids and advises the President according to the Indian constitution?",
  "answer": "The Council of Ministers with the Prime Minister at the head aids and advises the President.",
},
{
  "question": "Who is at the head of the Council of Ministers that aids and advises the President?",
  "answer": "The Prime Minister is at the head of the Council of Ministers that aids and advises the President.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the President requires the Council of Ministers to tender advice?",
  "answer": "The President shall act in accordance with the advice tendered after requiring the Council of Ministers to tender advice.",
},
{
  "question": "What should the President do in accordance with the advice tendered by the Council of Ministers?",
  "answer": "The President shall act upon it."
},
{
  "question": "Can the advice tendered by Ministers to the President be inquired into and discussed in the House of the People?",
  "answer": "No, the question whether any, and if so what, advice was tendered to the President shall not be discussed in the House of the People."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for any court to inquire into what advice was tendere",
  "answer": "No, it is not possible for any court to inquire into what advice was te",
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the Prime Minister and other Ministers in India?",
  "answer": "The Prime Minister is appointed by the President and the other Min",
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the Prime Minister and by whose advice are the oth",
  "answer": "The Prime Minister is appointed by the President and the other Min",
},
{
  "question": "What is the maximum number of Ministers, including the Prime M",
  "answer": "The total number of Ministers, including the Prime Minister, in the C",
},
{
  "question": "What is the limit on the total number of Ministers in the Council of",
  "answer": "The total number of Ministers, including the Prime Minister, in the C",
},
{
  "question": "Who disqualifies a member of either House of Parliament belongin",
  "answer": "The member is disqualified under paragraph 2 of the Tenth Schedu",
},
{
  "question": "Under which part of the Constitution of India is a member of either",
  "answer": "The member is disqualified under paragraph 2 of the Tenth Schedu"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What happens when a member of either House of Parliament is d
  "answer": "The member is also disqualified to be appointed as a Minister for th
},
{
  "question": "What are the consequences for a member of either House of Parl
  "answer": "The member is also disqualified to be appointed as a Minister for th
},
{
  "question": "Who does the Council of Ministers hold responsibility to?",
  "answer": "The Council of Ministers shall be collectively responsible to the Hou
},
{
  "question": "Who is the House of the People collectively responsible for?",
  "answer": "The House of the People is collectively responsible for the Council
},
{
  "question": "Who administers the oaths of office and of secrecy to a Minister b
  "answer": "The President administers the oaths of office and of secrecy to a M
},
{
  "question": "Who does the President administer the oaths of office and of secr
  "answer": "The President administers the oaths of office and of secrecy to a M
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a Minister is not a member of either House of Pa
  "answer": "A Minister who for any period of six consecutive months is not a me
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What will be the result at the expiration of six consecutive months",
  "answer": "The Minister shall cease to be a Minister."
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the salaries and allowances of Ministers?",
  "answer": "The salaries and allowances of Ministers shall be such as Parliame",
},
{
  "question": "What is the process for determining the salaries and allowances of",
  "answer": "The salaries and allowances of Ministers are determined by Parliam",
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the Attorney-General for India?",
  "answer": "The President appoints the Attorney-General for India."
},
{
  "question": "Who does the President appoint for India?",
  "answer": "The President appoints the Attorney-General for India."
},
{
  "question": "What is the duty of the Attorney-General of India?",
  "answer": "It is the duty of the Attorney-General to give advice to the Governm",
},
{
  "question": "Who gives advice to the Government of India on legal matters, pe",
  "answer": "The Attorney-General of India"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who holds the right of audience in all courts in the territory of India",
  "answer": "The Attorney-General"
},
{
  "question": "In which territory does the Attorney-General hold the right of audience",
  "answer": "India"
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the remuneration of the Attorney-General?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the remuneration of the Attorney-General?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "In whose name is the executive action of the Government of India taken",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Whose name is the executive action of the Government of India taken in",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who authenticates orders and other instruments made and executed in the name of the President",
  "answer": "The President, as specified in rules to be made by the President"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who is specified in the rules made by the President for authentication of the rules made by the President?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who makes rules for the convenient transaction of the business of the Council of Ministers?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for making rules for the convenient transaction of the business of the Council of Ministers?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "What are the duties of the Prime Minister as respects the furnishing of information to the Council of Ministers?",
  "answer": "To communicate all decisions of the Council of Ministers relating to the business of the Council of Ministers to the Council of Ministers."
},
{
  "question": "What responsibilities does the Prime Minister have in regards to communication of the decisions of the Council of Ministers?",
  "answer": "The Prime Minister is responsible for communicating all decisions of the Council of Ministers to the Council of Ministers."
},
{
  "question": "What does the Parliament for the Union consist of?",
  "answer": "The President and two Houses known respectively as the Council of Ministers and the Council of Ministers."
},
{
  "question": "Who are the President and the two Houses known respectively as the Council of Ministers and the Council of Ministers?",
  "answer": "They are part of the Parliament for the Union."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the composition of the Council of States?",
  "answer": "The Council of States shall consist of twelve members."
},
{
  "question": "How many members does the Council of States consist of?",
  "answer": "The Council of States shall consist of twelve members."
},
{
  "question": "Who nominates the members under sub-clause (a) of clause (1)?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who nominates the members under sub-clause (a) of clause (1)?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "What are the qualifications of the members to be nominated by the President?",
  "answer": "They shall consist of persons having special knowledge or practical experience in the field of international law, history, literature, science or art."
},
{
  "question": "Who should be the persons that the President nominates?",
  "answer": "The President should nominate the persons who have special knowledge or practical experience in the field of international law, history, literature, science or art."
},
{
  "question": "How are the representatives of each State in the Council of States to be elected?",
  "answer": "They shall be elected by the elected members of the Legislative Assembly of each State in proportion to the population of the State as ascertained by the last census."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who elects the representatives of each State in the Council of States?",
  "answer": "The representatives of each State in the Council of States are elected by the electors of the State",
},
{
  "question": "How are the representatives of the Union territories in the Council of States chosen?",
  "answer": "They shall be chosen in such manner as Parliament may by law provide",
},
{
  "question": "Who prescribes the method for choosing representatives of the Union territories in the Council of States?",
  "answer": "The Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "What is the composition of the House of the People?",
  "answer": "Subject to the provisions of article 331, the House of the People shall consist of members chosen in such manner as Parliament may by law provide",
},
{
  "question": "How many members does the House of the People consist of and how are they chosen?",
  "answer": "The House of the People consists of not more than five hundred members chosen in such manner as Parliament may by law provide",
},
{
  "question": "How are seats allotted to each State in the House of the People?",
  "answer": "There shall be allotted to each State a number of seats in the House of the People in such manner as Parliament may by law provide",
},
{
  "question": "What does the ratio between the number of seats allotted to a State and the population of that State represent?",
  "answer": "The ratio represents the manner in which seats are allotted to each State in the House of the People"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'population' refer to in this context?",
  "answer": "The term 'population' refers to the population as ascertained at the",
},
{
  "question": "What does 'population' refer to when it is ascertained at the last p",
  "answer": "In this context, the term 'population' refers to the population as asce",
},
{
  "question": "What is the condition for a state to be exempted from the seat allo",
  "answer": "The state is exempted from the seat allocation provisions in the Ho",
},
{
  "question": "What is the population limit for a state to be exempted from the se",
  "answer": "The population limit for a state to be exempted from the seat alloca",
},
{
  "question": "What happens after the completion of each census?",
  "answer": "Upon the completion of each census, the allocation of seats in the",
},
{
  "question": "What is done by the Parliament by law in terms of seat allocation",
  "answer": "Upon the completion of each census, the allocation of seats in the",
},
{
  "question": "When does the readjustment of the allocation of seats take effect?",
  "answer": "The readjustment shall take effect from such date as the President
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to specify the date when the readjustment c",
  "answer": "The President has the authority to specify the date when the readju",
},
{
  "question": "What is the reference for the purpose of sub-clause (a) of clause c",
  "answer": "The reference is the 1971 census."
},
{
  "question": "Which census is used as the reference for the purpose of sub-cla",
  "answer": "The 1971 census is used as the reference."
},
{
  "question": "What is the reference for the purpose of sub-clause (b) of clause c",
  "answer": "The reference is the 2001 census."
},
{
  "question": "What census is the reference for the purpose of sub-clause (b) of",
  "answer": "The 2001 census is the reference."
},
{
  "question": "What is the rule regarding the division of each State into territorial",
  "answer": "The division of each State into territorial constituencies may be rea",
},
{
  "question": "On what basis may the division of each State into territorial consti",
  "answer": "The division of each State into territorial constituencies may be rea
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is the duration of the Council of States?",
  "answer": "The Council of States shall not be subject to dissolution, but as near",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the members of the Council of States every second year?",
  "answer": "As nearly as possible one-third of the members of the Council of States",
},
{
  "question": "How long does the House of the People continue for?",
  "answer": "The House of the People, unless sooner dissolved, shall continue for five years",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the House of the People five years from the date of its constitution?",
  "answer": "The House of the People, unless sooner dissolved, shall continue for five years",
},
{
  "question": "Can the period of the House of the People be extended?",
  "answer": "Yes, the period may be extended by Parliament by law for a period not exceeding one year",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can the period of the House of the People be extended?",
  "answer": "The period of the House of the People can be extended by Parliament by law for a period not exceeding one year",
},
{
  "question": "What are the qualifications for membership of Parliament?",
  "answer": "A person must be a citizen of India, make and subscribe an oath before taking office",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum age requirement for a seat in the Council of States?",
  "answer": "The minimum age requirement for a seat in the Council of States is 30 years.",
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for summoning each House of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The President is responsible for summoning each House of Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "Who decides the time and place for each House of Parliament to meet?",
  "answer": "The President decides the time and place for each House of Parliament to meet.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the maximum amount of time that can pass between sessions of Parliament?",
  "answer": "Six months shall not intervene between its last sitting in one session and the first sitting in the next session.",
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean when it is stated that 'Six months shall not intervene between its last sitting in one session and the first sitting in the next session'?",
  "answer": "It means that the maximum amount of time that can pass between sessions of Parliament is six months.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do from time to time according to the constitution?",
  "answer": "The President may prorogue the Houses or either House; dissolve the Houses or either House; and declare emergency.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the constitutional authority in India to prorogue the Houses of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The President"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the right of the President to address and send messages",
  "answer": "The President may address either House of Parliament or both Houses",
},
{
  "question": "According to the constitution of India, how can the President communicate with the Houses of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The President may address either House of Parliament or both Houses",
},
{
  "question": "What does the constitution of India stipulate about special addresses by the President?",
  "answer": "At the commencement of the first session after each general election",
},
{
  "question": "When does the constitution of India say the President should address the Houses of Parliament?",
  "answer": "At the commencement of the first session after each general election",
},
{
  "question": "What are the rights of Ministers and the Attorney-General as regards speaking in the Houses of Parliament?",
  "answer": "Every Minister and the Attorney-General of India shall have the right",
},
{
  "question": "Who in India has the right to speak in, and otherwise take part in the business of the Houses of Parliament?",
  "answer": "Every Minister and the Attorney-General of India",
},
{
  "question": "Who is the Chairman of the Council of States according to the constitution?",
  "answer": "The Vice-President of India shall be ex officio Chairman of the Council of States",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who shall be ex officio Chairman of the Council of States according to the Constitution of India",
  "answer": "The Vice- President of India"
},
{
  "question": "How is the Deputy Chairman of the Council of States chosen according to the Constitution of India",
  "answer": "The Council of States shall, as soon as may be, choose a member of its body to be Deputy Chairman"
},
{
  "question": "What happens when the office of the Deputy Chairman of the Council of States becomes vacant",
  "answer": "The Council of States shall choose another member to be Deputy Chairman"
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions does the Deputy Chairman of the Council of States vacate his office",
  "answer": "The Deputy Chairman of the Council of States shall vacate his office in the following cases: (a) if he is elected to any other office, (b) if he resigns, (c) if he is removed by a resolution of the Council of States"
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the Deputy Chairman of the Council of States ceases to be a member of the Council of States",
  "answer": "The Deputy Chairman of the Council of States shall vacate his office"
},
{
  "question": "Who performs the duties of the Chairman when the office is vacant",
  "answer": "The duties of the office shall be performed by the Deputy Chairman"
},
{
  "question": "Who performs the duties of the Chairman when the office is vacant",
  "answer": "Such member of the Council of States as the President may appoint"
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who acts as Chairman during the absence of the Chairman from a sitting of the Council?",
  "answer": "During the absence of the Chairman from any sitting of the Council, the Chairman's duties shall be performed by the Deputy Chairman.",
},
{
  "question": "Who takes over the role of Chairman if both the Chairman and Deputy Chairman are absent?",
  "answer": "In such a scenario, such other person as may be determined by the Council shall act as Chairman.",
},
{
  "question": "Can the Chairman or the Deputy Chairman preside over a resolution for their removal from office?",
  "answer": "No, the Chairman or the Deputy Chairman shall not preside over a resolution for their removal from office.",
},
{
  "question": "Who shall not preside over a resolution for their removal from office?",
  "answer": "The Chairman or the Deputy Chairman shall not preside over a resolution for their removal from office.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can speak and take part in the proceedings of the Council of Ministers?",
  "answer": "The Chairman",
},
{
  "question": "Who is allowed to speak and take part in the proceedings of the Council of Ministers?",
  "answer": "The Chairman",
},
{
  "question": "Can the Chairman vote on the resolution for the removal of the Vice-Chairman?",
  "answer": "No"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Is it true that the Chairman is not allowed to vote on the resolution",
  "answer": "Yes"
},
{
  "question": "Who does the House of the People choose as their representative",
  "answer": "Speaker and Deputy Speaker"
},
{
  "question": "What positions are chosen as representatives by the House of the",
  "answer": "Speaker and Deputy Speaker"
},
{
  "question": "When does a member vacate his office as Speaker or Deputy Speaker",
  "answer": "When he ceases to be a member of the House of the People, when",
},
{
  "question": "What are the circumstances under which a Speaker or Deputy Speaker",
  "answer": "A Speaker or Deputy Speaker of the House of the People would vacate",
},
{
  "question": "How can a Speaker or Deputy Speaker resign their office?",
  "answer": "By writing under his hand addressed to the Deputy Speaker if he is",
},
{
  "question": "Who should a Speaker or Deputy Speaker address their resignation",
  "answer": "The Speaker should address his resignation letter to the Deputy Speaker"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens when the House of the People is dissolved?",
  "answer": "The Speaker does not vacate his office until immediately before the",
},
{
  "question": "When does the Speaker vacate his office in the event of the disso",
  "answer": "The Speaker does not vacate his office until immediately before the",
},
{
  "question": "Who performs the duties of the office when the office of Speaker i",
  "answer": "The Deputy Speaker or other person"
},
{
  "question": "Who takes up the responsibilities when the Speaker's position bec",
  "answer": "The Deputy Speaker or other person"
},
{
  "question": "Who performs the duties if the office of Deputy Speaker is vacant",
  "answer": "Such member of the House of the People as the President may ap",
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints a member of the House of the People to perform th",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who acts as Speaker during the absence of the Speaker from any",
  "answer": "The Deputy Speaker or, if he is also absent, such person as may b
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who steps in if both the Speaker and the Deputy Speaker are absent?",
  "answer": "Such person as may be determined by the rules of procedure of the House.",
},
{
  "question": "Can the Speaker or the Deputy Speaker preside while a resolution of censure is under consideration?",
  "answer": "No, they shall not preside, even if they are present."
},
{
  "question": "If a resolution for their removal from office is under consideration, can the Speaker or the Deputy Speaker preside?",
  "answer": "No, they shall not preside."
},
{
  "question": "Does the Speaker have the right to speak in the proceedings of the House?",
  "answer": "Yes, the Speaker shall have the right to speak in, and otherwise to take part in, the proceedings of the House.",
},
{
  "question": "Who shall have the right to speak in, and otherwise to take part in, the proceedings of the House?",
  "answer": "The Speaker does have the right to speak in the proceedings of the House, and otherwise to take part in them.",
},
{
  "question": "Can the Speaker vote on the resolution for his removal?",
  "answer": "Yes, he can vote only in the first instance on such resolution or on a resolution of censure.",
},
{
  "question": "When can the Speaker vote during proceedings, especially regarding a resolution of censure?",
  "answer": "The Speaker can vote only in the first instance on such resolution or on a resolution of censure."
}
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the salaries and allowances of the Chairman and",
  "answer": "The salaries and allowances are fixed by Parliament by law."
},
{
  "question": "Who fixes the salaries and allowances of the Chairman and Depu",
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "Does each house of parliament have its own secretarial staff?",
  "answer": "Yes, each House of Parliament shall have a separate secretarial st",
},
{
  "question": "Does each House of Parliament have a separate secretarial staff?",
  "answer": "Yes, each house of parliament does have its own secretarial staff."
},
{
  "question": "Can posts be created that are common to both Houses of Parliam",
  "answer": "Yes, nothing in the clause prevents the creation of posts common t",
},
{
  "question": "Is there anything in the clause that prevents the creation of posts",
  "answer": "No, nothing in the clause prevents the creation of posts common to",
},
{
  "question": "Who may regulate the recruitment and conditions of service of the",
  "answer": "Parliament may by law regulate the recruitment, and the conditions
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who regulates the recruitment and conditions of service for persons employed in the public service?",
  "answer": "Parliament regulates the recruitment and the conditions of service for persons employed in the public service.",
},
{
  "question": "Before taking his seat, what does every member of either House of Parliament do?",
  "answer": "Every member of either House of Parliament shall, before taking his seat, take the oath of allegiance to the Queen.",
},
{
  "question": "Who should every member of either House of Parliament make and subscribe?",
  "answer": "Every member of either House of Parliament should make and subscribe to the oath of allegiance to the Queen.",
},
{
  "question": "How are all questions at any sitting of either House or joint sitting of the two Houses decided?",
  "answer": "All questions at any sitting of either House or joint sitting of the two Houses are decided by a majority of votes of the members present.",
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the outcomes of all questions at any sitting of either House or joint sitting of the two Houses?",
  "answer": "The outcomes are determined by a majority of votes of the members present.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has a casting vote in case of an equality of votes?",
  "answer": "The Chairman or Speaker, or person acting as such, shall have and exercise a casting vote in case of an equality of votes.",
},
{
  "question": "Who shall have and exercise a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes?",
  "answer": "The Chairman or Speaker, or person acting as such"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Can either House of Parliament act despite any vacancy in the membership?",
  "answer": "Yes, either House of Parliament shall have power to act notwithstanding any vacancy in the membership of the House.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to act notwithstanding any vacancy in the membership of the House?",
  "answer": "Either House of Parliament has the power to act notwithstanding any vacancy in the membership of the House.",
},
{
  "question": "Are proceedings in Parliament valid if it is discovered subsequently that a member was not entitled to sit?",
  "answer": "Yes, any proceedings in Parliament shall be valid notwithstanding the fact that at the time of the proceedings a member was not entitled to sit.",
},
{
  "question": "Are any proceedings in Parliament still valid even if it is discovered that a member was not entitled to sit?",
  "answer": "Yes, any proceedings in Parliament shall be valid notwithstanding the fact that at the time of the proceedings a member was not entitled to sit.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the quorum to constitute a meeting of either House of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The quorum to constitute a meeting of either House of Parliament shall be one-tenth of the total number of members of the House.",
},
{
  "question": "What fraction of the total number of members of the House is needed to constitute a meeting?",
  "answer": "One-tenth of the total number of members of the House is needed to constitute a meeting.",
},
{
  "question": "What must the Chairman or Speaker do if there is no quorum during a meeting?",
  "answer": "If there is no quorum during a meeting of a House, it is the duty of the Chairman or Speaker to adjourn the meeting to such date and hour as he may determine.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the duty of the Chairman or Speaker, or person acting as",
  "answer": "If there is no quorum during a meeting of a House, the Chairman o",
},
{
  "question": "Can a person be a member of both Houses of Parliament?",
  "answer": "No, a person shall not be a member of both Houses of Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for a person to be a member of both Houses of Parlia",
  "answer": "No, it is not possible for a person to be a member of both Houses o",
},
{
  "question": "Can a person be a member of Parliament and of a House of the L",
  "answer": "No, a person shall not be a member both of Parliament and of a Ho",
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for an individual to hold membership in both the Parli",
  "answer": "No, it is not possible for an individual to hold membership in both th",
},
{
  "question": "When does a member's seat in Parliament become vacant?",
  "answer": "A member's seat in Parliament becomes vacant if they become sub",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a member of Parliament becomes subject to any",
  "answer": "A member's seat in Parliament becomes vacant."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the Chairman or the Speaker feels that a resignation is not genuine?",
  "answer": "If the Chairman or the Speaker is satisfied that such resignation is genuine, he may accept it and the member concerned shall be deemed to have resigned."
},
{
  "question": "What does the Chairman or the Speaker do if they believe a resignation is not genuine?",
  "answer": "If the Chairman or the Speaker is satisfied that such resignation is not genuine, he may refuse to accept it and the member concerned shall be deemed to have resigned."
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a member of the House is absent from all meetings for a continuous period of six months?",
  "answer": "The House may declare his seat vacant."
},
{
  "question": "What can the House do if a member is absent from all meetings for a continuous period of six months?",
  "answer": "The House may declare his seat vacant."
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions is a person disqualified for being a member of the House?",
  "answer": "A person is disqualified if he holds any office of profit under the Government of India or any office of profit under the Government of a State."
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a person holds any office of profit under the Government of India or any office of profit under the Government of a State?",
  "answer": "The person is disqualified for being a member of either House of Parliament."
},
{
  "question": "Who decides on questions regarding disqualifications of members of the House?",
  "answer": "The question is referred for the decision of the President and his decision is final."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the process and who has the final say in decisions regard",
  "answer": "The question is referred for the decision of the President and his de",
},
{
  "question": "What is the penalty for sitting and voting before making oath or af",
  "answer": "The text does not provide specific penalty details."
},
{
  "question": "Does the text provide specific penalty details for sitting and voting",
  "answer": "No, the text does not provide specific penalty details."
},
{
  "question": "What penalty does a member of parliament face if he sits or votes",
  "answer": "He shall be liable in respect of each day on which he so sits or vote",
},
{
  "question": "What is the penalty for a member of parliament who sits or votes v",
  "answer": "The penalty is five hundred rupees to be recovered as a debt due t",
},
{
  "question": "What freedoms are granted to members of the Houses of Parliam",
  "answer": "There shall be freedom of speech in Parliament. No member of Pa",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution say about the freedom of speech and",
  "answer": "The Constitution grants members of the Houses of Parliament free
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How are the powers, privileges, and immunities of each House of Parliament defined?",
  "answer": "They shall be such as may from time to time be defined by Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "When were the powers, privileges, and immunities of each House of Parliament defined?",
  "answer": "They were last defined by Parliament by law before the coming into force of the Constitution.",
},
{
  "question": "What provisions are made for people who have the right to speak in the House of Commons?",
  "answer": "The provisions of clauses (1), (2) and (3) shall apply in relation to persons who by virtue of their office have the right to speak in the House of Commons.",
},
{
  "question": "To whom do the provisions of clauses (1), (2) and (3) apply in the House of Commons?",
  "answer": "The provisions of clauses (1), (2) and (3) apply to persons who by virtue of their office have the right to speak in the House of Commons.",
},
{
  "question": "What are members of either House of Parliament entitled to receive?",
  "answer": "Members of either House of Parliament shall be entitled to receive salaries and allowances.",
},
{
  "question": "Who is entitled to receive salaries and allowances?",
  "answer": "Members of either House of Parliament are entitled to receive salaries and allowances.",
},
{
  "question": "What determines the allowances and conditions for members of the House of Commons?",
  "answer": "The allowances and conditions for members of the House of Commons are determined by the House of Commons.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the allowances and conditions for members of the House of Commons?",
  "answer": "If no provision is made, the allowances and conditions for members of the House of Commons are determined by the House of Commons.",
},
{
  "question": "Where can a Bill originate in Parliament according to the Legislative Process?",
  "answer": "A Bill may originate in either House of Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "In which house can a Bill originate according to the Legislative Process?",
  "answer": "A Bill may originate in either House of Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "When is a Bill considered passed by the Houses of Parliament?",
  "answer": "A Bill is considered passed by the Houses of Parliament when it has been agreed to by both the House of Commons and the House of Lords.",
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean when a Bill has been agreed to by both Houses of Parliament?",
  "answer": "It means that the Bill is considered passed by the Houses of Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a Bill pending in Parliament if the Houses are prorogued?",
  "answer": "A Bill pending in Parliament does not lapse by reason of the prorogation of Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "Does a Bill pending in Parliament lapse by reason of the prorogation of Parliament?",
  "answer": "No, a Bill pending in Parliament does not lapse by reason of the prorogation of Parliament.",
}
```



```
},  
{  
  "question": "Does a Bill lapse on the dissolution of the House of the People?",  
  "answer": "A Bill pending in the Council of States which has not been passed l",  
},  
{  
  "question": "What happens to a Bill that is pending in the Council of States and",  
  "answer": "A Bill pending in the Council of States which has not been passed l",  
},  
{  
  "question": "What happens if a Bill has been passed by one House but is reject",  
  "answer": "If a Bill is rejected by the other House, or the Houses have finally d",  
},  
{  
  "question": "What can the President do if a Bill is rejected by one House, the H",  
  "answer": "The President may notify to the Houses his intention to summon th",  
},  
{  
  "question": "What happens when the President notifies his intention of summon",  
  "answer": "Neither House shall proceed further with the Bill, but the President",  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the procedure if the President notifies his intention of sum",  
  "answer": "Upon the President's notification of his intention to summon the Ho",  
},  
{  
  "question": "What conditions must be met for a Bill to be deemed as passed by",  
  "answer": "The Bill, with such amendments, if any, as are agreed to in joint sitt
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean for a Bill to be passed by a majority of the total members of the National Assembly?",
  "answer": "It means that the Bill is deemed as passed by both Houses at a joint sitting.",
},
{
  "question": "What kind of amendments can be proposed to a Bill at a joint sitting?",
  "answer": "If the Bill has been passed by one House and not been passed by the other, amendments can be proposed.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the conditions under which amendments can be proposed to a Bill?",
  "answer": "No amendment shall be proposed to the Bill other than such amendments as are in conformity with the provisions of the Constitution.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the final decision on the amendments that are admissible to a Bill?",
  "answer": "The decision of the person presiding as to the amendments which are admissible to a Bill.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the person presiding in terms of the admissibility of amendments to a Bill?",
  "answer": "The person presiding has the final decision on the amendments that are admissible to a Bill.",
},
{
  "question": "Can a joint sitting be held and a Bill passed even if there has been a disagreement between the two Houses?",
  "answer": "Yes, a joint sitting may be held under this article and a Bill passed by a majority of the total members of the National Assembly.",
},
{
  "question": "Can a joint sitting and the passing of a Bill occur under the article, even if there has been a disagreement between the two Houses?",
  "answer": "Yes, a joint sitting can be held and a Bill can be passed even after a disagreement between the two Houses.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Where can a Money Bill not be introduced according to special pr
  "answer": "A Money Bill shall not be introduced in the Council of States."
},
{
  "question": "In which house of the parliament shall a Money Bill not be introdu
  "answer": "The Council of States"
},
{
  "question": "What happens after a Money Bill has been passed by the House o
  "answer": "It shall be transmitted to the Council of States for its recommendati
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure once the Council of States receives a Mon
  "answer": "The Council of States shall within a period of fourteen days from th
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the House of the People accepts any of the reco
  "answer": "The Money Bill shall be deemed to have been passed by both Hou
},
{
  "question": "What is deemed to have happened when the Money Bill has ame
  "answer": "If the House of the People accepts any of the recommendations of
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the House of the People does not accept any of
  "answer": "The Money Bill shall be deemed to have been passed by both Hou
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the outcome when the Money Bill is passed by the House of the People?",
  "answer": "If the House of the People does not accept any of the recommendations of the Council of Ministers, the Bill shall be deemed to have been passed by both Houses at the expiration of thirty days.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a Money Bill passed by the House of the People is not accepted by the Council of Ministers?",
  "answer": "It shall be deemed to have been passed by both Houses at the expiration of thirty days.",
},
{
  "question": "What is considered when a Money Bill passed by the House of the People is not accepted by the Council of Ministers?",
  "answer": "It shall be deemed to have been passed by both Houses at the expiration of thirty days.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the definition of a Money Bill?",
  "answer": "A Bill shall be deemed to be a Money Bill if it contains only provisions relating to the imposition, alteration or abolition of any tax or duty, or to the borrowing of money or the payment of money from the Consolidated Fund or the Contingency Fund of India, or to the custody of the Consolidated Fund or the Contingency Fund of India, or to the management and safekeeping of the Consolidated Fund or the Contingency Fund of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What does a Bill need to contain to be deemed a Money Bill?",
  "answer": "A Bill shall be deemed to be a Money Bill if it contains only provisions relating to the imposition, alteration or abolition of any tax or duty, or to the borrowing of money or the payment of money from the Consolidated Fund or the Contingency Fund of India, or to the custody of the Consolidated Fund or the Contingency Fund of India, or to the management and safekeeping of the Consolidated Fund or the Contingency Fund of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the custody of the Consolidated Fund or the Contingency Fund of India?",
  "answer": "The custody of the Consolidated Fund or the Contingency Fund of India shall be under the control of the Council of Ministers.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the management and safekeeping of the Consolidated Fund or the Contingency Fund of India involve?",
  "answer": "The management and safekeeping of the Consolidated Fund or the Contingency Fund of India shall be under the control of the Council of Ministers.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of the appropriation of moneys out of the Consolidated Fund of India?",
  "answer": "The appropriation of moneys out of the Consolidated Fund of India is for the purpose of meeting the expenditure of the Government of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What is funded by the appropriation of moneys out of the Consolidated Fund of India?",
  "answer": "Various expenditures of the government are funded by the appropriation of moneys out of the Consolidated Fund of India.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the final say on whether a Bill is a Money Bill or not?",
  "answer": "The Speaker of the House of the People has the final say on whether a Bill is a Money Bill or not.",
},
{
  "question": "Who decides if a Bill is a Money Bill in the House of the People?",
  "answer": "The Speaker of the House of the People has the final say on whether a Bill is a Money Bill in the House of the People.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when a Bill is passed by the Houses of Parliament?",
  "answer": "When a Bill has been passed by the Houses of Parliament, it is presented to the President of India for his assent.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the President of India do after a Bill has been passed by the Houses of Parliament?",
  "answer": "After a Bill has been passed by the Houses of Parliament in India, the President of India may give his assent to the Bill, withhold his assent, or reserve the Bill for the consideration of the Council of Ministers.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do if presented with a Bill for assent that is not a Money Bill?",
  "answer": "The President may, as soon as possible after the presentation to him, give his assent to the Bill, withhold his assent, or reserve the Bill for the consideration of the Council of Ministers.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What action can the President take after being presented with a n
  "answer": "The President may return the Bill to the Houses with a message re
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a Bill is returned to the Houses and is passed ag
  "answer": "If the Bill is returned and is passed again by the Houses with or wit
},
{
  "question": "What is the President required to do if a Bill is returned, passed a
  "answer": "The President shall not withhold assent from the Bill."
},
{
  "question": "What is the 'annual financial statement' referred to in this text?",
  "answer": "The 'annual financial statement' is a statement of the estimated rec
},
{
  "question": "Which document, mentioned in this text, is a report of the estimate
  "answer": "The 'annual financial statement' is such a document."
},
{
  "question": "What are the two categories of expenditure in the annual financial
  "answer": "The two categories of expenditure in the annual financial statement
},
{
  "question": "What are the sums required to meet expenditure charged upon th
  "answer": "The sums required to meet expenditure charged upon the Consolidated
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund of India",
  "answer": "The expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund of India include",
},
{
  "question": "What does the expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund of",
  "answer": "The expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund of India include",
},
{
  "question": "What is the salary, allowances and pension payable to?",
  "answer": "The Comptroller and Auditor-General of India"
},
{
  "question": "Who receives the salary, allowances and pension from the Compt",
  "answer": "The Comptroller and Auditor-General of India"
},
{
  "question": "What are the sums required to satisfy?",
  "answer": "Any judgment, decree or award of any court or arbitral tribunal"
},
{
  "question": "What is needed to satisfy any judgment, decree or award of any c",
  "answer": "The sums are required."
},
{
  "question": "Can the estimates related to expenditure charged upon the Conso",
  "answer": "No"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for the estimates related to expenditure charged upon the Consolidated Fund to be made in advance of the financial year?",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to assent or refuse to assent to any demand?",
  "answer": "The House of the People"
},
{
  "question": "What entity is able to assent or refuse to assent to any demand?",
  "answer": "The House of the People"
},
{
  "question": "Can a demand for a grant be made without the recommendation of the House of the People?",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Is it necessary to have the recommendation of the President to make a demand?",
  "answer": "Yes"
},
{
  "question": "What is introduced after the grants under article 113 have been made?",
  "answer": "A Bill to provide for the appropriation out of the Consolidated Fund of India"
},
{
  "question": "What is introduced once the House of the People has made the grant?",
  "answer": "A Bill to provide for the appropriation out of the Consolidated Fund of India"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Can an amendment be proposed to any Bill in either House of Pa",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Is it allowed to propose an amendment to any Bill in either House",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "What is required for money to be withdrawn from the Consolidate",
  "answer": "No money shall be withdrawn from the Consolidated Fund of India",
},
{
  "question": "What is the condition for withdrawing money from the Consolidate",
  "answer": "No money shall be withdrawn from the Consolidated Fund of India",
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances can the President call for supplementa",
  "answer": "The President can call for supplementary, additional or excess gran",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Indian Constitution's Article 115 say about the con",
  "answer": "According to Article 115 of the Indian Constitution, the President ca",
},
{
  "question": "What provisions are in effect in relation to any statement and exp",
  "answer": "The provisions of articles 112, 113 and 114 shall have effect in rela
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which articles have provisions in effect relating to any statement a",
  "answer": "The provisions of articles 112, 113 and 114 have effect in this cont",
},
{
  "question": "What power does the House of the People have in relation to the",
  "answer": "The House of the People has the power to make any grant in adva",
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure the House of the People must follow to ma",
  "answer": "The House of the People must complete the procedure prescribed",
},
{
  "question": "When can the House of the People make a grant for meeting an u",
  "answer": "The House of the People can make a grant for meeting an unexpect",
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances can the House of the People make a g",
  "answer": "The House of the People can make a grant for meeting an unexpect",
},
{
  "question": "Can the House of the People make an exceptional grant which for",
  "answer": "Yes, the House of the People can make an exceptional grant which",
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for the House of the People to make an exceptional",
  "answer": "Yes, it is possible."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to authorise by law the withdrawal of moneys",
  "answer": "The Parliament has the power to authorise by law the withdrawal o",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to sanction the withdrawal of money from th",
  "answer": "The Parliament has the authority to sanction the withdrawal of mon",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can a Bill or amendment making provision",
  "answer": "A Bill or amendment making provision for any of the matters specif",
},
{
  "question": "Who needs to recommend a Bill or amendment making provision",
  "answer": "A Bill or amendment making provision for these matters can only b",
},
{
  "question": "Is a recommendation required for the moving of an amendment m",
  "answer": "No, a recommendation is not required for the moving of an amendr",
},
{
  "question": "Is a recommendation needed to move an amendment that makes",
  "answer": "No",
},
{
  "question": "When is a Bill or amendment not deemed to make provision for an",
  "answer": "A Bill or amendment is not deemed to make provision for any of the"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does a Bill or amendment provide for, if it is not deemed to make provision for any of the matters mentioned in the title of the Bill or amendment?",
  "answer": "If a Bill or amendment is not deemed to make provision for any of the matters mentioned in the title of the Bill or amendment, it is deemed to make provision for any of those matters which are necessary for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the Bill or amendment.",
},
{
  "question": "What action should be taken before a Bill involving expenditure from the Consolidated Fund is introduced?",
  "answer": "The President has to recommend to that House the consideration of a Bill involving expenditure from the Consolidated Fund.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has to recommend to the House the consideration of a Bill involving expenditure from the Consolidated Fund?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who can make rules for regulating the procedure and conduct of business in each House of Parliament?",
  "answer": "Each House of Parliament."
},
{
  "question": "What entity is responsible for making rules for regulating the procedure and conduct of business in each House of Parliament?",
  "answer": "Each House of Parliament."
},
{
  "question": "What will take effect in relation to Parliament until rules are made for regulating the procedure and conduct of business in each House of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The rules of procedure and standing orders in force immediately before the commencement of the Constitution.",
},
{
  "question": "What rules will be in force before the commencement of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "The rules of procedure and standing orders in force immediately before the commencement of the Constitution."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who can make modifications and adaptations in the rules of procedure?",
  "answer": "The Chairman of the Council of States or the Speaker of the House of Representatives.",
},
{
  "question": "What roles are responsible for making modifications and adaptations in the rules of procedure?",
  "answer": "The Chairman of the Council of States or the Speaker of the House of Representatives.",
},
{
  "question": "Who presides at a joint sitting of the two Houses?",
  "answer": "The Speaker of the House of the People."
},
{
  "question": "What position does the person who presides over a joint sitting of the two Houses hold?",
  "answer": "The Speaker of the House of the People."
},
{
  "question": "What can Parliament regulate by law in relation to financial business?",
  "answer": "The procedure of, and the conduct of business in, each House of Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the law by Parliament in relation to financial business regulate?",
  "answer": "The procedure of, and the conduct of business in, each House of Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a law is inconsistent with a rule made by a House of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The provision of the law shall prevail."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which will prevail if a law is inconsistent with a rule made by a Ho
  "answer": "The provision of the law shall prevail."
},
{
  "question": "What languages can business in Parliament be transacted in acco
  "answer": "Business in Parliament shall be transacted in Hindi or in English."
},
{
  "question": "According to Article 120, in what languages shall the business in
  "answer": "Business in Parliament shall be transacted in Hindi or in English."
},
{
  "question": "What can the Chairman of the Council of States or Speaker of the
  "answer": "They may permit any member who cannot adequately express him
},
{
  "question": "Who can a member, who cannot adequately express himself in H
  "answer": "The Chairman of the Council of States or Speaker of the House of
},
{
  "question": "What happens after fifteen years from the commencement of the
  "answer": "This article shall have effect as if the words 'or in English' were omi
},
{
  "question": "What changes in the Constitution after fifteen years from its comm
  "answer": "The phrase 'or in English' is considered omitted from this article."
```

$\},$ 

"question": "What restriction is placed on discussions in Parliament according

 $\},$ 

"question": "What happens if a discussion about the conduct of a Judge of the

 $\},$ 

"question": "What does article 122 state about the validity of proceedings in Pa

$$\},$$

"question": "On what grounds cannot the validity of any proceedings in Parliar

 $\}$ 

"question": "Can an officer or member of Parliament be subject to the jurisdiction of the courts?"

 $\},$ 

"question": "Can someone exercising powers of regulating procedure or conduct"

 $\},$ 

"question": "What power does the President have during the recess of Parliam

```
},
{
  "question": "During what time and under which article does the President have the power to promulgate Ordinances?",
  "answer": "During the recess of Parliament, under article 123, the President has the power to promulgate Ordinances.",
},
{
  "question": "What action can the President take if he deems it necessary?",
  "answer": "The President can promulgate such Ordinances as the circumstances require.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do if the circumstances appear to him to require it?",
  "answer": "The President can promulgate such Ordinances as he deems necessary.",
},
{
  "question": "What impact does an Ordinance promulgated under this article have?",
  "answer": "An Ordinance promulgated under this article shall have the same force and effect as an Act of Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the force and effect of an Ordinance promulgated under article 123?",
  "answer": "It has the same force and effect as an Act of Parliament."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to an ordinance after it is laid before both Houses of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The ordinance shall cease to operate at the expiration of six weeks from the reassembly of Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "How long does an ordinance operate after being laid before both Houses of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The ordinance operates for six weeks from the reassembly of Parliament."
}
```



```
},  
{  
  "question": "Can an ordinance be withdrawn?",  
  "answer": "Yes, an ordinance may be withdrawn at any time by the President."  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who has the authority to withdraw an ordinance at any time?",  
  "answer": "The President has the authority to withdraw an ordinance at any time."  
},  
{  
  "question": "What happens if an Ordinance makes a provision that Parliament  
  "answer": "If an Ordinance under this article makes any provision which Parlia  
},  
{  
  "question": "What would be the consequence if an Ordinance under the Const  
  "answer": "It shall be void."  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the Supreme Court of India comprised of?",  
  "answer": "The Supreme Court of India consists of a Chief Justice of India and  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the maximum number of Judges, including the Chief Just  
  "answer": "The Supreme Court of India can have a maximum of eight Judges  
},  
{  
  "question": "How is a Judge of the Supreme Court appointed?",  
  "answer": "Every Judge of the Supreme Court is appointed by the President by
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints every Judge of the Supreme Court and under whose authority?",
  "answer": "The President appoints every Judge of the Supreme Court under his authority.",
},
{
  "question": "How long does a Judge of the Supreme Court hold office?",
  "answer": "A Judge of the Supreme Court shall hold office until he attains the age of 65 years.",
},
{
  "question": "Until what age does a Judge of the Supreme Court hold office?",
  "answer": "A Judge of the Supreme Court holds office until he attains the age of 65 years.",
},
{
  "question": "How can a Judge of the Supreme Court resign his office?",
  "answer": "A Judge may resign his office by writing under his hand addressed to the President.",
},
{
  "question": "To whom should a Judge of the Supreme Court address his resignation letter?",
  "answer": "A Judge should address his resignation letter to the President.",
},
{
  "question": "How can a Judge of the Supreme Court be removed from his office?",
  "answer": "A Judge may be removed from his office in the manner provided in clause (4).",
},
{
  "question": "In which clause is the manner for removing a Judge of the Supreme Court provided?",
  "answer": "The manner for removing a Judge is provided in clause (4)."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How is the age of a Judge of the Supreme Court determined?",
  "answer": "The age of a Judge of the Supreme Court shall be determined by s
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the age of a Judge of the Supreme Court and in
  "answer": "The age of a Judge of the Supreme Court is determined by such au
},
{
  "question": "What are the qualifications for appointment as a Judge of the Sup
  "answer": "A person shall not be qualified for appointment as a Judge of the S
},
{
  "question": "Who is considered to be a qualified candidate for the position of a
  "answer": "A person shall not be qualified for appointment as a Judge of the S
},
{
  "question": "What does 'High Court' mean in the context of this clause?",
  "answer": "'High Court' means a High Court which exercises, or which at any t
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean when 'High Court' is referred to as a court whic
  "answer": "In this context, 'High Court' refers to a High Court as described in a
},
{
  "question": "How can a Judge of the Supreme Court be removed from his offic
  "answer": "A Judge of the Supreme Court shall not be removed from his office
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure for the removal of a Judge of the Supreme",
  "answer": "A Judge of the Supreme Court can be removed from his office by a",
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure before a Judge of the Supreme Court enters",
  "answer": "Every person appointed to be a Judge of the Supreme Court shall,",
},
{
  "question": "Who does a person appointed to be a Judge of the Supreme Court",
  "answer": "Every person appointed to be a Judge of the Supreme Court shall,",
},
{
  "question": "Can a person who has held office as a Judge of the Supreme Court",
  "answer": "No, a person who has held office as a Judge of the Supreme Court",
},
{
  "question": "Is it allowed for a person who has served as a Supreme Court Judge",
  "answer": "No, it is not allowed for a person who has served as a Supreme Court",
},
{
  "question": "What is the National Judicial Appointments Commission?",
  "answer": "The National Judicial Appointments Commission is a commission of",
},
{
  "question": "What are the responsibilities and composition of the National Judicial",
  "answer": "The National Judicial Appointments Commission is responsible for
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who are the members of the National Judicial Appointments Commission?",
  "answer": "The members of the National Judicial Appointments Commission are the President of India, the Chief Justice of India, and two eminent persons nominated by the President of India.",
},
{
  "question": "Who nominates the two eminent persons to be members of the National Judicial Appointments Commission?",
  "answer": "The two eminent persons are nominated by the committee consisting of the President of India, the Chief Justice of India, and the Prime Minister of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the duties of the National Judicial Appointments Commission?",
  "answer": "The duties of the National Judicial Appointments Commission include recommending the names of persons to be appointed as Judges of the Supreme Court and High Courts, and recommending the names of persons to be appointed as Judges of the District Courts.",
},
{
  "question": "Who does the National Judicial Appointments Commission recommend?",
  "answer": "The National Judicial Appointments Commission is responsible for recommending the names of persons to be appointed as Judges of the Supreme Court and High Courts, and recommending the names of persons to be appointed as Judges of the District Courts.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the tenure of an eminent person nominated to the National Judicial Appointments Commission?",
  "answer": "An eminent person nominated to the National Judicial Appointments Commission holds office for a period of three years from the date of nomination.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the period of nomination and eligibility for renomination for an eminent person nominated to the National Judicial Appointments Commission?",
  "answer": "An eminent person nominated to the National Judicial Appointments Commission is eligible for renomination for a period of three years from the date of nomination.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if there is a vacancy or defect in the constitution of the National Judicial Appointments Commission?",
  "answer": "No act or proceedings of the National Judicial Appointments Commission shall be invalid on the ground that it was constituted or acted in contravention of the provisions of the Constitution of India.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Can the acts or proceedings of the National Judicial Appointments Commission be challenged in the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "No, no act or proceedings of the National Judicial Appointments Commission can be challenged in the Supreme Court.",
},
{
  "question": "Who is empowered to regulate the procedure for the appointment and removal of Judges of the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "Parliament may, by law, regulate the procedure for the appointment and removal of Judges of the Supreme Court.",
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for setting the regulations for the discharge of duties of Judges of the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "Parliament may regulate these procedures by law and also empower the Judges of the Supreme Court to make regulations for the discharge of their duties.",
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "The salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court are determined by Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "Who are the salaries of the Supreme Court Judges determined by?",
  "answer": "The salaries of the Supreme Court Judges are determined by Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "Who is entitled to determine the privileges, allowances, and rights of the Judges of the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "The privileges, allowances, and rights of a Supreme Court Judge are determined by Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "Who or what determines the privileges, allowances, and rights of the Judges of the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "The privileges, allowances, and rights of a Supreme Court Judge are determined by Parliament.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens when the office of Chief Justice of India is vacant?",
  "answer": "When the office of Chief Justice of India is vacant or the Chief Just",
},
{
  "question": "Who performs the duties of the office when the Chief Justice of In",
  "answer": "When the office of Chief Justice of India is vacant or the Chief Just",
},
{
  "question": "Who can be appointed as an ad hoc Judge?",
  "answer": "If there is not a quorum of the Judges of the Supreme Court availab",
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances can a Judge of a High Court who is du",
  "answer": "If there is not a quorum of the Judges of the Supreme Court availab",
},
{
  "question": "What is the duty of a Judge who has been designated as an ad ho",
  "answer": "The duty of the Judge who has been designated as an ad hoc Judge",
},
{
  "question": "What does a Judge who has been designated as an ad hoc Judge",
  "answer": "The Judge who has been designated as an ad hoc Judge prioritize",
},
{
  "question": "What powers does a judge have while attending the Supreme Cour",
  "answer": "A judge attending the Supreme Court has all the jurisdiction, power
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who has all the jurisdiction, powers and privileges, and discharge",
  "answer": "A judge attending the Supreme Court has all these powers and dut",
},
{
  "question": "Can a retired Judge attend sittings of the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "Yes, a retired Judge can attend sittings of the Supreme Court if the",
},
{
  "question": "Who needs to request for a retired Judge to attend sittings of the S",
  "answer": "The National Judicial Appointments Commission needs to request",
},
{
  "question": "What are the retired Judges entitled to while sitting and acting in t",
  "answer": "The retired Judges are entitled to such allowances as the Presiden",
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the allowances for retired Judges while sitting an",
  "answer": "The President determines the allowances for retired Judges while s",
},
{
  "question": "What is the condition for a retired Judge to sit and act as a Judge",
  "answer": "The retired Judge needs to consent to sit and act as a Judge of the",
},
{
  "question": "What is required for a retired Judge to sit and act as a Judge of th",
  "answer": "The retired Judge needs to consent to sit and act as a Judge of the"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is the status of the Supreme Court as per the record?",
  "answer": "The Supreme Court is a court of record and shall have all the powers of a court of record",
},
{
  "question": "What powers does the Supreme Court have as a court of record?",
  "answer": "As a court of record, the Supreme Court shall have all the powers of a court of record",
},
{
  "question": "Where does the Supreme Court sit?",
  "answer": "The Supreme Court sits in Delhi or in such other place or places, as may be determined by the President of India",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to appoint the place or places where the Supreme Court sits?",
  "answer": "The Chief Justice of India has the authority to appoint the place or places where the Supreme Court sits",
},
{
  "question": "What is the original jurisdiction of the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "The Supreme Court has original jurisdiction in any dispute between the Government of India and one or more States, or between two or more States, or between the Government of India and any citizen, or between two or more citizens, or between the Government of India and any foreign State, or between two or more foreign States, or between the Government of India and any person, or between two or more persons, or between the Government of India and any corporation, or between two or more corporations, or between the Government of India and any institution, or between two or more institutions, or between the Government of India and any association, or between two or more associations, or between the Government of India and any body, or between two or more bodies, or between the Government of India and any person or body or institution or association or corporation",
},
{
  "question": "In what types of disputes does the Supreme Court have original jurisdiction?",
  "answer": "The Supreme Court has original jurisdiction in any dispute between the Government of India and one or more States, or between two or more States, or between the Government of India and any citizen, or between two or more citizens, or between the Government of India and any foreign State, or between two or more foreign States, or between the Government of India and any person, or between two or more persons, or between the Government of India and any corporation, or between two or more corporations, or between the Government of India and any institution, or between two or more institutions, or between the Government of India and any association, or between two or more associations, or between the Government of India and any body, or between two or more bodies, or between the Government of India and any person or body or institution or association or corporation",
},
{
  "question": "What does the jurisdiction not extend to according to the Constitution?",
  "answer": "The jurisdiction does not extend to a dispute arising out of any treaty, agreement, or arrangement entered into by the Government of India or any State, or between the Government of India and any foreign State, or between two or more foreign States, or between the Government of India and any person, or between two or more persons, or between the Government of India and any corporation, or between two or more corporations, or between the Government of India and any institution, or between two or more institutions, or between the Government of India and any association, or between two or more associations, or between the Government of India and any body, or between two or more bodies, or between the Government of India and any person or body or institution or association or corporation",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What type of dispute does the Constitution of India specify its jurisdiction over?",
  "answer": "The Constitution of India specifies that its jurisdiction does not extend to disputes between states and the Union or between states and other states.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has exclusive jurisdiction in regard to questions as to the constitutionality of laws?",
  "answer": "The Supreme Court has exclusive jurisdiction."
},
{
  "question": "Which court has exclusive jurisdiction in regard to questions as to the validity of laws?",
  "answer": "The Supreme Court"
},
{
  "question": "When can an appeal lie to the Supreme Court from any judgment of a High Court?",
  "answer": "An appeal can lie to the Supreme Court if the High Court certifies that the case involves a substantial question of law."
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can a case from a High Court in the territories of the Union be appealed to the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "A case can be appealed to the Supreme Court if the High Court certifies that the case involves a substantial question of law."
},
{
  "question": "What does the expression 'final order' include according to the Constitution?",
  "answer": "The expression 'final order' includes an order deciding an issue which is a substantial question of law."
},
{
  "question": "What would be sufficient for the final disposal of the case if decided by the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "An order deciding an issue, termed as a 'final order', would be sufficient for the final disposal of the case if decided by the Supreme Court.
```

```
},
{
  "question": "When can an appeal lie to the Supreme Court from any judgment",
  "answer": "An appeal can lie to the Supreme Court if the High Court certifies u
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can an appeal from a civil proceeding of a",
  "answer": "An appeal can lie to the Supreme Court if the High Court certifies u
},
{
  "question": "Can a party appeal to the Supreme Court under clause (1) on the",
  "answer": "Yes, any party appealing to the Supreme Court under clause (1) m
},
{
  "question": "Can a party urge that a substantial question of law as to the interp",
  "answer": "Yes, any party appealing to the Supreme Court under clause (1) ca
},
{
  "question": "Can one appeal to the Supreme Court from the judgment, decree",
  "answer": "No, unless Parliament by law otherwise provides, no appeal shall li
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to allow an appeal to the Supreme Court fr",
  "answer": "The Parliament has the authority to allow such an appeal by law."
},
{
  "question": "When can an appeal lie to the Supreme Court from any judgment",
  "answer": "An appeal can lie to the Supreme Court from any judgment, final or
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances can an appeal lie to the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "An appeal can lie to the Supreme Court from a High Court's judgment.",
},
{
  "question": "Can Parliament confer on the Supreme Court any further powers?",
  "answer": "Yes, Parliament may by law confer on the Supreme Court any further powers.",
},
{
  "question": "Can Parliament set conditions and limitations when conferring further powers?",
  "answer": "Yes, Parliament can set such conditions and limitations as specified in the law.",
},
{
  "question": "When can a High Court issue a Certificate for appeal to the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "A High Court may issue a Certificate for appeal to the Supreme Court in certain cases.",
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances may a High Court issue a Certificate for appeal?",
  "answer": "A High Court may issue a Certificate for appeal to the Supreme Court in cases involving questions of law or fact.",
},
{
  "question": "What does article 135 of the Constitution of India state?",
  "answer": "Article 135 states that the jurisdiction and powers of the Federal Court shall be as provided in this article.",
},
{
  "question": "Which article of the Constitution of India states that the jurisdiction of the Federal Court shall be as provided in this article?",
  "answer": "This is stated in Article 135 of the Constitution of India."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of article 136 in the Constitution of India?",
  "answer": "Article 136 allows the Supreme Court, in its discretion, to grant special leave to appeal from any judgment, decree, or order in civil or criminal cases, or in any matter, including a writ, made by any court or tribunal in the country.",
},
{
  "question": "Which article in the Constitution of India allows the Supreme Court to review its own judgments?",
  "answer": "Article 136 in the Constitution of India allows this."
},
{
  "question": "What is stated in Article 137 of the Constitution of India?",
  "answer": "Article 137 of the Constitution of India states that, subject to the provisions of any law made by Parliament, the Supreme Court may review its own judgments in appeal cases.",
},
{
  "question": "Which article of the Constitution of India provides the Supreme Court with the power of review?",
  "answer": "Article 137 of the Constitution of India provides this power to the Supreme Court."
},
{
  "question": "What does article 138 of the Constitution of India mention?",
  "answer": "Article 138 states that the Supreme Court will have further jurisdiction to review its own judgments in appeal cases."
},
{
  "question": "Which article of the Constitution of India specifies that the Supreme Court has the power of review?",
  "answer": "This is specified in Article 138 of the Constitution of India."
},
{
  "question": "What powers may the Parliament confer on the Supreme Court according to Article 139?",
  "answer": "Parliament may by law confer on the Supreme Court power to issue writs in enforcement of its jurisdiction."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What powers can be conferred on the Supreme Court by law, spe
  "answer": "According to article 139, Parliament may confer on the Supreme C
},
{
  "question": "What does article 139A of the constitution of India describe?",
  "answer": "Article 139A describes the transfer of certain cases. If cases involv
},
{
  "question": "What happens when cases involving the same or substantially the
  "answer": "According to Article 139A of the Indian Constitution, if such cases a
},
{
  "question": "What does article 140 of the constitution of India provide?",
  "answer": "Article 140 provides that Parliament may by law make provision for
},
{
  "question": "What does the Indian Constitution allow Parliament to do in regar
  "answer": "According to Article 140 of the Indian Constitution, Parliament may
},
{
  "question": "Is the law declared by the Supreme Court binding on all courts wit
  "answer": "Yes"
},
{
  "question": "Does the Supreme Court's declared law apply to all courts within
  "answer": "Yes"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What powers does the Supreme Court have in doing complete justice?",
  "answer": "The Supreme Court may pass such decree or make such order as it may think fit, and may make such orders as may be necessary for carrying into effect its judgments.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the Supreme Court do to enforce its decree or order?",
  "answer": "The Supreme Court may pass such decree or make such order as it may think fit, and may make such orders as may be necessary for carrying into effect its judgments.",
},
{
  "question": "Can the President consult the Supreme Court on a question of law?",
  "answer": "Yes, the President can refer the question to the Supreme Court for consideration.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can refer a question to the Supreme Court for consideration?",
  "answer": "The President can refer a question to the Supreme Court for consideration.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when the President refers a question to the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "The Supreme Court may, after such hearing as it thinks fit, report to the President its views on the question.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Supreme Court do when the President refers a question?",
  "answer": "The Supreme Court may, after such hearing as it thinks fit, report to the President its views on the question.",
},
{
  "question": "Are civil and judicial authorities in the territory of India required to obey the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "Yes"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Is it mandatory for civil and judicial authorities in the territory of India to follow the decisions of the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "Yes"
},
{
  "question": "What act repealed the special provisions as to disposal of questions relating to the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "The Constitution (Forty-third Amendment) Act, 1977"
},
{
  "question": "What did The Constitution (Forty-third Amendment) Act, 1977 do?",
  "answer": "It repealed the special provisions as to disposal of questions relating to the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court."
},
{
  "question": "Who approves the rules made by the Supreme Court for regulating the practice and procedure of the Court?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who approves the rules made by the Supreme Court for regulating the practice and procedure of the Court?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "What does clause (1) of article 145 in the Constitution of India include?",
  "answer": "It includes rules pertaining to persons practising before the Court, persons entitled to practice before the Court, and the manner of practice."
},
{
  "question": "Which article and clause of the Constitution of India includes rules pertaining to persons practising before the Court, persons entitled to practice before the Court, and the manner of practice?",
  "answer": "Clause (1) of article 145 in the Constitution of India includes these rules."
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What can rules made under article 145 of the Constitution of India",
  "answer": "They can fix the minimum number of Judges who are to sit for any",
},
{
  "question": "What can be determined by the rules made under article 145 of th",
  "answer": "They can fix the minimum number of Judges who are to sit for any",
},
{
  "question": "Who decides a case involving a substantial question of law as per",
  "answer": "The minimum number of Judges who are to sit for the purpose of d",
},
{
  "question": "Who are required to sit for the purpose of deciding any case invol",
  "answer": "The minimum number of Judges",
},
{
  "question": "How many judges are required for the interpretation of this Consti",
  "answer": "Five",
},
{
  "question": "What is the number of judges required for the interpretation of the",
  "answer": "Five",
},
{
  "question": "What should the Court do if it is satisfied that the appeal involves",
  "answer": "Such Court shall refer the question for opinion to a Court constitute
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure for the Court to follow when a substantial question of law is involved?",
  "answer": "The Court should refer the question for opinion to a Court constituted by five Judges",
},
{
  "question": "Where should the judgment be delivered by the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "In open Court"
},
{
  "question": "Where does the Supreme Court deliver its judgment?",
  "answer": "In open Court"
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for the appointments of officers and servants of the Court?",
  "answer": "The Chief Justice of India or such other Judge or officer of the Court as he may direct",
},
{
  "question": "Who can the Chief Justice of India direct to appoint officers and servants of the Court?",
  "answer": "Other Judge or officer of the Court"
},
{
  "question": "What is the condition for a person not already attached to the Court to be appointed as an officer or servant of the Court?",
  "answer": "The President may require that in such cases, no person not already attached to the Court shall be appointed as an officer or servant of the Court unless he has been recommended by the Chief Justice of India",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to require that no person not already attached to the Court shall be appointed as an officer or servant of the Court unless he has been recommended by the Chief Justice of India?",
  "answer": "The President has the authority to require that no person not already attached to the Court shall be appointed as an officer or servant of the Court unless he has been recommended by the Chief Justice of India"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the conditions of service of officers and servants",
  "answer": "Subject to the provisions of any law made by Parliament, the condi",
},
{
  "question": "Who makes the rules for the conditions of service of officers and s",
  "answer": "The Chief Justice of India."
},
{
  "question": "Who is authorised to make rules for the Supreme Court of India?",
  "answer": "The Chief Justice of India or some other Judge or officer of the Cou",
},
{
  "question": "Who can the Chief Justice of India authorise to make rules for the",
  "answer": "Some other Judge or officer of the Court"
},
{
  "question": "What do the rules made for the Supreme Court of India need appro",
  "answer": "Salaries, allowances, leave or pensions"
},
{
  "question": "What aspects of the Supreme Court of India do the rules need ap",
  "answer": "Salaries, allowances, leave or pensions"
},
{
  "question": "Who needs to approve the rules related to salaries, allowances, le",
  "answer": "The President"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who approves the rules related to salaries, allowances, leave, or",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "What are the administrative expenses of the Supreme Court charged",
  "answer": "The Consolidated Fund of India"
},
{
  "question": "What is charged with the administrative expenses of the Supreme",
  "answer": "The Consolidated Fund of India"
},
{
  "question": "What does the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India need to do",
  "answer": "Make and subscribe before the President, or some person appointed",
},
{
  "question": "Who does the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India make and",
  "answer": "They make and subscribe an oath or affirmation before the President",
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India?",
  "answer": "The President"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the salary and other conditions of service of the C",
  "answer": "Parliament by law"
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the salary and other conditions of service of the C",
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "Can the salary of a Comptroller and Auditor-General be varied to",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible to alter the salary of a Comptroller and Auditor-Gener",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Is the Comptroller and Auditor-General eligible for further office un",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Is it true that the Comptroller and Auditor-General is not eligible fo",
  "answer": "Yes"
},
{
  "question": "Who prescribes the conditions of service for the Indian Audit and A",
  "answer": "The conditions of service are prescribed by rules made by the Pres
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who makes the rules for the conditions of service for the Indian A",
  "answer": "The President makes the rules for the conditions of service after co",
},
{
  "question": "What expenses are charged upon the Consolidated Fund of India",
  "answer": "The administrative expenses of the office of the Comptroller and Au",
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of the expenses charged upon the Consolida",
  "answer": "The purpose of the expenses charged upon the Consolidated Fund",
},
{
  "question": "Who performs duties and exercises powers in relation to the acco",
  "answer": "The Comptroller and Auditor-General."
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of The Comptroller and Auditor-General in relat",
  "answer": "They perform duties and exercise powers."
},
{
  "question": "Who advises on the form of accounts of the Union and of the Stat",
  "answer": "The President, on the advice of the Comptroller and Auditor-Gener",
},
{
  "question": "Who advises the President on the form of accounts of the Union a",
  "answer": "The Comptroller and Auditor-General of India"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who submits the reports of the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India?",
  "answer": "The reports are submitted to the Governor of the State."
},
{
  "question": "To whom are the reports of the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India submitted?",
  "answer": "The reports are submitted to the Governor of the State."
},
{
  "question": "What does the Governor of a State do with the reports of the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India?",
  "answer": "The Governor shall cause them to be laid before the Legislature of the State."
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for presenting the reports of the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India to the Governor?",
  "answer": "The Governor of a State is responsible for this."
},
{
  "question": "Does the expression 'State' include the State of Jammu and Kashmir?",
  "answer": "No, the expression 'State' does not include the State of Jammu and Kashmir."
},
{
  "question": "What does the expression 'State' exclude?",
  "answer": "The expression 'State' excludes the State of Jammu and Kashmir."
},
{
  "question": "Who is the executive power of the State vested in?",
  "answer": "The executive power of the State shall be vested in the Governor."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "In whom is the executive power of the State vested?",
  "answer": "The executive power of the State is vested in the Governor."
},
{
  "question": "Can the same person be appointed as Governor for two or more S",
  "answer": "Yes, the same person can be appointed as Governor for two or mo
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for a single individual to hold the position of Governor",
  "answer": "Yes, the same person can be appointed as Governor for two or mo
},
{
  "question": "How is the Governor of a State appointed?",
  "answer": "The Governor of a State is appointed by the President by warrant u
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the Governor of a State and how is it done?",
  "answer": "The President appoints the Governor of a State by warrant under h
},
{
  "question": "What is the term of office of a Governor?",
  "answer": "A Governor shall hold office for a term of five years from the date o
},
{
  "question": "How long does a Governor hold office from the date he enters upo",
  "answer": "A Governor holds office for a term of five years."
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Can a Governor continue to hold office after the expiration of his term?",
  "answer": "Yes, a Governor shall, notwithstanding the expiration of his term, continue to hold office until he is removed from office or until he resigns.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a Governor after the expiration of his term if he is not removed or resigns?",
  "answer": "A Governor shall, notwithstanding the expiration of his term, continue to hold office until he is removed from office or until he resigns.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the qualifications for appointment as Governor?",
  "answer": "A person must be a citizen of India and has completed the age of 35 years.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the citizenship and age requirement for a person to be appointed as Governor?",
  "answer": "The person must be a citizen of India and has completed the age of 35 years.",
},
{
  "question": "Can the Governor be a member of either House of Parliament or of a State Legislature?",
  "answer": "No, the Governor shall not be a member of either House of Parliament or of a State Legislature.",
},
{
  "question": "Is it prohibited for the Governor to be a member of either House of Parliament or of a State Legislature?",
  "answer": "Yes, it is prohibited for the Governor to be a member of either House of Parliament or of a State Legislature.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a member of either House of Parliament or of a State Legislature is appointed as Governor?",
  "answer": "He shall be deemed to have vacated his seat in that House on the day on which he is appointed as Governor."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is deemed to occur when a member of either House of Parli
  "answer": "He shall be deemed to have vacated his seat in that House."
},
{
  "question": "Can the Governor hold any other office of profit?",
  "answer": "No, the Governor shall not hold any other office of profit."
},
{
  "question": "Is it allowed for the Governor to hold any other office of profit?",
  "answer": "No, the Governor shall not hold any other office of profit."
},
{
  "question": "What are the privileges of the Governor?",
  "answer": "The Governor shall be entitled without payment of rent to the use o
},
{
  "question": "Who is entitled without payment of rent to the use of his official re
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "How are the emoluments and allowances allocated if the same pe
  "answer": "The emoluments and allowances payable to the Governor shall be
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the allocation of emoluments and allowances pay
  "answer": "The President determines the allocation of the emoluments and all
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Can the emoluments and allowances of the Governor be diminished?",
  "answer": "No, the emoluments and allowances of the Governor shall not be diminished.",
},
{
  "question": "Is it allowed to diminish the emoluments and allowances of the Governor?",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "What is the oath or affirmation by the Governor?",
  "answer": "Every Governor and every person discharging the functions of the Governor shall swear or affirm that he shall faithfully and honestly discharge the duties of his office to the best of his ability and to the satisfaction of the people of the State.",
},
{
  "question": "Who should the Governor and every person discharging the functions of the Governor swear or affirm?",
  "answer": "Before entering upon his office, every Governor and every person discharging the functions of the Governor shall swear or affirm before the people of the State.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can make provisions for the discharge of the functions of the Governor?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to make provisions for the discharge of the functions of the Governor?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "What powers does the Governor of a State have in terms of sentence?",
  "answer": "The Governor of a State has the power to grant pardons, reprieves, and remissions of sentences, and to suspend, remit, or commute sentences in cases of punishment imposed by any court subordinate to the High Court established by law in the State."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to grant pardons, reprieves, respites or remissions of punishment?",
  "answer": "The Governor of a State has these powers."
},
{
  "question": "What is the extent of executive power of a State according to the Constitution?",
  "answer": "Subject to the provisions of the Constitution, the executive power of a State extends to the matters with respect to which the Government may make laws."
},
{
  "question": "To what matters does the executive power of a State extend, and to what matters does it not extend?",
  "answer": "The executive power of a State extends to the matters with respect to which the Government may make laws."
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the Council of Ministers in relation to the Governor?",
  "answer": "The Council of Ministers, with the Chief Minister at the head, is the principal body which aids and advises the Governor in the exercise of his functions."
},
{
  "question": "Who aids and advises the Governor in the exercise of his functions?",
  "answer": "The Council of Ministers, with the Chief Minister at the head, aids and advises the Governor in the exercise of his functions."
},
{
  "question": "Who has the final decision if a question arises whether any matter is a matter of State or not?",
  "answer": "The decision of the Governor in his discretion is final."
},
{
  "question": "Whose decision is final in his discretion?",
  "answer": "The decision of the Governor in his discretion is final."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the Chief Minister?",
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the Chief Minister?",
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the other Ministers?",
  "answer": "The Governor on the advice of the Chief Minister"
},
{
  "question": "On whose advice does the Governor appoint the other Ministers?",
  "answer": "The Chief Minister"
},
{
  "question": "How long do the Ministers hold office?",
  "answer": "The Ministers hold office during the pleasure of the Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to decide the duration of a Minister's term in office?",
  "answer": "The Governor has the power to decide the duration of a Minister's term"
},
{
  "question": "What is the maximum number of Ministers in a State?",
  "answer": "The total number of Ministers in a State shall not exceed fifteen per
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the percentage limit of the total number of members of the",
  "answer": "The maximum number of Ministers in a State shall not exceed fifteen",
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum number of Ministers in a State?",
  "answer": "The number of Ministers, including the Chief Minister in a State shall",
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum number of Ministers a State should have, in",
  "answer": "A State should have not less than twelve Ministers, including the C",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the total number of Ministers in any State exceed",
  "answer": "The total number of Ministers in that State shall be brought in confo",
},
{
  "question": "What needs to be done if the number of Ministers in a State exceed",
  "answer": "The total number of Ministers in that State shall be brought in confo",
},
{
  "question": "Under what condition is a member of the Legislative Assembly of",
  "answer": "A member who is disqualified for being a member of that House un",
},
{
  "question": "Who is disqualified to be appointed as a Minister in the Legislative",
  "answer": "A member who is disqualified for being a member of that House un
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible to the Legislative Assembly of the State?",
  "answer": "The Council of Ministers"
},
{
  "question": "Who is the Council of Ministers responsible to in the State?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Assembly of the State"
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a Minister is not a member of the Legislature of t",
  "answer": "The Minister shall cease to be a Minister"
},
{
  "question": "What happens when a Minister ceases to be a Minister?",
  "answer": "This can happen if the Minister is not a member of the Legislature o",
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the salaries and allowances of Ministers?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of the State"
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for setting the salaries and allowances of Mini",
  "answer": "The Legislature of the State"
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the Advocate-General for the State?",
  "answer": "The Governor of each State"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "Who does the Governor of each State appoint?",  
  "answer": "The Advocate-General for the State"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the duty of the Advocate-General?",  
  "answer": "To give advice to the Government of the State upon such legal mat  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who is responsible for giving advice to the Government of the Sta  
  "answer": "The Advocate-General"  
},  
{  
  "question": "How long does the Advocate-General hold office?",  
  "answer": "The Advocate-General shall hold office during the pleasure of the C  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who has the authority to determine the tenure of the Advocate-Ge  
  "answer": "The Governor has the authority to determine the tenure of the Adv  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who determines the remuneration of the Advocate-General?",  
  "answer": "The Governor"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who is responsible for determining the remuneration of the Advoc  
  "answer": "The Governor"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Who expresses the executive action of the Government of a State",
  "answer": "All executive action of the Government of a State shall be expressed",
},
{
  "question": "Who shall express all executive action of the Government of a State",
  "answer": "The executive action of the Government of a State is expressed by",
},
{
  "question": "Who authenticates orders and other instruments made in the name",
  "answer": "The orders and other instruments made in the name of the Governor",
},
{
  "question": "In what manner are the orders and other instruments made in the",
  "answer": "The orders and other instruments made in the name of the Governor",
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the Governor in the transaction of the business",
  "answer": "The Governor makes rules for the more convenient transaction of t",
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for making rules for the more convenient trans",
  "answer": "The Governor is responsible for making these rules."
},
{
  "question": "What are the duties of the Chief Minister of each State according",
  "answer": "(a) to communicate to the Governor of the State all decisions of the
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is communicated to the Governor of the State by the Chief Minister?",
  "answer": "The Chief Minister communicates all decisions of the Council of Ministers to the Governor.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Legislature in every State consist of according to section 154?",
  "answer": "For every State there shall be a Legislature which shall consist of the Governor and the Legislative Assembly.",
},
{
  "question": "Who does the Legislature consist of in every State as per section 154?",
  "answer": "The Legislature in every State consists of the Governor, and in some States, the Legislative Council.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the Houses of the Legislature of a State known as?",
  "answer": "Where there are two Houses of the Legislature of a State, one shall be known as the Legislative Assembly and the other as the Legislative Council.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the name for a single House of the Legislature of a State?",
  "answer": "Where there is only one House of the Legislature of a State, it is known as the Legislative Assembly.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to abolish or create a Legislative Council in a State?",
  "answer": "Parliament",
},
{
  "question": "What entity has the ability to create or abolish a Legislative Council?",
  "answer": "Parliament"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What conditions must be met for the Parliament to abolish or create a law?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Assembly of the State must pass a resolution to that effect.",
},
{
  "question": "What process must the Legislative Assembly of a State go through to pass a law?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Assembly of the State must pass a resolution to abolish or create a law.",
},
{
  "question": "What should any law referred to in clause (1) contain?",
  "answer": "Such provisions for the amendment of the Constitution as may be required.",
},
{
  "question": "What may be contained in a law referred to in clause (1) that is not an amendment of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "Such provisions for the amendment of the Constitution as may be required.",
},
{
  "question": "Is such a law deemed to be an amendment of the Constitution for the purposes of clause (1)?",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Is the law not considered an amendment of the Constitution according to clause (1)?",
  "answer": "Yes"
},
{
  "question": "What is the composition of the Legislative Assemblies?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Assembly of each State shall consist of not more than 300 members."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How are the members of the Legislative Assembly of each State chosen?",
  "answer": "The members of the Legislative Assembly of each State are chosen by the electors of the State in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution.",
},
{
  "question": "How is each State divided for the purposes of clause (1)?",
  "answer": "Each State shall be divided into territorial constituencies in such a manner as may be determined by the Election Commission of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean when a State is divided into territorial constituencies?",
  "answer": "This means that each State is divided for the purposes of clause (1) into territorial constituencies.",
},
{
  "question": "How is 'population' defined in this context?",
  "answer": "The 'population' means the population as ascertained at the last census.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'population' refer to when it is ascertained at the last census?",
  "answer": "In this context, the term 'population' is defined as the population as ascertained at the last census.",
},
{
  "question": "How is the total number of seats in the Legislative Assembly of each State determined?",
  "answer": "Upon the completion of each census, it's adjusted by such authority as may be determined by the Election Commission of India.",
},
{
  "question": "When and by who is the total number of seats in the Legislative Assembly of each State determined?",
  "answer": "Upon the completion of each census, it's adjusted by such authority as may be determined by the Election Commission of India.
```

```
},
{
  "question": "When does the readjustment of the total number of seats in the Legislative Council of a State take effect?",
  "answer": "The readjustment takes effect from such date as the President may specify.",
},
{
  "question": "Who specifies the date when the readjustment of the total number of seats in the Legislative Council of a State takes effect?",
  "answer": "The President specifies the date when the readjustment takes effect.",
},
{
  "question": "When is it not necessary to readjust the total number of seats in the Legislative Council of a State?",
  "answer": "Until the relevant figures for the first census taken after the year 2001 are available.",
},
{
  "question": "What event triggers the need to readjust the total number of seats in the Legislative Council of a State?",
  "answer": "The need to readjust the total number of seats is triggered by the publication of the census figures.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the maximum number of members in the Legislative Council of a State?",
  "answer": "The total number of members in the Legislative Council of a State shall not exceed twenty.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the limit on the number of members in the Legislative Council of a State?",
  "answer": "The total number of members in the Legislative Council of a State shall not exceed twenty.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum number of members in the Legislative Council of a State?",
  "answer": "The total number of members in the Legislative Council of a State shall not be less than ten.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the lower limit on the total number of members in the Leg",
  "answer": "The minimum number of members in the Legislative Council of a S",
},
{
  "question": "Who shall elect the third part of the members according to the tex",
  "answer": "The third part of the members shall be elected by electorates consi",
},
{
  "question": "Who will be elected by the electorates consisting of members of n",
  "answer": "The third part of the members",
},
{
  "question": "Who elects one-twelfth of the members according to the text?",
  "answer": "One-twelfth of the members shall be elected by electorates consist",
},
{
  "question": "Who are the electorates that elect one-twelfth of the members?",
  "answer": "The electorates that elect one-twelfth of the members are persons",
},
{
  "question": "Who is eligible to elect another one-twelfth of the members?",
  "answer": "Another one-twelfth of the members shall be elected by electorates",
},
{
  "question": "Who shall be elected by electorates consisting of persons who ha",
  "answer": "Another one-twelfth of the members"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who elects one-third of the members according to the text?",
  "answer": "One-third of the members shall be elected by the members of the L
},
{
  "question": "Who are the one-third members of the state elected by and who a
  "answer": "One-third of the members are elected by the members of the Legis
},
{
  "question": "Who nominates the remainder of the members?",
  "answer": "The remainder of the members shall be nominated by the Govern
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for nominating the remaining members as per
  "answer": "The Governor is responsible for nominating the remaining member
},
{
  "question": "What qualifications should the members nominated by the Govern
  "answer": "The members to be nominated by the Governor shall consist of per
},
{
  "question": "Who shall the Governor nominate as members?",
  "answer": "The Governor shall nominate members who have special knowledg
},
{
  "question": "What is the duration of every Legislative Assembly of every State?
  "answer": "Every Legislative Assembly of every State, unless sooner dissolved
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How long does a Legislative Assembly of a State continue, unless",
  "answer": "Every Legislative Assembly of every State continues for five years,",
},
{
  "question": "What happens at the expiration of the five year period of the Asse",
  "answer": "The expiration of the five year period shall operate as a dissolution",
},
{
  "question": "What does the expiration of the five year period result in for the A",
  "answer": "The expiration of the five year period shall operate as a dissolution",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can the five year period of the Assembly be",
  "answer": "The said period may be extended while a Proclamation of Emergen",
},
{
  "question": "How long can the Assembly's five year period be extended during",
  "answer": "During a Proclamation of Emergency, the Assembly's five year peri",
},
{
  "question": "Is the Legislative Council of a State subject to dissolution?",
  "answer": "No, the Legislative Council of a State shall not be subject to dissolu",
},
{
  "question": "Can the Legislative Council of a State be dissolved?",
  "answer": "No, it cannot be dissolved."
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What happens to one-third of the members of the Legislative Cou
  "answer": "As nearly as possible one-third of the members of the Legislative C
},
{
  "question": "When do approximately one-third of the members of the Legislativ
  "answer": "As nearly as possible one-third of the members of the Legislative C
},
{
  "question": "What are the qualifications for membership of the State Legislatu
  "answer": "A person shall be a citizen of India, make and subscribe before som
},
{
  "question": "What are the requirements for an Indian citizen to be eligible for a
  "answer": "The individual needs to make and subscribe before some person a
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the Governor in relation to the State Legislatu
  "answer": "The Governor shall from time to time summon the House or each H
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for summoning the House or each House of th
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "What is the maximum time that can elapse between two sessions
  "answer": "Six months shall not intervene between its last sitting in one sessio
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean when it is stated that 'Six months shall not inter-  
"answer": "It means that the maximum time that can elapse between two sess  
},
{
  "question": "Who can address the Legislative Assembly or the House of the Le  
"answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to address the Legislative Assembly or the  
"answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "What can the Governor require for the purpose of addressing the  
"answer": "The attendance of members"
},
{
  "question": "Who can the Governor require for the purpose of addressing the L  
"answer": "The attendance of members"
},
{
  "question": "Can the Governor send messages to the House or Houses of the  
"answer": "Yes"
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for the Governor to communicate with the House or L  
"answer": "Yes"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "When does the Governor give a special address to the Legislative Assembly?",
  "answer": "At the commencement of the first session after each general election.",
},
{
  "question": "When does the Governor give his address at the commencement of the first session after each general election?",
  "answer": "The Governor gives a special address to the Legislative Assembly at the commencement of the first session after each general election.",
},
{
  "question": "What rights do Ministers and the Advocate-General have as respects the Assembly?",
  "answer": "Every Minister and the Advocate-General for a State shall have the right to speak in the Assembly and to take part in the business of the Assembly, but they shall not be entitled to vote.",
},
{
  "question": "Can Every Minister and the Advocate-General for a State speak in the Assembly?",
  "answer": "Yes, they have the right to do so, but they are not entitled to vote.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when the office of Speaker or Deputy Speaker becomes vacant?",
  "answer": "The Assembly shall choose two members to be respectively Speaker and Deputy Speaker.",
},
{
  "question": "Who does the Assembly choose when the office of Speaker or Deputy Speaker becomes vacant?",
  "answer": "The Assembly shall choose two members to be respectively Speaker and Deputy Speaker.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when a member holding office as Speaker or Deputy Speaker vacates his office?",
  "answer": "He vacates his office."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What occurs if a Speaker or Deputy Speaker of the Assembly ceases to hold office?",
  "answer": "He vacates his office."
},
{
  "question": "How can a Speaker or Deputy Speaker resign from his office?",
  "answer": "By writing under his hand addressed, if such member is the Speaker, to the Assembly, and if he is the Deputy Speaker, to the Speaker, and if he is a member, to the Speaker or the Deputy Speaker, as the case may be."
},
{
  "question": "To whom should a Speaker or Deputy Speaker address their resignation?",
  "answer": "If the member is the Speaker, the resignation letter should be addressed to the Assembly, and if he is the Deputy Speaker, to the Speaker, and if he is a member, to the Speaker or the Deputy Speaker, as the case may be."
},
{
  "question": "How can a Speaker or Deputy Speaker be removed from his office?",
  "answer": "By a resolution of the Assembly passed by a majority of all the members present and voting."
},
{
  "question": "What is the process and requirements to remove a Speaker or Deputy Speaker?",
  "answer": "By a resolution of the Assembly passed by a majority of all the members present and voting."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the office of the Speaker when the Assembly is dissolved?",
  "answer": "The Speaker shall not vacate his office until immediately before the meeting of the next Assembly."
},
{
  "question": "When does the Speaker vacate his office in case of the assembly being dissolved?",
  "answer": "The Speaker shall not vacate his office until immediately before the meeting of the next Assembly."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who performs the duties of the Speaker when the office is vacant",
  "answer": "The duties of the office shall be performed by the Deputy Speaker or",
},
{
  "question": "Who takes over if both the Speaker and Deputy Speaker offices are vacant",
  "answer": "Such member of the Assembly as the Governor may appoint for the purpose",
},
{
  "question": "Who acts as Speaker during the absence of the Speaker from any day",
  "answer": "The Deputy Speaker or, if he is also absent, such person as may be determined by the rules of procedure of the Assembly",
},
{
  "question": "Who will take the role of Speaker if the Speaker and Deputy Speaker are both absent",
  "answer": "Such person as may be determined by the rules of procedure of the Assembly",
},
{
  "question": "Can a Speaker or the Deputy Speaker preside while a resolution for their removal from office is being considered",
  "answer": "No, the Speaker or the Deputy Speaker cannot preside while a resolution for their removal from office is being considered",
},
{
  "question": "Who cannot preside over a resolution for their removal from office",
  "answer": "The Speaker or the Deputy Speaker cannot preside over such a resolution",
},
{
  "question": "Who presides when the removal of the Speaker from his office is being considered",
  "answer": "The Deputy Speaker does not preside when the removal of the Speaker from his office is being considered",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who does not preside when the removal of the Speaker from his office is under consideration?",
  "answer": "The Deputy Speaker does not preside when the removal of the Speaker from his office is under consideration.",
},
{
  "question": "What rights does the Speaker have when a resolution for his removal is under consideration?",
  "answer": "The Speaker has the right to speak in, and otherwise take part in the proceedings of the House.",
},
{
  "question": "When can the Speaker vote during proceedings of his removal from office?",
  "answer": "The Speaker is entitled to vote only in the first instance on such resolutions.",
},
{
  "question": "Who chooses the Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the Legislative Council?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Council of every State having such Council chooses the Chairman and Deputy Chairman.",
},
{
  "question": "Who are the two members chosen by the Legislative Council of every State?",
  "answer": "The Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the Legislative Council.",
},
{
  "question": "When does a member holding office as Chairman or Deputy Chairman of the Legislative Council vacate his office?",
  "answer": "A member holding office as Chairman or Deputy Chairman of a Legislative Council vacates his office on the expiry of his term of office.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a member holding office as Chairman or Deputy Chairman of the Legislative Council dies or resigns?",
  "answer": "If a member holding office as Chairman or Deputy Chairman of a Legislative Council dies or resigns, the office of the Chairman or Deputy Chairman, as the case may be, shall be vacant.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How can a member holding office as Chairman or Deputy Chairman of a Legislative Council be removed from his office?",
  "answer": "A member holding office as Chairman or Deputy Chairman of a Legislative Council can be removed from his office as Chairman or Deputy Chairman of a Legislative Council by a resolution of the Council.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure for a member holding office as Chairman or Deputy Chairman of a Legislative Council to be removed from his office?",
  "answer": "A member holding office as Chairman or Deputy Chairman of a Legislative Council can be removed from his office as Chairman or Deputy Chairman of a Legislative Council by a resolution of the Council.",
},
{
  "question": "How can a member be removed from his office as Chairman or Deputy Chairman of a Legislative Council?",
  "answer": "A member can be removed from his office as Chairman or Deputy Chairman of a Legislative Council by a resolution of the Council.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure for removing a Chairman or Deputy Chairman of a Legislative Council?",
  "answer": "A member can be removed from his office as Chairman or Deputy Chairman of a Legislative Council by a resolution of the Council.",
},
{
  "question": "Who performs the duties of the Chairman when the office is vacant?",
  "answer": "The duties of the office shall be performed by the Deputy Chairman or, if he is also absent, by such member of the Council as the Governor may appoint for the purpose.",
},
{
  "question": "Who performs the duties of the Chairman if both the Chairman and Deputy Chairman are absent?",
  "answer": "Such member of the Council as the Governor may appoint for the purpose.",
},
{
  "question": "Who acts as Chairman during the absence of the Chairman from the Council?",
  "answer": "The Deputy Chairman or, if he is also absent, such person as may be appointed by the Governor for the purpose.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who will act as Chairman if both the Chairman and the Deputy Ch
  "answer": "Such other person as may be determined by the Council will act as
},
{
  "question": "Can the Chairman or the Deputy Chairman preside while a resolu
  "answer": "No, the Chairman or the Deputy Chairman shall not preside while a
},
{
  "question": "Is the Chairman or the Deputy Chairman allowed to preside during
  "answer": "No, the Chairman or the Deputy Chairman is not allowed to preside
},
{
  "question": "Does the Chairman have the right to speak in the proceedings of
  "answer": "Yes, the Chairman shall have the right to speak in, and otherwise t
},
{
  "question": "While a resolution for his removal from office is under considerati
  "answer": "Yes, the Chairman can still take part in the proceedings of the Legi
},
{
  "question": "What are the allowances for the Speaker, Deputy Speaker, Chairm
  "answer": "There shall be paid to the Speaker and the Deputy Speaker of the
},
{
  "question": "Who are the individuals that receive salaries and allowances as d
  "answer": "The Speaker and the Deputy Speaker of the Legislative Assembly,
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Who fixes the salaries and allowances of the Legislature of a State?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of the State fixes the salaries and allowances by law.",
},
{
  "question": "Who fixes the salaries and allowances by law in a State?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of the State fixes the salaries and allowances by law.",
},
{
  "question": "Does each House of the Legislature of a State have a separate secretariat?",
  "answer": "Yes, each House of the Legislature of a State has a separate secretariat.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has a separate secretarial staff in the Legislature of a State?",
  "answer": "Each House of the Legislature of a State has a separate secretarial staff.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can regulate the recruitment and conditions of service of the members of the Legislature?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State can regulate the recruitment and conditions of service of its members.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can regulate the recruitment and conditions of service of the members of the Legislature?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State.",
},
{
  "question": "What does every member of the Legislative Assembly or the Legislative Council receive?",
  "answer": "Every member of the Legislative Assembly or the Legislative Council receives a salary and allowances.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who does every member of the Legislative Assembly or the Legis
  "answer": "Every member of the Legislative Assembly or the Legislative Coun
},
{
  "question": "How are all questions at any sitting of a House of the Legislature
  "answer": "All questions at any sitting of a House of the Legislature of a State
},
{
  "question": "Who determines all questions at any sitting of a House of the Leg
  "answer": "All questions are determined by a majority of votes of the members
},
{
  "question": "Can the Speaker or Chairman vote in the first instance?",
  "answer": "No, the Speaker or Chairman, or person acting as such, shall not v
},
{
  "question": "Is the Speaker or Chairman, or person acting as such, allowed to
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "What power does a House of the Legislature of a State have acco
  "answer": "A House of the Legislature of a State has the power to act notwiths
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a person who is not entitled to do so, participates
  "answer": "Even if it is discovered subsequently that some person who was no
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What constitutes a quorum for a meeting of a House of the Legislature?",
  "answer": "Until the Legislature of the State by law otherwise provides, the quorum shall be a majority of the members of the House.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum number of members required for a quorum in the House of Representatives?",
  "answer": "The quorum to constitute a meeting of a House of the Legislature shall be a majority of the members of the House.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the duty of the Speaker or Chairman when there is no quorum present?",
  "answer": "If at any time during a meeting of the Legislative Assembly or the Legislative Council, the Speaker or Chairman, or person acting as such, is satisfied that there is no quorum present, he shall suspend the business of the Assembly or Council until such time as a quorum is present.",
},
{
  "question": "What should the Speaker or Chairman do if there is no quorum during a meeting?",
  "answer": "The Speaker or Chairman, or person acting as such, should either adjourn the meeting or suspend the business until a quorum is present.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the provision for a person who is a member of both Houses of the Legislature?",
  "answer": "No person shall be a member of both Houses of the Legislature of the State at the same time.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens according to the law if a person is chosen as a member of both Houses?",
  "answer": "No person shall be a member of both Houses of the Legislature of the State at the same time.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a person is a member of the Legislatures of two or more States?",
  "answer": "If a person is chosen a member of the Legislatures of two or more States, he shall be deemed to have resigned from the Legislature of the State in which he was first chosen a member.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the seats of a person who is chosen a member of the House of the Legislature of a State for a term of years?",
  "answer": "At the expiration of such period as may be specified in rules made by the House of the Legislature of a State.",
},
{
  "question": "When does a member of a House of the Legislature of a State become disqualified?",
  "answer": "A member of a House of the Legislature of a State becomes disqualified if he is an alien, or an idiot, or a person who has been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a member of a House of the Legislature of a State becomes disqualified?",
  "answer": "A member of a House of the Legislature of a State becomes disqualified if he is an alien, or an idiot, or a person who has been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when a resignation is accepted by the Speaker or Chairman of a House of the Legislature of a State?",
  "answer": "The seat of the person resigning shall thereupon become vacant.",
},
{
  "question": "What occurs when the seat of the person resigning becomes vacant?",
  "answer": "It means that the resignation has been accepted by the Speaker or Chairman of the House of the Legislature of a State.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the Speaker or Chairman believes a resignation is not valid?",
  "answer": "They shall not accept the resignation.",
},
{
  "question": "What action does the Speaker or Chairman take if they believe a resignation is not valid?",
  "answer": "They shall not accept the resignation."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What actions can be taken if a member of a House of the Legislat
  "answer": "The House may declare his seat vacant."
},
{
  "question": "What can the House do if a member has been absent without per
  "answer": "The House may declare his seat vacant."
},
{
  "question": "What are some disqualifications for membership to the Legislative
  "answer": "Holding an office of profit under the Government of India or any Sta
},
{
  "question": "What do holding an office of profit under the Government of India
  "answer": "These are some disqualifications for membership to the Legislative
},
{
  "question": "What does not count as holding an office of profit under the Gove
  "answer": "Being a Minister either for the Union or for such State does not cou
},
{
  "question": "Who is not considered as holding an office of profit under the Gov
  "answer": "A Minister either for the Union or for such State is not considered a
},
{
  "question": "Who makes the final decision if a question arises about a membe
  "answer": "The Governor"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "Who is responsible for making the final decision in case of a disqualification of a member of the Legislative Assembly?",  
  "answer": "The Governor"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What does the Governor need to obtain before making any decision on the disqualification of a member of the Legislative Assembly?",  
  "answer": "The opinion of the Election Commission"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Whose opinion does the Governor need to obtain before making a decision on the disqualification of a member of the Legislative Assembly?",  
  "answer": "The Election Commission"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the penalty for a person sitting or voting as a member of the Legislative Assembly without being a member?",  
  "answer": "A penalty of five hundred rupees for each day on which he so sits or votes"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the daily penalty for a person who sits or votes as a member of the Legislative Assembly without being a member?",  
  "answer": "Five hundred rupees"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What freedoms are granted to the members of the Legislature of every State?",  
  "answer": "There shall be freedom of speech in the Legislature of every State"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Where is the freedom of speech granted according to the constitution?",  
  "answer": "The freedom of speech is granted in the Legislature of every State."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are members of the Legislature of a State immune to in respect of",
  "answer": "They are not liable to any proceedings in any court"
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the members of the Legislature of a State in respect of",
  "answer": "They are not liable"
},
{
  "question": "What are the powers, privileges and immunities of a House of the Legislature",
  "answer": "The powers, privileges and immunities of a House of the Legislature are"
},
{
  "question": "When do the powers, privileges and immunities of a House of the Legislature",
  "answer": "The powers, privileges and immunities come into force immediately after the"
},
{
  "question": "What rights do people have according to the Constitution in relation to",
  "answer": "Persons who by virtue of this Constitution have the right to speak in"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the right to speak in, and otherwise to take part in the proceedings",
  "answer": "Persons who by virtue of this Constitution have these rights."
},
{
  "question": "What are the entitlements of members of the Legislative Assembly",
  "answer": "Members of the Legislative Assembly and the Legislative Council of the State"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who are the ones entitled to receive salaries and allowances as o",
  "answer": "Members of the Legislative Assembly and the Legislative Council o",
},
{
  "question": "Where can a Bill originate in the State Legislature?",
  "answer": "A Bill may originate in either House of the Legislature of a State wh",
},
{
  "question": "In which house of a state's legislature, that has a Legislative Coun",
  "answer": "A Bill may originate in either House of the Legislature of a State.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a Bill in a State Legislature with a Legislative Co",
  "answer": "A Bill shall not be deemed to have been passed by the Houses of t",
},
{
  "question": "What is required for a Bill to be passed by the Houses of the Legis",
  "answer": "A Bill shall not be deemed to have been passed by the Houses of t",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a Bill pending in the Legislature of a State in cas",
  "answer": "A Bill pending in the Legislature of a State shall not lapse by reason",
},
{
  "question": "Does a Bill pending in the Legislature of a State lapse by reason o",
  "answer": "No, a Bill pending in the Legislature of a State does not lapse by re
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a Bill pending in the Legislative Council of a State if it is not passed by the Council in two successive sessions?",
  "answer": "The Bill shall not lapse."
},
{
  "question": "Does a Bill pending in the Legislative Council of a State lapse if it is not passed by the Council in two successive sessions?",
  "answer": "No, the Bill shall not lapse."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a Bill pending in the Legislative Assembly of a State if it is not passed by the Assembly in two successive sessions?",
  "answer": "The Bill shall lapse."
},
{
  "question": "What is the status of a Bill that was pending in the Legislative Assembly of a State if it is not passed by the Assembly in two successive sessions?",
  "answer": "The Bill shall lapse."
},
{
  "question": "What can the Legislative Assembly do if a Bill is rejected by the Legislative Council in two successive sessions?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Assembly may pass the Bill again in the same or in the next session."
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the Legislative Assembly passes a Bill again in the same or in the next session after it has been rejected by the Legislative Council in two successive sessions?",
  "answer": "The Bill is considered to be rejected by the Legislative Council or the Bill shall lapse."
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a Bill passed for the second time by the Legislative Assembly is rejected by the Legislative Council in two successive sessions?",
  "answer": "The Bill shall be deemed to have been passed by the Houses of the Parliament."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is deemed to occur if a Bill, having been passed for the second time, is not passed in the second session of the year?",
  "answer": "The Bill shall be deemed to have been passed by the Houses of the Legislature.",
},
{
  "question": "Where can a Money Bill not be introduced?",
  "answer": "A Money Bill shall not be introduced in a Legislative Council."
},
{
  "question": "In which legislative body shall a Money Bill not be introduced?",
  "answer": "Legislative Council"
},
{
  "question": "What happens after a Money Bill has been passed by the Legislative Assembly?",
  "answer": "After a Money Bill has been passed by the Legislative Assembly of the State, it shall be sent to the Legislative Council for its consideration.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a Money Bill after it has been passed by the Legislative Assembly?",
  "answer": "After a Money Bill has been passed by the Legislative Assembly, it shall be sent to the Legislative Council for its consideration.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the time period within which the Legislative Council should consider a Money Bill?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Council shall within a period of fourteen days from the date of its receipt of the Bill, consider the Bill and pass or reject it.",
},
{
  "question": "What should the Legislative Council do within a period of fourteen days of receiving a Money Bill?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Council shall return the Money Bill to the Legislative Assembly with its recommendations or reject it."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the Legislative Assembly does not accept any of",
  "answer": "If the Legislative Assembly does not accept any of the recommend",
},
{
  "question": "What is deemed to have happened if the Legislative Assembly pa",
  "answer": "If the Legislative Assembly does not accept any of the recommend",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a Money Bill is not returned to the Legislative As",
  "answer": "If a Money Bill passed by the Legislative Assembly and transmitted",
},
{
  "question": "What is the consequence of a Money Bill, passed by the Legislati",
  "answer": "If a Money Bill is not returned to the Legislative Assembly within fou",
},
{
  "question": "What is deemed to be a Money Bill?",
  "answer": "A Bill shall be deemed to be a Money Bill if it contains only provisio",
},
{
  "question": "What provisions must a bill contain to be considered a Money Bill.",
  "answer": "A Bill shall be deemed to be a Money Bill if it contains only provisio",
},
{
  "question": "What is a Money Bill not deemed to be because of?",
  "answer": "A Bill is not deemed to be a Money Bill by reason only that it provid
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What provisions do not make a Bill a Money Bill?",
  "answer": "A Bill providing for the imposition of fines or other pecuniary penalties",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the final decision on whether a Bill introduced in the Legislative Assembly of a State is a Money Bill?",
  "answer": "The Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of such State has the final say",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the final decision on whether a Bill introduced in the Legislative Assembly of a State is a Money Bill?",
  "answer": "The Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of such State has the final say",
},
{
  "question": "What is endorsed on every Money Bill when it is transmitted to the Governor?",
  "answer": "The certificate of the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly signed by him",
},
{
  "question": "What is the certificate endorsed on every Money Bill when it is transmitted to the Governor?",
  "answer": "It is the certificate of the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly signed by him",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when a Bill has been passed by the Legislative Assembly of a State?",
  "answer": "When a Bill has been passed by the Legislative Assembly of a State, it is sent to the Governor",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Governor do after a Bill has been passed by the Legislative Assembly of a State?",
  "answer": "After a Bill has been passed by the Legislative Assembly of a State, the Governor may reserve it for the consideration of the President",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What can a Governor do if a Bill is presented to him for assent?",
  "answer": "The Governor may return the Bill if it is not a Money Bill together with",
},
{
  "question": "What action can the Governor take when presented with a Bill that",
  "answer": "The Governor may return the Bill together with a message requesting",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when a Bill is returned to the House or Houses by",
  "answer": "When a Bill is so returned, the House or Houses shall reconsider the",
},
{
  "question": "What will the House or Houses do if a Bill is returned by the Gove",
  "answer": "When a Bill is so returned, the House or Houses shall reconsider the",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Governor not allowed to assent to?",
  "answer": "The Governor shall not assent to, but shall reserve for the consider",
},
{
  "question": "What should the Governor do if he believes that a Bill would derog",
  "answer": "The Governor shall not assent to such a Bill, but shall reserve it for",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when a Bill is reserved by a Governor for the cons",
  "answer": "When a Bill is reserved by a Governor for the consideration of the P
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What will the President do when a Bill is reserved by a Governor for the President?",
  "answer": "The President shall declare either that he assents to the Bill or that he reserves it for the President.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do if the Bill is not a Money Bill?",
  "answer": "The President may direct the Governor to return the Bill to the House of Assembly.",
},
{
  "question": "What action may the President take with the Governor and the House of Assembly?",
  "answer": "The President may direct the Governor to return the Bill to the House of Assembly.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the Bill is returned by the Governor to the House of Assembly?",
  "answer": "The House or Houses shall reconsider it accordingly within a period of three months.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure if a Bill is reconsidered and again passed by the House of Assembly?",
  "answer": "If a Bill is again passed by the House or Houses with or without amendments, the President shall assent to it.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Governor's role in financial matters?",
  "answer": "In respect of every financial year, the Governor shall cause to be laid before the House of Assembly a statement of the accounts of the Government.",
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for laying a financial statement before the House of Assembly?",
  "answer": "The Governor is responsible for laying a financial statement before the House of Assembly.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the 'annual financial statement' as referred to in this text?",
  "answer": "The 'annual financial statement' is a statement of the estimated receipts and expenditure of the State for the year.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the statement of the estimated receipts and expenditure of the State?",
  "answer": "The statement of the estimated receipts and expenditure of the State is a statement of the estimated receipts and expenditure of the State for the year.",
},
{
  "question": "What should the estimates of expenditure in the annual financial statement show?",
  "answer": "The estimates should show separately the sums required to meet expenditure charged upon the Consolidated Fund of each State and the sums required to meet other expenditure.",
},
{
  "question": "What should the sums required to meet expenditure charged upon the Consolidated Fund of each State be shown separately in the estimates of expenditure?",
  "answer": "The sums should be shown separately in the estimates of expenditure.",
},
{
  "question": "What expenditure is charged on the Consolidated Fund of each State?",
  "answer": "The expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund of each State is the expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund of each State for the year.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund of each State include?",
  "answer": "The expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund of each State includes the expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund of each State for the year.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure in the Legislature with respect to estimates of expenditure?",
  "answer": "The procedure in the Legislature with respect to estimates of expenditure is that the estimates of expenditure are presented to the Legislature for its consideration and approval.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What part of the estimates is not submitted to the vote of the Legislative Assembly?",
  "answer": "So much of the estimates as relates to expenditure charged upon the Consolidated Fund of India",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to assent or refuse to assent to any demand for a grant?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Assembly",
},
{
  "question": "What entity has the authority to assent or not assent to demands for grants?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Assembly",
},
{
  "question": "Who recommendation is required for a demand for a grant to be made?",
  "answer": "The Governor",
},
{
  "question": "Who needs to give a recommendation for a demand for a grant to be made?",
  "answer": "The Governor",
},
{
  "question": "What is introduced after the grants have been made by the Assembly?",
  "answer": "A Bill to provide for the appropriation out of the Consolidated Fund of India",
},
{
  "question": "What is introduced after the Assembly grants have been made?",
  "answer": "A Bill to provide for the appropriation out of the Consolidated Fund of India"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Who has the final decision as to whether an amendment is admis
  "answer": "The person presiding"
},
{
  "question": "What role does the person presiding have in the admittance of an
  "answer": "They have the final decision as to whether an amendment is admis
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can money be withdrawn from the Consolide
  "answer": "No money shall be withdrawn from the Consolidated Fund of the S
},
{
  "question": "What is the requirement for withdrawing money from the Consolide
  "answer": "The requirement for withdrawing money from the Consolidated Fur
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances can the Governor authorise expenditure
  "answer": "If the amount authorised by any law made in accordance with the p
},
{
  "question": "What does article 204 imply for the Governor's ability to authorize
  "answer": "Article 204 allows the Governor to authorise expenditure for a parti
},
{
  "question": "What happens when the expenditure for a service exceeds the gr
  "answer": "A statement showing the estimated amount of that expenditure is to
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure when the estimated amount of expenditure is to be made?",
  "answer": "A statement showing the estimated amount of that expenditure is to be made.",
},
{
  "question": "Which articles have effect in relation to such statement and expenditure?",
  "answer": "Articles 202, 203 and 204 have effect in relation to such statement, expenditure and the manner in which it is to be made.",
},
{
  "question": "What do Articles 202, 203 and 204 relate to?",
  "answer": "Articles 202, 203 and 204 have effect in relation to a statement, expenditure and the manner in which it is to be made.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the power of the Legislative Assembly of a State according to the Constitution?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Assembly of a State has the power to make any grant or expenditure out of the Consolidated Fund of the State.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Legislative Assembly of a State do in terms of financial matters?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Assembly of a State has the power to make any grant or expenditure out of the Consolidated Fund of the State.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the Legislature of the State authorise by law?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of the State can authorise by law the withdrawal of money from the Consolidated Fund of the State.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the withdrawal of moneys from the Consolidated Fund of the State be used for?",
  "answer": "The withdrawal of moneys from the Consolidated Fund of the State can be used for any purpose authorised by law.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the effect of articles 203 and 204 in relation to grants?",
  "answer": "The provisions of articles 203 and 204 shall have effect in relation to",
},
{
  "question": "How do the provisions of articles 203 and 204 affect the making of",
  "answer": "Articles 203 and 204 have the same effect on the making of any grant",
},
{
  "question": "What are the special provisions about financial Bills?",
  "answer": "A Bill or amendment making provision for any of the matters specified",
},
{
  "question": "What are the rules for introducing or moving a Bill or amendment",
  "answer": "A Bill or amendment making provision for any of the matters specified",
},
{
  "question": "What conditions must be met for a Bill involving expenditure from",
  "answer": "A Bill which, if enacted and brought into operation, would involve expenditure",
},
{
  "question": "What is the process for a Bill, which if enacted would involve expenditure",
  "answer": "The Bill shall not be passed unless the Governor has recommended",
},
{
  "question": "What does article 208 of the constitution provide for?",
  "answer": "Article 208 provides that a House of the Legislature of a State may
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which article of the constitution states that a House of the Legisla
  "answer": "This is provided in Article 208 of the constitution."
},
{
  "question": "Who can modify the effect of the Constitution on the Legislature o
  "answer": "The Speaker of the Legislative Assembly or the Chairman of the Le
},
{
  "question": "What roles have the power to modify the effect of the Constitution
  "answer": "The Speaker of the Legislative Assembly or the Chairman of the Le
},
{
  "question": "Who can make rules for procedure with respect to communication
  "answer": "The Governor, after consultation with the Speaker of the Legislative
},
{
  "question": "Who consults with the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly and th
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Who can regulate the procedure of financial business in the Legis
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to regulate the procedure of financial busin
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "In case of inconsistency between any law and any rule or standing order",
  "answer": "The provision of any law prevails"
},
{
  "question": "Which prevails in case of inconsistency between any law and any rule or standing order",
  "answer": "The provision of any law prevails"
},
{
  "question": "What languages can be used in the transaction of business in the Legislative Assembly",
  "answer": "The official language or languages of the State, Hindi, or English"
},
{
  "question": "What languages, including State's official language, Hindi and English, can be used in the transaction of business in the Legislative Assembly",
  "answer": "The official language or languages of the State, Hindi, or English"
},
{
  "question": "Who can permit a member to address the House in his mother-tongue",
  "answer": "The Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, Chairman of the Legislative Council"
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for permitting a member to address the House in his mother-tongue",
  "answer": "The Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, Chairman of the Legislative Council"
},
{
  "question": "What happens after the expiration of a period of fifteen years from the commencement of this article",
  "answer": "This article shall have effect as if the words 'or in English' were omitted"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the effect of the article after a period of fifteen years from",
  "answer": "After fifteen years from the commencement of this Constitution, the",
},
{
  "question": "What is the exception for the Legislatures of the States of Himach",
  "answer": "This clause shall have effect as if for the words 'fifteen years' occur",
},
{
  "question": "What is the effect of the clause for the Legislatures of the States o",
  "answer": "This clause shall have effect as if for the words 'fifteen years' occur",
},
{
  "question": "What is the exception for the Legislatures of the States of Arunach",
  "answer": "This clause shall have effect as if for the words 'fifteen years' occur",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the clause related to the Legislatures of the Stat",
  "answer": "This clause shall have effect as the exception.",
},
{
  "question": "What restriction is placed on discussion in the Legislature?",
  "answer": "No discussion shall take place in the Legislature of a State with res",
},
{
  "question": "What is the conduct that is not allowed to be discussed in the Leg",
  "answer": "The conduct of any Judge of the Supreme Court or of a High Court
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Can the validity of any proceedings in the Legislature of a State be",
  "answer": "The validity of any proceedings in the Legislature of a State shall not",
},
{
  "question": "On what grounds can the validity of any proceedings in the Legisla",
  "answer": "The validity of any proceedings in the Legislature of a State shall not",
},
{
  "question": "Can an officer or member of the Legislature of a State be subject",
  "answer": "No officer or member of the Legislature of a State in whom powers",
},
{
  "question": "Who is not subject to the jurisdiction of any court in respect of the",
  "answer": "No officer or member of the Legislature of a State is subject to the j",
},
{
  "question": "What is the power of the Governor during the recess of the Legisla",
  "answer": "If at any time, except when the Legislative Assembly of a State is in",
},
{
  "question": "When can the Governor promulgate Ordinances?",
  "answer": "The Governor can promulgate Ordinances when the Legislative As",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can an Ordinance not be promulgated with",
  "answer": "(a) a Bill containing the same provisions would under this Constitut
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are the conditions in the constitution that would require an C
  "answer": "The conditions include: (a) a Bill containing the same provisions wo
},
{
  "question": "What force does an Ordinance promulgated under this article hav
  "answer": "An Ordinance promulgated under this article shall have the same fo
},
{
  "question": "What is the equivalence of an Ordinance promulgated under a ce
  "answer": "It is equivalent to an Act of the Legislature of the State assented to
},
{
  "question": "What happens to an Ordinance once it is laid before the Legislativ
  "answer": "It shall cease to operate at the expiration of six weeks from the rea
},
{
  "question": "When does an Ordinance laid before the Legislative Assembly of
  "answer": "An Ordinance shall cease to operate at the expiration of six weeks
},
{
  "question": "Can an Ordinance be withdrawn?",
  "answer": "An Ordinance may be withdrawn at any time by the Governor."
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to withdraw an Ordinance at any time?",
  "answer": "The Governor has the authority to withdraw an Ordinance at any tir
```



```
},
{
  "question": "When is an Ordinance under this article void?",
  "answer": "If and so far as an Ordinance under this article makes any provision",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if an Ordinance under this article makes any provision",
  "answer": "It shall be void."
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of an Ordinance promulgated in the Concurrent List",
  "answer": "It is deemed to be an Act of the Legislature of the State which has power",
},
{
  "question": "What is the status of an Ordinance promulgated in the Concurrent List",
  "answer": "It is deemed to be an Act of the Legislature of the State."
},
{
  "question": "What is the structure of High Courts according to the Constitution",
  "answer": "Every High Court shall consist of a Chief Justice and such other Judges",
},
{
  "question": "Who makes the decision to appoint judges to the High Courts in India",
  "answer": "The President of India has the power to appoint judges as he deems fit",
},
{
  "question": "What is the age limit for a Judge of a High Court?",
  "answer": "The age limit for a Judge of a High Court is sixty-two years."
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is included in computing the period during which a person h
  "answer": "There shall be included any period during which the person has he
},
{
  "question": "What should be included in the period during which a person has
  "answer": "There shall be included any period during which the person has he
},
{
  "question": "What is included in computing the period during which a person h
  "answer": "There shall be included any period before the commencement of th
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean for a person to have held judicial office in the t
  "answer": "It means that there shall be included any period before the commer
},
{
  "question": "Who decides any question that arises as to the age of a Judge of
  "answer": "The question shall be decided by the President after consultation w
},
{
  "question": "Who does the President consult with before deciding any question
  "answer": "The President consults with the Chief Justice of India before decidi
},
{
  "question": "Which provisions of article 124 apply in relation to a High Court?",
  "answer": "The provisions of clauses (4) and (5) of article 124 shall apply in re
```

```
},
{
  "question": "To which court do the provisions of clauses (4) and (5) of article 124 apply to the High Court?",
  "answer": "The provisions of clauses (4) and (5) of article 124 apply to the High Court.",
},
{
  "question": "What must a judge do before entering his office according to the Constitution?",
  "answer": "A judge must make and subscribe an oath or affirmation before the High Court.",
},
{
  "question": "Who must a judge make and subscribe an oath or affirmation before entering his office?",
  "answer": "A judge must make and subscribe an oath or affirmation before the High Court.",
},
{
  "question": "What restrictions are placed on a person after holding office as a permanent Judge of a High Court?",
  "answer": "No person who has held office as a permanent Judge of a High Court shall be eligible for re-appointment as a Judge of that Court.",
},
{
  "question": "Where can a person who has held office as a permanent Judge of a High Court be appointed to?",
  "answer": "A person who has held office as a permanent Judge of a High Court shall be eligible for appointment as a Judge of any other Court in India.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'High Court' exclude according to the Constitution?",
  "answer": "The term 'High Court' does not include a High Court for a State specified in Part B of the First Schedule.",
},
{
  "question": "Which High Court is excluded from the term 'High Court' according to the Constitution?",
  "answer": "A High Court for a State specified in Part B of the First Schedule as a High Court for a State specified in Part B of the First Schedule.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the salaries of the Judges of each High Court in India?",
  "answer": "The salaries of the Judges of each High Court are determined by Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for determining the salaries of the Judges of each High Court?",
  "answer": "Parliament is responsible for determining the salaries of the Judges of each High Court.",
},
{
  "question": "What allowances and rights are Judges entitled to?",
  "answer": "Every Judge is entitled to such allowances and to such rights in respect of leave of absence and pension as may be determined by Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "Who is entitled to allowances, leave of absence, and pension as a Judge of a High Court?",
  "answer": "Every Judge is entitled to these allowances and rights."
},
{
  "question": "Can the allowances of a Judge or his rights in respect of leave of absence and pension be determined by the Government?",
  "answer": "Neither the allowances of a Judge nor his rights in respect of leave of absence and pension can be determined by the Government.",
},
{
  "question": "Can either the allowances of a Judge or his rights in respect of leave of absence and pension be determined by the Government?",
  "answer": "No, neither the allowances of a Judge nor his rights in respect of leave of absence and pension can be determined by the Government.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can transfer a Judge from one High Court to another?",
  "answer": "The President, on the recommendation of the National Judicial Appointments Commission, can transfer a Judge from one High Court to another."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who recommends the transfer of a Judge from one High Court to",
  "answer": "The National Judicial Appointments Commission recommends the",
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the compensatory allowance of a Chief Justice w",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for determining the compensatory allowance o",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who performs the duties of the Chief Justice of a High Court whe",
  "answer": "One of the other Judges of the Court as the President may appoint",
},
{
  "question": "Who does the President appoint to perform the duties of the Chief",
  "answer": "One of the other Judges of the Court"
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can the President increase the number of J",
  "answer": "If there is a temporary increase in the business of a High Court or b",
},
{
  "question": "Why might the President increase the number of Judges in a High",
  "answer": "The President can increase the number of Judges in a High Court i
```

```
},
{
  "question": "For how long can a person be appointed as an additional Judge of the High Court?"
  "answer": "For a period not exceeding two years"
},
{
  "question": "What is the maximum duration for which a person can be appointed as an additional Judge of the High Court?"
  "answer": "For a period not exceeding two years"
},
{
  "question": "What is the age limit for a person appointed as an additional or acting Judge of the High Court?"
  "answer": "Sixty-two years"
},
{
  "question": "What is the maximum age for a person to be appointed as an additional or acting Judge of the High Court?"
  "answer": "Sixty-two years"
},
{
  "question": "Who can request the appointment of a retired Judge at the sittings of the High Court?"
  "answer": "The National Judicial Appointments Commission on a reference made by the Chief Justice of the High Court"
},
{
  "question": "Who can make a reference to the National Judicial Appointments Commission for the appointment of a retired Judge at the sittings of the High Court?"
  "answer": "The Chief Justice of a High Court"
},
{
  "question": "What allowances is a person entitled to when requested to act as an additional or acting Judge of the High Court?"
  "answer": "The person is entitled to such allowances as the President may by law determine"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the allowances for a person requested to act as a",
  "answer": "The President determines the allowances."
},
{
  "question": "Does a person requested to act as a High Court Judge have to co",
  "answer": "No, the person does not have to consent to act as a High Court Jud",
},
{
  "question": "Does a person required to act as a High Court Judge have the fre",
  "answer": "Yes, the person can decline to act as a High Court Judge."
},
{
  "question": "What powers do existing High Courts have according to this text?",
  "answer": "Existing High Courts have the jurisdiction of, and the law administe",
},
{
  "question": "What does the jurisdiction and law administered by existing High C",
  "answer": "Existing High Courts have the jurisdiction of, and the law administe",
},
{
  "question": "Are there any restrictions on the original jurisdiction of High Court",
  "answer": "Any restriction to which the exercise of original jurisdiction by any c",
},
{
  "question": "What happened to the restrictions that were imposed on the origin",
  "answer": "Any restriction to which the exercise of original jurisdiction by any c"
```



```

},
{
  "question": "What power do High Courts have in relation to issuing writs?",
  "answer": "Every High Court shall have power, throughout the territories in relation to which it exercises jurisdiction, to issue in relation to those territories writs in any of the following forms, namely:—",
},
{
  "question": "What does the enforcement of rights conferred by Part III entail and",
  "answer": "Every High Court has the power to enforce any of the rights conferred by Part III of the Constitution in relation to the territories in relation to which it exercises jurisdiction.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can exercise the power to issue directions, orders or writs to",
  "answer": "Any High Court exercising jurisdiction in relation to the territories in relation to which it exercises jurisdiction.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can exercise the power to issue directions, orders or writs to",
  "answer": "Any High Court exercising jurisdiction can exercise such power.",
},
{
  "question": "What must a party do to make an application to the High Court for",
  "answer": "The party must furnish a copy of such application to the party in whom the writ is sought.",
},
{
  "question": "Who must a party furnish a copy of their application to when applying",
  "answer": "The party must furnish a copy of such application to the party in whom the writ is sought.",
},
{
  "question": "When will the High Court dispose of the application for the vacation",
  "answer": "The High Court shall dispose of the application within a period of two months from the date of the application.",
}

```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the timeframe within which the High Court should dispose of the application?",
  "answer": "The High Court should dispose of the application within a period of 14 days.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the application for the vacation of an interim order is not disposed of within the stipulated period?",
  "answer": "The interim order shall, on the expiry of that period, or, as the case may be, on the expiry of 14 days, stand vacated.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the interim order when the stipulated period, or the period of 14 days, expires?",
  "answer": "The interim order shall stand vacated."
},
{
  "question": "Does the power conferred on a High Court by this article derogate from the power conferred on the High Court by article 226?",
  "answer": "No, the power conferred on a High Court by this article shall not be deemed to derogate from the power conferred on the High Court by article 226.",
},
{
  "question": "Does the power conferred on a High Court by a certain article stand repealed by the Constitution (Forty-third Amendment) Act, 1977?",
  "answer": "No, it does not."
},
{
  "question": "What was repealed by the Constitution (Forty-third Amendment) Act, 1977?",
  "answer": "The Constitutional validity of Central laws not to be considered in part of the Constitution (Forty-third Amendment) Act, 1977.",
},
{
  "question": "Which amendment repealed the constitutional validity of Central laws?",
  "answer": "The Constitution (Forty-third Amendment) Act, 1977, s. 8"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power of superintendence over all courts?",
  "answer": "The High Court has the power of superintendence over all courts."
},
{
  "question": "What entity has the power of superintendence over all courts?",
  "answer": "The High Court"
},
{
  "question": "What can the High Court do according to the provided text?",
  "answer": "The High Court can call for returns from such courts, make and iss
},
{
  "question": "What are the responsibilities and powers of the High Court such a
  "answer": "The High Court can call for returns from such courts, make and iss
},
{
  "question": "What conditions must rules, forms, or tables settled by the High C
  "answer": "Any rules made, forms prescribed or tables settled under clause (2
},
{
  "question": "What is the consistency and approval requirement for any rules m
  "answer": "They shall not be inconsistent with the provision of any law for the t
},
{
  "question": "What is the High Court not deemed to confer on?",
  "answer": "The High Court is not deemed to confer on powers of superintende
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the High Court not allowed to superintend over according",
  "answer": "The High Court is not allowed to superintend over any court or tribu",
},
{
  "question": "When can a case be transferred to the High Court?",
  "answer": "A case can be transferred to the High Court if it is satisfied that a c",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions is a case pending in a court subordinate to",
  "answer": "A case is transferred to the High Court if it involves a substantial qu",
},
{
  "question": "What can the High Court do after withdrawing a case?",
  "answer": "After withdrawing a case, the High Court can either dispose of the c",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when the High Court disposes of a case itself or de",
  "answer": "When the High Court disposes of a case itself after withdrawing it, c",
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the officers and servants of a High Court?",
  "answer": "The Chief Justice of the Court or such other Judge or officer of the",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to direct the appointment of officers and se",
  "answer": "The Chief Justice of the Court"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Under what condition can a person not already attached to the Co
  "answer": "The Governor of the State may by rule require that in such cases a
},
{
  "question": "What rule may the Governor of the State implement regarding the
  "answer": "The Governor of the State may by rule require that in such cases a
},
{
  "question": "Who prescribes the conditions of service of officers and servants
  "answer": "The conditions of service of officers and servants of a High Court s
},
{
  "question": "Who is authorized to make rules prescribing the conditions of serv
  "answer": "The Chief Justice of the Court or some other Judge or officer of the
},
{
  "question": "What does the administrative expenses of a High Court include?",
  "answer": "The administrative expenses of a High Court include all salaries, al
},
{
  "question": "What do the salaries, allowances, and pensions payable to or in r
  "answer": "The salaries, allowances, and pensions payable to or in respect of
},
{
  "question": "What is charged upon the Consolidated Fund of the State?",
  "answer": "The administrative expenses of a High Court, including all salaries,
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are the administrative expenses of a High Court, including a",
  "answer": "The administrative expenses of a High Court are charged upon the",
},
{
  "question": "Who can extend the jurisdiction of a High Court to, or exclude the",
  "answer": "Parliament may by law extend the jurisdiction of a High Court to, or",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to by law extend or exclude a High Court's jur",
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "Who is referred to in place of the Governor in relation to any rules",
  "answer": "The reference in article 227 to the Governor shall, in relation to any",
},
{
  "question": "Who does the reference in article 227 pertain to in relation to any",
  "answer": "The reference in article 227 pertains to the President."
},
{
  "question": "Who can establish a common High Court for two or more States o",
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to establish a common High Court for two o",
  "answer": "Parliament"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "In article 227, who is referred to as the Governor in relation to rule",
  "answer": "The Governor of the State in which the subordinate courts are situa",
},
{
  "question": "Who is referred to as the Governor of the State in which the subor",
  "answer": "The Governor",
},
{
  "question": "How are the references in articles 219 and 229 construed?",
  "answer": "As a reference to the State in which the High Court has its principa",
},
{
  "question": "What does the reference in articles 219 and 229 refer to?",
  "answer": "The State in which the High Court has its principal seat",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the principal seat of the High Court is in a Union",
  "answer": "The references in articles 219 and 229 to the Governor, Public Ser",
},
{
  "question": "What are the references in articles 219 and 229 construed as if th",
  "answer": "The references are construed as references to the President, Union",
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for the appointment, posting and promotion of",
  "answer": "The Governor of the State in consultation with the High Court exerc
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who does the Governor of the State consult with for the appointment of judges?",
  "answer": "The High Court exercising jurisdiction in relation to such State"
},
{
  "question": "Who is eligible to be appointed a district judge?",
  "answer": "A person not already in the service of the Union or of the State who"
},
{
  "question": "What are the qualifications and requirements for a person not in the service of the Union or of the State?",
  "answer": "They must have been an advocate or a pleader for not less than seven years"
},
{
  "question": "What does article 233A validate?",
  "answer": "The appointments of, and judgments, etc., delivered by, certain district judges"
},
{
  "question": "Which article validates the appointments of, and judgments, etc., delivered by, certain district judges?",
  "answer": "Article 233A"
},
{
  "question": "When was the Constitution (Twentieth Amendment) Act commenced?",
  "answer": "1966"
},
{
  "question": "What significant constitutional act commenced in 1966?",
  "answer": "The Constitution (Twentieth Amendment) Act"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What will be deemed illegal or void according to the Constitution (Twenty-first Amendment)",
  "answer": "Any appointment, posting, promotion or transfer made at any time before the 22nd March 1979",
},
{
  "question": "What is considered illegal or void under the Constitution (Twenty-second Amendment)",
  "answer": "Any appointment, posting, promotion or transfer made at any time before the 22nd March 1979",
},
{
  "question": "What will not be deemed illegal or invalid according to the Constitution (Twenty-third Amendment)",
  "answer": "No jurisdiction exercised, no judgment, decree, sentence or order passed by any court or tribunal",
},
{
  "question": "What activities performed by a district judge in any State, before the 22nd March 1979, will not be deemed illegal or invalid according to the Constitution (Twenty-fourth Amendment)",
  "answer": "No jurisdiction exercised, no judgment, decree, sentence or order passed by any court or tribunal",
},
{
  "question": "Who makes the appointments of persons other than district judges in the High Courts and Courts of Sessions in the States?",
  "answer": "The Governor of the State",
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for appointing persons other than district judges in the High Courts and Courts of Sessions in the States?",
  "answer": "The Governor of the State",
},
{
  "question": "Who has control over district courts and courts subordinate thereto in the States?",
  "answer": "The High Court",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What entity has control over district courts and courts subordinate",
  "answer": "The High Court"
},
{
  "question": "What rights does article 235 of the Constitution not take away from",
  "answer": "Any right of appeal which he may have under the law regulating the",
},
{
  "question": "Under article 235 of the Constitution, what is a right that a person",
  "answer": "Any right of appeal which he may have under the law regulating the",
},
{
  "question": "What does the expression 'district judge' include according to the",
  "answer": "The expression 'district judge' includes judge of a city civil court, ad",
},
{
  "question": "Who are the roles included under the term 'district judge' according",
  "answer": "The term 'district judge' includes judge of a city civil court, additiona",
},
{
  "question": "What is meant by 'judicial service' as per the Indian Constitution?",
  "answer": "'Judicial service' means a service consisting exclusively of persons",
},
{
  "question": "What posts does the 'judicial service' consist of according to the I",
  "answer": "'Judicial service' consists of persons intended to fill the post of distr
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to apply the provisions of the Chapter to ce
  "answer": "The Governor has the authority to apply the provisions of the Chap
},
{
  "question": "Who applies the provisions of the Chapter to certain class or class
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Who administers every Union territory as per the Indian Constituti
  "answer": "Every Union territory shall be administered by the President acting,
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the administrator for a Union territory and how muc
  "answer": "The President appoints the administrator for a Union territory and h
},
{
  "question": "Can the President appoint the Governor of a State as the adminis
  "answer": "Yes, the President may appoint the Governor of a State as the adm
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for the Governor of a State to be appointed as the ac
  "answer": "Yes, the President may appoint the Governor of a State as the adm
},
{
  "question": "Who can create a body to function as a Legislature for the Union t
  "answer": "Parliament"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "What entity has the power to create a body to function as a Legisla  
  "answer": "Parliament"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What name is given to the Union territory of Delhi after the comm  
  "answer": "National Capital Territory of Delhi"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What was Delhi called after the Constitution (Sixty-ninth Amendm  
  "answer": "National Capital Territory of Delhi"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who is appointed as the administrator of the National Capital Terr  
  "answer": "Lieutenant Governor"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the position of the person who is appointed as the admini  
  "answer": "Lieutenant Governor"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What kind of Assembly is there for the National Capital Territory?"  
  "answer": "Legislative Assembly"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What does the National Capital Territory have in terms of a govern  
  "answer": "Legislative Assembly"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How are the seats in the Legislative Assembly of the National Capital Territory of Delhi elected?",
  "answer": "By members chosen by direct election from territorial constituencies in the National Capital Territory of Delhi",
},
{
  "question": "What is the method for selecting members for the Legislative Assembly of the National Capital Territory of Delhi?",
  "answer": "Members are chosen by direct election from territorial constituencies in the National Capital Territory of Delhi",
},
{
  "question": "Who regulates the number of seats in the Legislative Assembly, the National Capital Territory of Delhi?",
  "answer": "Parliament",
},
{
  "question": "What entity is responsible for regulating the number of seats in the Legislative Assembly, the National Capital Territory of Delhi?",
  "answer": "Parliament",
},
{
  "question": "What articles apply in relation to the National Capital Territory, the National Capital Territory of Delhi?",
  "answer": "Articles 324 to 327 and 329",
},
{
  "question": "Which articles of the constitution apply to both the National Capital Territory of Delhi and the National Capital Territory of Chandigarh?",
  "answer": "Articles 324 to 327 and 329",
},
{
  "question": "What power does the Legislative Assembly have according to the Constitution of India?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Assembly has power to make laws for the whole or any part of the National Capital Territory of Delhi",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which entries in the State List and Concurrent List is the Legislative Assembly not allowed to make laws for?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Assembly is not allowed to make laws for Entries 1 to 3 of the State List and Entries 1 to 3 of the Concurrent List.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a provision of a law made by the Legislative Assembly is found to be ultra vires?",
  "answer": "If any provision of a law made by the Legislative Assembly with respect to a matter in the State List or Concurrent List is found to be ultra vires, it is void.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the consequence when a law made by the Legislative Assembly is found to be ultra vires?",
  "answer": "If any provision of a law made by the Legislative Assembly with respect to a matter in the State List or Concurrent List is found to be ultra vires, it is void.",
},
{
  "question": "What can Parliament do at any time with respect to the same matter?",
  "answer": "Parliament can enact at any time any law with respect to the same matter.",
},
{
  "question": "What actions can Parliament take with respect to a law made by the Legislative Assembly?",
  "answer": "Parliament can enact any law related to the same matter, including amending or repealing the law.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the Council of Ministers?",
  "answer": "The Council of Ministers, consisting of not more than ten per cent. of the members of the Legislative Assembly, aids and advises the Lieutenant Governor in the exercise of his powers.",
},
{
  "question": "Who aids and advises the Lieutenant Governor in the exercise of his powers?",
  "answer": "The Council of Ministers, consisting of not more than ten per cent. of the members of the Legislative Assembly, aids and advises the Lieutenant Governor in the exercise of his powers.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to make laws?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Assembly"
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of The Legislative Assembly?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Assembly has the power to make laws"
},
{
  "question": "In case of a difference of opinion between the Lieutenant Governor and the Council of Ministers, who has the final say?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who is the matter referred to in case of a difference of opinion between the Lieutenant Governor and the Council of Ministers?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the Chief Minister?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who does the President appoint for the position of Chief Minister?",
  "answer": "The Chief Minister"
},
{
  "question": "Who are the Ministers appointed by?",
  "answer": "The President on the advice of the Chief Minister"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who advises the President on the appointment of Ministers?",
  "answer": "The Chief Minister"
},
{
  "question": "To whom are the Council of Ministers collectively responsible?",
  "answer": "The Legislative Assembly"
},
{
  "question": "Who is collectively responsible to the Legislative Assembly?",
  "answer": "The Council of Ministers"
},
{
  "question": "What can Parliament do according to Clause 7a?",
  "answer": "Parliament may, by law, make provisions for giving effect to, or sup
},
{
  "question": "What does Clause 7a allow the Parliament to do by law?",
  "answer": "Clause 7a allows Parliament to make provisions for giving effect to
},
{
  "question": "What does the provision of article 239B apply to?",
  "answer": "The National Capital Territory, the Lieutenant Governor and the Le
},
{
  "question": "Which article provision applies to the National Capital Territory, th
  "answer": "Article 239B"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What happens in case of failure of constitutional machinery?",
  "answer": "The President, on receipt of a report from the Lieutenant"
},
{
  "question": "Who takes action upon the report from the Lieutenant in case of fa",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances can the President suspend the operati",
  "answer": "The President can suspend the operation of any provision of article",
},
{
  "question": "When can the operation of any provision of article 239AA be susp",
  "answer": "The operation of any provision of article 239AA can be suspended",
},
{
  "question": "What power does the administrator have during the recess of Leg",
  "answer": "If the administrator is satisfied that circumstances exist which rende",
},
{
  "question": "What action can the administrator take in the Union territory of Pu",
  "answer": "The administrator can promulgate such Ordinances as the circum",
},
{
  "question": "What is the condition for an Ordinance promulgated under this art",
  "answer": "An Ordinance promulgated under this article in pursuance of instru
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is deemed to be an Act of the Legislature of the Union territory?",
  "answer": "An Ordinance promulgated in pursuance of instructions from the President.",
},
{
  "question": "When is the administrator not allowed to promulgate any Ordinance?",
  "answer": "The administrator shall not promulgate any Ordinance during the period of disallowance.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the administrator not allowed to do during the period of disallowance?",
  "answer": "The administrator is not allowed to promulgate any Ordinance.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to an Ordinance according to clause 1 of article 239?",
  "answer": "The Ordinance shall be laid before the Legislature of the Union territory.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to an Ordinance laid before the Legislature of the Union territory?",
  "answer": "The Ordinance shall cease to operate at the expiration of six weeks.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if an Ordinance under article 239A makes a provision which is repugnant to the provisions of any law made by the Legislature of the Union territory?",
  "answer": "The Ordinance shall be void.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the consequence if an Ordinance under article 239A makes a provision which is repugnant to the provisions of any law made by the Legislature of the Union territory?",
  "answer": "The Ordinance shall be void."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Under article 240, for which Union territories may the President make regulations?",
  "answer": "The President may make regulations for the Union territories of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, Chandigarh, Dadra and Nagar Haveli, Diu, Daman and Diu, Lakshadweep, and Pondicherry."
},
{
  "question": "Which article allows the President to make regulations for the Union territories?",
  "answer": "Article 240"
},
{
  "question": "What is the provision related to the creation of a body under article 239A?",
  "answer": "When any body is created under article 239A to function as a Legislature for the Union territory, the President shall not make any regulation for the peace, progress and good government of the Union territory."
},
{
  "question": "What happens when a body is created under article 239A to function as a Legislature for the Union territory?",
  "answer": "The President shall not make any regulation for the peace, progress and good government of the Union territory."
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do if the body functioning as a Legislature for the Union territory is dissolved or suspended?",
  "answer": "The President may, during the period of such dissolution or suspension, make regulations for the peace, progress and good government of the Union territory."
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do for the peace, progress and good government of the Union territory?",
  "answer": "The President may make regulations during the period of such dissolution or suspension."
},
{
  "question": "Can any regulation made by the President under article 240 repeal or amend any Act made by Parliament?",
  "answer": "Yes, any regulation so made may repeal or amend any Act made by Parliament."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Can a regulation made under article 240 repeal or amend any Act",
  "answer": "Yes, any regulation made by the President under article 240 can re",
},
{
  "question": "What is the power of the President in the Union territory?",
  "answer": "The President can promulgate laws that are for the time being appl",
},
{
  "question": "What kind of laws can the President promulgate for the Union terr",
  "answer": "The President can promulgate laws that are for the time being appl",
},
{
  "question": "What can Parliament constitute for a Union territory?",
  "answer": "Parliament may by law constitute a High Court for a Union territory",
},
{
  "question": "What can Parliament do by law for a High Court in a Union territor",
  "answer": "Parliament may by law constitute a High Court for a Union territory",
},
{
  "question": "What provisions apply to the High Court in a Union territory?",
  "answer": "The provisions of Chapter V of Part VI apply in relation to every Hig",
},
{
  "question": "Which chapter and part of the law applies to the High Court in a U",
  "answer": "Chapter V of Part VI applies to the High Court in a Union territory, a
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the jurisdiction of a High Court in a Union territory?",
  "answer": "Subject to the provisions of the Constitution and any law of the app",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the jurisdiction of a High Court in a Union territo",
  "answer": "Subject to the provisions of the Constitution and any law of the app",
},
{
  "question": "What power does Parliament have in regards to the jurisdiction of",
  "answer": "Parliament has the power to extend or exclude the jurisdiction of a",
},
{
  "question": "What can Parliament do in terms of extending or excluding the jur",
  "answer": "Parliament has the power to extend or exclude the jurisdiction of a",
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'district' mean in Part IX of the constitution?",
  "answer": "In Part IX of the constitution, 'district' means a district in a State."
},
{
  "question": "What is the term used in Part IX of the constitution to refer to a dis",
  "answer": "The term used in Part IX of the constitution to refer to a district in a",
},
{
  "question": "What does 'Gram Sabha' refer to in the constitution?",
  "answer": "'Gram Sabha' means a body consisting of persons registered in the
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the body called that consists of persons registered in the",
  "answer": "The body is called 'Gram Sabha'"
},
{
  "question": "What is the 'intermediate level' as specified in the constitution?",
  "answer": "'Intermediate level' means a level between the village and district level"
},
{
  "question": "Who specifies the 'intermediate level' between the village and district level?",
  "answer": "The 'Intermediate level' is specified by the Governor of a state and the Government of India"
},
{
  "question": "What is the definition of 'Panchayat' in the constitution?",
  "answer": "'Panchayat' means an institution as specified in the constitution."
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'Panchayat' refer to in the constitution?",
  "answer": "'Panchayat' refers to an institution as specified in the constitution."
},
{
  "question": "What is the meaning of 'Panchayat area'?",
  "answer": "The territorial area of a Panchayat"
},
{
  "question": "What is the term used to describe the territorial area of a Panchayat?",
  "answer": "Panchayat area"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does 'Population' refer to?",
  "answer": "The population as ascertained at the last preceding census of which",
},
{
  "question": "What does 'the last preceding census of which the relevant figures",
  "answer": "Population"
},
{
  "question": "How is a 'village' defined?",
  "answer": "A village specified by the Governor by public notification to be a vill",
},
{
  "question": "Who specifies a location to be a 'village' and how is it publicly noti",
  "answer": "The Governor specifies a location to be a 'village' by public notifica",
},
{
  "question": "What powers does a Gram Sabha have?",
  "answer": "A Gram Sabha may exercise such powers and perform such functi",
},
{
  "question": "Who provides the laws that determine the powers and functions a",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State"
},
{
  "question": "Where will Panchayats be constituted?",
  "answer": "Panchayats shall be constituted in every State, at the village, intern
```

```
},
{
  "question": "At what levels and in which locations will Panchayats be constituted?",
  "answer": "Panchayats will be constituted in every State, at the village, intermediate and block levels.",
},
{
  "question": "When may Panchayats at the intermediate level not be constituted?",
  "answer": "Panchayats at the intermediate level may not be constituted in a State if the population of the State is less than one crore.",
},
{
  "question": "Under what condition may a state not constitute Panchayats at the intermediate level?",
  "answer": "A state may not constitute Panchayats at the intermediate level if its population is less than one crore.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can make provisions with respect to the composition of Panchayats?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State may, by law, make provisions with respect to the composition of Panchayats.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to make laws regarding the composition of Panchayats?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State"
},
{
  "question": "How are the seats in a Panchayat filled?",
  "answer": "All the seats in a Panchayat shall be filled by persons chosen by direct election from the voters of the Panchayat area.",
},
{
  "question": "Who fills the seats in a Panchayat and from where are they chosen?",
  "answer": "All the seats in a Panchayat are filled by persons chosen by direct election from the voters of the Panchayat area."
}
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the Chairpersons of the Panchayats at the inter",
  "answer": "The Chairpersons of the Panchayats at the intermediate level are p",
},
{
  "question": "Who are part of the Panchayats at the district level?",
  "answer": "The Chairpersons of the Panchayats at the intermediate level are p",
},
{
  "question": "Who are the members of the House of the People and the membe",
  "answer": "They are representing constituencies which comprise wholly or par",
},
{
  "question": "Who represents constituencies which comprise wholly or partly a",
  "answer": "The members of the House of the People and the members of the",
},
{
  "question": "Where are the members of the Council of States and the member",
  "answer": "They are registered as electors within a Panchayat area at the inte",
},
{
  "question": "Where are individuals registered as electors within a Panchayat a",
  "answer": "The members of the Council of States and the members of the Leg",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the right to vote in the meetings of the Panchayats?",
  "answer": "The Chairperson of a Panchayat and other members of a Panchay
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who are the individuals, whether or not chosen by direct election",
  "answer": "The Chairperson of a Panchayat and other members of a Panchayat",
},
{
  "question": "How is the Chairperson of a Panchayat at the village level elected",
  "answer": "The Chairperson of a panchayat at the village level is elected in such a manner as may be prescribed by the State Legislature",
},
{
  "question": "Who provides the law for the manner in which the Chairperson of a Panchayat is elected",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State provides the law for the manner in which the Chairperson of a Panchayat is elected",
},
{
  "question": "How is the Chairperson of a Panchayat at the intermediate or district level elected",
  "answer": "The Chairperson of a Panchayat at the intermediate level or district level is elected in such a manner as may be prescribed by the State Legislature",
},
{
  "question": "Who elects the Chairperson of a Panchayat at the intermediate or district level",
  "answer": "The Chairperson of a Panchayat at the intermediate level or district level is elected by the members of the Panchayat",
},
{
  "question": "What is the reservation policy for seats in every Panchayat?",
  "answer": "Seats in every Panchayat shall be reserved for the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in proportion to their population in the Panchayat area",
},
{
  "question": "Who are the seats in every Panchayat reserved for and how is the reservation made?",
  "answer": "Seats in every Panchayat are reserved for the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in proportion to their population in the Panchayat area",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the reservation policy for women in every Panchayat?",
  "answer": "Not less than one-third of the total number of seats reserved shall be",
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum percentage of seats reserved for women in",
  "answer": "One-third of the total number of seats are reserved for women in ev",
},
{
  "question": "What percentage of the total number of seats to be filled by direct",
  "answer": "Not less than one-third",
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum quota for women in the total number of seat",
  "answer": "Not less than one-third",
},
{
  "question": "How are the seats reserved for women in Panchayats allotted?",
  "answer": "By rotation to different constituencies in a Panchayat",
},
{
  "question": "What is the method used to allot the seats reserved for women in",
  "answer": "By rotation to different constituencies in a Panchayat",
},
{
  "question": "Who are the offices of the Chairpersons in the Panchayats at the",
  "answer": "The Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes and women"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "For whom are the offices of the Chairpersons in the Panchayats a",
  "answer": "The Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes and women"
},
{
  "question": "What is the method of allotting the number of offices reserved und",
  "answer": "By rotation to different Panchayats at each level"
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure for allotting the number of offices reserved",
  "answer": "The method is by rotation."
},
{
  "question": "When does the reservation of seats and the reservation of offices",
  "answer": "On the expiration of the period specified in article 334"
},
{
  "question": "What happens on the expiration of the period specified in article 3",
  "answer": "The reservation of seats and the reservation of offices of Chairpers",
},
{
  "question": "Can the Legislature of a State make any provision for reservation",
  "answer": "Yes"
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for the Legislature of a State to make a provision for",
  "answer": "Yes"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the duration of Panchayats according to 243E?",
  "answer": "Every Panchayat, unless sooner dissolved under any law for the time being in force, shall continue until its next annual meeting.",
},
{
  "question": "Does a Panchayat continue unless sooner dissolved under any law for the time being in force?",
  "answer": "Yes, according to 243E, every Panchayat shall continue unless sooner dissolved under any law for the time being in force.",
},
{
  "question": "How long does a Panchayat continue from its first meeting?",
  "answer": "Five years"
},
{
  "question": "What is the tenure of a Panchayat from its first meeting?",
  "answer": "Five years"
},
{
  "question": "Can an amendment of any law cause the dissolution of a Panchayat?",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Does the amendment of any law lead to the dissolution of a Panchayat?",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "When should an election to constitute a Panchayat be completed?",
  "answer": "Before the expiry of its duration specified in clause (1) or before the expiry of the period specified in clause (2)."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the time period before which an election to constitute a Panchayat shall be held",
  "answer": "Before the expiration of a period of six months"
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the remainder of the period for which the dissolved Panchayat was constituted expires",
  "answer": "It shall not be necessary to hold any election under this clause for constituting a new Panchayat"
},
{
  "question": "What happens when it is not necessary to hold any election for constituting a new Panchayat",
  "answer": "This happens if the remainder of the period for which the dissolved Panchayat was constituted expires"
},
{
  "question": "What is the duration for a Panchayat constituted upon the dissolution of a Panchayat",
  "answer": "It shall continue only for the remainder of the period for which the dissolved Panchayat was constituted"
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the duration of a new Panchayat that is formed after the dissolution of a Panchayat",
  "answer": "It shall continue only for the remainder of the period for which the dissolved Panchayat was constituted"
},
{
  "question": "What are the disqualifications for being a member of a Panchayat",
  "answer": "A person shall be disqualified if he is so disqualified by or under any law for the time being in force"
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances would a person be disqualified from being a member of a Panchayat",
  "answer": "A person would be disqualified if he is disqualified by or under any law for the time being in force"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Can a person less than twenty-five years of age be a member of a Panchayat?",
  "answer": "No person shall be disqualified on the ground that he is less than twenty-five years of age.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum age for a person to become a member of a Panchayat?",
  "answer": "A person needs to have attained the age of twenty-one years to be eligible for election to a Panchayat.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a question arises as to whether a member of a Panchayat is disqualified?",
  "answer": "The question shall be referred for the decision of such authority and tribunal as may be specified in the rules made by the State Government.",
},
{
  "question": "In case of a dispute regarding a Panchayat member's disqualification, what is the procedure?",
  "answer": "The question shall be referred for the decision of such authority and tribunal as may be specified in the rules made by the State Government.",
},
{
  "question": "What powers can a State legislature endow the Panchayats with?",
  "answer": "The powers and authority necessary to function as institutions of self-government.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the devolution of powers and responsibilities, preparatory to the formation of Panchayats, include?",
  "answer": "These refer to the powers that a State legislature can endow the Panchayats with.",
},
{
  "question": "What financial powers can a State legislature grant the Panchayats?",
  "answer": "The State legislature can authorise a Panchayat to levy, collect and appropriate taxes, rates and other money.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What can a State legislature authorise a Panchayat to do in terms",
  "answer": "The State legislature can authorise a Panchayat to levy, collect and",
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the Finance Commission according to the Con",
  "answer": "The Finance Commission is constituted by the Governor of a State",
},
{
  "question": "Who constitutes the Finance Commission and what are its respon",
  "answer": "The Finance Commission is constituted by the Governor of a State",
},
{
  "question": "What is one of the roles of the Finance Commission in relation to",
  "answer": "They are responsible for the allocation between the Panchayats at",
},
{
  "question": "What responsibilities does the Finance Commission have regardin",
  "answer": "These are some of the roles of the Finance Commission in relation",
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the State Election Commission in relation to Pa",
  "answer": "The superintendence, direction and control of the preparation of ele",
},
{
  "question": "Who is vested with the superintendence, direction and control of t",
  "answer": "The State Election Commission"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the State Election Commissioner?",
  "answer": "The State Election Commissioner is appointed by the Governor."
},
{
  "question": "Who is appointed by the Governor for the role of State Election C",
  "answer": "The State Election Commissioner is appointed by the Governor."
},
{
  "question": "What provisions may the Legislature of a State make with respect",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State may make provisions with respect to the",
},
{
  "question": "What may the Legislature of a State make provisions for in relatio",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State may make provisions with respect to the",
},
{
  "question": "Can the State Election Commissioner be removed from his office?",
  "answer": "The State Election Commissioner can be removed from his office, I",
},
{
  "question": "On what grounds and in what manner can the State Election Com",
  "answer": "The State Election Commissioner can be removed from his office o",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Governor of a State required to do when requested by",
  "answer": "The Governor of a State shall make available to the State Election
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Governor of a State obliged to provide to the State Ele
  "answer": "The Governor of a State is required to make available such staff as
},
{
  "question": "What power does the legislature of a State have in relation to elec
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State may, by law, make provision with respect
},
{
  "question": "What can the Legislature of a State do with respect to all matters
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State has the power to make provision by law.
},
{
  "question": "How do the provisions of Part 243L apply to Union territories?",
  "answer": "The provisions of this Part shall apply to the Union territories and s
},
{
  "question": "How do the references to the Governor of a State and the Legisla
  "answer": "When the provisions of Part 243L are applied to a Union territory, th
},
{
  "question": "What areas does Part 243M not apply to?",
  "answer": "This Part shall not apply to the Scheduled Areas referred to in clau
},
{
  "question": "Which specific regions and states does this law not apply to, as d
  "answer": "Part 243M does not apply to the Scheduled Areas referred to in cla
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does article 243D relate to?",
  "answer": "Reservation of seats for the Scheduled Castes."
},
{
  "question": "Which article relates to the reservation of seats for the Scheduled
  "answer": "Article 243D"
},
{
  "question": "Does article 243D apply to the State of Arunachal Pradesh?",
  "answer": "No."
},
{
  "question": "Is there a state to which article 243D does not apply?",
  "answer": "Yes, Arunachal Pradesh."
},
{
  "question": "What power does the Legislature of a State referred to in sub-clau
  "answer": "It may, by law, extend this part to that State, except the areas, if an
},
{
  "question": "What is the process for a State Legislature referred to in sub-clau
  "answer": "The Legislature may, by law, extend this part to that State, except t
},
{
  "question": "Can Parliament extend the provisions of this Part to the Schedule
  "answer": "Yes, subject to such exceptions and modifications as may be speci
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What conditions must be met for Parliament to extend the provisio",
  "answer": "The conditions must be subject to such exceptions and modification",
},
{
  "question": "What is the effect of any law relating to Panchayats in force in a S",
  "answer": "Any provision of any law relating to Panchayats in force in a State i",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the provisions of any law relating to Panchayats",
  "answer": "Any such provision shall continue to be in force until amended or re",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to Panchayats existing immediately before the con",
  "answer": "All the Panchayats existing immediately before such commencement",
},
{
  "question": "What will happen to the Panchayats that were in existence immed",
  "answer": "All the Panchayats existing immediately before such commencement",
},
{
  "question": "What does section 243-O of the Constitution state?",
  "answer": "It bars interference by courts in electoral matters."
},
{
  "question": "Which section of the Constitution bars interference by courts in el",
  "answer": "Section 243-O"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the validity of any law relating to the delimitation of constituencies",
  "answer": "The validity of any law relating to the delimitation of constituencies",
},
{
  "question": "Can the validity of any law relating to the delimitation of constituencies",
  "answer": "No, the validity of such a law shall not be called in question in any court",
},
{
  "question": "Can an election to any Panchayat be called in question?",
  "answer": "No election to any Panchayat shall be called in question except by the High Court or the District Court",
},
{
  "question": "How can an election to a Panchayat be legally questioned?",
  "answer": "An election to any Panchayat can be legally questioned by an elector entitled to vote at such election",
},
{
  "question": "What is a 'Committee' in the context of Part IXA THE MUNICIPAL",
  "answer": "A 'Committee' means a Committee constituted under article 243S.",
},
{
  "question": "Under which article is a 'Committee' constituted in the context of Part IXA",
  "answer": "A 'Committee' is constituted under article 243S.",
},
{
  "question": "What is a 'Metropolitan area' according to Part IXA THE MUNICIPAL",
  "answer": "A 'Metropolitan area' means an area having a population of ten lakhs or more",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the population requirement and structural composition for",
  "answer": "An area must have a population of ten lakhs or more, and must be",
},
{
  "question": "How is 'Municipality' defined in Part IXA THE MUNICIPALITIES?"
  "answer": "'Municipality' means an institution of self-government constituted un",
},
{
  "question": "Under which article is a 'Municipality', as an institution of self-gove",
  "answer": "A 'Municipality' is constituted under article 243Q."
},
{
  "question": "What does 'Panchayat' mean in the context of Part IXA THE MUN",
  "answer": "'Panchayat' means a Panchayat constituted under article 243B."
},
{
  "question": "Under which article is a 'Panchayat' constituted in the context of P",
  "answer": "A 'Panchayat' is constituted under article 243B."
},
{
  "question": "What does 'population' refer to in Part IXA THE MUNICIPALITIES",
  "answer": "'Population' means the population as ascertained at the last preced",
},
{
  "question": "What is the meaning of 'population' as per the last preceding cens",
  "answer": "'Population' refers to the population as ascertained at the last preced
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What will be constituted in every state according to Constitution of India?",
  "answer": "There shall be constituted in every State a Nagar Panchayat for a transitional area, a Municipal Council for a smaller urban area and a Municipality for a larger urban area.",
},
{
  "question": "What kind of municipal bodies will be constituted in every State for urban areas?",
  "answer": "A Nagar Panchayat for a transitional area, a Municipal Council for a smaller urban area and a Municipality for a larger urban area.",
},
{
  "question": "What does 'a transitional area', 'a smaller urban area' or 'a larger urban area' mean?",
  "answer": "These terms refer to areas that the Governor may specify by public notification.",
},
{
  "question": "What factors does the Governor consider when specifying areas as transitional, smaller urban or larger urban?",
  "answer": "The Governor may consider factors such as population, population density, income, etc.",
},
{
  "question": "How are the seats in a Municipality filled according to the article?",
  "answer": "All the seats in a Municipality are filled by persons chosen by direct election from the wards.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the wards in a Municipal area and how are they filled?",
  "answer": "The wards in a Municipal area are territorial constituencies into which the area is divided.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the Legislature of a State provide in the representation in a Municipality?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State may provide for the representation in a Municipality by persons chosen by direct election from the wards, and may also provide for the representation by persons chosen by indirect election from the members of the Legislative Assembly of the State.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who may the Legislature of a State provide for the representation of the State in the Council of States?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State may provide for the representation in a M",
},
{
  "question": "What is the provision regarding the election of the Chairperson of the Council of States?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State may by law provide the manner of electio",
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for providing the manner of election of the Chairperson of the Council of States?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State is responsible for providing the manner o",
},
{
  "question": "What is the requirement for the constitution of Wards Committees?",
  "answer": "Wards Committees, consisting of one or more wards, should be co",
},
{
  "question": "What is the population requirement for a Municipality to constitute a Wards Committee?",
  "answer": "A Municipality should have a population of three lakhs or more to c",
},
{
  "question": "What provisions can the Legislature of a State make regarding a Wards Committee?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State can make provisions regarding the compo",
},
{
  "question": "What aspects of a Wards Committee can the Legislature of a State regulate?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State can make provisions about the composi
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Who can be a member of a Wards Committee?",
  "answer": "A member of a Municipality representing a ward within the territorial area of the Municipality",
},
{
  "question": "Who is a member of a Wards Committee within the territorial area of the Municipality?",
  "answer": "A member of a Municipality representing a ward within that territorial area",
},
{
  "question": "Who can be the Chairperson of a Wards Committee?",
  "answer": "If a Wards Committee consists of one ward, the member representing that ward; if it consists of more than one ward, one of the members representing such wards in the Municipality elected by the members of such wards",
},
{
  "question": "Who can be elected as the Chairperson of a Wards Committee if there are more than one wards in the Municipality?",
  "answer": "One of the members representing such wards in the Municipality elected by the members of such wards",
},
{
  "question": "What is the provision for reservation of seats in a Municipality for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes?",
  "answer": "Seats shall be reserved for the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes in proportion to their population in the Municipality",
},
{
  "question": "How are the seats for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in a Municipality reserved?",
  "answer": "Seats shall be reserved for the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes in proportion to their population in the Municipality",
},
{
  "question": "What is the provision for reservation of seats for women in a Municipality?",
  "answer": "Not less than one-third of the total number of seats reserved shall be reserved for women",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum proportion of seats reserved for women in a",
  "answer": "Not less than one-third of the total number of seats reserved shall b",
},
{
  "question": "Who can the Legislature of a State reserve seats for?",
  "answer": "The Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes and women"
},
{
  "question": "For whom can the Legislature of a State reserve seats?",
  "answer": "The Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes and women"
},
{
  "question": "When does the reservation of seats under clauses (1) and (2) and",
  "answer": "On the expiration of the period specified in article 334"
},
{
  "question": "What happens on the expiration of the period specified in article 3",
  "answer": "The reservation of seats under clauses (1) and (2) and the reserva",
},
{
  "question": "Can the Legislature of a State make any provision for reservation",
  "answer": "Yes, especially in favour of backward class of citizens."
},
{
  "question": "Can the Legislature of a State make provisions for reservation of s",
  "answer": "Yes"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "For how long does every Municipality continue unless sooner dissolved?",
  "answer": "Five years from the date appointed for its first meeting"
},
{
  "question": "What does the date appointed for the first meeting of a Municipality signify?",
  "answer": "It signifies the start of a five-year tenure unless the Municipality is sooner dissolved"
},
{
  "question": "Can an amendment of any law dissolve a Municipality?",
  "answer": "No, no amendment of any law for the time being in force shall have that effect"
},
{
  "question": "What effect does an amendment of any law for the time being in force have?",
  "answer": "No amendment of any law for the time being in force shall have the effect of dissolving a Municipality"
},
{
  "question": "When should an election to constitute a Municipality be completed?",
  "answer": "Before the expiry of its duration specified in clause (1), and before the expiry of the period specified in clause (2)"
},
{
  "question": "What is the timeline for completing a municipality election after its dissolution?",
  "answer": "The election should be completed before the expiration of a period of six months from the date of dissolution"
},
{
  "question": "For how long does a Municipality constituted upon the dissolution of another Municipality continue?",
  "answer": "Only for the remainder of the period for which the dissolved Municipality was constituted"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "If a Municipality is dissolved before the expiration of its duration, for how long does it continue to exist?",
  "answer": "Only for the remainder of the period for which the dissolved Municipality was elected.",
},
{
  "question": "What disqualifies a person from being a member of a Municipality?",
  "answer": "A person can be disqualified from being a member of a Municipality if he or she is: a) a minor; b) a person with legal incapacity; c) a person who has been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude; d) a person who has been declared bankrupt; e) a person who has been declared insolvent; f) a person who has been declared a habitual drunkard; g) a person who has been declared a habitual gambler; h) a person who has been declared a habitual prostitute; i) a person who has been declared a habitual thief; j) a person who has been declared a habitual liar; k) a person who has been declared a habitual cheat; l) a person who has been declared a habitual swindler; m) a person who has been declared a habitual fraudster; n) a person who has been declared a habitual forger; o) a person who has been declared a habitual counterfeit; p) a person who has been declared a habitual imposter; q) a person who has been declared a habitual impersonator; r) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist; s) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist; t) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist; u) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist; v) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist; w) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist; x) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist; y) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist; z) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist.",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can a person be disqualified from being a member of a Municipality?",
  "answer": "A person can be disqualified from being a member of a Municipality if he or she is: a) a minor; b) a person with legal incapacity; c) a person who has been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude; d) a person who has been declared bankrupt; e) a person who has been declared insolvent; f) a person who has been declared a habitual drunkard; g) a person who has been declared a habitual gambler; h) a person who has been declared a habitual prostitute; i) a person who has been declared a habitual thief; j) a person who has been declared a habitual liar; k) a person who has been declared a habitual cheat; l) a person who has been declared a habitual swindler; m) a person who has been declared a habitual fraudster; n) a person who has been declared a habitual forger; o) a person who has been declared a habitual counterfeit; p) a person who has been declared a habitual imposter; q) a person who has been declared a habitual impersonator; r) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist; s) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist; t) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist; u) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist; v) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist; w) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist; x) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist; y) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist; z) a person who has been declared a habitual plagiarist.",
},
{
  "question": "Who decides if a member of a Municipality has become subject to disqualification?",
  "answer": "If any question arises as to whether a member of a Municipality has become subject to disqualification, the question shall be referred to the State Legislature for its decision.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a question arises regarding a member of a Municipality who has become subject to disqualification?",
  "answer": "The question is referred for the decision of an authority and in a manner determined by the State Legislature.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the powers, authority and responsibilities of Municipalities?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State may endow the Municipalities with such powers, authority and responsibilities as it may deem proper.",
},
{
  "question": "Who endows the Municipalities with their powers and authorities?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State endows the Municipalities with such powers and authorities as it may deem proper.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are the powers to impose taxes by, and Funds of, the Municip",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State may, by law, authorise a Municipality to l",
},
{
  "question": "Who authorizes a Municipality to levy, collect and appropriate taxes",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State authorises a Municipality to levy, collect",
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of the Finance Commission constituted unde",
  "answer": "The Finance Commission reviews the financial position of the Muni",
},
{
  "question": "Who reviews the financial position of the Municipalities and makes",
  "answer": "The Finance Commission constituted under article 243-I is respons",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Governor do with the recommendations made by t",
  "answer": "The Governor shall cause every recommendation made by the Cor",
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure followed by the Governor after receiving re",
  "answer": "The Governor shall cause every recommendation made by the Cor",
},
{
  "question": "What provision can the Legislature of a State make with respect to",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State may, by law, make provisions with respe"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What can the Legislature of a State do by law with respect to the r
  "answer": "According to article 243Z, the Legislature of a State may make prov
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the superintendence in relation to Elections to
  "answer": "The superintendence has the direction and control of the preparatio
},
{
  "question": "Who has the direction and control of the preparation of electoral r
  "answer": "The superintendence has the direction and control."
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for the conduct of all elections to the Municipa
  "answer": "The State Election Commission referred to in article 243K."
},
{
  "question": "Which entity is referred to in article 243K and is responsible for th
  "answer": "The State Election Commission"
},
{
  "question": "Who can make provision with respect to all matters relating to ele
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State."
},
{
  "question": "What entity is responsible for making provisions with respect to al
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Do the provisions of this Part apply to Union territories?",
  "answer": "Yes, the provisions of this Part apply to the Union territories."
},
{
  "question": "To what regions do the provisions of this Part apply?",
  "answer": "The provisions of this Part apply to the Union territories."
},
{
  "question": "Who are referred to as the Governor of a State and the Legislature of a State?",
  "answer": "The Administrator of the Union territory and the Legislative Assembly of the Union territory."
},
{
  "question": "What are the Administrator of the Union territory and the Legislature of a State referred to as?",
  "answer": "They are referred to as the Governor of a State and the Legislature of a State."
},
{
  "question": "Who may direct that the provisions of this Part apply to any Union territory?",
  "answer": "The President."
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to direct that the provisions of a Part apply to any Union territory?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Does this Part apply to the Scheduled Areas and the tribal areas in the Union territories?",
  "answer": "No, this Part does not apply to those areas."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which areas does this Part not apply to?",
  "answer": "This Part does not apply to the Scheduled Areas and the tribal areas",
},
{
  "question": "What is not affected by this Part?",
  "answer": "The functions and powers of the Darjeeling Gorkha Hill Council."
},
{
  "question": "Which body's functions and powers are not affected by this Part?",
  "answer": "The Darjeeling Gorkha Hill Council"
},
{
  "question": "Can Parliament extend the provisions of this Part to the Scheduled Areas?",
  "answer": "Yes, Parliament can extend the provisions of this Part to the Scheduled Areas."
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to extend the provisions of this Part to the Scheduled Areas?",
  "answer": "Parliament has the authority to extend the provisions of this Part to the Scheduled Areas."
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of the District Planning Committee?",
  "answer": "The purpose of a District Planning Committee is to consolidate the plans prepared by the Panchayats and the municipalities in the district."
},
{
  "question": "What does a District Planning Committee do with the plans prepared by the Panchayats and the municipalities?",
  "answer": "A District Planning Committee consolidates the plans prepared by the Panchayats and the municipalities in the district and submits them to the State Planning Committee for approval."
}
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum proportion of the District Planning Committee members who must be women?",
  "answer": "Not less than four-fifths of the total number of members of the District Planning Committee.",
},
{
  "question": "Who elects not less than four-fifths of the total number of members of the District Planning Committee?",
  "answer": "Four-fifths of the total number of members of the District Planning Committee.",
},
{
  "question": "What should the District Planning Committee consider when preparing the development plan?",
  "answer": "The District Planning Committee should consider matters of common interest to the community.",
},
{
  "question": "What should the District Planning Committee consider in terms of the development plan?",
  "answer": "The District Planning Committee should consider spatial planning, the use of land, and the development of the community.",
},
{
  "question": "Who does the District Planning Committee consult?",
  "answer": "The District Planning Committee consults such institutions and organisations as it may think fit.",
},
{
  "question": "Who specifies the institutions and organisations that the District Planning Committee consults?",
  "answer": "The Governor specifies the institutions and organisations that the District Planning Committee consults.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the development plan once it's recommended by the District Planning Committee?",
  "answer": "The Chairperson of every District Planning Committee shall forward the development plan to the Governor for his approval.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who forwards the development plan recommended by the District",
  "answer": "The Chairperson of every District Planning Committee forwards the",
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of the Metropolitan Planning Committee?",
  "answer": "The purpose of the Metropolitan Planning Committee is to prepare",
},
{
  "question": "Which committee is responsible for preparing a draft development",
  "answer": "The Metropolitan Planning Committee is responsible for preparing a",
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum proportion of Committee members that should",
  "answer": "Two-thirds",
},
{
  "question": "What proportion of Committee members should be elected from the",
  "answer": "Two-thirds",
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the Metropolitan Planning Committee in preparing",
  "answer": "It is to regard to the plans prepared by the Municipalities and the P",
},
{
  "question": "What factors does the Metropolitan Planning Committee consider",
  "answer": "The Metropolitan Planning Committee considers the plans prepared
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who should the Chairperson of every Metropolitan Planning Com",
  "answer": "The Government of the State"
},
{
  "question": "Who does the development plan of every Metropolitan Planning C",
  "answer": "The Government of the State"
},
{
  "question": "What are the functions that can be assigned to the Metropolitan P",
  "answer": "Functions relating to planning and coordination for the Metropolitan",
},
{
  "question": "To whom can the functions relating to planning and coordination f",
  "answer": "The functions can be assigned to the Metropolitan Planning Comm",
},
{
  "question": "How should the Chairpersons of such Committees be chosen?",
  "answer": "The manner in which the Chairpersons of such Committees shall b",
},
{
  "question": "Is the method of selecting the Chairpersons of such Committees s",
  "answer": "No, the manner in which the Chairpersons of such Committees sha",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to municipalities in force inconsistent with the Cons",
  "answer": "They continue to be in force until amended or repealed by a compe
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How long do municipalities inconsistent with the Constitution (Sev",
  "answer": "They continue to be in force until amended or repealed by a compe",
},
{
  "question": "What is the provision for municipalities existing before the comme",
  "answer": "All the Municipalities existing immediately before such commencen",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the Municipalities that existed immediately befor",
  "answer": "All the Municipalities existing immediately before such commencen",
},
{
  "question": "What does article 243ZG state about the interference by courts in",
  "answer": "It states that the validity of any law relating to the delimitation of cor",
},
{
  "question": "What does Article 243ZG state about the validity of laws relating t",
  "answer": "Article 243ZG states that the validity of any law relating to the delim",
},
{
  "question": "What does 'authorised person' mean in the context of Part IX-B TI",
  "answer": "An 'authorised person' refers to a person referred to as such in Arti",
},
{
  "question": "Who is referred to as the 'authorised person' in Article 243-ZQ?",
  "answer": "The 'authorised person' in Article 243-ZQ is a term used in the conf
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the definition of 'board' in the context of co-operative societies?",
  "answer": "A 'board' refers to the board of directors or the governing body of a co-operative society.",
},
{
  "question": "To whom is the direction and control of the management of the affairs of a co-operative society entrusted?",
  "answer": "The direction and control of the management of the affairs of a co-operative society is entrusted to the board of directors or the governing body.",
},
{
  "question": "What is a 'co-operative society' as defined in the Constitution?",
  "answer": "A 'co-operative society' is a society registered or deemed to be registered under the Co-operative Societies Act.",
},
{
  "question": "Under which law should a society be registered or deemed to be registered?",
  "answer": "A society should be registered or deemed to be registered under the Co-operative Societies Act.",
},
{
  "question": "What is a 'multi-State co-operative society'?",
  "answer": "A 'multi-State co-operative society' is a society with objects not confined to one State and is registered or deemed to be registered under the Multi-State Co-operative Societies Act.",
},
{
  "question": "What type of society has objects not confined to one State and is registered or deemed to be registered under the Multi-State Co-operative Societies Act?",
  "answer": "A 'multi-State co-operative society' is a society with objects not confined to one State and is registered or deemed to be registered under the Multi-State Co-operative Societies Act.",
},
{
  "question": "What does 'officer bearer' mean in the context of a co-operative society?",
  "answer": "An 'officer bearer' refers to a President, Vice-President, Chairperson, or any other officer of a co-operative society.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who does the term 'officer bearer' include in a co-operative society?",
  "answer": "An 'officer bearer' refers to a President, Vice-President, Chairperson, Secretary, Treasurer, and other officers of the society.",
},
{
  "question": "Who is the 'Registrar' as mentioned in the text?",
  "answer": "The 'Registrar' refers to the Central Registrar appointed by the Central Government and the State Registrar appointed by the State Government.",
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the Central Registrar and the Registrar for co-operative societies?",
  "answer": "The Central Registrar is appointed by the Central Government and the State Registrar is appointed by the State Government.",
},
{
  "question": "What is a 'State Act'?",
  "answer": "A 'State Act' means any law made by the Legislature of a State.",
},
{
  "question": "Who makes any law referred to as a 'State Act'?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State makes any law referred to as a 'State Act'.",
},
{
  "question": "What is a 'State level co-operative society'?",
  "answer": "A 'State level co-operative society' is a co-operative society having its area of operation extending over the whole of the State.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the area of operation for a 'State level co-operative society'?",
  "answer": "The area of operation for a 'State level co-operative society' extends over the whole of the State.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the legislation 243-ZI state?",
  "answer": "Legislation 243-ZI states that the Legislature of a State may, by law",
},
{
  "question": "Which legislation states that a State's Legislature may make provi",
  "answer": "Legislation 243-ZI states that."
},
{
  "question": "What is the maximum number of directors a co-operative society c",
  "answer": "According to the legislation, the maximum number of directors of a",
},
{
  "question": "According to the legislation, how many directors can a co-operativ",
  "answer": "A co-operative society can have a maximum of twenty-one director",
},
{
  "question": "What reservations does the law provide for on the board of a co-o",
  "answer": "The law provides for the reservation of one seat for the Scheduled",
},
{
  "question": "How many seats are reserved for the Scheduled Castes or the Sc",
  "answer": "One seat is reserved for the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled T",
},
{
  "question": "What is the term of office for the elected members of the board an",
  "answer": "The term of office of elected members of the board and its office be
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How long is the term of office for elected members of the board and",
  "answer": "The term of office is five years."
},
{
  "question": "What happens when there is a casual vacancy on the board?",
  "answer": "The board may fill a casual vacancy on the board by nomination ou",
},
{
  "question": "How can the board fill a casual vacancy if the term of office of the",
  "answer": "The board may fill a casual vacancy on the board by nomination ou",
},
{
  "question": "Who can be co-opted as members of the board?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State shall, by law, make provisions for co-opt",
},
{
  "question": "What qualifications or experience should a person have to be co-o",
  "answer": "A person should have experience in the field of banking, managem",
},
{
  "question": "What is the maximum number of co-opted members allowed on the",
  "answer": "The number of such co-opted members shall not exceed two in add",
},
{
  "question": "How many directors are there on the board, in addition to the max",
  "answer": "There are twenty-one directors on the board in addition to the maxi
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Do co-opted members have the right to vote?",
  "answer": "Co-opted members shall not have the right to vote in any election of the board.",
},
{
  "question": "Can co-opted members be eligible to be elected as office bearers of the board?",
  "answer": "No, co-opted members do not have the right to vote in any election of the board.",
},
{
  "question": "Who oversees the preparation of electoral rolls and the conduct of elections?",
  "answer": "The superintendence, direction and control of the preparation of electoral rolls and the conduct of elections shall be vested in the board.",
},
{
  "question": "Where does the superintendence, direction and control of the preparation of electoral rolls and the conduct of elections?",
  "answer": "The superintendence, direction and control of the preparation of electoral rolls and the conduct of elections shall be vested in the board.",
},
{
  "question": "When should the election of a board be conducted?",
  "answer": "The election of a board shall be conducted before the expiry of the term of office of the board.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of conducting the election of a board before the expiry of the term of office of the board?",
  "answer": "The purpose of conducting the election of a board before the expiry of the term of office of the board is to ensure the continuity of the board's work.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the conditions under which a board may be superseded?",
  "answer": "The board may be superseded or kept under suspension in case of a deadlock or if the board is unable to function properly.
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What could cause the persistent default, negligence in duties, con
  "answer": "These could lead to the board being superseded or kept under sus
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can the board of a co-operative society not
  "answer": "The board of any such co-operative society shall not be supersede
},
{
  "question": "What prevents the board of a co-operative society from being sup
  "answer": "The board of a co-operative society cannot be superseded or kept
},
{
  "question": "What provisions apply in case of a co-operative society carrying o
  "answer": "In case of a co-operative society carrying on the business of bankin
},
{
  "question": "What law is applicable to a co-operative society conducting bankin
  "answer": "The Banking Regulation Act, 1949 (10 of 1949) is applicable to a co
},
{
  "question": "What happens in case of supersession of a board?",
  "answer": "In case of supersession of a board, the administrator appointed to m
},
{
  "question": "Who arranges for the conduct of elections and hands over the ma
  "answer": "The administrator appointed to manage the affairs of such co-opera
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who can make provisions for the conditions of service of the adm",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State may, by law, make provisions for the cor",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority, by law, to define the conditions of service f",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State"
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for the auditing of co-operative society's accou",
  "answer": "An auditor or auditing firms appointed by the general body of the co",
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the auditor or auditing firms responsible for the aud",
  "answer": "The auditor or auditing firms are appointed by the general body of t",
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the minimum qualifications and experience of au",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State lays down the minimum qualifications an",
},
{
  "question": "Who lays down the minimum qualifications and experience of aud",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State determines the minimum qualifications a",
},
{
  "question": "When should the accounts of every co-operative society be audited",
  "answer": "The accounts of every co-operative society should be audited withi"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What should be done within six months of the close of the financial year?",
  "answer": "The accounts of every co-operative society should be audited."
},
{
  "question": "What is the timeline for the convening of the annual general body meeting?",
  "answer": "The annual general body meeting of every co-operative society should be held within six months of the close of the financial year."
},
{
  "question": "Within what period should the annual general body meeting of every co-operative society be held?",
  "answer": "The annual general body meeting of every co-operative society should be held within six months of the close of the financial year."
},
{
  "question": "What kind of access does a member of a co-operative society have?",
  "answer": "A member of a co-operative society has access to the books, information, and documents of the society."
},
{
  "question": "What does a member of a co-operative society have access to in terms of information?",
  "answer": "A member of a co-operative society has access to the books, information, and documents of the society."
},
{
  "question": "What provisions can the Legislature of a State make to ensure the participation of members in the management of co-operative societies?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State can make provisions to ensure the participation of members in the management of co-operative societies."
},
{
  "question": "What provisions can a State Legislature make to ensure member participation in co-operative societies?",
  "answer": "A State Legislature can ensure member participation in co-operative societies by making provisions for the election of members to the managing committee and for the holding of annual general body meetings."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What kind of education can the Legislature of a State provide for i",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State can provide for co-operative education a",
},
{
  "question": "Who can provide co-operative education and training for its memb",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State can provide co-operative education and",
},
{
  "question": "When should every co-operative society file returns?",
  "answer": "Within six months of the close of every financial year."
},
{
  "question": "What is the deadline for a co-operative society to file returns after",
  "answer": "Within six months"
},
{
  "question": "What should the return of a co-operative society include?",
  "answer": "Annual report of its activities, its audited statement of accounts, pla",
},
{
  "question": "What does the annual report of a co-operative society, its audited",
  "answer": "These refer to the return of a co-operative society."
},
{
  "question": "Who can make provisions for the offences relating to the co-opera",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to make provisions for the offences relating
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State."
},
{
  "question": "What acts or omissions are considered as offences under the law
  "answer": "Making a false return or furnishing false information, not furnishing
},
{
  "question": "What are the consequences of making a false return, not providin
  "answer": "These acts or omissions are considered as offences under the law
},
{
  "question": "What does 243-ZR state about the application of provisions to mu
  "answer": "243-ZR states that the provisions of this Part apply to the multi-Sta
},
{
  "question": "What does 243-ZR specify should be the interpretation of 'Legisla
  "answer": "243-ZR specifies that in the context of multi-State co-operative soc
},
{
  "question": "What does 243-ZS state about the application to Union territories'
  "answer": "243-ZS states that the provisions of this Part apply to the Union ter
},
{
  "question": "What does 243-ZS specify in regards to its application to Union te
  "answer": "243-ZS states that the provisions of this Part apply to the Union ter
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does 243-ZT state about the continuance of existing laws?",
  "answer": "243-ZT states that any provision of any law relating to co-operative",
},
{
  "question": "What does 243-ZT specify about the duration and conditions under",
  "answer": "243-ZT states that any provision of any law relating to co-operative",
},
{
  "question": "What does Article 244 state about the administration of Scheduled",
  "answer": "Article 244 states that the provisions of the Fifth Schedule shall app",
},
{
  "question": "Which Schedule applies to the administration and control of the S",
  "answer": "According to Article 244, the provisions of the Fifth Schedule apply",
},
{
  "question": "What can the Parliament form within the State of Assam according",
  "answer": "An autonomous State comprising all or any of the tribal areas spec",
},
{
  "question": "Which part of the constitution specifies that an autonomous state",
  "answer": "Part I of the table appended to paragraph 20 of the Sixth Schedule",
},
{
  "question": "What can be created for the autonomous State?",
  "answer": "A body, whether elected or partly nominated and partly elected, to t
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the function of a body, whether elected or partly nominated?",
  "answer": "The body can function as a Legislature for the autonomous State, and as a Council of Ministers.",
},
{
  "question": "What matters can the law specify in relation to the autonomous State?",
  "answer": "The matters enumerated in the State List or the Concurrent List with the Union.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the State List or the Concurrent List enumerate, what matters?",
  "answer": "The law specifies these matters in relation to the autonomous State.",
},
{
  "question": "What is required for an amendment of any such law to have effect?",
  "answer": "The amendment must be passed in each House of Parliament by not less than two-thirds of the members present and voting.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure for an amendment to pass in each House of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The amendment must be passed by not less than two-thirds of the members present and voting.",
},
{
  "question": "Is such a law considered an amendment of the constitution?",
  "answer": "No, it shall not be deemed to be an amendment of the constitution.",
},
{
  "question": "Can a law be deemed as an amendment of the constitution?",
  "answer": "No, it shall not be deemed to be an amendment of the constitution.",
}
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of Article 368?",
  "answer": "Article 368 provides the process to amend the Constitution."
},
{
  "question": "Which article provides the process to amend the Constitution?",
  "answer": "Article 368"
},
{
  "question": "What is the extent of laws made by Parliament and by the Legisla",
  "answer": "According to Article 245, Parliament may make laws for the whole c",
},
{
  "question": "Which article states that the Parliament can make laws for the wh",
  "answer": "This is stated in Article 245."
},
{
  "question": "What is the subject-matter of laws made by Parliament and by the",
  "answer": "According to Article 246, Parliament has exclusive power to make l",
},
{
  "question": "Which entity has the exclusive power to make laws with respect to",
  "answer": "According to Article 246, Parliament has exclusive power to make l",
},
{
  "question": "What power does Parliament have under Article 246A?",
  "answer": "Under Article 246A, Parliament and the Legislature of every State h
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which article gives Parliament and the Legislature of every State
  "answer": "Article 246A gives Parliament and the Legislature of every State th
},
{
  "question": "Who has the exclusive power to make laws with respect to goods
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "Which body has the power to make laws regarding the goods and
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "When do the provisions of this article, in respect of goods and ser
  "answer": "From the date recommended by the Goods and Services Tax Coun
},
{
  "question": "What determines the date when the provisions of this article, in re
  "answer": "The date recommended by the Goods and Services Tax Council"
},
{
  "question": "What can Parliament provide for, notwithstanding anything in this
  "answer": "The establishment of any additional courts for the better administra
},
{
  "question": "What does the establishment of any additional courts for the bette
  "answer": "It refers to what Parliament can provide for, notwithstanding anythin
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Parliament's power according to article 248?",
  "answer": "Parliament has exclusive power to make any law with respect to an",
},
{
  "question": "Which body has exclusive power to make any law with respect to",
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can the Parliament legislate with respect to",
  "answer": "If the Council of States has declared by resolution supported by no",
},
{
  "question": "What is the necessary procedure for the Parliament to make laws",
  "answer": "The Council of States has to declare by resolution supported by no",
},
{
  "question": "For how long does a resolution passed under clause (1) remain in",
  "answer": "For such period not exceeding one year as may be specified therei",
},
{
  "question": "What is the maximum duration that a resolution under clause (1) c",
  "answer": "One year"
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a resolution passed in the manner provided in c",
  "answer": "Such resolution shall continue in force for a further period of one ye
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How long will a resolution passed in the manner provided in clause (1) continue in force?",
  "answer": "Such resolution shall continue in force for a further period of one year.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a law made by Parliament under clause (1) after the expiry of the period of one year?",
  "answer": "It shall, to the extent of the incompetency, cease to have effect on the expiry of the period of one year.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the duration for a law made by Parliament under clause (1) after the expiry of the period of one year?",
  "answer": "The law shall cease to have effect on the expiration of a period of six months.",
},
{
  "question": "What power does Parliament have during a Proclamation of Emergency?",
  "answer": "Parliament shall, while a Proclamation of Emergency is in operation, have the same powers as it has in normal circumstances.",
},
{
  "question": "What authority is granted to Parliament in regards to making laws during a Proclamation of Emergency?",
  "answer": "According to article 250, during a Proclamation of Emergency, Parliament shall have the same powers as it has in normal circumstances.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a law made by Parliament during a Proclamation of Emergency?",
  "answer": "It shall, to the extent of the incompetency, cease to have effect on the expiry of the period of six months.",
},
{
  "question": "When does a law made by Parliament during a Proclamation of Emergency cease to have effect?",
  "answer": "It ceases to have effect on the expiration of a period of six months after the expiry of the period of one year.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is stated in article 251 regarding the inconsistency between",
  "answer": "Nothing in articles 249 and 250 shall restrict the power of the Legis",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a law made by the Legislature of a State is repug",
  "answer": "If a law made by the Legislature of a State is repugnant to a law ma",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when a law made by the Legislature of a State is r",
  "answer": "The law made by Parliament shall prevail, and the law made by the",
},
{
  "question": "What is the effect of a law made by Parliament on a conflicting law",
  "answer": "If a law made by the Legislature of a State is repugnant to a law ma",
},
{
  "question": "What is the power of Parliament to legislate for two or more States",
  "answer": "If it appears desirable to the Legislatures of two or more States tha",
},
{
  "question": "How can Parliament pass an act that regulates a matter for two or",
  "answer": "If it appears desirable to the Legislatures of two or more States tha",
},
{
  "question": "Can an Act passed by Parliament be amended or repealed by an",
  "answer": "No, any Act passed by Parliament can be amended or repealed by"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to amend or repeal an Act passed by Parliament?",
  "answer": "Any Act passed by Parliament can be amended or repealed by an Act of Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "Does Parliament have the power to make any law for implementing treaties, agreements and contracts with foreign countries?",
  "answer": "Yes, Parliament has the power to make any law for the whole or any part of the territory of India for implementing any treaty, agreement or contract with any foreign country.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to make any law for the whole or any part of the territory of India?",
  "answer": "Parliament has the power to make any law for implementing any treaty, agreement or contract with any foreign country.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens in case of inconsistency between laws made by Parliament and a State Legislature?",
  "answer": "If any provision of a law made by the Legislature of a State is repugnant to any provision of a law made by Parliament, the law made by Parliament shall prevail.",
},
{
  "question": "Which law prevails when there is a contradiction between a law made by Parliament and a law made by a State Legislature?",
  "answer": "If any provision of a law made by the Legislature of a State is repugnant to any provision of a law made by Parliament, the law made by Parliament shall prevail.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when a state law conflicts with a law made by Parliament?",
  "answer": "The law made by Parliament, whether passed before or after the law made by the State Legislature, shall prevail.",
},
{
  "question": "Which law prevails when there is a conflict between a state law and a law made by Parliament?",
  "answer": "The law made by Parliament, whether passed before or after the law made by the State Legislature, shall prevail.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What occurs if a law made by the Legislature of a State repugnan",
  "answer": "The law so made by the Legislature of such State shall prevail in th",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when a law made by the Legislature of a State, wh",
  "answer": "The law so made by the Legislature of such State shall prevail in th",
},
{
  "question": "Can Parliament make any law with respect to the same matter inc",
  "answer": "Yes, Parliament can enact at any time any law with respect to the s",
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for Parliament to enact at any time any law with resp",
  "answer": "Yes, Parliament can make any law with respect to the same matter",
},
{
  "question": "What are the requirements for an Act of Parliament or of the Legis",
  "answer": "The Act will be valid if assent to that Act was given by the Govern",
},
{
  "question": "In the absence of some recommendation or previous sanction req",
  "answer": "The Act can be regarded as valid if assent to that Act was given by",
},
{
  "question": "What is the obligation of States and the Union according to Sectio",
  "answer": "The executive power of every State shall be so exercised as to ens
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How should the executive power of every State be exercised according to the Indian Constitution?",
  "answer": "According to Section 256, the executive power of every State shall be so exercised as not to impede or prejudice the exercise of the executive power of the Union.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the main provision of Article 257 of the Indian Constitution?",
  "answer": "The executive power of every State shall be so exercised as not to impede or prejudice the exercise of the executive power of the Union.",
},
{
  "question": "Which article of the Indian Constitution states that the executive power of the Union extends to the giving of directions to the States?",
  "answer": "Article 257 of the Indian Constitution"
},
{
  "question": "What power does the Union have regarding the construction and maintenance of railways?",
  "answer": "The executive power of the Union extends to the giving of directions to the States.",
},
{
  "question": "To what extent does the executive power of the Union reach in terms of the construction and maintenance of railways?",
  "answer": "The executive power of the Union extends to the giving of directions to the States.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Union's power in relation to the protection of railways?",
  "answer": "The executive power of the Union extends to the giving of directions to the States.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the executive power of the Union extend to in regards to the construction and maintenance of railways?",
  "answer": "The executive power of the Union extends to the giving of directions to the States.",
}
```



},

{

"question": "What happens if costs are incurred in excess while carrying out a

"answer": "If costs have been incurred in excess of those which would have be

},

{

"question": "Who pays the state if costs have been incurred in excess of those

"answer": "The Government of India shall pay the State such sum as may be a

},

{

"question": "What does the Constitution (Forty-fourth Amendment) Act, 1978, s

"answer": "The Constitution (Forty-fourth Amendment) Act, 1978, s. 33 (w.e.f.

},

{

"question": "What is repealed by The Constitution (Forty-fourth Amendment) A

"answer": "The Assistance to States by deployment of armed forces or other f

},

{

"question": "What power does the President have according to article 258 of th

"answer": "According to article 258 of the Constitution of India, the President n

},

{

"question": "What is the function of the Government of a State according to ar

"answer": "According to article 258 of the Constitution of India, if the President

},

{

"question": "What happens when powers and duties have been conferred or in

"answer": "Under article 258, if powers and duties have been conferred or imp

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens in terms of financial compensation when the Gove",
  "answer": "The Government of India shall pay the State such sum as may be a",
},
{
  "question": "What power does the Governor of a State have according to articl",
  "answer": "According to article 258A, the Governor of a State may, with the co",
},
{
  "question": "Which article allows the Governor of a State to entrust either conc",
  "answer": "Article 258A allows the Governor of a State to entrust these functio",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution (Seventh Amendment) Act, 1956, s. 2",
  "answer": "The Constitution (Seventh Amendment) Act, 1956, s. 29 and Sch. I",
},
{
  "question": "What is repealed by the Armed Forces in States in Part B of the F",
  "answer": "The Constitution (Seventh Amendment) Act, 1956, s. 29 and Sch. I",
},
{
  "question": "What jurisdiction does the Union have in relation to territories outs",
  "answer": "According to article 260, the Government of the Union has jurisdict",
},
{
  "question": "Which article states that the Government of the Union has jurisdict",
  "answer": "Article 260 states that the Government of the Union has jurisdiction"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What can the government of India undertake with the agreement of the Parliament?",
  "answer": "The government of India can undertake any executive, legislative or judicial function with the agreement of the Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "What functions can the government of India undertake in a territory of India?",
  "answer": "The government of India can undertake any executive, legislative or judicial function in a territory of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What is given full faith and credit throughout the territory of India?",
  "answer": "Public acts, records and judicial proceedings of the Union and of every state are given full faith and credit throughout the territory of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What are public acts, records and judicial proceedings of the Union and of every state?",
  "answer": "Public acts, records and judicial proceedings of the Union and of every state include laws, orders, decrees, judgments, and orders of the Union and of every state.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the capability of final judgments or orders delivered by civil courts?",
  "answer": "Final judgments or orders delivered by civil courts in any part of the territory of India are final and binding on all persons concerned in the judgments or orders.",
},
{
  "question": "Where can final judgments or orders delivered by civil courts in any part of the territory of India?",
  "answer": "Final judgments or orders delivered by civil courts in any part of the territory of India are final and binding on all persons concerned in the judgments or orders.",
},
{
  "question": "What provision may the Parliament make with respect to disputes between the Union and the states?",
  "answer": "Parliament may by law provide for the adjudication of any dispute between the Union and the states.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What can the Parliament do by law in terms of adjudication of any",
  "answer": "With respect to disputes relating to waters of inter-State rivers or riv",
},
{
  "question": "What restriction can Parliament place on the Supreme Court or an",
  "answer": "Parliament may by law provide that neither the Supreme Court nor",
},
{
  "question": "What provision can be made by Parliament to prevent the Suprem",
  "answer": "Parliament may by law provide that neither the Supreme Court nor",
},
{
  "question": "What is the duty of the Council established if it appears to the Pre",
  "answer": "The Council is charged with the duty of inquiring into and advising u",
},
{
  "question": "What are the responsibilities of the Council when disputes arise b",
  "answer": "The Council is charged with the duty of inquiring into and advising u",
},
{
  "question": "What does the 'Finance Commission' refer to in this document?",
  "answer": "A Finance Commission constituted under article 280."
},
{
  "question": "Under which article is the 'Finance Commission' constituted as me",
  "answer": "Article 280"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can a tax be levied or collected according to this text?",
  "answer": "A tax can be levied or collected only by the authority of law."
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to levy or collect a tax according to this text?",
  "answer": "Only the authority of law can levy or collect a tax."
},
{
  "question": "What forms the 'Consolidated Fund of India' according to this document?",
  "answer": "All revenues received by the Government of India, all loans raised by the Government of India, and all moneys received by or on behalf of the Government of India."
},
{
  "question": "What does the Government of India include in the 'Consolidated Fund of India'?",
  "answer": "All revenues received by the Government of India, all loans raised by the Government of India, and all moneys received by or on behalf of the Government of India."
},
{
  "question": "What forms the 'Consolidated Fund of the State' according to this document?",
  "answer": "All revenues received by the Government of a State, all loans raised by the Government of a State, and all moneys received by or on behalf of the Government of a State."
},
{
  "question": "What does 'All revenues received by the Government of a State, all loans raised by the Government of a State, and all moneys received by or on behalf of the Government of a State' form?",
  "answer": "It forms the 'Consolidated Fund of the State'."
},
{
  "question": "Where should all other public moneys received by or on behalf of the Government of India be credited?",
  "answer": "They should be credited to the public account of India or the public account of the Government of India."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Where should the public moneys received by or on behalf of the C",
  "answer": "They should be credited to the public account of India or the public",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can moneys be appropriated from the Con",
  "answer": "No moneys can be appropriated except in accordance with law and",
},
{
  "question": "What is required for moneys to be appropriated from the Consolid",
  "answer": "No moneys can be appropriated except in accordance with law and",
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of the Contingency Fund of India?",
  "answer": "The Contingency Fund of India is established to enable advances t",
},
{
  "question": "Who is enabled to make advances for meeting unforeseen expen",
  "answer": "The President is enabled to make advances for meeting unforesee",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the disposal of the Contingency Fund of the State?",
  "answer": "The Contingency Fund of the State is placed at the disposal of the",
},
{
  "question": "Who is the Contingency Fund of the State placed at the disposal o",
  "answer": "The Contingency Fund of the State is placed at the disposal of the"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of the Contingency Fund of the State?",
  "answer": "The Contingency Fund of the State is established to enable advance",
},
{
  "question": "Who is enabled to make advances for meeting unforeseen expenses?",
  "answer": "The Governor is enabled to make advances for meeting unforeseen",
},
{
  "question": "Who collects stamp duties levied by the Government of India?",
  "answer": "Stamp duties levied by the Government of India are collected by the",
},
{
  "question": "Who collects stamp duties within any Union territory and within the",
  "answer": "Stamp duties levied by the Government of India are collected by the",
},
{
  "question": "Do the proceeds of any such duty leviable within any State form part of the",
  "answer": "No, the proceeds in any financial year of any such duty leviable within",
},
{
  "question": "Where are the proceeds in any financial year of any such duty leviable",
  "answer": "The proceeds in any financial year of any such duty leviable within",
},
{
  "question": "Who levies and collects taxes on the sale or purchase of goods and",
  "answer": "Taxes on the sale or purchase of goods and taxes on the consignment"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for levying and collecting taxes on the sale or",
  "answer": "The Government of India is responsible for levying and collecting ta",
},
{
  "question": "To whom are these taxes assigned?",
  "answer": "These taxes are assigned and shall be deemed to have been assign",
},
{
  "question": "Who are the taxes deemed to have been assigned to?",
  "answer": "The taxes are deemed to have been assigned to the States."
},
{
  "question": "What does the expression 'taxes on the sale or purchase of goods",
  "answer": "Taxes on sale or purchase of goods other than newspapers, where",
},
{
  "question": "What does the phrase 'sale or purchase takes place in the course",
  "answer": "This phrase applies to the taxes on the sale or purchase of goods."
},
{
  "question": "What does the expression 'taxes on the consignment of goods' m",
  "answer": "Taxes on the consignment of goods (whether the consignment is to",
},
{
  "question": "When does the term 'taxes on the consignment of goods' apply?",
  "answer": "The term 'taxes on the consignment of goods' applies when such c
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the net proceeds of any such tax in a financial year?",
  "answer": "They do not form part of the Consolidated Fund of India, but shall be paid to the State Government.",
},
{
  "question": "Where do the net proceeds of any such tax in a financial year go?",
  "answer": "They do not form part of the Consolidated Fund of India, but shall be paid to the State Government.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can formulate principles for determining when a sale or purchase is a sale or purchase in the ordinary course of business?",
  "answer": "Parliament may by law formulate these principles."
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to formulate laws for determining when a sale or purchase is a sale or purchase in the ordinary course of business?",
  "answer": "Parliament has the authority to formulate these principles."
},
{
  "question": "Who levies and collects the goods and services tax on supplies in the course of trade, commerce or business?",
  "answer": "The Government of India."
},
{
  "question": "Which entity is responsible for levying and collecting the goods and services tax on supplies in the course of trade, commerce or business?",
  "answer": "The Government of India"
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the amount apportioned to a State under clause (a) of article 263?",
  "answer": "It shall not form part of the Consolidated Fund of India."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Does the amount apportioned to a State under clause (1) form pa
  "answer": "No, it does not form part of the Consolidated Fund of India."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the tax levied by a State under article 246A?",
  "answer": "The tax levied by a State under article 246A, if used for payment of
},
{
  "question": "Does the tax levied by a State under article 246A form part of the
  "answer": "No, the tax levied by a State under article 246A, if used for paymen
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the Parliament regarding the principles for dete
  "answer": "Parliament may, by law, formulate the principles for determining the
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to formulate the principles for determining t
  "answer": "The Parliament has the authority to formulate the principles for dete
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the taxes and duties referred to in the Union List
  "answer": "All taxes and duties referred to in the Union List, except those spec
},
{
  "question": "Who levies and collects all taxes and duties referred to in the Unio
  "answer": "All taxes and duties referred to in the Union List, except those spec
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How is the tax collected by the Union under clause (1) of article 246A",
  "answer": "The tax collected by the Union under clause (1) of article 246A shall be",
},
{
  "question": "How is the tax collected under clause (1) of article 246A, which is",
  "answer": "The tax is distributed in the manner provided in clause (2) of the same",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the tax levied and collected by the Union under",
  "answer": "The tax levied and collected by the Union under clause (2) of article 246A",
},
{
  "question": "What is the distribution of the tax levied and collected by the Union",
  "answer": "The tax and the apportioned amount shall be distributed between the",
},
{
  "question": "What does 'prescribed' mean in this article?",
  "answer": "In this article, 'prescribed' typically refers to a rule or guideline that",
},
{
  "question": "What is the meaning of 'prescribed' when it refers to a rule or guideline",
  "answer": "In this context, 'prescribed' typically means that the rule or guideline",
},
{
  "question": "Who can prescribe an order before and after a Finance Commission",
  "answer": "The President"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to prescribe an order before and after a Financial Emergency is declared?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Can Parliament increase any of the duties or taxes referred to in article 268?",
  "answer": "Yes, Parliament may at any time increase any of the duties or taxes referred to in article 268."
},
{
  "question": "Can Parliament increase the goods and services tax referred to in article 269?",
  "answer": "No, Parliament cannot increase the goods and services tax, but the Parliament may increase the rate of the tax."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the whole proceeds of any such surcharge?",
  "answer": "The whole proceeds of any such surcharge shall form part of the Consolidated Fund of India."
},
{
  "question": "What does the whole proceeds of any such surcharge form part of?",
  "answer": "The whole proceeds of any such surcharge form part of the Consolidated Fund of India."
},
{
  "question": "What is charged on the Consolidated Fund of India in each year?",
  "answer": "There shall be charged sums as may be prescribed in lieu of assignment of revenues of certain states."
},
{
  "question": "What is prescribed to be charged on the Consolidated Fund of India?",
  "answer": "Grants-in-aid of the revenues of certain states are charged on the Consolidated Fund of India."
```

```

},
{
  "question": "How long will the sums continue to be charged on the Consolidated Fund?",
  "answer": "The sums will continue to be charged so long as any export duty or other sum is payable by the Government of India.",
},
{
  "question": "Until when will the sums continue to be charged on the Consolidated Fund?",
  "answer": "The sums will continue to be charged until the expiration of ten years from the date of the passing of this Bill.",
},
{
  "question": "What is required for Bills affecting taxation in which States are interested to be introduced in the House of Representatives?",
  "answer": "Prior recommendation of President is required."
},
{
  "question": "What is required for a bill affecting taxation to be considered, especially in relation to the States?",
  "answer": "Prior recommendation of President is required."
},
{
  "question": "In what circumstances can a bill affecting the principles of money be introduced in the House of Representatives?",
  "answer": "A bill that affects the principles on which money is distributable to States and Territories may be introduced in the House of Representatives without the recommendation of the President.",
},
{
  "question": "Who needs to recommend a bill for it to be introduced in either House of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The President needs to recommend such a bill."
},
{
  "question": "What does the expression 'tax or duty in which States are interested' mean?",
  "answer": "The expression 'tax or duty in which States are interested' means a tax or duty which is levied on or payable by any State or Territory."
}

```

```
},
{
  "question": "What could be the potential meanings of a 'tax or duty in which States are interested'",
  "answer": "The expression 'tax or duty in which States are interested' means a tax or duty which is levied on or in respect of goods or persons moving from one State to another.",
},
{
  "question": "What sums are charged on the Consolidated Fund of India each year?",
  "answer": "Sums that Parliament may by law provide are charged on the Consolidated Fund of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What determines the sums charged on the Consolidated Fund of India?",
  "answer": "The sums charged on the Consolidated Fund of India each year are determined by Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of the grants-in-aid of the revenues of a State?",
  "answer": "The grants-in-aid of the revenues of a State paid out of the Consolidated Fund of India are for the purpose of supplementing the resources of the State.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the grants-in-aid of the revenues of a State paid out of the Consolidated Fund of India?",
  "answer": "The grants-in-aid of the revenues of a State paid out of the Consolidated Fund of India are for the purpose of supplementing the resources of the State.",
},
{
  "question": "What specific provisions are made for the State of Assam?",
  "answer": "There shall be paid out of the Consolidated Fund of India as grants-in-aid of the revenues of the State of Assam, such sums as may be determined by Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of the funds paid out of the Consolidated Fund of India?",
  "answer": "The funds paid out of the Consolidated Fund of India to the State of Assam are for the purpose of supplementing the resources of the State.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who approves the schemes of development undertaken by the State",
  "answer": "The Government of India"
},
{
  "question": "What entity is responsible for approving the schemes of development",
  "answer": "The Government of India"
},
{
  "question": "To whom shall the sums payable under clause (a) of the second paragraph",
  "answer": "The autonomous State"
},
{
  "question": "Who will receive the sums payable under clause (a) of the second paragraph",
  "answer": "The autonomous State"
},
{
  "question": "If the autonomous State comprises only some of the tribal areas, how",
  "answer": "Between the State of Assam and the autonomous State as the President may",
},
{
  "question": "Who decides how the sums payable will be apportioned between the State of Assam",
  "answer": "The President, by order, specifies this"
},
{
  "question": "What shall be paid out of the Consolidated Fund of India as grants-in-aid",
  "answer": "Sums, capital and recurring, equivalent to the costs of such schemes and the
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are the sums, capital and recurring, equivalent to the costs of",
  "answer": "The Consolidated Fund of India as grants-in-aid of the revenues of",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to make orders until provision is made by Par",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who can make orders until provision is made by Parliament unde",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "After a Finance Commission has been constituted, when can the",
  "answer": "After considering the recommendations of the Finance Commission",
},
{
  "question": "What does the President consider before making an order under t",
  "answer": "The President considers the recommendations of the Finance Com",
},
{
  "question": "What does article 276 relate to?",
  "answer": "Taxes on professions, trades, callings and employments"
},
{
  "question": "Which article relates to taxes on professions, trades, callings and",
  "answer": "Article 276"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Who can pass a law relating to taxes for the benefit of the State or  

  "answer": "The Legislature of a State"
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the Legislature of a State in relation to taxes for  

  "answer": "They can pass a law relating to taxes"
},
{
  "question": "What is the maximum amount payable in respect of any one person  

  "answer": "Two thousand and five hundred rupees per annum."
},
{
  "question": "What is the annual tax limit that can be paid by any one person to  

  "answer": "Two thousand and five hundred rupees"
},
{
  "question": "Does the power of the Legislature of a State to make laws regarding  

  "answer": "No, it does not limit the power of Parliament in any way."
},
{
  "question": "Does the power of the Legislature of a State to make laws regarding  

  "answer": "No, it does not limit the power of Parliament in any way."
},
{
  "question": "What can continue to be levied and applied to the same purposes  

  "answer": "Any taxes, duties, cesses or fees which were being lawfully levied l
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Before the commencement of the constitution, who was lawfully le
  "answer": "The Government of any State or any municipality or other local aut
},
{
  "question": "What is the meaning of 'net proceeds' in the context of tax or duty
  "answer": "Net proceeds in relation to any tax or duty means the proceeds the
},
{
  "question": "What is reduced by the cost of collection in relation to any tax or c
  "answer": "The net proceeds are reduced by the cost of collection in relation to
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for ascertaining and certifying the net proceed
  "answer": "The Comptroller and Auditor-General of India."
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of The Comptroller and Auditor-General of India i
  "answer": "The Comptroller and Auditor-General of India is responsible for asc
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for providing the manner in which the proceed
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "What role is responsible for providing the manner in which the pro
  "answer": "The President"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the President required to constitute within sixty days from",
  "answer": "The Goods and Services Tax Council"
},
{
  "question": "What was constituted by the President within sixty days from the c",
  "answer": "The Goods and Services Tax Council"
},
{
  "question": "Who are the members of the Goods and Services Tax Council?",
  "answer": "The Union Finance Minister (Chairperson), the Union Minister of St",
},
{
  "question": "Who holds the positions of Chairperson and Member in the Goods",
  "answer": "The Union Finance Minister holds the position of Chairperson and t",
},
{
  "question": "Who chooses the Vice-Chairperson of the Goods and Services Ta",
  "answer": "The Members of the Goods and Services Tax Council referred to in",
},
{
  "question": "Who are referred to in sub-clause (c) of clause (2) of the Goods a",
  "answer": "The Members who choose the Vice-Chairperson of the Goods and",
},
{
  "question": "What is one of the responsibilities of the Goods and Services Tax",
  "answer": "To make recommendations to the Union and the States on various
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for making recommendations to the Union and",
  "answer": "The Goods and Services Tax Council"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Goods and Services Tax Council responsible for?",
  "answer": "The Goods and Services Tax Council is responsible for deciding m",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Goods and Services Tax Council decide and what",
  "answer": "The Goods and Services Tax Council decides on matters related to",
},
{
  "question": "What constitutes a quorum at the Goods and Services Tax Council",
  "answer": "One-half of the total number of Members of the Goods and Service",
},
{
  "question": "What is the number of members that constitutes a quorum at the C",
  "answer": "One-half of the total number of Members of the Goods and Service",
},
{
  "question": "How are decisions made at the Goods and Services Tax Council?",
  "answer": "Every decision of the Goods and Services Tax Council is taken at a",
},
{
  "question": "What is the required majority for a decision to be taken at a Good",
  "answer": "A decision at a Goods and Services Tax Council meeting is taken b
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens if there is a vacancy or defect in the constitution of",
  "answer": "No act or proceedings of the Goods and Services Tax Council is in",
},
{
  "question": "Is any act or proceedings of the Goods and Services Tax Council",
  "answer": "No, no act or proceedings of the Goods and Services Tax Council i",
},
{
  "question": "Who can adjudicate disputes between the Government of India and",
  "answer": "The Council"
},
{
  "question": "Who adjudicates disputes between the Government of India and c",
  "answer": "The Council"
},
{
  "question": "Who can adjudicate disputes between the Government of India and",
  "answer": "The Council"
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for adjudicating disputes between the Govern",
  "answer": "The Council"
},
{
  "question": "Who can adjudicate disputes between two or more States?",
  "answer": "The Council"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the role of The Council in the event of disputes between t  
  "answer": "The Council can adjudicate disputes between two or more States."  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who constitutes the Finance Commission?",  
  "answer": "The President"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who forms the Finance Commission?",  
  "answer": "The President"  
},  
{  
  "question": "How frequently is the Finance Commission constituted?",  
  "answer": "Within two years from the commencement of the Constitution and t  
},  
{  
  "question": "When is the Finance Commission constituted after the commence  
  "answer": "Within two years from the commencement of the Constitution and t  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who determines the qualifications for appointment as members o  
  "answer": "Parliament"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who is responsible for determining the qualifications for appointm  
  "answer": "Parliament"
```

```

},
{
  "question": "What is the duty of the Finance Commission?",
  "answer": "To make recommendations to the President on the distribution of tax",
},
{
  "question": "What responsibilities does the Finance Commission have in relation to the President?",
  "answer": "The Finance Commission's duty is to make recommendations to the President on the distribution of tax",
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the procedure of the Finance Commission?",
  "answer": "The Commission itself"
},
{
  "question": "Who determines its own procedure in the Finance Commission?",
  "answer": "The Commission itself"
},
{
  "question": "Who provides the Commission with powers in the performance of its duties?",
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "Who does the Parliament provide powers to in the performance of its duties?",
  "answer": "The Commission"
},
{
  "question": "What action is to be taken by the President with regards to the recommendations of the Finance Commission?",
  "answer": "The President shall cause every recommendation made by the Finance Commission to be placed before the Parliament and shall cause every recommendation made by the Finance Commission to be placed before the Parliament"
}

```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure for the President to follow regarding the recommendation of the Finance Commission?",
  "answer": "The President shall cause every recommendation made by the Finance Commission to be referred to the Council of Ministers for their consideration and advice.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can make grants for any public purpose according to section 282 of the constitution?",
  "answer": "The Union or a State may make any grants for any public purpose.",
},
{
  "question": "According to section 282 of the constitution, who may make grants out of the Consolidated Fund of India?",
  "answer": "The Union or a State"
},
{
  "question": "What does section 283 of the constitution stipulate about the custody of the Consolidated Fund of India and the Contingency Fund of India?",
  "answer": "The custody of the Consolidated Fund of India and the Contingency Fund of India shall be regulated by law made by Parliament, and, until such law is made, by rules made by the President.",
},
{
  "question": "Who regulates the custody of the Consolidated Fund of India and the Contingency Fund of India?",
  "answer": "These matters are regulated by law made by Parliament, and, until such law is made, by rules made by the President.",
},
{
  "question": "What does section 283(2) of the constitution stipulate about the custody of the Consolidated Fund of a State and the Contingency Fund of a State?",
  "answer": "The custody of the Consolidated Fund of a State and the Contingency Fund of a State shall be regulated by law made by the Legislature of the State, and, until such law is made, by rules made by the Governor.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the law made by the Legislature of a State or the rules made by the Governor regulate?",
  "answer": "This is stipulated in section 283(2) of the constitution."
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What happens to moneys received by public servants and courts",
  "answer": "These moneys shall be paid into the public account of India or the p",
},
{
  "question": "Where are moneys received by public servants and courts in India",
  "answer": "These moneys shall be paid into the public account of India or the p",
},
{
  "question": "What is the rule regarding taxation of the property of the Union in",
  "answer": "The property of the Union is exempt from all taxes imposed by a St",
},
{
  "question": "Is the property of the Union in India exempt from all taxes impose",
  "answer": "Yes, the property of the Union is exempt from all taxes imposed by",
},
{
  "question": "Can a State impose a tax on the supply of goods or services that",
  "answer": "No, a State cannot impose a tax on the supply of goods or services",
},
{
  "question": "Is it permissible for a State to impose a tax on the supply of goods",
  "answer": "No, it is not permissible for a State to impose such a tax.",
},
{
  "question": "Are there any restrictions on the imposition of tax on the sale or p",
  "answer": "Yes, no law of a State shall impose, or authorise the imposition of,
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Can a state law in India impose a tax on the supply of goods or se",
  "answer": "No, no law of a State shall impose, or authorise the imposition of, a",
},
{
  "question": "What is the rule regarding taxation on the consumption or sale of",
  "answer": "Unless otherwise provided by Parliament by law, no law of a State",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to impose a tax on the consumption or sale",
  "answer": "Unless otherwise provided by Parliament by law, no law of a State",
},
{
  "question": "What is the law regarding the consumption of electricity by the Go",
  "answer": "Any law imposing, or authorising the imposition of, a tax on the sale",
},
{
  "question": "What is the stipulation of any law imposing a tax on the sale of ele",
  "answer": "The law ensures that the price of electricity sold to the Government",
},
{
  "question": "What is the exemption from taxation by States in respect of water",
  "answer": "No law of a State in force immediately before the commencement o",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution of India state regarding the imposition",
  "answer": "The Constitution of India states that no law of a State in force imme
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the expression 'law of a State in force' include?",
  "answer": "The expression 'law of a State in force' includes a law of a State pa
},
{
  "question": "What does a law of a State passed or made before the commencement
  "answer": "This refers to the expression 'law of a State in force'."
},
{
  "question": "What needs to be obtained before making any rule or order under
  "answer": "The previous consent of the President."
},
{
  "question": "Whose consent is required to be obtained before making any rule
  "answer": "The previous consent of the President."
},
{
  "question": "Is the property and income of a State exempt from Union taxation
  "answer": "Yes, the property and income of a State shall be exempt from Union
},
{
  "question": "Is the property and income of a State subject to Union taxation?",
  "answer": "No, the property and income of a State are not subject to Union tax
},
{
  "question": "Can the Union impose any tax on a state's trade or business?",
  "answer": "Yes, the Union can impose, or authorise the imposition of, any tax t
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who authorizes the imposition of any tax on a state's trade or bus",
  "answer": "The Union can impose, or authorise the imposition of, any tax to su",
},
{
  "question": "What is the exception to the Union imposing tax on a state's trade",
  "answer": "The exception is any trade or business, or to any class of trade or b",
},
{
  "question": "What does Parliament declare to be incidental to the ordinary func",
  "answer": "Any trade or business, or to any class of trade or business is decla",
},
{
  "question": "What factors determine if the expenses of a court or Commission,",
  "answer": "It depends on whether the court or Commission serves any of the s",
},
{
  "question": "What determines whether the expenses of a court, Commission, c",
  "answer": "If the court or Commission serves any of the separate needs of a S",
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the contribution in respect of the expenses or pe",
  "answer": "An arbitrator appointed by the Chief Justice of India",
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the arbitrator that determines the contribution in res",
  "answer": "The Chief Justice of India"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the annual payment to the Travancore Devaswom Fund f
  "answer": "Forty-six lakhs and fifty thousand rupees"
},
{
  "question": "Which fund receives an annual payment of forty-six lakhs and fifty
  "answer": "Travancore Devaswom Fund"
},
{
  "question": "What is the annual payment to the Devaswom Fund from the Con
  "answer": "Thirteen lakhs and fifty thousand rupees"
},
{
  "question": "Which fund receives an annual payment of thirteen lakhs and fifty
  "answer": "Devaswom Fund"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to borrow upon the security of the Consolidate
  "answer": "The executive power of the Union"
},
{
  "question": "Who can borrow upon the security of the Consolidated Fund of In
  "answer": "The executive power of the Union"
},
{
  "question": "Who sets the limits for borrowing upon the security of the Consoli
  "answer": "Parliament"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What entity is responsible for setting the limits for borrowing upon",
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to borrow within the territory of India upon the",
  "answer": "The executive power of a State"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to borrow on the security of the Consolidate",
  "answer": "The executive power of a State"
},
{
  "question": "Who sets the limits for borrowing upon the security of the Consoli",
  "answer": "The Legislature of such State"
},
{
  "question": "What body is responsible for setting the limits for borrowing upon",
  "answer": "The Legislature of such State"
},
{
  "question": "Can the Government of India make loans to any State?",
  "answer": "Yes, subject to conditions laid down by or under any law made by P",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can the Government of India make loans to",
  "answer": "The Government of India can make loans to any State subject to co
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Can a State raise any loan without the consent of the Government of India?",
  "answer": "No, a State may not raise any loan without the consent of the Government of India.",
},
{
  "question": "If there is still outstanding any part of a loan which has been made by a State before the commencement of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "No, a State may not raise any loan without the consent of the Government of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the property and assets vested in His Majesty for the Dominion of India?",
  "answer": "All property and assets which immediately before the commencement of the Constitution were vested in His Majesty for the Dominion of India shall vest in the Union.",
},
{
  "question": "Where did all the property and assets vested in His Majesty for the Dominion of India?",
  "answer": "All property and assets which immediately before the commencement of the Constitution were vested in His Majesty for the Dominion of India shall vest in the Union.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the rights, liabilities, and obligations of the Government of India?",
  "answer": "All rights, liabilities and obligations of the Government of India shall vest in the Union.",
},
{
  "question": "Who assumes the rights, liabilities and obligations of the Government of India?",
  "answer": "The rights, liabilities and obligations respectively of the Government of India shall vest in the Union.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the property and assets vested in any Indian State?",
  "answer": "They shall vest in the Union, if the purposes for which such property and assets were vested in the State are not inconsistent with the purposes for which they vest in the Union."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who does the property and assets vested in any Indian State come to?",
  "answer": "They shall vest in the Union"
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the rights, liabilities and obligations of the Government of each State specified in Part B of the First Schedule?",
  "answer": "They shall be the rights, liabilities and obligations of the Government of India"
},
{
  "question": "Who assumes the rights, liabilities and obligations of the Government of each State specified in Part B of the First Schedule?",
  "answer": "They shall be the rights, liabilities and obligations of the Government of India"
},
{
  "question": "Who is the successor of the Government of each State specified in Part B of the First Schedule?",
  "answer": "The Government of each State specified in Part B of the First Schedule"
},
{
  "question": "Who shall the Government of the corresponding Indian State as regards the property and assets vested in any Indian State as specified in Part B of the First Schedule?",
  "answer": "The Government of each State specified in Part B of the First Schedule"
},
{
  "question": "What happens to any property in the territory of India which would have been situated in any Indian State as specified in Part B of the First Schedule?",
  "answer": "It shall, if it is property situate in a State, vest in such State, and shall be the property of such State"
},
{
  "question": "Where does property in the territory of India, which would have been situated in any Indian State as specified in Part B of the First Schedule?",
  "answer": "It shall, if it is property situate in a State, vest in such State, and shall be the property of such State"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What does Article 297 of the Indian Constitution state?",
  "answer": "Article 297 states that all lands, minerals and other things of value",
},
{
  "question": "Which article of the Indian Constitution declares that all lands, min",
  "answer": "Article 297 of the Indian Constitution states this."
},
{
  "question": "What is the executive power of the Union and each State in relation",
  "answer": "According to Article 298, the executive power of the Union and of e",
},
{
  "question": "What does Article 298 of the Indian Constitution say about the ext",
  "answer": "According to Article 298, the executive power of the Union and of e",
},
{
  "question": "How are contracts made in the exercise of the executive power of",
  "answer": "According to Article 299, all contracts made in the exercise of the e",
},
{
  "question": "Which article of the Indian Constitution stipulates that all contracts",
  "answer": "Article 299"
},
{
  "question": "Who are the expressions 'Ruler' and 'Indian State' referred to as p",
  "answer": "In the given article, the expressions 'Ruler' and 'Indian State' have t
```

```
},
{
  "question": "According to which article do the expressions 'Ruler' and 'Indian S",
  "answer": "Article 363"
},
{
  "question": "Who can execute contracts and property assurances according to",
  "answer": "The President or the Governor can execute contracts and property",
},
{
  "question": "Who is authorized to execute contracts and property assurances,",
  "answer": "The President or the Governor are authorized to execute contracts",
},
{
  "question": "Are the President or the Governor personally liable for any contra",
  "answer": "No, neither the President nor the Governor shall be personally liabl",
},
{
  "question": "Who is not personally liable in respect of any contract or assuranc",
  "answer": "Neither the President nor the Governor are personally liable."
},
{
  "question": "Who can sue the Government of India?",
  "answer": "The Government of India may be sued by the name of the Union of",
},
{
  "question": "Under what name can someone sue the Government of India?",
  "answer": "Someone can sue the Government of India under the name of the"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances can a State Government be sued?",
  "answer": "The Government of a State may be sued by the name of the State",
},
{
  "question": "Who can sue the Government of a State and in what circumstances?",
  "answer": "The Government of a State may be sued by the name of the State",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to legal proceedings at the commencement of this",
  "answer": "If any legal proceedings are pending to which the Dominion of India",
},
{
  "question": "Who shall be deemed substituted for the Dominion of India in any",
  "answer": "The Union of India shall be deemed to be substituted for the Dominion",
},
{
  "question": "What is the right to property under this Constitution?",
  "answer": "No person shall be deprived of his property save by authority of law",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can a person be deprived of his property and",
  "answer": "A person can be deprived of his property only by authority of law.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the status of trade, commerce and intercourse throughout",
  "answer": "Trade, commerce and intercourse throughout the territory of India s
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are the conditions under which trade, commerce and intercourse throughout the territory of India can be restricted?",
  "answer": "Trade, commerce and intercourse throughout the territory of India can be restricted by Parliament or the Legislature of a State.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to impose restrictions on trade, commerce and intercourse throughout the territory of India?",
  "answer": "Parliament may by law impose such restrictions on the freedom of trade, commerce and intercourse throughout the territory of India.",
},
{
  "question": "Who may by law impose restrictions on the freedom of trade, commerce and intercourse throughout the territory of India?",
  "answer": "Parliament has the power to impose restrictions on trade, commerce and intercourse throughout the territory of India.",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can restrictions be imposed on the freedom of trade, commerce and intercourse throughout the territory of India?",
  "answer": "Restrictions can be imposed if required in the public interest."
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances can restrictions be imposed on the freedom of trade, commerce and intercourse throughout the territory of India?",
  "answer": "If it is required in the public interest."
},
{
  "question": "Can Parliament or the Legislature of a State give preference to one State over another in trade, commerce and intercourse?",
  "answer": "No, neither Parliament nor the Legislature of a State shall have power to give preference to one State over another in trade, commerce and intercourse.",
},
{
  "question": "Does the Parliament or the Legislature of a State have the power to give preference to one State over another in trade, commerce and intercourse?",
  "answer": "No, neither Parliament nor the Legislature of a State has the power to give preference to one State over another in trade, commerce and intercourse."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What exception allows Parliament to give preference or make discrimination?",
  "answer": "Parliament can make any law giving preference or making discrimination on the basis of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth.",
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances can the Parliament make a law giving preference or making discrimination?",
  "answer": "Parliament can make such a law when it is necessary to deal with a situation of emergency.",
},
{
  "question": "Can a State impose taxes on goods imported from other States or on goods imported from other countries?",
  "answer": "Yes, the Legislature of a State may by law impose on goods imported from other States or on goods imported from other countries.",
},
{
  "question": "What type of tax can the Legislature of a State impose on goods imported from other States or on goods imported from other countries?",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State may impose any tax to which similar goods imported from other States or from other countries are subject.",
},
{
  "question": "Can a State impose restrictions on the freedom of trade, commerce or intercourse between one part of the territory and another part of the territory of India?",
  "answer": "Yes, a State can impose such reasonable restrictions on the freedom of trade, commerce or intercourse between one part of the territory and another part of the territory of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What conditions allow a State to impose restrictions on the freedom of trade, commerce or intercourse between one part of the territory and another part of the territory of India?",
  "answer": "A State can impose such restrictions if they are reasonable and necessary in the public interest.",
},
{
  "question": "What does Article 305 of the Indian Constitution state?",
  "answer": "Article 305 states that nothing in articles 301 and 303 shall affect the special provisions relating to the ports, harbours, shipping, navigation, trade, commerce or intercourse between one part of the territory and another part of the territory of India.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which article of the Indian Constitution states that nothing in article",
  "answer": "Article 305 of the Indian Constitution states this."
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of Article 307 of the Indian Constitution?",
  "answer": "Article 307 allows Parliament to appoint an authority for carrying out",
},
{
  "question": "Which article of the Indian Constitution permits the Parliament to a",
  "answer": "Article 307 of the Indian Constitution allows the Parliament to do th",
},
{
  "question": "What does Article 308 of the Indian Constitution clarify?",
  "answer": "Article 308 clarifies that in the context of this Part of the Constitution",
},
{
  "question": "Which state is not included in the expression 'State' according to A",
  "answer": "The State of Jammu and Kashmir is not included in the expression",
},
{
  "question": "What does Article 309 of the Indian Constitution state?",
  "answer": "Article 309 states that, subject to the provisions of the Constitution,",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Indian Constitution allow the appropriate Legislatu",
  "answer": "Article 309 of the Indian Constitution allows the appropriate Legisla
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who makes the rules regulating the recruitment and conditions of",
  "answer": "The affairs of the State"
},
{
  "question": "What entity is responsible for making the rules regulating the recr",
  "answer": "The affairs of the State"
},
{
  "question": "Who holds office during the pleasure of the President?",
  "answer": "Every person who is a member of a defence service or of a civil se",
},
{
  "question": "Who are the people that are members of a defence service or of a",
  "answer": "Every person who holds office during the pleasure of the President",
},
{
  "question": "Who holds office during the pleasure of the Governor of the State",
  "answer": "Every person who is a member of a civil service of a State or holds",
},
{
  "question": "Who is Every person who is a member of a civil service of a State",
  "answer": "They are the ones who hold office during the pleasure of the Gover",
},
{
  "question": "Can a contract provide for the payment of compensation to a pers",
  "answer": "Yes, if the President or the Governor deems it necessary in order to"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who can deem it necessary for a contract to provide for the payment of a gratuity?"
  "answer": "The President or the Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Who cannot be dismissed or removed by an authority subordinate to the President or the Governor?"
  "answer": "No person who is a member of a civil service of the Union or an all-India service or a service in which members are appointed direct from the Union."
},
{
  "question": "What positions does a person hold if they cannot be dismissed or removed by an authority subordinate to the President or the Governor?"
  "answer": "A member of a civil service of the Union or an all-India service or a service in which members are appointed direct from the Union."
},
{
  "question": "What conditions need to be met before a person can be dismissed or removed by an authority subordinate to the President or the Governor?"
  "answer": "Such a person can only be dismissed, removed, or reduced in rank if the requirements specified in the relevant provisions of the Constitution are satisfied."
},
{
  "question": "What is the process for dismissing, removing, or reducing a person in a civil service of the Union or an all-India service or a service in which members are appointed direct from the Union?"
  "answer": "The process involves an inquiry where the person is informed of the charges against them and given an opportunity to defend themselves."
},
{
  "question": "Are there any exceptions to the requirements for dismissal, removal, or reduction in rank?"
  "answer": "Yes, the requirements do not apply if a person is dismissed or removed on the ground of conviction for an offence involving moral turpitude."
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances do the requirements for dismissal, removal, or reduction in rank not apply?"
  "answer": "The requirements do not apply if a person is dismissed or removed on the ground of conviction for an offence involving moral turpitude."
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Who decides if it is reasonably practicable to hold an inquiry in res",
  "answer": "The decision on whether it is reasonably practicable to hold such a",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to decide if an inquiry can be held when it con",
  "answer": "The authority empowered to dismiss or remove such person or to r",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can Parliament create an All-India service?",
  "answer": "Parliament can create an All-India service if the Council of States h",
},
{
  "question": "What needs to happen for Parliament to create an All-India servic",
  "answer": "The Council of States has to declare by resolution, supported by no",
},
{
  "question": "What services are deemed to be created by Parliament at the con",
  "answer": "The Indian Administrative Service and the Indian Police Service",
},
{
  "question": "Which services were created by Parliament at the commencement",
  "answer": "The Indian Administrative Service and the Indian Police Service",
},
{
  "question": "What is not included in the all-India judicial service?",
  "answer": "Any post inferior to that of a district judge as defined in article 236"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is defined as inferior to the post of a district judge in the all-India judicial service?"
  "answer": "Any post that is not included in the all-India judicial service"
},
{
  "question": "What does the law providing for the creation of the all-India judicial service provide for?"
  "answer": "Such provisions for the amendment of Chapter VI of Part VI as may be made by Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "What may be necessary for giving effect to the law providing for the creation of the all-India judicial service?"
  "answer": "Such provisions for the amendment of Chapter VI of Part VI"
},
{
  "question": "What power does the Parliament have in varying or revoking conditions of service?"
  "answer": "Parliament may by law vary or revoke, whether prospectively or retrospectively"
},
{
  "question": "Who can vary or revoke the conditions of services such as remuneration?"
  "answer": "The Parliament has the power to vary or revoke these conditions of service"
},
{
  "question": "Who can the Parliament vary or revoke the conditions of service for?"
  "answer": "Persons who, having been appointed by the Secretary of State or Secretary of State"
},
{
  "question": "Who were the persons appointed by the Secretary of State or Secretary of State?"
  "answer": "The Parliament can vary or revoke the conditions of service for the persons appointed by the Secretary of State or Secretary of State"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution of India state about the empowerment",
  "answer": "The Constitution of India states that nothing in sub-clause (a) or su",
},
{
  "question": "What does sub-clause (a) and sub-clause (b) of the Constitution c",
  "answer": "The Constitution of India states that nothing in sub-clause (a) or su",
},
{
  "question": "What is the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court or any other court in",
  "answer": "The Constitution of India states that neither the Supreme Court nor",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution of India state about the jurisdiction of t",
  "answer": "The Constitution of India states that neither the Supreme Court nor",
},
{
  "question": "What is stated in the transitional provisions of the Constitution of I",
  "answer": "The transitional provisions of the Constitution of India state that unt",
},
{
  "question": "What do the laws in force immediately before the commencement",
  "answer": "According to the transitional provisions of the Constitution of India,",
},
{
  "question": "What is the effect of the provisions of a certain article according to",
  "answer": "The Constitution of India states that the provisions of this article sh
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution of India state about the effect of the p",
  "answer": "The Constitution of India states that the provisions of this article sh",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution of India's Chapter II cover?",
  "answer": "Public Service Commissions"
},
{
  "question": "Which chapter of the Constitution of India covers Public Service C",
  "answer": "Chapter II"
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of a Public Service Commission according to",
  "answer": "The Public Service Commission serves the needs of the Union or t",
},
{
  "question": "Who serves the needs of the Union or the State as respects the p",
  "answer": "The Public Service Commission serves the needs of the Union or t",
},
{
  "question": "Can two or more states have one Public Service Commission?",
  "answer": "Yes, two or more States may agree to have one Public Service Com",
},
{
  "question": "Can two or more States agree to have one Public Service Commi",
  "answer": "Yes, two or more states can have one Public Service Commission."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for appointing the Chairman and the members",
  "answer": "The Chairman and other members of a Public Service Commission",
},
{
  "question": "Who does the President and the Governor appoint in the case of t",
  "answer": "The President appoints the Chairman and other members of the U",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Indian Constitution say about the continuation of s",
  "answer": "Services or posts under the Union or a State shall continue in force",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution provision regarding the continuation o",
  "answer": "The Indian Constitution says that services or posts under the Union",
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum years of service required for someone to be",
  "answer": "Ten years"
},
{
  "question": "How many years of service are required for someone to be consid",
  "answer": "Ten years"
},
{
  "question": "Who would perform the duties of the Chairman of the Commission",
  "answer": "The duties would be performed by one of the other members of the"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the member to perform the duties of the Chairman of the Public Service Commission?",
  "answer": "The President appoints one of the other members to perform the duties of the Chairman of the Public Service Commission.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the term of office for a member of a Public Service Commission?",
  "answer": "Six years from the date on which he enters upon his office or until he is reappointed.",
},
{
  "question": "How long can a member serve in a Public Service Commission before he is eligible for reappointment?",
  "answer": "Six years from the date on which he enters upon his office."
},
{
  "question": "How can a member of a Public Service Commission resign his office?",
  "answer": "A member of a Public Service Commission may resign his office by writing a letter of resignation to the President.",
},
{
  "question": "To whom should a member of a Public Service Commission address his resignation?",
  "answer": "A member of a Public Service Commission should address his resignation to the President.",
},
{
  "question": "Is a person who holds office as a member of a Public Service Commission eligible for reappointment?",
  "answer": "No, a person who holds office as a member of a Public Service Commission cannot be reappointed.",
},
{
  "question": "Can a member of a Public Service Commission be reappointed after his term of office has expired?",
  "answer": "No, a member of a Public Service Commission cannot be reappointed after his term of office has expired.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who can remove the Chairman or any other member of a Public S",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to remove the Chairman or any other mem",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "On what grounds can the Chairman or any other member of a Pul",
  "answer": "On the ground of misbehaviour after the Supreme Court has report",
},
{
  "question": "What should the Supreme Court report for the Chairman or any ot",
  "answer": "The Supreme Court should report that the Chairman or such other",
},
{
  "question": "Who can suspend from office the Chairman or any other member",
  "answer": "The President, in the case of the Union Commission or a Joint Con",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to suspend the Chairman or any other men",
  "answer": "The President has the authority to suspend the Chairman or any ot",
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances can the President remove from office t",
  "answer": "If the Chairman or such other member is adjudged an insolvent, en"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are the reasons for which the President can remove the Chairman or such other member of a Public Service Commission?",
  "answer": "The President can remove the Chairman or such other member if the Chairman or such other member is found to be guilty of misbehaviour or incapacity.",
},
{
  "question": "What is considered misbehaviour for the purposes of clause (1) of Article 310?",
  "answer": "If he participates in any way in the profit thereof or in any benefit or advantage arising out of the discharge of his duties.",
},
{
  "question": "What actions by the Chairman or any other member of a Public Service Commission are considered misbehaviour?",
  "answer": "If he participates in any way in the profit thereof or in any benefit or advantage arising out of the discharge of his duties.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can determine the number of members and their conditions of service for a Public Service Commission?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to determine the number of members and the conditions of service for a Public Service Commission?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who can set the conditions of service for a State Commission?",
  "answer": "The Governor of the State"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to set the conditions of service for a State Commission?",
  "answer": "The Governor of the State"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the conditions of service of a member of a Public Service Commission if he is appointed to a post of honor?",
  "answer": "The conditions of service of a member of a Public Service Commission are not affected by his appointment to a post of honor.",
},
{
  "question": "Can the conditions of service of a member of a Public Service Commission be altered?",
  "answer": "No, the conditions of service of a member of a Public Service Commission cannot be altered.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the Chairman of the Union Public Service Commission if he is appointed to a post of honor?",
  "answer": "The Chairman of the Union Public Service Commission shall be ineligible for further employment either under the Government or in any office or post of honor.",
},
{
  "question": "Who becomes ineligible for further employment either under the Government or in any office or post of honor?",
  "answer": "The Chairman of the Union Public Service Commission becomes ineligible for further employment either under the Government or in any office or post of honor.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the possible appointments for the Chairman of a State Public Service Commission?",
  "answer": "The Chairman of a State Public Service Commission shall be eligible for appointment to any office or post of honor.",
},
{
  "question": "Can the Chairman of a State Public Service Commission be employed in any office or post of honor?",
  "answer": "No, the Chairman of a State Public Service Commission is not eligible for appointment to any office or post of honor.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the possible appointments for a member other than the Chairman of the Union Public Service Commission?",
  "answer": "A member other than the Chairman of the Union Public Service Commission shall be eligible for appointment to any office or post of honor.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What roles can a member, other than the Chairman, of the Union",
  "answer": "After ceasing to hold office, a member other than the Chairman of t",
},
{
  "question": "What are the possible appointments for a member other than the",
  "answer": "A member other than the Chairman of a State Public Service Comm",
},
{
  "question": "Can a member other than the Chairman of a State Public Service",
  "answer": "Yes, a member other than the Chairman of a State Public Service C",
},
{
  "question": "Who conducts examinations for appointments to the services of th",
  "answer": "Public Service Commissions"
},
{
  "question": "What is the responsibility of the Public Service Commissions in re",
  "answer": "They conduct examinations for appointments to the services of the",
},
{
  "question": "What is the duty of the Union Public Service Commission if reques",
  "answer": "To assist those States in framing and operating schemes of joint re",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when two or more states request assistance from t",
  "answer": "The duty of the Union Public Service Commission, if requested by t
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who should be consulted on all matters relating to methods of recruitment?",
  "answer": "The Union Public Service Commission or the State Public Service Commission",
},
{
  "question": "What are the responsibilities of the Union Public Service Commission or the State Public Service Commission?",
  "answer": "They should be consulted on all matters relating to methods of recruitment.",
},
{
  "question": "Who should be consulted on the principles to be followed in making appointments?",
  "answer": "The Union Public Service Commission or the State Public Service Commission",
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of The Union Public Service Commission or the State Public Service Commission?",
  "answer": "They should be consulted on the principles to be followed in making appointments.",
},
{
  "question": "Who should be consulted on all disciplinary matters affecting a person?",
  "answer": "The Union Public Service Commission or the State Public Service Commission",
},
{
  "question": "Who should be consulted on all disciplinary matters affecting a person?",
  "answer": "The Union Public Service Commission or the State Public Service Commission",
},
{
  "question": "Who should be consulted on any claim for the award of a pension?",
  "answer": "The Union Public Service Commission or the State Public Service Commission",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of The Union Public Service Commission or the S",
  "answer": "They should be consulted on any claim for the award of a pension i",
},
{
  "question": "What is the duty of a Public Service Commission?",
  "answer": "To advise on any matter consulted on, including recruitment metho",
},
{
  "question": "What are some matters that a Public Service Commission might b",
  "answer": "A Public Service Commission might be consulted on and asked to a",
},
{
  "question": "Who can refer matters to a Public Service Commission?",
  "answer": "The President or the Governor of the State",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to refer matters to a Public Service Commis",
  "answer": "The President or the Governor of the State",
},
{
  "question": "Who can make regulations specifying the matters in which it shall",
  "answer": "The President and the Governor of a State",
},
{
  "question": "Who can make regulations specifying the matters in which it shall",
  "answer": "The President and the Governor of a State"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the regulations made under the proviso to clause (1) of Article 245?",
  "answer": "They shall be laid for not less than fourteen days before each House of Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the process and duration for which regulations made under clause (1) of Article 245 are laid before each House of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The regulations are laid for not less than fourteen days before each House of Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "What can an Act made by Parliament or the Legislature of a State do under clause (1) of Article 245?",
  "answer": "It may provide for the exercise of additional functions by the Union or a State.",
},
{
  "question": "What additional functions may an Act made by Parliament or the Legislature of a State provide for under clause (1) of Article 245?",
  "answer": "The Act may provide for the exercise of additional functions as respects the Union or a State.",
},
{
  "question": "Who bears the expenses of the Public Service Commissions?",
  "answer": "The Union or a State"
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for bearing the expenses of the Public Service Commissions?",
  "answer": "The Union or a State"
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for presenting an annual report of the work done by the Public Service Commissions?",
  "answer": "The Union Commission"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "Who presents an annual report of their work done?",  
  "answer": "The Union Commission"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "Who receives the annual report from the Union Commission?",  
  "answer": "The President"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "Who does the Union Commission send their annual report to?",  
  "answer": "The President"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "What happens after the President receives the annual report from",  
  "answer": "The President shall cause a copy thereof together with a memoran"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "What does the President do with the annual report from the Union",  
  "answer": "The President shall cause a copy thereof together with a memoran"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "Who is responsible for presenting an annual report of the work do",  
  "answer": "The State Commission"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "Who presents the annual report of their work done?",  
  "answer": "The State Commission"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who receives the annual report from the State Commission?",
  "answer": "The Governor of the State"
},
{
  "question": "Who does the Governor of the State receive the annual report from?",
  "answer": "The State Commission"
},
{
  "question": "What can be resolved by administrative tribunals according to clause 3?",
  "answer": "Disputes and complaints with respect to recruitment and conditions of service"
},
{
  "question": "What do disputes and complaints with respect to recruitment and conditions of service include?",
  "answer": "These can be resolved by administrative tribunals."
},
{
  "question": "Who can establish an administrative tribunal according to clause 3?",
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "Which body has the authority to establish an administrative tribunal?",
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "What does the administrative tribunal for each State specify?",
  "answer": "The jurisdiction, powers and authority which may be exercised by it"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the jurisdiction, powers and authority of each of the sa
  "answer": "They are specified by the administrative tribunal for each State."
},
{
  "question": "What does the procedure for the said tribunals include?",
  "answer": "Provisions as to limitation and rules of evidence."
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'provisions as to limitation and rules of eviden
  "answer": "It refers to the procedure for the said tribunals."
},
{
  "question": "What jurisdiction is excluded from all courts?",
  "answer": "The jurisdiction of all courts, except the jurisdiction of the Supreme
},
{
  "question": "Which court's jurisdiction is not excluded in relation to disputes or
  "answer": "The Supreme Court under article 136"
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the cases pending before any court or other aut
  "answer": "They are transferred to the administrative tribunal."
},
{
  "question": "Where are the cases pending before any court or other authority t
  "answer": "They are transferred to the administrative tribunal."
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What provisions does the parliament contain for the tribunals?",
  "answer": "Supplemental, incidental and consequential provisions necessary f
},
{
  "question": "What does the phrase 'supplemental, incidental and consequential
  "answer": "It refers to the provisions contained in the parliament for the effectiv
},
{
  "question": "What matters can the appropriate Legislature provide for the adjudic
  "answer": "Any disputes, complaints, or offences with respect to all or any of th
},
{
  "question": "What types of matters can the Legislature make laws for, that can
  "answer": "Any disputes, complaints, or offences with respect to all or any of th
},
{
  "question": "What are the matters referred to in clause (1)?",
  "answer": "Levy, assessment, collection and enforcement of any tax; foreign e
},
{
  "question": "What does the clause (1) refer to, if it includes the levy, assessme
  "answer": "The matters referred to in clause (1)"
},
{
  "question": "What can a law made under clause (1) provide for?",
  "answer": "The establishment of a hierarchy of tribunals, the jurisdiction, power
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the jurisdiction, powers, authority, procedure, exclusion",
  "answer": "These pertain to a law made under clause (1), which can provide for",
},
{
  "question": "What is included in the matters specified in sub-clauses (a) to (h)?",
  "answer": "Ceiling on urban property, elections to either House of Parliament or",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Ceiling on urban property, elections to either House",
  "answer": "These refer to the matters specified in sub-clauses (a) to (h).",
},
{
  "question": "What is the power of the President in relation to food-stuffs and other",
  "answer": "The President may, by public notification, declare certain goods to",
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do by public notification regarding essential",
  "answer": "The President may, by public notification, declare certain goods to",
},
{
  "question": "What are some of the matters that can be regulated under the measure",
  "answer": "Regulation can involve the ceiling on agricultural land or urban prop",
},
{
  "question": "What can regulation under a law involve?",
  "answer": "Regulation can involve the ceiling on agricultural land or urban prop
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the appropriate Legislature refer to in this article?",
  "answer": "In this article, the 'appropriate Legislature' refers to Parliament or, a
},
{
  "question": "Which institution does the term 'appropriate Legislature' in this art
  "answer": "The 'appropriate Legislature' in this article refers to Parliament or, a
},
{
  "question": "Who is in charge of the superintendence, direction and control of
  "answer": "The superintendence, direction and control of elections are vested
},
{
  "question": "What is the Commission referred to in the Constitution that is vest
  "answer": "The Commission referred to in the Constitution that is vested with t
},
{
  "question": "Who makes up the Election Commission?",
  "answer": "The Election Commission consists of the Chief Election Commissio
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to fix the number of Election Commissioners
  "answer": "The President has the authority to fix the number of Election Comm
},
{
  "question": "How are the Chief Election Commissioner and other Election Com
  "answer": "The appointment of the Chief Election Commissioner and other Ele
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for the appointment of the Chief Election Com
  "answer": "The President is responsible for the appointment of the Chief Elect
},
{
  "question": "Who acts as the Chairman of the Election Commission when any
  "answer": "The Chief Election Commissioner acts as the Chairman of the Elec
},
{
  "question": "Who takes on the role of Chairman of the Election Commission du
  "answer": "The Chief Election Commissioner"
},
{
  "question": "Who can the President consult with before appointing for each ge
  "answer": "Before each general election to the House of the People and to the
},
{
  "question": "Who does the President need to consult with when appointing bef
  "answer": "The President needs to consult with the Election Commission."
},
{
  "question": "Who can assign Regional Commissioners to assist the Election C
  "answer": "The President can assign Regional Commissioners to assist the EL
},
{
  "question": "Who can the President assign to assist the Election Commission?
  "answer": "The President can assign Regional Commissioners to assist the EL
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the conditions of service and tenure of the Election Commissioner?",
  "answer": "The conditions of service and tenure of the Election Commissioner are determined by the President.",
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the conditions of service and tenure of the Election Commissioner?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can the Chief Election Commissioner be removed from his office?",
  "answer": "The Chief Election Commissioner can be removed from his office in like manner and on the like grounds as a Judge of the Supreme Court.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can be removed from their office in like manner and on the like grounds as a Judge of the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "The Chief Election Commissioner can be removed from his office in like manner and on the like grounds as a Judge of the Supreme Court.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can make staff available to the Election Commission when required?",
  "answer": "The President, or the Governor of a State, can make staff available to the Election Commission when required.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can the President, or the Governor of a State, make staff available to the Election Commission when required?",
  "answer": "The President, or the Governor of a State, can make staff available to the Election Commission when required.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can be included in the general electoral roll?",
  "answer": "Any person can be included in the general electoral roll, regardless of caste, creed, religion, sex, or any other condition."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Are there any restrictions based on religion, race, caste, sex, etc.",
  "answer": "No, there are no restrictions based on religion, race, caste, sex or a",
},
{
  "question": "On what basis are elections to the House of the People and to the",
  "answer": "Elections to the House of the People and to the Legislative Assemb",
},
{
  "question": "What is the basis for conducting elections to the House of the Peo",
  "answer": "Adult suffrage"
},
{
  "question": "Who is entitled to be registered as a voter in India?",
  "answer": "Every person who is a citizen of India and who is not less than eigh",
},
{
  "question": "What are the qualifications and disqualifications for a person to be",
  "answer": "A person must be a citizen of India, be at least eighteen years of ag",
},
{
  "question": "What power is given to the Parliament of India with respect to elec",
  "answer": "Parliament may from time to time by law make provision with respe",
},
{
  "question": "What provisions can the Parliament of India make with respect to",
  "answer": "The Parliament of India is given the power to from time to time by la
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What power is given to the Legislature of a State with respect to e",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State may from time to time by law make provi",
},
{
  "question": "What provisions can the Legislature of a State make by law with r",
  "answer": "The Legislature of a State may from time to time by law make provi",
},
{
  "question": "What does article 329 of the Constitution of India state?",
  "answer": "Article 329 bars interference by courts in electoral matters. This me",
},
{
  "question": "Which article of the Constitution of India bars interference by cour",
  "answer": "Article 329 of the Constitution of India bars interference by courts in",
},
{
  "question": "What can't be called into question without an election petition?",
  "answer": "The validity of any proceeding in the Legislature of a State",
},
{
  "question": "What needs an election petition to be called into question?",
  "answer": "The validity of any proceeding in the Legislature of a State",
},
{
  "question": "What was repealed by the Constitution (Forty-fourth Amendment)",
  "answer": "Special provision as to elections to Parliament in the case of Prime
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What did the Constitution (Forty-fourth Amendment) Act, 1978 re
  "answer": "Special provision"
},
{
  "question": "What is the provision made under Part XVI?",
  "answer": "Special provisions relating to certain classes"
},
{
  "question": "What does Part XVI specifically relate to?",
  "answer": "Special provisions relating to certain classes"
},
{
  "question": "What are the seats in the House of the People reserved for?",
  "answer": "(a) the Scheduled Castes; (b) the Scheduled Tribes except the Sch
},
{
  "question": "Who are the (a) Scheduled Castes; (b) Scheduled Tribes except t
  "answer": "These are the groups for which seats in the House of the People ar
},
{
  "question": "How is the number of reserved seats for Scheduled Castes and S
  "answer": "The number of seats reserved shall bear, as nearly as may be, the
},
{
  "question": "What does the proportion of reserved seats for Scheduled Castes
  "answer": "The proportion of reserved seats for Scheduled Castes and Sched
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'population' refer to in this context?",
  "answer": "The population as ascertained at the last preceding census of which",
},
{
  "question": "What is meant by 'The population as ascertained at the last prece",
  "answer": "In this context, it refers to the term 'population'."
},
{
  "question": "What is construed as a reference to the 2001 census?",
  "answer": "The last preceding census of which the relevant figures have been",
},
{
  "question": "What is the definition of the 'last preceding census of which the re",
  "answer": "It is construed as a reference to the 2001 census"
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do if he believes the Anglo-Indian commu",
  "answer": "The President may nominate not more than two members of that co",
},
{
  "question": "Who can the President nominate to the House of the People if he",
  "answer": "The President may nominate not more than two members of the Ar",
},
{
  "question": "What are the exceptions for seat reservations for the Scheduled C",
  "answer": "The Scheduled Tribes in the autonomous districts of Assam are no
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which Scheduled Tribes are not included in the seat reservations",
  "answer": "The Scheduled Tribes in the autonomous districts of Assam are no",
},
{
  "question": "What is the basis for the number of seats reserved for the Schedu",
  "answer": "The population of the Scheduled Castes in the State or of the Sche",
},
{
  "question": "What determines the number of seats reserved for the Scheduled",
  "answer": "The basis for the number of seats reserved for the Scheduled Cast",
},
{
  "question": "What happens until the taking effect, under article 170, of the re-a",
  "answer": "The seats which shall be reserved for the Scheduled Tribes in the L",
},
{
  "question": "Which seats are reserved under article 170 until the re-adjustmen",
  "answer": "The seats which shall be reserved for the Scheduled Tribes in the L",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution (Fiftyseventh Amendment) Act, 1987 r",
  "answer": "It refers to how all the seats except one are held by members of the",
},
{
  "question": "Who holds all the seats except one according to the Constitution (",
  "answer": "All the seats except one are held by members of the Scheduled Tri
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does clause (3B) say about the number of seats in the Legis
  "answer": "Until the readjustment under article 170 takes effect on the basis of
},
{
  "question": "What happens until the readjustment under article 170 takes effect
  "answer": "According to clause (3B), until the readjustment under article 170 ta
},
{
  "question": "How is the number of seats reserved for an autonomous district in
  "answer": "It is determined by a proportion not less than the population of the c
},
{
  "question": "What determines the number of seats reserved for an autonomou
  "answer": "The number of seats is determined by a proportion not less than th
},
{
  "question": "What areas can the constituencies for the seats reserved for any
  "answer": "They cannot comprise any area outside that district."
},
{
  "question": "Can the constituencies for the seats reserved for any autonomous
  "answer": "No, they cannot comprise any area outside that district."
},
{
  "question": "Who is eligible for election to the Legislative Assembly of the Stat
  "answer": "Only a person who is a member of a Scheduled Tribe of an autono
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who is the only person eligible for election to the Legislative Asse",
  "answer": "A person who is a member of a Scheduled Tribe of an autonomous",
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the Governor in regards to the representation o",
  "answer": "The Governor of a State may nominate one member of the Anglo-I",
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances can the Governor of a State nominate",
  "answer": "The Governor of a State may nominate one member of the Anglo-I",
},
{
  "question": "What will happen to the reservation of seats for the Scheduled Ca",
  "answer": "The provisions of the Constitution relating to the reservation of sea",
},
{
  "question": "When will the provisions of the Constitution relating to the reserva",
  "answer": "The provisions will cease to have effect on the expiration of a perio",
},
{
  "question": "What should be taken into consideration in the making of appointr",
  "answer": "The claims of the members of the Scheduled Castes and the Sche",
},
{
  "question": "What specific claims should be considered when making appointr",
  "answer": "The claims of the members of the Scheduled Castes and the Sche"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Can any provision be made in favour of the members of the Schedules?",
  "answer": "Yes, nothing in this article shall prevent in making of any provision in favour of the members of the Schedules.",
},
{
  "question": "Is it allowed to make any provision in favour of the members of the Schedules?",
  "answer": "Yes, nothing in this article shall prevent in making of any provision in favour of the members of the Schedules.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the provision for the Anglo-Indian community in railway, customs and excise?",
  "answer": "Appointments of members of the Anglo-Indian community to posts in railway, customs and excise shall be made on the same basis as during the first two years.",
},
{
  "question": "On what basis were appointments to posts in the railway, customs and excise?",
  "answer": "The appointments were made on the same basis as during the first two years.",
},
{
  "question": "After the first two years, what happens to the number of posts reserved for the Anglo-Indian community?",
  "answer": "During every succeeding period of two years, the number of posts reserved for the Anglo-Indian community shall be determined by the Government.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the change in the number of posts reserved for the Anglo-Indian community?",
  "answer": "During every succeeding period of two years, the number of posts reserved for the Anglo-Indian community shall be determined by the Government.",
},
{
  "question": "When will all reservations for the Anglo-Indian community cease?",
  "answer": "At the end of ten years from the commencement of this Constitution.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "When will the reservations for the Anglo-Indian community cease,
  "answer": "At the end of ten years from the commencement of this Constitution
},
{
  "question": "Can members of the Anglo-Indian community be appointed to pos
  "answer": "Yes, members of the Anglo-Indian community can be appointed to
},
{
  "question": "Can members of the Anglo-Indian community be appointed to pos
  "answer": "Yes, members of the Anglo-Indian community can be appointed to
},
{
  "question": "What is the provision with respect to educational grants for the be
  "answer": "The same grants, if any, shall be made by the Union and by each S
},
{
  "question": "What is the continuity in educational grants for the Anglo-Indian c
  "answer": "The same grants, if any, shall be made by the Union and by each S
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the educational grants for the Anglo-Indian com
  "answer": "During every succeeding period of three years the grants may be le
},
{
  "question": "By what percentage may the educational grants for the Anglo-Indi
  "answer": "The grants may be less by ten per cent than those for the immedia
```

```
},
{
  "question": "When will the special concession of educational grants for the Anglo-Indian community be terminated?",
  "answer": "At the end of ten years from the commencement of this Constitution.",
},
{
  "question": "For how long from the commencement of this Constitution will the special concession of educational grants for the Anglo-Indian community be continued?",
  "answer": "The special concession of educational grants for the Anglo-Indian community shall be continued for a period of ten years from the commencement of this Constitution.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum percentage of annual admissions that must be reserved for members of the Scheduled Castes in educational institutions?",
  "answer": "40%",
},
{
  "question": "What percentage of annual admissions must be available to members of the Scheduled Castes in educational institutions?",
  "answer": "40%",
},
{
  "question": "What is the National Commission for Scheduled Castes?",
  "answer": "A commission for the Scheduled Castes to be known as the National Commission for Scheduled Castes.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the official title given to the commission assigned for the Scheduled Castes?",
  "answer": "The official title is the National Commission for Scheduled Castes.",
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and other Members of the National Commission for Scheduled Castes?",
  "answer": "The President."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for appointing the Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and members of the Commission?",
  "answer": "The President."
},
{
  "question": "What is the duty of the National Commission for Scheduled Castes?",
  "answer": "To investigate and monitor all matters relating to the safeguards provided for Scheduled Castes under the Constitution and to take such steps as may be necessary for the improvement of the conditions of Scheduled Castes and to undertake such research as may be necessary for the improvement of the conditions of Scheduled Castes."
},
{
  "question": "What does the National Commission for Scheduled Castes do to ensure the welfare of Scheduled Castes?",
  "answer": "The National Commission for Scheduled Castes is responsible for investigating and monitoring all matters relating to the safeguards provided for Scheduled Castes under the Constitution and to take such steps as may be necessary for the improvement of the conditions of Scheduled Castes and to undertake such research as may be necessary for the improvement of the conditions of Scheduled Castes."
},
{
  "question": "What are some of the powers of the Commission as per the Constitution?",
  "answer": "The Commission has the powers of a civil court trying a suit, particularly with respect to summoning witnesses and documents, and to receive evidence and administer oaths."
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean when it is stated that the Commission in the Constitution has the powers of a civil court?",
  "answer": "When it is stated that the Commission has the powers of a civil court, it means that the Commission has the authority to summon witnesses and documents, to receive evidence and administer oaths, and to enforce its orders."
},
{
  "question": "Who should consult the Commission on all major policy matters affecting Scheduled Castes?",
  "answer": "The Union and every State Government should consult the Commission on all major policy matters affecting Scheduled Castes."
},
{
  "question": "Who is required to consult the Commission on all major policy matters affecting Scheduled Castes?",
  "answer": "The Union and every State Government are required to consult the Commission on all major policy matters affecting Scheduled Castes."
```



```

},
{
  "question": "What happens after the President receives a report related to Scheduled Castes?",
  "answer": "The President shall cause all such reports to be laid before each House of Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the President do with a report related to Scheduled Castes?",
  "answer": "The President shall cause all such reports to be laid before each House of Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a report from the Commission relates to a matter?",
  "answer": "A copy of such report will be forwarded to the Governor of the State.",
},
{
  "question": "What procedure is followed when a report from the Commission is received?",
  "answer": "A copy of such report will be forwarded to the Governor of the State.",
},
{
  "question": "How are references to the Scheduled Castes to be construed in this article?",
  "answer": "References to the Scheduled Castes in this article of the Constitution shall be construed to include the Scheduled Tribes.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'Scheduled Castes' include as per the article?",
  "answer": "The term 'Scheduled Castes' in the article of the Constitution of India includes the Scheduled Tribes.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes?",
  "answer": "The National Commission for Scheduled Tribes is a commission for the Scheduled Tribes.",
}

```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are the duties and powers of the National Commission for S
  "answer": "The National Commission for Scheduled Tribes consists of a Chair
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and other Mem
  "answer": "The Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and other Members of the Nati
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and other Mem
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "What are the duties of the National Commission for Scheduled Tr
  "answer": "The duties of the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes includ
},
{
  "question": "What does the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes do in re
  "answer": "The National Commission for Scheduled Tribes is responsible for in
},
{
  "question": "Who does the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes present
  "answer": "The National Commission for Scheduled Tribes presents their repo
},
{
  "question": "Who receives the reports from the National Commission for Sched
  "answer": "The President receives the reports from the National Commission f
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What powers does the National Commission for Scheduled Tribes",
  "answer": "The National Commission for Scheduled Tribes has the power to re",
},
{
  "question": "Which organization has the power to regulate its own procedure?",
  "answer": "The National Commission for Scheduled Tribes has the power to re",
},
{
  "question": "What is the duty of the President in relation to the reports mention",
  "answer": "The President shall cause all such reports to be laid before each H",
},
{
  "question": "What is the course of action for the President regarding reports th",
  "answer": "The President's duty is to cause all such reports to be laid before e",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a report relates to a matter with which any State",
  "answer": "A copy of such report shall be forwarded to the Governor of the Sta",
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure when a report that concerns a State Gover",
  "answer": "A copy of such report shall be forwarded to the Governor of the Sta",
},
{
  "question": "What powers does the Commission have while investigating a ma",
  "answer": "The Commission has all the powers of a civil court trying a suit and
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What powers does a civil court trying a suit have that the Commission does not have?",
  "answer": "The Commission, like a civil court trying a suit, has the power to summon witnesses and examine them on oath.",
},
{
  "question": "Who should consult the Commission on all major policy matters affecting the backward classes?",
  "answer": "The Union and every State Government should consult the Commission on all major policy matters affecting the backward classes.",
},
{
  "question": "Who should be consulted by the Union and every State Government before making any law or policy affecting the backward classes?",
  "answer": "The Commission should be consulted."
},
{
  "question": "What is the National Commission for Backward Classes?",
  "answer": "The National Commission for Backward Classes is a Commission set up by the Government of India to look into the problems of the socially and educationally backward classes and to recommend measures for their advancement.",
},
{
  "question": "Which commission is for the socially and educationally backward classes?",
  "answer": "The National Commission for Backward Classes is for the socially and educationally backward classes.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the composition of the Commission?",
  "answer": "The Commission shall consist of a Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and not more than six members to be appointed by the President of India after consultation with the Prime Minister and the Council of Ministers.",
},
{
  "question": "How many members does the Commission consist of and what are their qualifications?",
  "answer": "The Commission shall consist of a Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and not more than six members. The Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson shall be persons of high standing and ability, having knowledge of the problems of the backward classes. The other members shall be persons of high standing and ability, having knowledge of the problems of the backward classes and representing different regions and communities of the backward classes."
}
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "Who appoints the Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and other Members?",  
  "answer": "The President"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who has the authority to appoint the Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson and other Members?",  
  "answer": "The President"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who has the power to regulate the procedure of the Commission?",  
  "answer": "The Commission"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Whose procedure is regulated by themselves?",  
  "answer": "The Commission"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the duty of the Commission regarding the socially and educationally backward classes?",  
  "answer": "To investigate and monitor all matters relating to the safeguards provided for these classes"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What are the responsibilities of a commission dedicated to the advancement of socially and educationally backward classes?",  
  "answer": "Their responsibilities include investigating and monitoring all matters relating to the safeguards provided for these classes"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who should the Commission present their reports to?",  
  "answer": "The President"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who should receive the reports from the Commission?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the reports presented by the Commission?",
  "answer": "The President shall cause all such reports to be laid before each H"},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for presenting the Commission's reports to ea",
  "answer": "The President is responsible for presenting the Commission's repo"},
{
  "question": "What happens when a report relates to a matter with which a Stat",
  "answer": "A copy of such report shall be forwarded to the State Government v"},
{
  "question": "What should a State Government do when it receives a report rela",
  "answer": "The State Government should forward a copy of the report to be la"},
{
  "question": "What powers does the Commission have while investigating?",
  "answer": "The Commission shall have all the powers of a civil court trying a s"},
{
  "question": "What are the specific powers of a civil court that the Commission",
  "answer": "The Commission shall have the powers to summon and enforce the
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who should be consulted on all major policy matters affecting the
  "answer": "The Union and every State Government shall consult the Commiss
},
{
  "question": "Who shall the Union and every State Government consult on all m
  "answer": "They should consult the Commission."
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the President in relation to the Commission for
  "answer": "The President may at any time and shall, at the expiration of ten ye
},
{
  "question": "When can the President appoint a Commission to report on the ac
  "answer": "The President may at any time and shall, at the expiration of ten ye
},
{
  "question": "What extent does the executive power of the Union have in relatio
  "answer": "The executive power of the Union shall extend to the giving of direc
},
{
  "question": "What does the executive power of the Union extend to in relation
  "answer": "The executive power of the Union extends to the giving of direction
},
{
  "question": "Who can appoint a Commission to investigate the conditions of ba
  "answer": "The President"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to appoint a Commission to investigate the
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of the Commission appointed by the President
  "answer": "To investigate the conditions of socially and educationally backward
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for investigating the conditions of socially and
  "answer": "The Commission appointed by the President is responsible for this.
},
{
  "question": "What should the Commission do after their investigation?",
  "answer": "The Commission should present to the President a report setting o
},
{
  "question": "Who should the Commission present a report to after their investi
  "answer": "The Commission should present a report to the President after their
},
{
  "question": "What happens after the President receives the report from the Co
  "answer": "The President shall cause a copy of the report so presented togeth
},
{
  "question": "What is the President's responsibility once he receives a report fro
  "answer": "The President shall cause a copy of the report so presented togeth
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to specify the castes, races or tribes that sh
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for specifying the castes, races or tribes that s
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who can include in or exclude from the list of Scheduled Castes s
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to include in or exclude from the list of Sched
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "Who can specify the tribes or tribal communities to be deemed as
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to deem tribes or tribal communities as Sch
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to include or exclude from the list of Sched
  "answer": "Parliament"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What body has the power to include or exclude from the list of Scheduled Tribes",
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "Can a notification issued under clause (1) for Scheduled Tribes be",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible to change a notification issued under clause (1) for Scheduled Tribes",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Who can specify the socially and educationally backward classes",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to specify the socially and educationally backward classes",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to include or exclude from the Central List of Scheduled Tribes",
  "answer": "Parliament"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to determine the Central List of socially and educationally backward",
  "answer": "Parliament"
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Can a notification issued under clause (1) for socially and educational purposes be varied?",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible to vary a notification issued under clause (1) for socially and educational purposes?",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "What is the official language of the Union according to Section 343?",
  "answer": "Hindi in Devanagari script"
},
{
  "question": "In what script is Hindi, the official language of the Union according to Section 343?",
  "answer": "Devanagari script"
},
{
  "question": "What form of numerals is to be used for the official purposes of the Union?",
  "answer": "The international form of Indian numerals"
},
{
  "question": "What is the official numeral form used for the purposes of the Union?",
  "answer": "The international form of Indian numerals"
},
{
  "question": "For how long from the commencement of this Constitution shall the international form of Indian numerals be used for the official purposes of the Union?",
  "answer": "Fifteen years"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "How many years after the commencement of the Constitution was  
  "answer": "Fifteen years"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who can authorise the use of the Hindi language in addition to the  
  "answer": "The President"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who has the authority to authorize the use of Hindi in addition to E  
  "answer": "The President"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What can the Parliament provide for after fifteen years?",  
  "answer": "Provide for the use of the English language, or the Devanagari form  
},  
{  
  "question": "What can be provided for the use of the English language, or the  
  "answer": "The Parliament can provide for this."  
},  
{  
  "question": "When shall the President constitute a Commission on official lang  
  "answer": "At the expiration of five years from the commencement of this Cons  
},  
{  
  "question": "What happens at the expiration of five years from the commencer  
  "answer": "The President shall constitute a Commission on official language"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the duty of the Commission?",
  "answer": "To make recommendations to the President on matters such as the",
},
{
  "question": "What matters does the Commission make recommendations to the",
  "answer": "The Commission makes recommendations on the progressive use",
},
{
  "question": "What is the composition of the Committee constituted under clause",
  "answer": "The Committee consists of thirty members, of whom twenty are me",
},
{
  "question": "How are the members of the Committee, constituted under clause",
  "answer": "The Committee members are elected by the members of the House",
},
{
  "question": "What is the duty of the Committee constituted under clause (4)?",
  "answer": "It is the duty of the Committee to examine the recommendations of",
},
{
  "question": "Who does the Committee constituted under clause (4) report their",
  "answer": "The Committee reports their opinions to the President."
},
{
  "question": "Can the President issue directions in accordance with the report r",
  "answer": "Yes, notwithstanding anything in article 343, the President may, aft
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Under which circumstances can the President issue directions in a case?",
  "answer": "Notwithstanding anything in article 343, the President can issue directions in a case.",
},
{
  "question": "What does article 345 state about the official language or languages of a State?",
  "answer": "Article 345 states that subject to the provisions of articles 346 and 347, the State may choose its official language or languages.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a state in India does not specify an official language?",
  "answer": "Article 345 states that until the Legislature of the State provides otherwise, the language in which the State Government and the State Legislature function shall be the official language of the State.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the official language for communication between one State and another?",
  "answer": "Article 346 states that the language for the time being authorised for official use by the Government of India shall be the official language for communication between one State and another.",
},
{
  "question": "What does Article 346 state about the official language for communication between one State and another?",
  "answer": "Article 346 states that the language for the time being authorised for official use by the Government of India shall be the official language for communication between one State and another.",
},
{
  "question": "What provision is there for Hindi to be the official language for communication between one State and another?",
  "answer": "If two or more States agree that the Hindi language should be the official language for communication between them, the Government of India may, by order, declare Hindi to be the official language for communication between those States.",
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances can Hindi be the official language for communication between one State and another?",
  "answer": "If two or more States agree that the Hindi language should be the official language for communication between them, the Government of India may, by order, declare Hindi to be the official language for communication between those States.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do if a substantial proportion of the popula
  "answer": "The President may direct that such language shall also be officially
},
{
  "question": "What action can the President take if a language spoken by a sign
  "answer": "The President may direct that such language shall also be officially
},
{
  "question": "What language shall all proceedings in the Supreme Court and in
  "answer": "The English language."
},
{
  "question": "In which language are all proceedings in the Supreme Court and i
  "answer": "The English language."
},
{
  "question": "Can the Governor of a State authorise the use of the Hindi langua
  "answer": "Yes, the Governor of a State may, with the previous consent of the
},
{
  "question": "Can the Governor of a State authorise the use of the Hindi langua
  "answer": "No, the Governor of a State may not authorise the use of the Hindi
},
{
  "question": "What are the conditions where the Legislature of a State has pres
  "answer": "The conditions are not specified in the provided text."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Are the conditions specified in the text for when the Legislature of",
  "answer": "No, the conditions are not specified in the provided text."
},
{
  "question": "What is the authoritative text of laws in the English language acco",
  "answer": "A translation of the law in the English language published under the",
},
{
  "question": "Where is the translation of the law in the English language publish",
  "answer": "In the Official Gazette of that State."
},
{
  "question": "What is the special procedure for the enactment of laws relating to",
  "answer": "During the period of fifteen years from the commencement of this C",
},
{
  "question": "What are the conditions for introducing or moving a Bill or amendm",
  "answer": "During the first fifteen years from the commencement of the Consti",
},
{
  "question": "What language can a person use to submit a representation for th",
  "answer": "Any of the languages used in the Union or in the State, as the case",
},
{
  "question": "What languages are acceptable for a person to submit a represen",
  "answer": "Any of the languages used in the Union or in the State, as the case"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is the provision for instruction in mother-tongue at primary s",
  "answer": "Every State and every local authority within the State should provid",
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for providing facilities for instruction in the mot",
  "answer": "Every State and every local authority within the State is responsible",
},
{
  "question": "What does article 350B pertain to according to the excerpt?",
  "answer": "Special Officer for linguistic minorities."
},
{
  "question": "According to the excerpt, which article pertains to the Special Offi",
  "answer": "Article 350B"
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the Special Officer for linguistic minorities?",
  "answer": "The President."
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for appointing the Special Officer for linguistic",
  "answer": "The President."
},
{
  "question": "What is the duty of the Special Officer for linguistic minorities?",
  "answer": "To investigate all matters relating to the safeguards provided for lin
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for investigating all matters relating to the safe",
  "answer": "The Special Officer for linguistic minorities"
},
{
  "question": "What does the President do with the reports from the Special Offi",
  "answer": "The President shall cause all such reports to be laid before each H",
},
{
  "question": "Where are the reports from the Special Officer for linguistic minori",
  "answer": "The President sends the reports to each House of Parliament and t",
},
{
  "question": "What is the duty of the Union regarding the Hindi language?",
  "answer": "To promote the spread of the Hindi language, to develop it so that i",
},
{
  "question": "What are the ways in which the Union is supposed to promote and",
  "answer": "The Union is supposed to promote the spread of the Hindi languag",
},
{
  "question": "What can the President declare during a grave emergency?",
  "answer": "The President may, by Proclamation, declare that the security of In",
},
{
  "question": "What can the President proclaim when the security of India or any",
  "answer": "During a grave emergency, the President can declare that the secu
```

```
},
{
  "question": "When can a Proclamation of Emergency be made?",
  "answer": "A Proclamation of Emergency may be made before the actual occurrence of the emergency.",
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances may the President issue a Proclamation of Emergency?",
  "answer": "The President may issue a Proclamation of Emergency before the actual occurrence of the emergency.",
},
{
  "question": "Can a Proclamation issued under clause (1) be varied or revoked?",
  "answer": "Yes, a Proclamation issued under clause (1) may be varied or revoked by the President.",
},
{
  "question": "How can a Proclamation issued under clause (1) be varied or revoked?",
  "answer": "A Proclamation issued under clause (1) may be varied or revoked by the President.",
},
{
  "question": "Who needs to communicate the decision of issuing a Proclamation of Emergency?",
  "answer": "The Union Cabinet, which is the Council consisting of the Prime Minister and other Ministers.",
},
{
  "question": "Who consists of the Union Cabinet that communicates the decision of issuing a Proclamation of Emergency?",
  "answer": "The Union Cabinet consists of the Prime Minister and other Ministers.",
},
{
  "question": "Where should every Proclamation issued under this article be laid?",
  "answer": "Before each House of Parliament."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Where should Proclamations issued under a certain article be laid",
  "answer": "Before each House of Parliament."
},
{
  "question": "When does a Proclamation cease to operate?",
  "answer": "At the expiration of one month unless before the expiration of that period it is approved by resolutions of both Houses of Parliament."
},
{
  "question": "What is necessary for a Proclamation to operate beyond the expiration of one month?",
  "answer": "It must be approved by resolutions of both Houses of Parliament before the expiration of that period."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a Proclamation if the House of the People has not approved it within one month?",
  "answer": "The Proclamation shall cease to operate at the expiration of thirty days."
},
{
  "question": "When does a Proclamation cease to operate after the House of the People has approved it?",
  "answer": "The Proclamation shall cease to operate at the expiration of thirty days after the date of its approval by the House of the People."
},
{
  "question": "Until when shall a Proclamation approved under clause (4) operate?",
  "answer": "A Proclamation so approved shall, unless revoked, cease to operate at the expiration of thirty days after the date of its approval by the House of the People."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a Proclamation approved under clause (4) after the expiration of thirty days?",
  "answer": "A Proclamation so approved shall, unless revoked, cease to operate at the expiration of thirty days after the date of its approval by the House of the People."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "When does a Proclamation continue in force?",
  "answer": "If and so often as a resolution approving the continuance in force o
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions will a Proclamation continue in force for a f
  "answer": "A Proclamation will continue in force for a further period if and so o
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the dissolution of the House of the People takes
  "answer": "If the dissolution of the House of the People takes place during any
},
{
  "question": "What is the consequence if a resolution approving the continuanc
  "answer": "If this scenario happens, the Proclamation shall cease to operate a
},
{
  "question": "What is required for a resolution to be passed by either House of
  "answer": "For the purposes of clauses (4) and (5), a resolution may be passe
},
{
  "question": "What is the majority requirement in clauses (4) and (5) to pass a r
  "answer": "A resolution can be passed by either House of Parliament only by a
},
{
  "question": "What will the President do if the House of the People passes a res
  "answer": "The President shall revoke a Proclamation issued under clause (1)
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What will the President do if the House of the People passes a resolution",
  "answer": "The President shall revoke a Proclamation issued under clause (1) of",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a notice in writing signed by not less than one-tenth of the members of the House of the People is presented to the President",
  "answer": "A special sitting of the House shall be held within fourteen days from the date of the presentation of the notice",
},
{
  "question": "When is a special sitting of the House held after a notice in writing is presented to the President",
  "answer": "A special sitting of the House is held within fourteen days from the date of the presentation of the notice",
},
{
  "question": "What power does the President have according to this article of the Constitution",
  "answer": "The power to issue different Proclamations on different grounds, being satisfied that",
},
{
  "question": "What is the specific power granted to the President under the Constitution",
  "answer": "This article of the Constitution of India grants the President the power to",
},
{
  "question": "What is the effect of a Proclamation of Emergency according to the Constitution",
  "answer": "While a Proclamation of Emergency is in operation, the executive power of the Government shall be exercised",
},
{
  "question": "What powers does the Union and Parliament have during a Proclamation of Emergency",
  "answer": "During a Proclamation of Emergency, the executive power of the Union shall be",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens when a Proclamation of Emergency is in operation",
  "answer": "The executive power of the Union to give directions and the power",
},
{
  "question": "What powers does the Union and Parliament gain in parts of India",
  "answer": "The executive power of the Union to give directions and the power",
},
{
  "question": "What power does the President have while a Proclamation of Em",
  "answer": "The President may, by order, direct that all or any of the provisions",
},
{
  "question": "What may the President do with the provisions of articles related t",
  "answer": "The President may, by order, direct that all or any of the provisions",
},
{
  "question": "What is the duty of the Union according to Article 355 of the India",
  "answer": "It is the duty of the Union to protect every State against external ag",
},
{
  "question": "Which article of the Indian Constitution outlines the Union's duty to",
  "answer": "Article 355 of the Indian Constitution outlines this duty."
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do if he is satisfied that a situation has ari",
  "answer": "The President may by Proclamation assume to himself all or any of"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What powers does the President of India have if a situation arises",
  "answer": "The President may by Proclamation assume to himself all or any of",
},
{
  "question": "What are the limitations of the President's powers in case of failure",
  "answer": "Nothing in this clause shall authorise the President to assume to hi",
},
{
  "question": "What powers are not allowed for the President to assume during a",
  "answer": "The President is not authorised to assume any of the powers vested",
},
{
  "question": "What should be done with every order made under clause (1) acco",
  "answer": "Every order made under clause (1) shall, as soon as may be after i",
},
{
  "question": "Where should every order made under clause (1) be laid according",
  "answer": "Every order made under clause (1) shall be laid before each House",
},
{
  "question": "When should a Proclamation under the article be laid before each",
  "answer": "Every Proclamation under this article should be laid before each Ho",
},
{
  "question": "When should every Proclamation under this article be laid before",
  "answer": "Immediately after it is issued."
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a Proclamation is not approved by both Houses of Parliament?",
  "answer": "If a Proclamation is not approved by both Houses of Parliament within six months, it ceases to operate."
},
{
  "question": "What occurs when a Proclamation fails to receive approval from both Houses of Parliament?",
  "answer": "It ceases to operate."
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a Proclamation is issued when the House of the People is dissolved?",
  "answer": "If a Proclamation is issued when the House of the People is dissolved, it ceases to operate."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a Proclamation that has been approved by the President but not by the Houses of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The Proclamation ceases to operate at the expiration of thirty days."
},
{
  "question": "When does a Proclamation cease to operate if it is approved?",
  "answer": "A Proclamation that is approved ceases to operate on the expiration of three years."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to an approved Proclamation after six months from its issuance?",
  "answer": "An approved Proclamation ceases to operate."
},
{
  "question": "What is the maximum duration a Proclamation can remain in force?",
  "answer": "No Proclamation can remain in force for more than three years."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "For how long can a Proclamation remain in force at most?",
  "answer": "A Proclamation can remain in force for no more than three years."
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a resolution for the continuance of a Proclamation",
  "answer": "The Proclamation shall cease to operate at the expiration of thirty c",
},
{
  "question": "When does the Proclamation cease to operate if a resolution for it",
  "answer": "The Proclamation shall cease to operate at the expiration of thirty c",
},
{
  "question": "What is the exception for the Proclamation issued on the 11th day",
  "answer": "The reference in the first proviso to 'three years' shall be construed",
},
{
  "question": "How is 'three years' in the first proviso of the Proclamation issued",
  "answer": "The reference in the first proviso to 'three years' shall be construed",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can a resolution for the continuance in force",
  "answer": "A resolution can be passed if a Proclamation of Emergency is in op",
},
{
  "question": "What is required for a resolution to be passed for the continuance",
  "answer": "For a resolution to be passed for the continuance in force of a Proc"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Does clause (5) apply to the Proclamation issued on the 11th day",
  "answer": "No, nothing in this clause shall apply to the Proclamation issued on",
},
{
  "question": "Does anything in clause (5) apply to the Proclamation issued on the",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Who can the Parliament confer the power of the Legislature of the",
  "answer": "The Parliament can confer this power to the President."
},
{
  "question": "Who can the Parliament confer the power to make laws for the Le",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Can the President delegate the power conferred to him?",
  "answer": "Yes, the President can delegate the power conferred to him, subject",
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for the President to impose conditions on the power",
  "answer": "Yes, the President can impose such conditions as he may think fit",
},
{
  "question": "Who can the President specify to have the delegated power?",
  "answer": "The President can specify any other authority to have the delegated"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who can have the delegated power as specified by the President?",
  "answer": "Any other authority can have the delegated power as specified by the President.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the President authorize when the House of the People is not in session?",
  "answer": "The President can authorize expenditure from the Consolidated Fund of India.",
},
{
  "question": "From where can the President authorize expenditure when the House of the People is not in session?",
  "answer": "The President can authorize expenditure from the Consolidated Fund of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a law made in exercise of the power of the Legislature?",
  "answer": "The law continues in force until altered or repealed or amended by the Legislature.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the status of a law made by the Legislature of the State, if it is not approved by the President?",
  "answer": "The law continues in force."
},
{
  "question": "What does article 358 state?",
  "answer": "Article 358 states that during emergencies when a Proclamation of Emergency is in operation, all laws in force or hereafter made by the Legislature of any State shall continue to operate in that State notwithstanding that they may be inconsistent with the provisions of any law made by the Parliament of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to laws made under the provisions of Article 358 when the emergency ends?",
  "answer": "Any law made under the provisions of Article 358 shall cease to have effect from the date on which the emergency ends, but any law made under the provisions of Article 358 shall continue to operate in that State notwithstanding that it may be inconsistent with the provisions of any law made by the Parliament of India."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens when a Proclamation of Emergency is in operation",
  "answer": "When a Proclamation of Emergency is in operation, any law may b",
},
{
  "question": "What actions can be taken under the article when a Proclamation",
  "answer": "When a Proclamation of Emergency is in operation, any law may b",
},
{
  "question": "What does not apply according to clause 1?",
  "answer": "Clause 1 does not apply to any law which does not contain a recita",
},
{
  "question": "To what does Clause 1 not apply?",
  "answer": "Clause 1 does not apply to any law which does not contain a recita",
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do during the enforcement of the rights co",
  "answer": "During the enforcement of the rights conferred by Part III during em",
},
{
  "question": "What power does the President have regarding the enforcement o",
  "answer": "During the enforcement of the rights conferred by Part III during em",
},
{
  "question": "What happens while an order made under clause 1 mentioning an",
  "answer": "While an order made under clause 1 mentioning any of the rights c"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens when the State, as mentioned in Part III, makes a law",
  "answer": "While an order made under clause 1 mentioning any of the rights contained in Part III",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when the order ceases to operate?",
  "answer": "Except as respects things done or omitted to be done before the law ceases to operate",
},
{
  "question": "What is the consequence of things done or omitted to be done before the law ceases to operate?",
  "answer": "When the order ceases to operate, those things are excepted.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the condition for a law to be made or any executive action to be taken?",
  "answer": "It can be made if and in so far as the security of India or any part of the territory of India",
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances can a law be made or an executive action be taken?",
  "answer": "A law can be made or an executive action can be taken if and in so far as the security of India",
},
{
  "question": "What does clause (1A) not apply to?",
  "answer": "It does not apply to any law which does not contain a recital to the effect that it is made",
},
{
  "question": "What are the conditions under which clause (1A) does not apply?",
  "answer": "Clause (1A) does not apply to any law which does not contain a recital to the effect that it is made"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "To what extent can an order extend?",
  "answer": "An order may extend to the whole or any part of the territory of India",
},
{
  "question": "Where may an order extend in India?",
  "answer": "An order may extend to the whole or any part of the territory of India",
},
{
  "question": "What does the President consider for extending the order?",
  "answer": "The President considers such extension to be necessary if the security of India is so affected that it is necessary to extend the order",
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances does the President find it necessary to extend the order?",
  "answer": "The President considers such extension to be necessary if the security of India is so affected that it is necessary to extend the order",
},
{
  "question": "What is the requirement for every order made under clause (1)?",
  "answer": "Every order made under clause (1) shall, as soon as may be after it is made, be laid before each House of Parliament",
},
{
  "question": "Where should every order made under clause (1) be laid as soon as may be after it is made?",
  "answer": "Every order made under clause (1) should be laid before each House of Parliament",
},
{
  "question": "What is mentioned about the application of this Part to the State of Jammu and Kashmir?",
  "answer": "It was repealed by the Constitution (Sixty-third Amendment) Act, 1990"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which Act repealed the application of this Part to the State of Punjab?",
  "answer": "The Constitution (Sixty-third Amendment) Act, 1989, s. 3 repealed",
},
{
  "question": "Under what condition can a financial emergency be proclaimed?",
  "answer": "If the President is satisfied that a situation has arisen whereby the financial",
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean when the President is satisfied that a situation",
  "answer": "It means a financial emergency can be proclaimed."
},
{
  "question": "Who can issue a Proclamation according to clause (1)?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "According to clause (1), who has the authority to issue a Proclamation?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "How can a Proclamation issued under clause (1) be revoked or altered?",
  "answer": "By a subsequent Proclamation"
},
{
  "question": "What is the method to revoke or alter a Proclamation issued under",
  "answer": "By a subsequent Proclamation"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a Proclamation if it has not been approved by re
  "answer": "It shall cease to operate"
},
{
  "question": "What occurs if a Proclamation has not been approved by resolution
  "answer": "It shall cease to operate"
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a Proclamation issued when the House of the P
  "answer": "The Proclamation shall cease to operate at the expiration of thirty c
},
{
  "question": "When does a Proclamation cease to operate if the House of the P
  "answer": "The Proclamation shall cease to operate at the expiration of thirty c
},
{
  "question": "During the period any such Proclamation as is mentioned in claus
  "answer": "The Union"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the executive authority during the period any Proclamati
  "answer": "The Union"
},
{
  "question": "What type of directions can the Union give to any State during the
  "answer": "Directions to observe such canons of financial propriety as may be
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the President specify in the directions given to a State",
  "answer": "The President specifies the observance of certain canons of finance",
},
{
  "question": "What provisions can be included in the directions given by the Un",
  "answer": "A provision requiring the reduction of salaries and allowances of all",
},
{
  "question": "What does the provision requiring the reduction of salaries and all",
  "answer": "These provisions can be included in the directions given by the Uni",
},
{
  "question": "Who can issue directions for the reduction of salaries and allowan",
  "answer": "The President",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to issue directions for the reduction of salar",
  "answer": "The President",
},
{
  "question": "Who shall not be answerable to any court for the exercise and per",
  "answer": "The President, or the Governor or Rajpramukh of a State",
},
{
  "question": "What is the immunity provided to the President, or the Governor o",
  "answer": "They shall not be answerable to any court for the exercise and perf
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Can the conduct of the President be brought under review by any court or tribunal?",
  "answer": "Yes, the conduct of the President may be brought under review by a court or tribunal of law in relation to his or her conduct.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to appoint or designate a court, tribunal, or other authority?",
  "answer": "Either House of Parliament has the authority to appoint or designate a court, tribunal, or other authority.",
},
{
  "question": "Can criminal proceedings be instituted or continued against the President or Governor of a State?",
  "answer": "No",
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible to institute or continue criminal proceedings against the President or Governor of a State?",
  "answer": "No",
},
{
  "question": "Can civil proceedings be instituted during the President's or Governor's term of office?",
  "answer": "No, not until the expiration of two months next after notice in writing has been given to the President or Governor.",
},
{
  "question": "When can civil proceedings be instituted against the President or Governor of a State?",
  "answer": "Civil proceedings can be instituted after the expiration of two months next after notice in writing has been given to the President or Governor.",
},
{
  "question": "Can the President or the Governor of a State be arrested or imprisoned?",
  "answer": "No"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for the President or the Governor of a State to be arr
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "What is the protection for publication of proceedings of Parliamen
  "answer": "No person shall be liable to any proceedings, civil or criminal, in an
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a person publishes a substantially true report of a
  "answer": "No person shall be liable to any proceedings, civil or criminal, in an
},
{
  "question": "Does the protection for publication of proceedings apply to reports
  "answer": "Yes, clause (1) shall apply in relation to reports or matters broadca
},
{
  "question": "Does clause (1) apply to reports or matters broadcast by wireless
  "answer": "Yes, the protection for publication of proceedings does apply to the
},
{
  "question": "Does the protection for publication of proceedings apply to secret
  "answer": "No, the protection does not apply to the publication of any report of
},
{
  "question": "Does the protection apply to the publication of any report of the pr
  "answer": "No, the protection does not apply."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does 'newspaper' include in this context?",
  "answer": "In this article, 'newspaper' includes a news agency report containin
},
{
  "question": "What is the meaning of 'newspaper' in the context of this article?",
  "answer": "'Newspaper' in the context of this article refers to a news agency re
},
{
  "question": "What is the disqualification for appointment on remunerative politi
  "answer": "A member of a House belonging to any political party who is disqua
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a member of a House belonging to any political
  "answer": "That member is also disqualified to hold any remunerative political
},
{
  "question": "What is the meaning of 'House' for the purposes of the article on c
  "answer": "The expression 'House' has the meaning assigned to it in clause (a
},
{
  "question": "Where is the meaning of the term 'House' for the article on disqua
  "answer": "The meaning of 'House' is assigned in clause (a) of paragraph 1 of
},
{
  "question": "What does the expression 'remunerative political post' refer to?",
  "answer": "A 'remunerative political post' refers to any office under the Govern
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What types of offices can be considered as 'remunerative political post'?",
  "answer": "'Remunerative political post' can be any office under the Government of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the implication of the Constitution (Twenty-sixth Amendment) Act, 1971, s. 2?",
  "answer": "The Constitution (Twenty-sixth Amendment) Act, 1971, s. 2 has repealed the Constitution (Twenty-sixth Amendment) Act, 1971, s. 2.",
},
{
  "question": "What has the Constitution (Twenty-sixth Amendment) Act, 1971, s. 2 done?",
  "answer": "The Constitution (Twenty-sixth Amendment) Act, 1971, s. 2 has repealed the Constitution (Twenty-sixth Amendment) Act, 1971, s. 2.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court or any other court in India?",
  "answer": "Neither the Supreme Court nor any other court shall have jurisdiction over disputes arising from provisions of a treaty.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has jurisdiction over disputes arising from provisions of a treaty?",
  "answer": "Neither the Supreme Court nor any other court shall have jurisdiction over disputes arising from provisions of a treaty.",
},
{
  "question": "What does 'Indian State' mean in the context of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "'Indian State' refers to any territory recognised before the commencement of the Constitution.",
},
{
  "question": "What does a territory recognised before the commencement of the Constitution mean?",
  "answer": "This refers to the 'Indian State' in the context of the Constitution."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who is included in the term 'Ruler' as per the Constitution?",
  "answer": "'Ruler' includes the Prince, Chief or other person recognised before",
},
{
  "question": "Who were the Prince, Chief or other person recognized by His Ma",
  "answer": "They were referred to as 'Ruler' as per the Constitution."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the recognition of the Rulers of Indian States ac",
  "answer": "According to section 363A, the Prince, Chief or other person who w",
},
{
  "question": "Who ceases to be recognized as the Ruler of an Indian State from",
  "answer": "The Prince, Chief or other person who was recognized by the Pres",
},
{
  "question": "What changes were made to the privy purses as per the Constitut",
  "answer": "With the commencement of the Constitution (Twenty-sixth Amendm",
},
{
  "question": "What happened to the privy purse after the commencement of the",
  "answer": "The privy purse was abolished after the commencement of the Cor",
},
{
  "question": "What powers does the President have regarding major ports and",
  "answer": "According to section 364, the President may direct that any law ma
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does section 364 of the Indian Constitution state about the P",
  "answer": "Section 364 of the Indian Constitution states that the President may",
},
{
  "question": "What is the definition of a 'major port' according to section 364 of",
  "answer": "As per section 364 of the Indian Constitution, a 'major port' means",
},
{
  "question": "According to the Indian Constitution, what criteria does a port need",
  "answer": "To be declared a 'major port' under section 364 of the Indian Const",
},
{
  "question": "What is the definition of 'aerodrome' in this context?",
  "answer": "Aerodrome is defined for the purposes of the enactments relating to",
},
{
  "question": "For what purposes is 'aerodrome' defined in the context of airways?",
  "answer": "Aerodrome is defined for the purposes of the enactments relating to",
},
{
  "question": "What does 'agricultural income' mean in this constitution?",
  "answer": "Agricultural income means agricultural income as defined for the pu",
},
{
  "question": "In which enactments is the definition of 'agricultural income' used",
  "answer": "The definition of 'agricultural income' is used in the enactments rela
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Who is referred to as 'an Anglo-Indian' in this constitution?",
  "answer": "An Anglo-Indian means a person whose father or any of whose oth
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean to be a person whose father or any of whose o
  "answer": "This describes 'an Anglo-Indian' in the constitution."
},
{
  "question": "What is the definition of 'article' in this context?",
  "answer": "Article means an article of this Constitution."
},
{
  "question": "In what context does 'article' refer to an article of the Constitution?
  "answer": "The term 'article' refers to an article of the Constitution in this conte
},
{
  "question": "What is the meaning of 'borrow' in this context?",
  "answer": "Borrow includes the raising of money by the grant of annuities, and
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'borrow' include in the context of finance and
  "answer": "Borrow includes the raising of money by the grant of annuities, and
},
{
  "question": "What does 'clause' mean in this constitution?",
  "answer": "Clause means a clause of the article in which the expression occur
```

```
},
{
  "question": "In the context of a constitution, where does the expression 'clause' occur?",
  "answer": "The expression 'clause' occurs in a clause of the article."
},
{
  "question": "What does 'corporation tax' mean in this constitution?",
  "answer": "Corporation tax means any tax on income, so far as that tax is payable by a company."
},
{
  "question": "In this constitution, which tax that is payable by companies, is not a corporation tax?",
  "answer": "Corporation tax"
},
{
  "question": "What is the meaning of 'corresponding Province', 'corresponding State'?",
  "answer": "In cases of doubt such Province, Indian State or State as may be determined by the President."
},
{
  "question": "Who determines what is the 'corresponding Province', 'corresponding State'?",
  "answer": "The President determines what is the 'corresponding Province', 'corresponding State'."
},
{
  "question": "What is included in the term 'debt'?",
  "answer": "Any liability in respect of any obligation to repay capital sums by way of loan or otherwise."
},
{
  "question": "What does a liability in respect of any obligation to repay capital sums mean?",
  "answer": "This refers to the term 'debt'."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does 'estate duty' refer to?",
  "answer": "A duty to be assessed on or by reference to the principal value, aso
},
{
  "question": "What is the duty assessed on or by reference to the principal valu
  "answer": "This is referred to as 'estate duty'."
},
{
  "question": "What is the definition of 'existing law'?",
  "answer": "Any law, Ordinance, order, bye-law, rule or regulation passed or m
},
{
  "question": "What entities can pass or make an 'existing law' before the comm
  "answer": "Any Legislature, authority or person having power to make such a l
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'Federal Court' refer to?",
  "answer": "The Federal Court constituted under the Government of India Act,
},
{
  "question": "Under which act was the Federal Court constituted?",
  "answer": "The Federal Court was constituted under the Government of India
},
{
  "question": "What is included in the term 'goods'?",
  "answer": "All materials, commodities, and articles"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the term for 'all materials, commodities, and articles' refer to?",
  "answer": "The term for 'all materials, commodities, and articles' refers to 'goods and services'",
},
{
  "question": "What is 'goods and services tax'?",
  "answer": "Any tax on supply of goods, or services or both except taxes on the supply of goods and services",
},
{
  "question": "What is a tax on the supply of goods, or services or both except taxes on the supply of goods and services?",
  "answer": "Goods and Services Tax"
},
{
  "question": "What does 'guarantee' include?",
  "answer": "Any obligation undertaken before the commencement of this Constitution",
},
{
  "question": "What term refers to any obligation undertaken before the commencement of this Constitution?",
  "answer": "Guarantee"
},
{
  "question": "What does 'High Court' refer to?",
  "answer": "Any Court which is deemed for the purposes of this Constitution to be a High Court",
},
{
  "question": "What is a court that is deemed for the purposes of a Constitution to be a High Court?",
  "answer": "High Court"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What does a 'pension' include, whether it's contributory or not?",
  "answer": "A 'pension' includes any kind of pension payable to or in respect of",
},
{
  "question": "What does 'Proclamation of Emergency' refer to?",
  "answer": "A 'Proclamation of Emergency' refers to a Proclamation issued und",
},
{
  "question": "Under which clause and article is a 'Proclamation of Emergency' i",
  "answer": "A 'Proclamation of Emergency' is issued under clause (1) of article",
},
{
  "question": "What is a 'public notification'?",
  "answer": "A 'public notification' means a notification in the Gazette of India, or",
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean when a notification is in the Gazette of India or",
  "answer": "When a notification is in the Gazette of India or the Official Gazette",
},
{
  "question": "What is the definition of a 'railway'?",
  "answer": "A 'railway' does not include a tramway wholly within a municipal are",
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'railway' not include according to Parliament I",
  "answer": "A 'railway' does not include a tramway wholly within a municipal are
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does 'Ruler' mean in this context?",
  "answer": "A 'Ruler' means the Prince, Chief or other person who, at any time",
},
{
  "question": "Who is recognized by the President as the Ruler of an Indian State?",
  "answer": "The Prince, Chief or other person who, at any time before the commencement of the Constitution",
},
{
  "question": "What does 'Schedule' mean?",
  "answer": "A 'Schedule' means a Schedule to this Constitution."
},
{
  "question": "What does a Schedule to this Constitution refer to?",
  "answer": "A Schedule to this Constitution refers to a 'Schedule'."
},
{
  "question": "What are 'Scheduled Castes'?",
  "answer": "Scheduled Castes' means such castes, races or tribes or parts of or groups",
},
{
  "question": "Which article deems certain castes, races or tribes or parts of or groups",
  "answer": "Article 341"
},
{
  "question": "What are 'Scheduled Tribes'?",
  "answer": "Scheduled Tribes' means such tribes or tribal communities or parts
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the term for such tribes or tribal communities or parts of o",
  "answer": "The term for such tribes or tribal communities or parts of or groups",
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'Scheduled Tribes' refer to as per article 342 o",
  "answer": "Scheduled Tribes are those that are deemed under article 342 for t",
},
{
  "question": "Under which article of the Constitution are the Scheduled Tribes o",
  "answer": "The Scheduled Tribes are deemed under article 342 of the Constitu",
},
{
  "question": "What does 'securities' include according to the constitutional defin",
  "answer": "'Securities' includes stock.",
},
{
  "question": "What is included in the term 'securities' according to the constituti",
  "answer": "Stock is included in the term 'securities'."
},
{
  "question": "What is the definition of 'Services' in the constitution?",
  "answer": "'Services' means anything other than goods."
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'Services' defined as anything other than goo",
  "answer": "In the constitution, 'Services' is defined as anything other than good"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'State' refer to in articles 246A, 268, 269, 269",
  "answer": "'State' with reference to these articles includes a Union territory with",
},
{
  "question": "Which territories does the term 'State' include in the context of art",
  "answer": "The term 'State' includes a Union territory with Legislature."
},
{
  "question": "What does 'socially and educationally backward classes' mean as",
  "answer": "It means such backward classes as are so deemed under article 34",
},
{
  "question": "Which article of the constitution deems certain classes as 'socially",
  "answer": "Article 342A of the Constitution deems certain classes as 'socially a",
},
{
  "question": "What is the meaning of 'sub-clause' in the constitution?",
  "answer": "'Sub-clause' means a sub-clause of the clause in which the expres",
},
{
  "question": "What does 'sub-clause' refer to when used in a clause?",
  "answer": "'Sub-clause' refers to a sub-clause of the clause in which the expres",
},
{
  "question": "What is included in the term 'taxation' as per the constitution?",
  "answer": "'Taxation' includes the imposition of any tax or impost, whether gen
```

[illegible]

```
},
{
  "question": "What document is used for the interpretation of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "The General Clauses Act, 1897."
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of The General Clauses Act, 1897?",
  "answer": "It is used for the interpretation of the Constitution."
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'foreign State' refer to in the context of this Co",
  "answer": "Any State other than India."
},
{
  "question": "In the context of this Constitution, which country is not considered",
  "answer": "India"
},
{
  "question": "What power does the Parliament have regarding the Constitution?",
  "answer": "Parliament may in exercise of its constituent power amend by way",
},
{
  "question": "What can the Parliament do to the Constitution in accordance with",
  "answer": "Parliament may in exercise of its constituent power amend by way",
},
{
  "question": "How can an amendment of the Constitution be initiated?",
  "answer": "An amendment of this Constitution may be initiated only by the intro
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens after a Bill to amend the Constitution is passed in e
  "answer": "After the Bill is passed in each House of Parliament, it is presented
},
{
  "question": "What happens if an amendment seeks to make changes in certain
  "answer": "The amendment requires to be ratified by the Legislatures of not le
},
{
  "question": "What is the process for an amendment that seeks to change certa
  "answer": "The amendment requires to be ratified by the Legislatures of not le
},
{
  "question": "Does article 13 apply to any amendment made under this article?
  "answer": "No, nothing in article 13 shall apply to any amendment made under
},
{
  "question": "Does anything in article 13 apply to any amendment made under
  "answer": "No, nothing in article 13 shall apply to any amendment made under
},
{
  "question": "Can amendments of the Constitution be called into question in an
  "answer": "No, no amendment of the Constitution shall be called in question in
},
{
  "question": "Is there any ground on which an amendment of the Constitution c
  "answer": "No, no amendment of the Constitution shall be called in question in
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Is there any limitation on the power of Parliament to amend the C",
  "answer": "No, there is no limitation whatever on the constituent power of Parli",
},
{
  "question": "Does the constituent power of Parliament to amend by way of addo",
  "answer": "No, there is no limitation whatever on the power of Parliament to an",
},
{
  "question": "What was the verdict of the court in the case of Minerva Mills Ltd.",
  "answer": "This section has been declared invalid by the Supreme Court in Mi",
},
{
  "question": "Which section was declared invalid by the Supreme Court in the c",
  "answer": "The verdict of the court was that this section has been declared inv",
},
{
  "question": "What is the temporary power given to Parliament under section 36",
  "answer": "Parliament has the temporary power to make laws with respect to c",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution allow Parliament to do for a period of t",
  "answer": "Under section 369, Parliament is given the temporary power to mal",
},
{
  "question": "What matters can laws be made about according to the text?",
  "answer": "Trade and commerce within a State, production, supply and distrib
```

```
},
{
  "question": "According to the text, can laws be made about the trade and com
  "answer": "Yes, laws can be made about these matters."
},
{
  "question": "What does clause (b) refer to?",
  "answer": "Offences against laws with respect to any of the matters mentione
},
{
  "question": "What does the reference to 'offences against laws with respect to
  "answer": "It refers to clause (b)"
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a law made by Parliament that it would not have
  "answer": "It shall cease to have effect on the expiration of the said period, ex
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a law made by Parliament, which was not comp
  "answer": "It shall cease to have effect, except as respects things done or omi
},
{
  "question": "What are the temporary provisions with respect to the State of Jar
  "answer": "The provisions of article 238 shall not apply in relation to the State
},
{
  "question": "Which article's provisions do not apply in relation to the State of J
  "answer": "The provisions of article 238 do not apply in relation to the State of
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What modification was made to article 370 on the 17th day of Nov",
  "answer": "The said art. 370 shall be operative with the modification that for th",
},
{
  "question": "What was the modification made to the Explanation in clause (1) o",
  "answer": "The following Explanation was substituted for the original one on th",
},
{
  "question": "What is the power of Parliament to make laws for the said State li",
  "answer": "The power of Parliament to make laws for the said State is limited t",
},
{
  "question": "What matters are the Parliament's ability to make laws for a state",
  "answer": "The Parliament's ability to make laws for a state are limited to matt",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Government of the State mean for the purposes of",
  "answer": "For the purposes of this article, the Government of the State means",
},
{
  "question": "Who is considered as the Government of the State in the context",
  "answer": "For the purposes of this article, the Government of the State is the",
},
{
  "question": "Which provisions of the Constitution apply in relation to that State",
  "answer": "The provisions of article 1 and of this article shall apply in relation t"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What articles of the Constitution apply to a specific State and what",
  "answer": "The articles of the Constitution that apply to a specific State are art",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can an order which relates to the matters s",
  "answer": "An order which relates to the matters specified in the Instrument of",
},
{
  "question": "Who must be consulted before issuing an order which relates to th",
  "answer": "The Government of the State must be consulted before issuing suc",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can an order which relates to matters othe",
  "answer": "An order which relates to matters other than those referred to in the",
},
{
  "question": "What is required for an order relating to matters other than those r",
  "answer": "Only with the concurrence of that Government can such an order b",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constituent Assembly do before convening the fra",
  "answer": "The Constituent Assembly places it before such Assembly for such",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constituent Assembly do with the Constitution of th",
  "answer": "The Constituent Assembly places it before such Assembly for such
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions may the President declare that an article s
  "answer": "The President may declare this after the recommendation of the Co
},
{
  "question": "Who must recommend for the President to declare that an article
  "answer": "The Constituent Assembly of the State referred to in clause (2) mus
},
{
  "question": "What special provisions does the President have with respect to t
  "answer": "The President may provide for any special responsibility of the Gov
},
{
  "question": "What responsibilities can the President assign to the Governor for
  "answer": "The President can assign the Governor special responsibilities, inc
},
{
  "question": "What are the special provisions with respect to the State of Nagal
  "answer": "No Act of Parliament in respect of religious or social practices of th
},
{
  "question": "What does the Act of Parliament not regulate in the State of Naga
  "answer": "Religious or social practices of the Nagas, Naga customary law and
},
{
  "question": "What applies to the State of Nagaland according to Naga customa
  "answer": "Ownership and transfer of land and its resources apply to the State
```

```
},
{
  "question": "According to Naga customary law, what applies to the ownership of land in Nagaland?",
  "answer": "It applies to the State of Nagaland."
},
{
  "question": "What responsibility does the Governor of Nagaland have with respect to law and order?",
  "answer": "The Governor of Nagaland has special responsibility with respect to law and order in the state."
},
{
  "question": "Who has special responsibility with respect to law and order in the state?",
  "answer": "The Governor of Nagaland has special responsibility with respect to law and order in the state."
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the Governor's discretion in the exercise of his powers?",
  "answer": "The Governor's discretion is final in determining whether a matter is fit for the President's consideration."
},
{
  "question": "Is the Governor's discretion final in determining whether a matter is fit for the President's consideration?",
  "answer": "Yes, the Governor's discretion is final in determining whether a matter is fit for the President's consideration."
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can the Governor of Nagaland cease to hold office?",
  "answer": "The President can order the Governor of Nagaland to cease holding office if he is found to be unfit for the office."
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to order the Governor of Nagaland to cease holding office?",
  "answer": "The President has the power to order the Governor of Nagaland to cease holding office if he is found to be unfit for the office."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What should the Governor of Nagaland ensure when making his r",
  "answer": "The Governor of Nagaland should ensure that any money provided",
},
{
  "question": "What should the Governor of Nagaland ensure about the money p",
  "answer": "The Governor of Nagaland should ensure that this money is includ",
},
{
  "question": "What is the regional council for the Tuensang district composed o",
  "answer": "The regional council for the Tuensang district is composed of thirty",
},
{
  "question": "How many members are there in the regional council for the Tuen",
  "answer": "There are thirty-five members in the regional council for the Tuensa",
},
{
  "question": "Who shall be the Chairman of the regional council for the Tuensang",
  "answer": "The Deputy Commissioner of the Tuensang district shall be the Ch",
},
{
  "question": "Who is the Chairman ex officio of the regional council for the Tuen",
  "answer": "The Deputy Commissioner of the Tuensang district is the Chairman",
},
{
  "question": "Who elects the Vice-Chairman of the regional council?",
  "answer": "The Vice-Chairman of the regional council is elected by the membe"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who are the Vice-Chairman of the regional council elected by?",
  "answer": "The Vice-Chairman of the regional council is elected by the members of the council",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Governor provide rules for in relation to the regional council?",
  "answer": "The Governor provides rules for the composition of the council, qualifications of members, and the powers and functions of the council",
},
{
  "question": "What aspects does the Governor's rules for the regional council cover?",
  "answer": "The Governor's rules for the regional council cover the composition, powers, and functions of the council",
},
{
  "question": "Who will administer the Tuensang district for a period of ten years?",
  "answer": "The Governor will administer the Tuensang district for a period of ten years",
},
{
  "question": "Who will administer the Tuensang district for a period of ten years?",
  "answer": "The Governor",
},
{
  "question": "Who decides the allocation of money provided by the Government to the Tuensang district?",
  "answer": "The Governor, in his discretion, arranges for an equitable allocation of the money",
},
{
  "question": "Who arranges for an equitable allocation of the money provided by the Government to the Tuensang district?",
  "answer": "The Governor, in his discretion, decides the allocation of that money",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions does an Act of the Legislature of Nagaland apply to Tuensang district?",
  "answer": "No Act of the Legislature of Nagaland shall apply to Tuensang district.",
},
{
  "question": "Who needs to direct that an Act of the Legislature of Nagaland apply to Tuensang district?",
  "answer": "The Governor needs to direct it on the recommendation of the region's Legislative Assembly.",
},
{
  "question": "What modifications can be made to the application of the act in the Tuensang district?",
  "answer": "The act may be subject to exceptions or modifications as the Governor may deem fit.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can specify exceptions or modifications to the act in the Tuensang district?",
  "answer": "The Governor can specify exceptions or modifications to the act on the recommendation of the region's Legislative Assembly.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can make regulations for the Tuensang district?",
  "answer": "The Governor can make regulations for the Tuensang district.",
},
{
  "question": "For which district can the Governor make regulations?",
  "answer": "The Governor can make regulations for the Tuensang district.",
},
{
  "question": "Who shall be appointed Minister for Tuensang affairs?",
  "answer": "One of the members representing the Tuensang district in the Legislative Assembly shall be appointed Minister for Tuensang affairs.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who appoints the Minister for Tuensang affairs and who is eligible",
  "answer": "The Governor appoints one of the members representing the Tuen",
},
{
  "question": "Who has final say on all matters relating to the Tuensang district?",
  "answer": "The final decision on all matters relating to the Tuensang district sh",
},
{
  "question": "Who makes the final decision on all matters relating to the Tuensa",
  "answer": "The Governor in his discretion has final say on all matters relating t",
},
{
  "question": "In articles 54 and 55 and clause (4) of article 80, who do the refer",
  "answer": "The references include the members or member of the Legislative",
},
{
  "question": "Who are the members or member of the Legislative Assembly of L",
  "answer": "The references are to the elected members of the Legislative Asse",
},
{
  "question": "What is the effect of clause (1) in article 170 in relation to the Legi",
  "answer": "Clause (1) shall have effect as if for the word 'sixty', the word 'forty-",
},
{
  "question": "What is substituted for the word 'sixty' in clause (1) of article 170 i",
  "answer": "The word 'forty-six' is substituted for the word 'sixty'."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the reference to direct election from territorial constitutions mean?",
  "answer": "It includes election by the members of the regional council."
},
{
  "question": "What does the election by the members of the regional council refer to?",
  "answer": "It refers to the reference to direct election from territorial constitutions."
},
{
  "question": "What does the President have the authority to do if difficulties arise?",
  "answer": "The President may by order do anything (including any adaptation or modification) which is necessary for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the Constitution."
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do by order when he identifies a necessity?",
  "answer": "The President may do anything (including any adaptation or modification) which is necessary for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the Constitution."
},
{
  "question": "What is the time limit for the President to make such an order?",
  "answer": "No such order shall be made after the expiration of three years from the date of the commencement of the operation of the provisions of the Constitution."
},
{
  "question": "When does the time limit for the President to make such an order expire?",
  "answer": "The time limit for the President to make such an order expires three years from the date of the commencement of the operation of the provisions of the Constitution."
},
{
  "question": "What special provision is given with respect to the State of Assam?",
  "answer": "The President may, by order made with respect to the State of Assam, provide that any law made by the State Legislature shall not be operative until it has been referred to the President for his approval."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What can the President provide for the State of Assam by order m
  "answer": "The President can provide for the constitution and functions of a co
},
{
  "question": "What special provision is given with respect to the State of Manip
  "answer": "The President may, by order made with respect to the State of Mar
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do with respect to the constitution and fun
  "answer": "The President may, by order made with respect to the State of Mar
},
{
  "question": "What does the Governor do annually or when required by the Pre
  "answer": "The Governor makes a report to the President regarding the admini
},
{
  "question": "To whom does the Governor of Manipur report about the administ
  "answer": "The Governor of Manipur makes a report to the President."
},
{
  "question": "What power does the Union have regarding the Hill Areas?",
  "answer": "The executive power of the Union extends to giving directions to th
},
{
  "question": "To whom does the Union's executive power extend in the adminis
  "answer": "The Union's executive power extends to giving directions to the Sta
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'Hill Areas' refer to?",
  "answer": "The term 'Hill Areas' refers to areas that the President may, by order",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to declare areas as 'Hill Areas'?",
  "answer": "The President has the authority to declare areas as 'Hill Areas'."
},
{
  "question": "What can the President provide for the State of Andhra Pradesh?",
  "answer": "The President can provide for equitable opportunities and facilities",
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do to ensure equitable opportunities and facilities?",
  "answer": "The President can provide for the State of Andhra Pradesh."
},
{
  "question": "What can an order made under clause (1) specify for the State of Andhra Pradesh?",
  "answer": "The order can require the State Government to organise any class of",
},
{
  "question": "What does the order requiring the State Government of Andhra Pradesh to do?",
  "answer": "This order can be made under clause (1).",
},
{
  "question": "What is the preference or reservation given to in the matter of direct recruitment?",
  "answer": "Preference or reservation is given to candidates who have resided in the State of Andhra Pradesh for a period of not less than five years immediately preceding the date of application for the post."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who are the candidates given preference or reservation in the ma
  "answer": "Candidates who have resided or studied for any period specified in
},
{
  "question": "What can the President provide for the constitution of in the State
  "answer": "The President may provide for the constitution of an Administrative
},
{
  "question": "Who may provide for the constitution of an Administrative Tribuna
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "What jurisdiction, powers, and authority can the Administrative Tri
  "answer": "The Administrative Tribunal can exercise any jurisdiction, power an
},
{
  "question": "What jurisdiction, power and authority was exercisable by any cou
  "answer": "The jurisdiction, power and authority that was exercisable by any c
},
{
  "question": "What matters does the jurisdiction of the Administrative Tribunal f
  "answer": "The jurisdiction of the Administrative Tribunal covers appointment,
},
{
  "question": "What does the appointment, allotment or promotion to certain clas
  "answer": "These matters pertain to the jurisdiction of the Administrative Tribu
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the preference or reservation given to in the matter of admission",
  "answer": "Preference or reservation is given to candidates who have resided",
},
{
  "question": "Who is given preference or reservation in the matter of admission",
  "answer": "Candidates who have resided or studied for any period specified in",
},
{
  "question": "What can an order made under clause (3) of The Constitution of India",
  "answer": "The order can authorise the Administrative Tribunal to receive representation",
},
{
  "question": "What does the order authorize the Administrative Tribunal to do, and",
  "answer": "The order authorizes the Administrative Tribunal to receive representation",
},
{
  "question": "What provisions can an order made under clause (3) contain regarding",
  "answer": "The order can contain provisions with respect to the powers and authorities",
},
{
  "question": "What provisions with respect to the powers, authorities and procedure",
  "answer": "An order made under clause (3) can contain provisions regarding the",
},
{
  "question": "What can an order made under clause (3) provide for in regards to",
  "answer": "The order can provide for the transfer to the Administrative Tribunal of",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Where can proceedings be transferred to under an order made under section 11(1)(a) of the Administrative Tribunal Act 1992?",
  "answer": "The proceedings can be transferred to the Administrative Tribunal.",
},
{
  "question": "When does the Order of the Administrative Tribunal become effective?",
  "answer": "The Order of the Administrative Tribunal finally disposing of any case.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the Order of the Administrative Tribunal after its making?",
  "answer": "The Order of the Administrative Tribunal finally disposing of any case.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the State Government do before the order of the Administrative Tribunal is made?",
  "answer": "The State Government may, by special order made in writing and filed in the Tribunal, direct that the proceedings be transferred to the Administrative Tribunal.",
},
{
  "question": "How can the State Government modify or annul an order of the Administrative Tribunal?",
  "answer": "The State Government may do so by making a special order in writing and filed in the Tribunal.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a special order made by the State Government under the provisions of section 11(1)(a) of the Administrative Tribunal Act 1992?",
  "answer": "Every special order made by the State Government under the provisions of section 11(1)(a) of the Administrative Tribunal Act 1992 is subject to the approval of the Administrative Tribunal.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure for a special order made by the State Government under the provisions of section 11(1)(a) of the Administrative Tribunal Act 1992?",
  "answer": "Every special order made by the State Government under the provisions of section 11(1)(a) of the Administrative Tribunal Act 1992 is subject to the approval of the Administrative Tribunal.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who does not have any powers of superintendence over the Adm
  "answer": "The High Court for the State"
},
{
  "question": "Which court does not have any powers of superintendence over t
  "answer": "The High Court for the State"
},
{
  "question": "Who declared cl. (5) of art. 371D along with the proviso to be unco
  "answer": "The Supreme Court"
},
{
  "question": "Which institution declared cl. (5) of art. 371D along with the provis
  "answer": "The Supreme Court"
},
{
  "question": "Who can abolish the Administrative Tribunal?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to abolish the Administrative Tribunal?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do if he is satisfied that the continued exis
  "answer": "The President may by order abolish the Administrative Tribunal and
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What process does the President follow to abolish the Administrative Tribunal and",
  "answer": "The President may by order abolish the Administrative Tribunal and",
},
{
  "question": "What is not deemed to be illegal or void merely on the ground that",
  "answer": "No appointment, posting, promotion or transfer of any person made",
},
{
  "question": "What appointments, postings, promotions or transfers are not con",
  "answer": "The appointments, postings, promotions or transfers that are not co",
},
{
  "question": "What does article 371E provide for in Andhra Pradesh?",
  "answer": "Article 371E provides that the Parliament may by law provide for th",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Parliament have the authority to establish in the St",
  "answer": "According to Article 371E, the Parliament has the authority to provi",
},
{
  "question": "What special provisions are made for the State of Sikkim accordin",
  "answer": "Article 371F provides special provisions for the State of Sikkim incl",
},
{
  "question": "What does Article 371F state about the legislative assembly of Sik",
  "answer": "Article 371F provides special provisions for the State of Sikkim incl
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum number of members for the Legislative Asse",
  "answer": "The minimum number of members for the Legislative Assembly of t",
},
{
  "question": "How many members does article 371F state as the minimum for t",
  "answer": "Article 371F states that the minimum number of members for the L",
},
{
  "question": "When is the period of four years for the Legislative Assembly of th",
  "answer": "The period of four years for the Legislative Assembly of the State o",
},
{
  "question": "From what day is the period of four years for the Legislative Asse",
  "answer": "The appointed day"
},
{
  "question": "What is provided for the State of Sikkim in terms of representation",
  "answer": "According to article 371F, until other provisions are made by Parlia",
},
{
  "question": "Which article states that until other provisions are made by Parlia",
  "answer": "Article 371F provides for this provision."
},
{
  "question": "What is the parliamentary constituency for Sikkim?",
  "answer": "The parliamentary constituency for Sikkim is formed from one parlia
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How many parliamentary constituencies form the parliamentary co",
  "answer": "One parliamentary constituency forms the parliamentary constituen",
},
{
  "question": "How is the representative of the State of Sikkim in the House of th",
  "answer": "The representative of the State of Sikkim in the House of the Peopl",
},
{
  "question": "Who elects the representative of the State of Sikkim in the House",
  "answer": "The representative of the State of Sikkim in the House of the Peopl",
},
{
  "question": "What responsibility does the Parliament have regarding Sikkim's L",
  "answer": "Parliament may make provision for the number of seats in the Legi",
},
{
  "question": "What provision can the Parliament make for the number of seats a",
  "answer": "Parliament may make provision for the number of seats in the Legi",
},
{
  "question": "What is the special responsibility of the Governor of Sikkim?",
  "answer": "The Governor of Sikkim has special responsibility for peace and for",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the special responsibility for peace and for an equitable",
  "answer": "The Governor of Sikkim has this special responsibility."
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the property and assets vested in the Government of Sikkim before the appointed day?",
  "answer": "All property and assets vested in the Government of Sikkim before the appointed day shall continue to be the property and assets of the Government of Sikkim.",
},
{
  "question": "Where do all property and assets vested in the Government of Sikkim before the appointed day go?",
  "answer": "After the appointed day, all property and assets vested in the Government of Sikkim before the appointed day shall continue to be the property and assets of the Government of Sikkim.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the High Court of Sikkim after the appointed day?",
  "answer": "The High Court functioning immediately before the appointed day in Sikkim shall continue to function as the High Court of Sikkim.",
},
{
  "question": "Which court is deemed to be the High Court for the State of Sikkim after the appointed day?",
  "answer": "The High Court functioning immediately before the appointed day in Sikkim shall continue to function as the High Court of Sikkim.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to all courts of civil, criminal and revenue jurisdiction in Sikkim after the appointed day?",
  "answer": "All courts of civil, criminal and revenue jurisdiction, all authorities and officers exercising judicial or quasi-judicial functions in Sikkim shall continue to function as they were.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the fate of all courts of civil, criminal and revenue jurisdiction in Sikkim after the appointed day?",
  "answer": "They shall continue functioning as they were."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the laws in force before the appointed day in Sikkim?",
  "answer": "They continue to be in force therein until amended or repealed by a competent authority."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Until when do the laws in force before the appointed day continue",
  "answer": "They continue to be in force therein until amended or repealed by a",
},
{
  "question": "Who can make adaptations and modifications of laws in relation to",
  "answer": "The President may make such adaptations and modifications of the",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to make necessary or expedient adaptation",
  "answer": "The President may make such adaptations and modifications of the",
},
{
  "question": "Can the adaptations or modifications made by the president be qu",
  "answer": "No, any such adaptation or modification shall not be questioned in",
},
{
  "question": "Can the adaptations or modifications made by the president be qu",
  "answer": "No, any such adaptation or modification shall not be questioned in",
},
{
  "question": "Do the Supreme Court or any other court have jurisdiction in respo",
  "answer": "No, neither the Supreme Court nor any other court shall have jurisdic",
},
{
  "question": "Is it true that neither the Supreme Court nor any other court shall",
  "answer": "Yes, it is true."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do if any difficulty arises in giving effect to",
  "answer": "The President may, by order, do anything which appears to him to",
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do to remove a difficulty that arises in givi",
  "answer": "The President may, by order, do anything which appears to him to",
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do with any enactment which is in force in",
  "answer": "The President may, by public notification, extend with such restricti",
},
{
  "question": "How can the President extend any enactment which is in force in",
  "answer": "The President may, by public notification, extend with such restricti",
},
{
  "question": "When can no such order be made according to the text?",
  "answer": "After the expiry of two years from the appointed day"
},
{
  "question": "What event happens after the expiry of two years from the appoin",
  "answer": "No such order can be made"
},
{
  "question": "What is deemed valid in relation to the State of Sikkim or the territ",
  "answer": "All things done and all actions taken during the period commencing"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is considered valid during the period commencing on the ap",
  "answer": "All things done and all actions taken in relation to the State of Sikki",
},
{
  "question": "What does not apply to the State of Mizoram unless the Legislativ",
  "answer": "No Act of Parliament in respect of religious or social practices of th",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Act of Parliament that doesn't apply to the State of Mi",
  "answer": "The Act of Parliament in respect of religious or social practices of th",
},
{
  "question": "How many members should the Legislative Assembly of the State",
  "answer": "Not less than forty members"
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum number of members required for the Legislat",
  "answer": "Not less than forty members"
},
{
  "question": "Who has special responsibility with respect to law and order in the",
  "answer": "The Governor of Arunachal Pradesh"
},
{
  "question": "Which state in India does the Governor have special responsibility",
  "answer": "Arunachal Pradesh"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who has the final decision in the exercise of his individual judgment?",
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "According to the clause, who has the final decision in the exercise of his individual judgment?",
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do if he is satisfied that it is no longer necessary?",
  "answer": "He may by order direct that the Governor shall cease to have such powers."
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do to stop the Governor's special responsibilities?",
  "answer": "The President may by order direct that the Governor shall cease to have such powers."
},
{
  "question": "How many members should the Legislative Assembly of the State have?",
  "answer": "Thirty"
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum number of members in the Legislative Assembly?",
  "answer": "Thirty"
},
{
  "question": "What is the minimum number of members the Legislative Assembly should have?",
  "answer": "Thirty"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which state in India has a Legislative Assembly consisting of thirty members?",
  "answer": "Goa"
},
{
  "question": "What special responsibilities can the President provide for the Government of Hyderabad?",
  "answer": "Establishment of a separate development board for Hyderabad-Karnataka region"
},
{
  "question": "What does the establishment of a separate development board for Hyderabad-Karnataka region entail?",
  "answer": "It entails equitable allocation of funds for developmental expenditure"
},
{
  "question": "What can an order made under sub-clause (c) of clause (1) provide for?",
  "answer": "Reservation of a proportion of seats in educational and vocational training"
},
{
  "question": "What does the reservation of a proportion of seats in educational and vocational training pertain to?",
  "answer": "It pertains to an order made under sub-clause (c) of clause (1)"
},
{
  "question": "What does the law state about identification of posts under the State Service Rules?",
  "answer": "The law states that there should be identification of posts or classes of posts"
},
{
  "question": "What does the law specify regarding the reservation and appointment of posts?",
  "answer": "The law specifies that there should be identification of posts or classes of posts"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens to laws in force in the territory of India immediately before the commencement of this Constitution?",
  "answer": "All the laws in force in the territory of India immediately before the commencement of this Constitution shall continue in force subject to any modifications, adaptations or restrictions which may be made by Parliament or the Governor of the State concerned in relation to those laws which relate to matters with respect to which Parliament or the Governor of the State concerned has power to make laws.",
},
{
  "question": "What will happen to the laws in force in the territory of India immediately before the commencement of this Constitution?",
  "answer": "All the laws in force in the territory of India immediately before the commencement of this Constitution shall continue in force subject to any modifications, adaptations or restrictions which may be made by Parliament or the Governor of the State concerned in relation to those laws which relate to matters with respect to which Parliament or the Governor of the State concerned has power to make laws.",
},
{
  "question": "What power does the President have in terms of adapting and modifying laws?",
  "answer": "The President may by order make such adaptations and modifications to laws as may be necessary or expedient in relation to those laws which relate to matters with respect to which Parliament or the Governor of the State concerned has power to make laws.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do by order in order to adapt, modify, repeal or amend laws?",
  "answer": "The President may by order make such adaptations and modifications to laws as may be necessary or expedient in relation to those laws which relate to matters with respect to which Parliament or the Governor of the State concerned has power to make laws.",
},
{
  "question": "What limitations are there on the President's power to adapt and modify laws?",
  "answer": "The President cannot make any adaptation or modification of any law which relates to matters with respect to which Parliament or the Governor of the State concerned has power to make laws.",
},
{
  "question": "Can the President prevent any competent Legislature or other competent authority from making laws?",
  "answer": "No, the President cannot prevent any competent Legislature or other competent authority from making laws.",
},
{
  "question": "What is included in the expression 'law in force' in this article?",
  "answer": "The expression 'law in force' in this article shall include a law passed by Parliament or the Governor of the State concerned which relates to matters with respect to which Parliament or the Governor of the State concerned has power to make laws.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the expression 'law in force' in the article refer to when",
  "answer": "The expression 'law in force' in this article refers to a law that was p",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a law that had extra-territorial effect before the c",
  "answer": "Any law passed or made by a Legislature or other competent autho",
},
{
  "question": "What will happen to a law made by a Legislature or other compet",
  "answer": "Any such law will continue to have such extra-territorial effect, subj",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution state about continuing any temporary",
  "answer": "Nothing in this article shall be construed as continuing any tempora",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a temporary law in force beyond the date fixed f",
  "answer": "The Constitution states that nothing in this article shall be construed",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to an Ordinance promulgated by the Governor of a",
  "answer": "An Ordinance promulgated by the Governor of a Province under se",
},
{
  "question": "When does an Ordinance promulgated by the Governor of a Prov",
  "answer": "The Ordinance shall cease to operate at the expiration of six weeks"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is the power of the President to adapt laws according to the",
  "answer": "For the purposes of bringing the provisions of any law in force in In",
},
{
  "question": "What authority does the President have to adapt and modify laws",
  "answer": "The President has the power to make adaptations and modification",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to repeal or amend any law adapted or modifi",
  "answer": "A competent Legislature or other competent authority"
},
{
  "question": "Who can modify or repeal laws that have been adapted or change",
  "answer": "A competent Legislature or other competent authority"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to make order in respect of persons under pre",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to issue orders concerning individuals unde",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the Judges of the Federal Court after the comm",
  "answer": "They become the Judges of the Supreme Court, unless they have c"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who do the Judges of the Federal Court become after the commo
  "answer": "They become the Judges of the Supreme Court."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to all suits, appeals and proceedings pending in th
  "answer": "They shall stand removed to the Supreme Court."
},
{
  "question": "Where are all suits, appeals and proceedings pending in the Fede
  "answer": "They are moved to the Supreme Court."
},
{
  "question": "What will the judgments and orders of the Federal Court have afte
  "answer": "They shall have the same force and effect as if they had been deliv
},
{
  "question": "What force and effect will the judgments and orders of the Federa
  "answer": "They shall have the same force and effect as if they had been deliv
},
{
  "question": "Does anything in this Constitution operate to invalidate the exercis
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Does the Constitution uphold the exercise of jurisdiction by His Ma
  "answer": "Yes"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the Judges of a High Court in any Province who",
  "answer": "Unless they have elected otherwise, they become the Judges of the",
},
{
  "question": "Who is eligible for appointment as Chief Justice of the High Court",
  "answer": "Any Judge, even if he is not a citizen of India, is eligible for appoint",
},
{
  "question": "According to Article 221, is a judge eligible for appointment as Ch",
  "answer": "Yes, any Judge, even if he is not a citizen of India, is eligible for ap",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the Judges of a High Court in any Indian State o",
  "answer": "Unless they have elected otherwise, they become the Judges of the",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the Judges of a High Court in any Indian State s",
  "answer": "They become the Judges of the High Court in the State so specifie",
},
{
  "question": "Does the expression 'Judge' in article 221 include an acting Judge",
  "answer": "No, the expression 'Judge' does not include an acting Judge or an",
},
{
  "question": "Does the expression 'Judge' include an acting Judge or an additio",
  "answer": "No, the expression 'Judge' does not include an acting Judge or an
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the Auditor-General of India after the commencement of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "Unless he has elected otherwise, the Auditor-General of India becomes the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India.",
},
{
  "question": "Who does the Auditor-General of India become after the commencement of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "The Auditor-General of India becomes the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the members of the Public Service Commission after the commencement of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "Unless they have elected otherwise, they become the members of the Public Service Commission for the Dominion of India.",
},
{
  "question": "Who becomes the members of the Public Service Commission after the commencement of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "The members of the Public Service Commission for the Dominion of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the members of a Public Service Commission after the commencement of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "Unless they have elected otherwise, they become the members of the Public Service Commission for the Dominion of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the fate of the members of a Public Service Commission after the commencement of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "They become the members of the Public Service Commission for the Dominion of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the duration of Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly as provided in the Constitution?",
  "answer": "Unless sooner dissolved, it will continue for a period of five years from the date of its first meeting.
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly after
  "answer": "The expiration of the said period operates as a dissolution of the A
},
{
  "question": "What power does the President have in regards to removing diffic
  "answer": "The President may, for the purpose of removing any difficulties, by
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do to remove any difficulties during a spe
  "answer": "The President may, for the purpose of removing any difficulties, by
},
{
  "question": "What powers does the President have according to this text?",
  "answer": "The powers conferred on the President by this article, by article 32
},
{
  "question": "According to this text, which articles and clauses confer powers o
  "answer": "The powers conferred on the President by this article, by article 32
},
{
  "question": "Who can exercise the powers of the President before the commen
  "answer": "The Governor-General of the Dominion of India."
},
{
  "question": "Before the commencement of the Constitution, whose role was it
  "answer": "The Governor-General of the Dominion of India."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the short title of the Constitution according to Part XXII?",
  "answer": "This Constitution may be called the Constitution of India."
},
{
  "question": "What does 'This Constitution may be called the Constitution of India' mean?",
  "answer": "It refers to the short title of the Constitution."
},
{
  "question": "When will the remaining provisions of this Constitution come into force?",
  "answer": "On the twenty-sixth day of January, 1950."
},
{
  "question": "What significant event in the Constitution took place on the twenty-sixth day of January, 1950?",
  "answer": "The remaining provisions of the Constitution came into force."
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of the authoritative text in the Hindi language?",
  "answer": "The President shall cause to be published under his authority the translation of the Constitution in the Hindi language."
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for publishing the translation of the Constitution in the Hindi language?",
  "answer": "The President is responsible for publishing the translation of the Constitution in the Hindi language."
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for the translation of the Constitution and every other law made by Parliament?",
  "answer": "The President is responsible for the translation of the Constitution and every other law made by Parliament."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for translating the Constitution and all its amendments?",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "What is considered the authoritative text of the Constitution and its amendments?",
  "answer": "The translation of this Constitution and of every amendment thereof"
},
{
  "question": "What is deemed to be the authoritative text of the Constitution and its amendments?",
  "answer": "The translation of this Constitution and of every amendment thereof"
},
{
  "question": "What acts were repealed by the Indian Independence Act, 1947, and the Government of India Act, 1947?",
  "answer": "The Indian Independence Act, 1947, and the Government of India Act, 1947"
},
{
  "question": "Which acts are repealed by the Indian Independence Act, 1947, and the Government of India Act, 1947?",
  "answer": "The Indian Independence Act, 1947, and the Government of India Act, 1947"
},
{
  "question": "What are the territories of Andhra Pradesh according to the First Schedule of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "The territories specified in sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Andhra Pradesh Reorganisation Act, 2019"
},
{
  "question": "Which Acts and Schedules specify the territories of Andhra Pradesh?",
  "answer": "The territories of Andhra Pradesh are specified in sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Andhra Pradesh Reorganisation Act, 2019"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What are the territories of Assam according to the First Schedule?",
  "answer": "The territories which immediately before the commencement of this",
},
{
  "question": "Which territories were immediately before the commencement of t",
  "answer": "These are the territories of Assam according to the First Schedule.",
},
{
  "question": "What territories does Bihar comprise of according to the text?",
  "answer": "The territories comprised in the Province of Bihar include those spe",
},
{
  "question": "Which act and clause specifies the territories comprised in the Pro",
  "answer": "The territories comprised in the Province of Bihar are specified in c",
},
{
  "question": "What territories are included in Gujarat according to the text?",
  "answer": "The territories referred to in sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Bom",
},
{
  "question": "According to the Bombay Reorganisation Act, 1960, what territorie",
  "answer": "It refers to the territories included in Gujarat."
},
{
  "question": "What territories are included in Kerala according to the text?",
  "answer": "The territories specified in sub-section (1) of section 5 of the States
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which Act specifies the territories included in Kerala in its sub-section 1?",
  "answer": "The States Reorganisation Act, 1956."
},
{
  "question": "What territories are included in Madhya Pradesh according to the text?",
  "answer": "The territories specified in sub-section (1) of section 9 of the States Reorganisation Act, 1956."
},
{
  "question": "Which legal documents and sections specify the territories included in Madhya Pradesh?",
  "answer": "The territories are specified in sub-section (1) of section 9 of the States Reorganisation Act, 1956."
},
{
  "question": "What territories are included in Tamil Nadu according to the text?",
  "answer": "The territories which immediately before the commencement of this Act were comprised in the Province of Madras."
},
{
  "question": "Which territories were either comprised in the Province of Madras or were included in the Madras District?",
  "answer": "These territories are included in Tamil Nadu."
},
{
  "question": "What territories does Odisha consist of according to the constitution?",
  "answer": "The territories which immediately before the commencement of this Act were comprised in the Province of Orissa or were included in the Orissa District."
},
{
  "question": "Which territories were either comprised in the Province of Orissa or were included in the Orissa District?",
  "answer": "Odisha consists of these territories according to the constitution of India."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What territories are excluded from Punjab as per the States Reorg",
  "answer": "The territories referred to in Part II of the First Schedule to the Con",
},
{
  "question": "Which territories are referred to in Part II of the First Schedule to t",
  "answer": "These are the territories that are excluded from Punjab as per the S",
},
{
  "question": "What territories does Rajasthan consist of?",
  "answer": "The territories specified in section 10 of the States Reorganisation",
},
{
  "question": "Which act specifies the territories that Rajasthan consists of, and",
  "answer": "The territories of Rajasthan are specified in section 10 of the States",
},
{
  "question": "What territories are included in Uttar Pradesh?",
  "answer": "The territories which immediately before the commencement of this",
},
{
  "question": "Which territories immediately before the commencement of the C",
  "answer": "These territories are included in Uttar Pradesh."
},
{
  "question": "What territories are excluded from Uttar Pradesh?",
  "answer": "The territories specified in clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 4
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which clause of what act specifies the territories excluded from U",
  "answer": "Clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Haryana and Uttar",
},
{
  "question": "What territories does West Bengal comprise of?",
  "answer": "The territories which immediately before the commencement of this",
},
{
  "question": "Which territories were immediately before the commencement of t",
  "answer": "These territories comprise of West Bengal."
},
{
  "question": "What territory did Jammu and Kashmir comprise of before the cor",
  "answer": "The territory which immediately before the commencement of this C",
},
{
  "question": "What was the territory comprised in the Indian State of Jammu an",
  "answer": "Jammu and Kashmir"
},
{
  "question": "What territories does Nagaland comprise of?",
  "answer": "The territories specified in sub-section (1) of section 3 of the State",
},
{
  "question": "Which Act specifies the territories of Nagaland in its sub-section (",
  "answer": "The State of Nagaland Act, 1962."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What territories does Haryana comprise of?",
  "answer": "The territories specified in sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab",
},
{
  "question": "Which act and sections specify the territories of Haryana?",
  "answer": "The territories of Haryana are specified in sub-section (1) of section",
},
{
  "question": "What territories were being administered as Chief Commissioners",
  "answer": "The territories which immediately before the commencement of this",
},
{
  "question": "What is the status of the territories which immediately before the c",
  "answer": "These territories were being administered as Chief Commissioners",
},
{
  "question": "What territory was being administered as a Chief Commissioner's",
  "answer": "The territory which immediately before the commencement of this C",
},
{
  "question": "What is the name of the territory that was administered as if it wer",
  "answer": "Manipur"
},
{
  "question": "What territory was being administered as a Chief Commissioner's",
  "answer": "The territory which immediately before the commencement of this C
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What was the status of the territory known as Tripura before the c",
  "answer": "It was being administered as a Chief Commissioner's Province."
},
{
  "question": "What territories does the Constitution (One Hundredth Amendmen",
  "answer": "The territories referred to in Part II of the First Schedule to the Con",
},
{
  "question": "Which act refers to the territories in Part II of the First Schedule?",
  "answer": "The Constitution (One Hundredth Amendment) Act, 2015."
},
{
  "question": "What territories were comprised in Sikkim before the commencem",
  "answer": "The territories which immediately before the commencement of the",
},
{
  "question": "Which territories, immediately before the commencement of the C",
  "answer": "The territories which were included in Sikkim before the commence",
},
{
  "question": "What territories are specified in section 3 of the Goa, Daman and",
  "answer": "The territories specified in section 3 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Re",
},
{
  "question": "In which section of the Goa, Daman and Diu Reorganisation Act,",
  "answer": "The territories are specified in section 3 of the Goa, Daman and Diu"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What territories are specified in section 3 of the Madhya Pradesh Reorganisation Act, 2000?",
  "answer": "The territories specified in section 3 of the Madhya Pradesh Reorganisation Act, 2000 are the territories of Bilaspur, Raipur, and Surguja."
},
{
  "question": "Which Act specifies the territories in its section 3?",
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Reorganisation Act, 2000."
},
{
  "question": "What territories are specified in section 3 of the Uttar Pradesh Reorganisation Act, 2000?",
  "answer": "The territories specified in section 3 of the Uttar Pradesh Reorganisation Act, 2000 are the territories of Aligarh, Etah, and Meerut."
},
{
  "question": "Which section of the Uttar Pradesh Reorganisation Act, 2000 specifies the territories?",
  "answer": "Section 3 of the Uttar Pradesh Reorganisation Act, 2000 specifies the territories."
},
{
  "question": "What is the territory of Delhi according to the constitution?",
  "answer": "The territory which immediately before the commencement of this Constitution was comprised in the Chief Commissioner's Province of Delhi."
},
{
  "question": "What was comprised in the Chief Commissioner's Province of Delhi?",
  "answer": "The territory of Delhi."
},
{
  "question": "What is the territory of The Andaman and Nicobar Islands according to the constitution?",
  "answer": "The territory which immediately before the commencement of this Constitution was comprised in the Chief Commissioner's Province of Andaman and Nicobar Islands."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What was comprised in the Chief Commissioner's Province of the",
  "answer": "The territory of The Andaman and Nicobar Islands according to the",
},
{
  "question": "What is the territory of Lakshadweep according to the constitution",
  "answer": "The territory specified in section 6 of the States Reorganisation Act",
},
{
  "question": "Which Act specifies the territory of Lakshadweep?",
  "answer": "The States Reorganisation Act, 1956."
},
{
  "question": "What is the territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli according to the c",
  "answer": "The territory which immediately before the eleventh day of August,",
},
{
  "question": "What became of the territory that was comprised in Free Dadra and",
  "answer": "It became the territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli."
},
{
  "question": "What is the territory of Daman and Diu according to the constitution",
  "answer": "The territories specified in section 4 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Re",
},
{
  "question": "Which act specifies the territories of Daman and Diu?",
  "answer": "The Goa, Daman and Diu Reorganisation Act, 1987"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is the emolument per month for the President according to t
  "answer": "10,000 rupees"
},
{
  "question": "Who, according to the constitution, receives a monthly emolument
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "What is the emolument per month for the Governor of a State acco
  "answer": "5,500 rupees"
},
{
  "question": "According to the constitution, who receives a monthly emolument
  "answer": "The Governor of a State"
},
{
  "question": "What allowances are paid to the President and to the Governors o
  "answer": "Such allowances as were payable respectively to the Governor-Ge
},
{
  "question": "What allowances were payable respectively to the Governor-Gen
  "answer": "Those allowances are now paid to the President and to the Govern
},
{
  "question": "What privileges are the President and the Governors of the States
  "answer": "They shall be entitled to the same privileges to which the Governor
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who is entitled to the same privileges as the Governor General and the Judges of the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "The President and the Governors of the States are entitled to these privileges.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the entitlement of a person who discharges the functions of the Governor?",
  "answer": "The person shall be entitled to the same emoluments, allowances and privileges as the Governor.",
},
{
  "question": "Who is entitled to the same emoluments, allowances, and privileges as the Governor?",
  "answer": "A person who discharges the functions of the Governor is entitled to the same emoluments, allowances and privileges as the Governor.",
},
{
  "question": "Who are the positions mentioned in Part C of the provisions?",
  "answer": "The positions are the Speaker and the Deputy Speaker of the House of Representatives.",
},
{
  "question": "Which positions does the Speaker and the Deputy Speaker of the House of Representatives hold?",
  "answer": "These positions are mentioned in Part C of the provisions.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the salaries and allowances of the Speaker of the House of Representatives?",
  "answer": "Their salaries and allowances are the same as what were payable to the Speaker of the House of Representatives.",
},
{
  "question": "Who receives the same salaries and allowances as the Speaker of the House of Representatives?",
  "answer": "The Speaker of the House of People and the Chairman of the Council of Ministers receive the same salaries and allowances as the Speaker of the House of Representatives.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are the salaries and allowances of the Deputy Speaker of the House of the People?",
  "answer": "Their salaries and allowances are the same as what were payable to the Speaker of the House of the People.",
},
{
  "question": "Who receives the same salaries and allowances as the Deputy Speaker of the House of the People?",
  "answer": "The Deputy Speaker of the House of the People and the Deputy Chairmen of the State Legislative Assemblies.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the salaries and allowances of the Speaker and the Deputy Speaker of the House of the People?",
  "answer": "Their salaries and allowances are the same as what were payable to the Speaker of the House of the People.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the basis for the salaries and allowances of the Speaker and the Deputy Speaker of the House of the People?",
  "answer": "Their salaries and allowances are the same as what were payable to the Speaker of the House of the People.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the salary for the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, as per the Constitution?",
  "answer": "10,000 rupees, but it has been updated to 1,00,000 rupees as of 2009.",
},
{
  "question": "What was the original salary of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "The original salary was 10,000 rupees, but it has been updated to 1,00,000 rupees as of 2009.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the salary for any other Judge of the Supreme Court, as per the Constitution?",
  "answer": "9,000 rupees, but it has been updated to 90,000 rupees as of 2009.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What was the updated salary for a Supreme Court Judge in 2009?",
  "answer": "The updated salary for a Supreme Court Judge in 2009 was 90,000",
},
{
  "question": "How is the salary of a Judge of the Supreme Court affected if they",
  "answer": "Their salary is reduced by the amount of the pension or the pension",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the salary of a Supreme Court Judge if they are",
  "answer": "Their salary is reduced by the amount of the pension or the pension",
},
{
  "question": "What are the judges of the Supreme Court entitled to, regarding th",
  "answer": "Every Judge of the Supreme Court is entitled to the use of an offici",
},
{
  "question": "Who is entitled to the use of an official residence without payment",
  "answer": "Every Judge of the Supreme Court is entitled to this.",
},
{
  "question": "Who are the exceptions to the sub-paragraph (2) regarding the of",
  "answer": "A Judge who was holding office as the Chief Justice of the Federal",
},
{
  "question": "What position was held by the person who is an exception to the s",
  "answer": "The position was held by a Judge who was the Chief Justice of the
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who is entitled to receive special pay in addition to their salary?",
  "answer": "The Chief Justice or other Judge of the Supreme Court who has sp
},
{
  "question": "What additional benefits does the Chief Justice or other Judge of
  "answer": "They are entitled to receive special pay in addition to their salary."
},
{
  "question": "What allowances do Judges of the Supreme Court receive?",
  "answer": "They receive reasonable allowances to reimburse for expenses inc
},
{
  "question": "Who receives reasonable allowances to reimburse for expenses i
  "answer": "Judges of the Supreme Court receive these allowances."
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the travelling facilities for the Judges of the Supr
  "answer": "The President prescribes the travelling facilities."
},
{
  "question": "Who prescribes the travelling facilities for the Judges of the Supre
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "What governs the rights in respect of leave of absence and pensio
  "answer": "The provisions which, immediately before the commencement of th
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What were applied to the Judges of the Federal Court that now go",
  "answer": "The provisions which, immediately before the commencement of the",
},
{
  "question": "What is the salary of the Chief Justice and any other Judge of the",
  "answer": "The Chief Justice receives 90,000 rupees and any other Judge rec",
},
{
  "question": "Who receives a salary of 90,000 rupees and who receives 80,000",
  "answer": "The Chief Justice receives 90,000 rupees and any other Judge rec",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the salary of a Judge of a High Court if they are",
  "answer": "Their salary in respect of service in the High Court shall be reduced",
},
{
  "question": "What is the effect on the salary of a High Court Judge if they are r",
  "answer": "Their salary in respect of service in the High Court shall be reduced",
},
{
  "question": "Who will be entitled to receive an amount equivalent to the differ",
  "answer": "Every person who was holding office as the Chief Justice of a High",
},
{
  "question": "Who is the person that was holding office as the Chief Justice of a",
  "answer": "This person is entitled to receive an amount equivalent to the differ
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who will be entitled to receive the same amount as allowance in a",
  "answer": "Any person who was holding office as the Chief Justice of the High",
},
{
  "question": "Who was holding office as the Chief Justice of the High Court of a",
  "answer": "Any person"
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the pension of a person in relation to their previous",
  "answer": "It will be reduced by the amount of that portion of the pension."
},
{
  "question": "What will happen to the pension of a person who has commuted t",
  "answer": "It will be reduced by the amount of that portion of the pension."
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a person has received a retirement gratuity in res",
  "answer": "It will be reduced by the pension equivalent of that gratuity."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the retirement gratuity a person has received fro",
  "answer": "The retirement gratuity will be reduced by the pension equivalent o",
},
{
  "question": "What does the expression 'Chief Justice' include?",
  "answer": "The expression 'Chief Justice' includes an acting Chief Justice."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is included in the role of an acting Chief Justice?",
  "answer": "The role of an acting Chief Justice is included in the expression 'Chief Justice of India'",
},
{
  "question": "What is included in the term 'Judge'?",
  "answer": "The term 'Judge' includes an ad hoc Judge."
},
{
  "question": "What term includes an ad hoc Judge?",
  "answer": "The term 'Judge' includes an ad hoc Judge."
},
{
  "question": "What does 'actual service' include for a Judge?",
  "answer": "Actual service includes time spent by a Judge on duty as a Judge of a High Court or a Judge of the Supreme Court.",
},
{
  "question": "What is meant by a Judge's time on duty, performance of other functions?",
  "answer": "These terms refer to 'actual service' for a Judge."
},
{
  "question": "What is the salary of the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India?",
  "answer": "The Comptroller and Auditor-General of India shall be paid a salary at the rate of four thousand rupees per month.",
},
{
  "question": "Who receives a salary at the rate of four thousand rupees per month?",
  "answer": "The Comptroller and Auditor-General of India receives a salary at the rate of four thousand rupees per month."
}
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What additional pay is the person, who was holding office immediately before the commencement of the Government of India Act, 1947, entitled to receive?",
  "answer": "The person who was holding office immediately before the commencement of the Government of India Act, 1947, is entitled to receive as special pay an amount equivalent to the amount which he would have received if he had continued to hold office until the commencement of the Government of India Act, 1947.",
},
{
  "question": "Who is entitled to receive as special pay an amount equivalent to the amount which he would have received if he had continued to hold office until the commencement of the Government of India Act, 1947?",
  "answer": "The person who was holding office immediately before the commencement of the Government of India Act, 1947, is entitled to receive as special pay an amount equivalent to the amount which he would have received if he had continued to hold office until the commencement of the Government of India Act, 1947.",
},
{
  "question": "What governs the rights in respect of leave of absence and pension of a person who was holding office immediately before the commencement of the Government of India Act, 1947?",
  "answer": "The rights in respect of leave of absence and pension and the other rights of a person who was holding office immediately before the commencement of the Government of India Act, 1947, are governed by the provisions of the Government of India Act, 1947.",
},
{
  "question": "Which provisions govern the rights in respect of leave of absence and pension of a person who was holding office immediately before the commencement of the Government of India Act, 1947?",
  "answer": "The rights in respect of leave of absence and pension and the other rights of a person who was holding office immediately before the commencement of the Government of India Act, 1947, are governed by the provisions of the Government of India Act, 1947.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the salary of the Judges of the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "The salary of Judges of the Supreme Court has been raised to Rs. 1,00,000 per month.",
},
{
  "question": "What has been the recent increase in the salary of the Judges of the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "The salary of Judges of the Supreme Court has been raised to Rs. 1,00,000 per month.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the form of oath of office for a Minister for the Union?",
  "answer": "“I, A. B., do swear in the name of God that I will bear true faith and
```

```

},
{
  "question": "Who swears, 'I, A. B., do swear in the name of God that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of the United States, so help me God.'",
  "answer": "A Minister for the Union"
},
{
  "question": "What is the form of oath of secrecy for a Minister for the Union?",
  "answer": "'I, A.B., do swear in the name of God that I will not directly or indirectly disclose the secrets of the Government.'"
},
{
  "question": "What is the oath that states 'I, A.B., do swear in the name of God that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of the United States, so help me God.'",
  "answer": "It is the form of oath of secrecy for a Minister for the Union."
},
{
  "question": "What is the form of oath or affirmation to be made by a candidate for election to the Council of States?",
  "answer": "'I, A.B., having been nominated as a candidate to fill a seat in the Council of States, do swear in the name of God that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of the United States, so help me God.'"
},
{
  "question": "What does candidate A.B. swear to uphold when nominated to fill a seat in the Council of States?",
  "answer": "Candidate A.B. swears to bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of the United States, so help me God."
},
{
  "question": "What is the form of oath or affirmation to be made by a member of the Council of States?",
  "answer": "'I, A.B., having been elected (or nominated) a member of the Council of States, do swear in the name of God that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of the United States, so help me God.'"
},
{
  "question": "What does A.B., a member of the Council of States (or the House of Representatives) swear to uphold?",
  "answer": "A.B. swears in the name of God that he will bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of the United States, so help me God."
}

```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the form of oath or affirmation to be made by the Judges of the Supreme Court?",
  "answer": "\"I, A.B., having been appointed Chief Justice (or a Judge) of the Supreme Court, do swear in the name of God that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of India as by law established, that I will uphold the sovereignty and integrity of India and that I will faithfully and justly discharge my duties as a Judge of the Supreme Court.\"",
},
{
  "question": "Who is required to swear in the name of God to uphold the Constitution of India?",
  "answer": "The Judges of the Supreme Court and the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the form of oath of office for a Minister for a State?",
  "answer": "\"I, A.B., do swear in the name of God that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of India as by law established, that I will uphold the sovereignty and integrity of India and that I will faithfully and justly discharge my duties as a Minister for a State.\"",
},
{
  "question": "What does Minister for a State swear to uphold and discharge in his/her office?",
  "answer": "The Minister for a State swears to uphold the sovereignty and integrity of India and to faithfully and justly discharge his/her duties as a Minister for a State.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the form of oath of secrecy for a Minister for a State?",
  "answer": "\"I, A.B., do swear in the name of God that I will not directly or indirectly communicate or divulge any secret or confidential information of the Government of India or of any State or Union Territory or of any other authority to any person without the prior sanction of the Government of India or of the Government of the State or Union Territory or of the authority concerned.\"",
},
{
  "question": "What does a Minister for a State swear or affirm not to do in their office?",
  "answer": "A Minister for a State swears or affirms not to directly or indirectly communicate or divulge any secret or confidential information of the Government of India or of any State or Union Territory or of any other authority to any person without the prior sanction of the Government of India or of the Government of the State or Union Territory or of the authority concerned.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the form of oath or affirmation to be made by a candidate for election to the Lok Sabha or to the Legislative Assembly of a State?",
  "answer": "\"I, A.B., having been nominated as a candidate to fill a seat in the Lok Sabha or in the Legislative Assembly of a State, do swear in the name of God that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of India as by law established, that I will uphold the sovereignty and integrity of India and that I will faithfully and justly discharge my duties as a member of the Lok Sabha or of the Legislative Assembly of a State.\"",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does A.B. swear to do in the oath taken when nominated as a Judge of the High Court?",
  "answer": "A.B. swears to bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of India as by law established, to uphold the supremacy of the Constitution and to exercise his functions as a Judge of the High Court in accordance with the Constitution and the law.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the form of oath or affirmation to be made by a member of the Legislature of a State in India?",
  "answer": "\"I, A.B., having been elected (or nominated) a member of the Legislature of a State in India, do hereby swear to bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of India as by law established, to uphold the supremacy of the Constitution and to exercise my functions as a member of the Legislature in accordance with the Constitution and the law.",
},
{
  "question": "Who says the oath 'I, A.B., having been elected (or nominated) a member of the Legislature of a State in India'?",
  "answer": "A member of the Legislature of a State in India"
},
{
  "question": "What is the form of oath or affirmation to be made by the Judges of the High Court in India?",
  "answer": "\"I, A.B., having been appointed Chief Justice (or a Judge) of the High Court in India, do hereby swear to bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of India as by law established, to uphold the supremacy of the Constitution and to exercise my functions as a Judge of the High Court in accordance with the Constitution and the law.",
},
{
  "question": "What does a Chief Justice or Judge of a High Court in India swear to do in the oath taken when appointed as a Judge of the High Court?",
  "answer": "During their oath or affirmation, a Chief Justice or Judge of a High Court in India swears to bear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of India as by law established, to uphold the supremacy of the Constitution and to exercise his functions as a Judge of the High Court in accordance with the Constitution and the law.",
},
{
  "question": "How many seats are allocated to Andhra Pradesh in the Council of States?",
  "answer": "18"
},
{
  "question": "Which Indian state is allocated 18 seats in the Council of States?",
  "answer": "Andhra Pradesh"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How many seats are allocated to Assam in the Council of States a",
  "answer": "7"
},
{
  "question": "Which Indian state is allocated 7 seats in the Council of States ac",
  "answer": "Assam"
},
{
  "question": "How many seats are allocated to Bihar in the Council of States ac",
  "answer": "16"
},
{
  "question": "Which Indian state is allocated 16 seats in the Council of States a",
  "answer": "Bihar"
},
{
  "question": "How many seats are allocated to Jharkhand in the Council of Stat",
  "answer": "6"
},
{
  "question": "Which state is allocated 6 seats in the Council of States according",
  "answer": "Jharkhand"
},
{
  "question": "How many seats are allocated to Goa in the Council of States acc",
  "answer": "1"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "Which state is allocated only one seat in the Council of States according to the Indian Constitution?",  
  "answer": "Goa"  
},  
{  
  "question": "How many seats are allocated to Gujarat in the Council of States according to the Indian Constitution?",  
  "answer": "11"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Which state is allocated 11 seats in the Council of States according to the Indian Constitution?",  
  "answer": "Gujarat"  
},  
{  
  "question": "How many seats are allocated to Haryana in the Council of States according to the Indian Constitution?",  
  "answer": "5"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Which Indian state is allocated 5 seats in the Council of States according to the Indian Constitution?",  
  "answer": "Haryana"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the number associated with Madhya Pradesh?",  
  "answer": "11"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Which Indian state is associated with the number 11?",  
  "answer": "Madhya Pradesh"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the number associated with Chhattisgarh?",
  "answer": "5"
},
{
  "question": "Which state is associated with the number 5?",
  "answer": "Chhattisgarh"
},
{
  "question": "What is the number associated with Tamil Nadu?",
  "answer": "18"
},
{
  "question": "Which Indian state is associated with the number 18?",
  "answer": "Tamil Nadu"
},
{
  "question": "What is the number associated with Maharashtra?",
  "answer": "19"
},
{
  "question": "Which state is associated with the number 19?",
  "answer": "Maharashtra"
},
{
  "question": "What is the number associated with Karnataka?",
  "answer": "12"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which state is associated with the number 12?",
  "answer": "Karnataka"
},
{
  "question": "What is the number associated with Odisha?",
  "answer": "10"
},
{
  "question": "Which state is associated with the number 10?",
  "answer": "Odisha"
},
{
  "question": "What is the number associated with Punjab?",
  "answer": "7"
},
{
  "question": "Which state is associated with the number 7?",
  "answer": "Punjab"
},
{
  "question": "What is the number associated with Rajasthan?",
  "answer": "10"
},
{
  "question": "Which state is associated with the number 10?",
  "answer": "Rajasthan"
```



```
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the number associated with Uttar Pradesh?",  
  "answer": "31"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Which state is associated with the number 31?",  
  "answer": "Uttar Pradesh"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the number associated with Uttarakhand?",  
  "answer": "3"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Which region is associated with the number 3?",  
  "answer": "Uttarakhand"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the number associated with West Bengal?",  
  "answer": "16"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Which state is associated with the number 16?",  
  "answer": "West Bengal"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the number associated with Jammu and Kashmir?",  
  "answer": "4"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "Which place is associated with the number 4?",  
  "answer": "Jammu and Kashmir"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the number associated with Nagaland?",  
  "answer": "1"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Which region is associated with the number 1?",  
  "answer": "Nagaland"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the number associated with Himachal Pradesh?",  
  "answer": "3"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Which state is associated with the number 3?",  
  "answer": "Himachal Pradesh"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the number associated with Manipur?",  
  "answer": "1"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the state associated with the number 1?",  
  "answer": "Manipur"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the number associated with Tripura?",
  "answer": "1"
},
{
  "question": "Which state is associated with the number 1?",
  "answer": "Tripura"
},
{
  "question": "What is the number associated with Meghalaya?",
  "answer": "1"
},
{
  "question": "What is associated with the number 1 in the context of Indian states?",
  "answer": "Meghalaya"
},
{
  "question": "What is the number associated with Sikkim?",
  "answer": "1"
},
{
  "question": "Which place is associated with the number 1?",
  "answer": "Sikkim"
},
{
  "question": "What is the number associated with Mizoram?",
  "answer": "1"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which state is associated with the number 1?",
  "answer": "Mizoram"
},
{
  "question": "What is the number associated with Arunachal Pradesh?",
  "answer": "3"
},
{
  "question": "Which state is associated with the number 3?",
  "answer": "Arunachal Pradesh"
},
{
  "question": "What is the number associated with Delhi?",
  "answer": "1"
},
{
  "question": "Which city is associated with the number 1?",
  "answer": "Delhi"
},
{
  "question": "What is the number associated with Puducherry?",
  "answer": "1"
},
{
  "question": "Which region is associated with the number 1?",
  "answer": "Puducherry"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the total number?",
  "answer": "233"
},
{
  "question": "Is the total number 233?",
  "answer": "Yes"
},
{
  "question": "Which states are excluded from the expression 'State' in the interpretation of the Fifth Schedule of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura and Mizoram"
},
{
  "question": "From what expression in the interpretation of the Fifth Schedule of the Constitution does the word 'State' derive its meaning?",
  "answer": "State"
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for making a report to the President regarding the administration of Scheduled Areas in a State?",
  "answer": "The Governor of each State having Scheduled Areas"
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the Governor of each State having Scheduled Areas?",
  "answer": "They are responsible for making a report to the President regarding the administration of Scheduled Areas in the State."
},
{
  "question": "What is the Tribes Advisory Council?",
  "answer": "The Tribes Advisory Council is a body established in each State having Scheduled Areas to advise the Governor on matters relating to the welfare and advancement of the Scheduled Tribes in the State."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the composition of the Tribes Advisory Council and what a",
  "answer": "The Tribes Advisory Council consists of not more than twenty mem",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the number of representatives of Scheduled Trib",
  "answer": "If the number of representatives of the Scheduled Tribes in the Leg",
},
{
  "question": "How are the remaining seats filled in the Tribes Advisory Council",
  "answer": "The remaining seats are filled by other members of those tribes.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can make rules for the Tribes Advisory Council?",
  "answer": "The Governor can make rules prescribing or regulating the number",
},
{
  "question": "What powers does the Governor have regarding the Tribes Advis",
  "answer": "The Governor can make rules prescribing or regulating the number",
},
{
  "question": "What power does the Governor have regarding laws applicable to",
  "answer": "The Governor may direct that any particular Act of Parliament or of",
},
{
  "question": "What actions can a Governor take with regards to a particular Act",
  "answer": "The Governor may direct that any particular Act of Parliament or of"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "Who can regulate the transfer of land among members of the Sch  
  "answer": "The Governor"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who is responsible for regulating the transfer of land among mem  
  "answer": "The Governor"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who has the authority to regulate the allotment of land to member  
  "answer": "The Governor"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the role of the Governor in regulating the allotment of land  
  "answer": "The Governor has the authority to regulate the allotment of land to  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who can regulate the business of money-lender to members of the  
  "answer": "The Governor"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who has the authority to regulate the business of money-lender to  
  "answer": "The Governor"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who must the regulations made under this paragraph be submitted  
  "answer": "The President"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "To whom must the regulations made under a certain paragraph be referred?",  
  "answer": "The President"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who should be consulted before making a regulation under this paragraph?",  
  "answer": "The Tribes Advisory Council"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who is to be consulted before making a regulation under a given paragraph?",  
  "answer": "The Tribes Advisory Council"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What does the expression 'Scheduled Areas' mean in this Constitution?",  
  "answer": "Such areas as the President may by order declare to be Scheduled Areas"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who has the authority to declare areas as 'Scheduled Areas' according to this Constitution?",  
  "answer": "The President"  
},  
{  
  "question": "Who has the authority to alter the boundaries of a Scheduled Area?",  
  "answer": "The President"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What role has the authority to alter the boundaries of a Scheduled Area?",  
  "answer": "The President"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Who can declare any territory not previously included in any State",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to declare any territory not previously included",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who can rescind any order made under this paragraph relating to",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to rescind orders made under the paragraph",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who should be consulted before redefining the areas which are to",
  "answer": "The Governor of the State concerned"
},
{
  "question": "Who needs to be consulted before redefining the areas which are",
  "answer": "The Governor of the State concerned"
},
{
  "question": "What does the President have the power to do according to the te",
  "answer": "The President has the power to make incidental and consequential"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to make incidental and consequential provisions",
  "answer": "The President has the power to do so."
},
{
  "question": "Can the order made under sub-paragraph (1) be varied by any subsequent order?",
  "answer": "No, the order made under sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph shall not be varied by any subsequent order."
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for the order made under sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph to be varied by any subsequent order?",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to amend the Schedule according to PART D of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "Parliament has the power to amend the Schedule."
},
{
  "question": "What power does the Parliament have according to PART D of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "The Parliament has the power to amend the Schedule."
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure for amending the Schedule?",
  "answer": "Parliament may from time to time by law amend by way of addition or repeal any of the provisions of the Schedule."
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to amend, add, vary, or repeal any of the provisions of the Schedule?",
  "answer": "Parliament may from time to time by law amend by way of addition or repeal any of the provisions of the Schedule."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How should a reference to the Schedule in the Constitution be construed?",
  "answer": "Any reference to this Schedule in this Constitution shall be construed in accordance with the ordinary meaning of the words used, unless the context requires a different construction.",
},
{
  "question": "How should any reference to this Schedule in this Constitution be construed?",
  "answer": "A reference to the Schedule in the Constitution should be construed in accordance with the ordinary meaning of the words used, unless the context requires a different construction.",
},
{
  "question": "Is the law mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph considered an amendment of this Constitution?",
  "answer": "No, such law shall not be deemed to be an amendment of this Constitution.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of the law mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph?",
  "answer": "The law is not meant to serve as an amendment of the Constitution.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the tribal areas in each item of Parts I, II and IIA and in Part III of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "The tribal areas in each item of Parts I, II and IIA and in Part III of the Constitution are the areas specified in the Schedule.",
},
{
  "question": "What shall the tribal areas in each item of Parts I, II and IIA and in Part III of the Constitution be?",
  "answer": "The tribal areas in each item of Parts I, II and IIA and in Part III of the Constitution shall be the areas specified in the Schedule.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the Governor do if there are different Scheduled Tribes in the same area?",
  "answer": "The Governor may, by public notification, divide the area or areas into different Scheduled Tribes.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What action can the Governor take when there are different Schedules?",
  "answer": "The Governor may divide the area or areas inhabited by them into divisions.",
},
{
  "question": "What changes can the Governor make in the table according to the provisions of the Act?",
  "answer": "The Governor may, by public notification, include any area in any of the Schedules or exclude any area from any of the Schedules.",
},
{
  "question": "How can the Governor include or exclude any area in any of the Schedules?",
  "answer": "The Governor may, by public notification, include any area in any of the Schedules or exclude any area from any of the Schedules.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the Governor do with an autonomous district?",
  "answer": "The Governor can create a new autonomous district, increase or decrease the area of an autonomous district, or merge two or more autonomous districts.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the different ways a Governor can modify an autonomous district?",
  "answer": "The Governor can create a new autonomous district, increase or decrease the area of an autonomous district, or merge two or more autonomous districts.",
},
{
  "question": "What is required for the Governor to make an order under clauses (c), (d), (e), and (f) of the Act?",
  "answer": "No order shall be made by the Governor under clauses (c), (d), (e), and (f) of the Act.",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can the Governor make an order under clause (f) of the Act?",
  "answer": "The Governor can make an order under clauses (c), (d), (e), and (f) of the Act, subject to the approval of the Council of Ministers.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the exception regarding the application of sub-paragraph (2) in relation to the State of Bodoland?",
  "answer": "The exception is that sub-paragraph (2) shall not apply to the Bodoland Territorial Areas District Council.",
},
{
  "question": "Where does sub-paragraph (2) not apply in relation to the State of Bodoland?",
  "answer": "Sub-paragraph (2) does not apply to the Bodoland Territorial Areas District Council.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the constitution of District Councils and Regional Councils in Bodoland?",
  "answer": "There shall be a District Council for each autonomous district consisting of members elected by the people of the district.",
},
{
  "question": "How many members can a District Council have in an autonomous district?",
  "answer": "A District Council for each autonomous district can have up to thirty members.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the corporate name of each District Council and each Regional Council in Bodoland?",
  "answer": "Each District Council and each Regional Council shall be a body corporate.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the body corporate name for the District Council of a specific district?",
  "answer": "The body corporate name for the District Council of a specific district shall be the name of the district.",
},
{
  "question": "Where is the administration of an autonomous district vested if no other provision is made?",
  "answer": "In the District Council for such district."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Where is the administration of an autonomous district vested if it's",
  "answer": "In the District Council for such district."
},
{
  "question": "Where is the administration of an autonomous region vested?",
  "answer": "In the Regional Council for such region."
},
{
  "question": "Who is vested with the administration of an autonomous region?",
  "answer": "The Regional Council for such region."
},
{
  "question": "How many members does the Bodoland Territorial Council consist",
  "answer": "Not more than forty-six members."
},
{
  "question": "What is the maximum number of members allowed in the Bodoland",
  "answer": "Not more than forty-six members."
},
{
  "question": "How many members of the Bodoland Territorial Council shall be e",
  "answer": "Forty."
},
{
  "question": "What is the number of members elected through adult suffrage in",
  "answer": "Forty"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How many members of the Bodoland Territorial Council will be no
  "answer": "Six."
},
{
  "question": "Who will nominate the six members of the Bodoland Territorial Co
  "answer": "The Governor."
},
{
  "question": "What will the District Council for the North Cachar Hills District be
  "answer": "The North Cachar Hills Autonomous Council."
},
{
  "question": "What is the official name of the autonomous council for the North
  "answer": "The North Cachar Hills Autonomous Council"
},
{
  "question": "What will the District Council for the Karbi Anglong District be call
  "answer": "The Karbi Anglong Autonomous Council."
},
{
  "question": "Under which amendment to the State of Assam by the Sixth Sche
  "answer": "The amendment does not specify the name of the act, but it was en
},
{
  "question": "What is the name of the District Council constituted for the Bodola
  "answer": "Bodoland Territorial Council"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "For which territorial areas district was the Bodoland Territorial Council established?",
  "answer": "Bodoland Territorial Areas District"
},
{
  "question": "Who makes rules for the first constitution of District Councils and Regional Councils?",
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for making rules for the first constitution of District Councils and Regional Councils?",
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "What are some of the provisions included in the rules for the constitution of District Councils and Regional Councils?",
  "answer": "The composition of the Councils, the allocation of seats, the delimitation of constituencies, the powers and functions of the Councils, the election process, the term of office, and the removal of members."
},
{
  "question": "What do the rules for the constitution of District and Regional Councils provide for?",
  "answer": "These are some of the provisions included in the rules for the constitution of District and Regional Councils: the composition of the Councils, the allocation of seats, the delimitation of constituencies, the powers and functions of the Councils, the election process, the term of office, and the removal of members."
},
{
  "question": "How long is the term of office for the elected members of the District Councils and Regional Councils?",
  "answer": "Five years"
},
{
  "question": "What is the duration of five years typically associated with in the context of the Bodoland Territorial Council?",
  "answer": "It is typically associated with the term of office for the elected members of the District Councils and Regional Councils."
}
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances can the five year term of office for District Council members be extended?",
  "answer": "While a Proclamation of Emergency is in operation or if circumstances warrant it.",
},
{
  "question": "When can the five year term of office for District Council members be extended?",
  "answer": "Under a Proclamation of Emergency or if circumstances warrant it.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can extend the holding of elections if certain circumstances arise?",
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to extend the holding of elections under certain circumstances?",
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "For what period can the Governor extend the holding of elections?",
  "answer": "A period not exceeding one year at a time"
},
{
  "question": "How long can the Governor extend the holding of elections at a time?",
  "answer": "A period not exceeding one year"
},
{
  "question": "How long can the extension of the holding of elections last during a Proclamation of Emergency?",
  "answer": "Not extending beyond a period of six months after the Proclamation of Emergency is made."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens six months after a Proclamation of Emergency has",
  "answer": "The extension of the holding of elections must end"
},
{
  "question": "How long does a member elected to fill a casual vacancy hold office",
  "answer": "Only for the remainder of the term of office of the member whom he",
},
{
  "question": "What does a member elected to fill a casual vacancy do for the remainder",
  "answer": "He holds office"
},
{
  "question": "Who can make rules regarding the matters specified in sub-paragraph",
  "answer": "The District or the Regional Council"
},
{
  "question": "What can the District or the Regional Council make rules regarding",
  "answer": "The matters specified in sub-paragraph (6)"
},
{
  "question": "What rules can the District or the Regional Council make?",
  "answer": "Rules regarding the formation of subordinate local Councils or Boards",
},
{
  "question": "What does the rules regarding the formation of subordinate local Councils",
  "answer": "These rules can be made by the District or the Regional Council"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the District or the Regional Council does not make the rules",
  "answer": "The rules made by the Governor under sub-paragraph (6) will have effect",
},
{
  "question": "Who makes the rules under sub-paragraph (6) if the District or the Regional Council does not",
  "answer": "The Governor makes the rules"
},
{
  "question": "What powers do the District Councils and Regional Councils have",
  "answer": "They can make laws"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to make laws?",
  "answer": "The District Councils and Regional Councils"
},
{
  "question": "What amendment was made to Paragraph 3 in its application to the District Councils and Regional Councils",
  "answer": "Sub-paragraph (3) was substituted as under, “(3) Save as otherwise provided in sub-paragraph (6)”,
},
{
  "question": "What is the content of the amendment that substituted Sub-paragraph (3)",
  "answer": "The amendment states, “(3) Save as otherwise provided in sub-paragraph (6)”,
},
{
  "question": "By what act was Paragraph 3 amended in its application to the District Councils and Regional Councils",
  "answer": "The Constitution (Amendment) Act, 2003 (44 of 2003), s. 2"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which paragraph in its application to the State of Assam was amended?",
  "answer": "Paragraph 3"
},
{
  "question": "What has been inserted in the application to the State of Assam after paragraph 3?",
  "answer": "After paragraph 3, a new paragraph has been inserted."
},
{
  "question": "Where has a new paragraph been inserted according to the application?",
  "answer": "A new paragraph has been inserted after paragraph 3."
},
{
  "question": "What additional powers have been given to the North Cachar Hills Autonomous Council?",
  "answer": "They have the power to make laws with respect to industries, commerce and trade."
},
{
  "question": "Which councils have the power to make laws with respect to industries, commerce and trade?",
  "answer": "The North Cachar Hills Autonomous Council and the Karbi Anglong Autonomous Council."
},
{
  "question": "What is specified under the categories of 'communications' in the application?",
  "answer": "Communications include roads, bridges, ferries and other means of transport."
},
{
  "question": "What does 'communications' encompass in the context of the powers of the councils?",
  "answer": "Communications include roads, bridges, ferries and other means of transport."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which provisions must be subject to the industries power of the N",
  "answer": "The provisions of entries 7 and 52 of List I of the Seventh Schedule",
},
{
  "question": "To which provisions of the North Cachar Hills Autonomous Council",
  "answer": "These entries must be subject to the industries power of the North",
},
{
  "question": "What has been inserted in the application to the State of Assam a",
  "answer": "After paragraph 3A, a new paragraph has been inserted."
},
{
  "question": "Where in the application to the State of Assam according to the S",
  "answer": "After paragraph 3A"
},
{
  "question": "What falls under the provisions of entry 60 of List I of the Seventh",
  "answer": "Theatre and dramatic performances, cinemas."
},
{
  "question": "Under which entry of List I of the Seventh Schedule do theatre an",
  "answer": "Entry 60"
},
{
  "question": "What are some of the things that trade and commerce in the prod",
  "answer": "Food stuffs, cattle fodder, raw cotton and raw jute."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are food stuffs, cattle fodder, raw cotton and raw jute used in",
  "answer": "Trade and commerce"
},
{
  "question": "Who controls or finances libraries, museums and other similar inst",
  "answer": "The State."
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for financing and controlling libraries, museum",
  "answer": "The State"
},
{
  "question": "What happens to all laws made by the North Cachar Hills Auton",
  "answer": "They shall be submitted forthwith to the Governor who shall reserve",
},
{
  "question": "What is the process for laws made by the North Cachar Hills Auto",
  "answer": "They shall be submitted forthwith to the Governor who shall reserve",
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do when a law is reserved for his consider",
  "answer": "The President shall declare either that he assents to the said law o",
},
{
  "question": "What options does the President have when a law is presented fo",
  "answer": "The President can either assent to the law or withhold his assent."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens if the President directs the Governor to return the law to the Council?",
  "answer": "The said Council shall consider the law accordingly within a period of 60 days.",
},
{
  "question": "What should the North Cachar Hills Autonomous Council or the Karbi Anglong Autonomous Council do if the President directs the Governor to return a law to the Council?",
  "answer": "If the President directs the Governor to return a law to the Council, the Council shall consider the law accordingly within a period of 60 days.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the additional powers of the Bodoland Territorial Council?",
  "answer": "The additional powers of the Bodoland Territorial Council include making laws for agriculture, animal husbandry, and other matters.",
},
{
  "question": "What sectors or areas can the Bodoland Territorial Council create laws for?",
  "answer": "The Bodoland Territorial Council can create laws for agriculture, animal husbandry, and other matters.",
},
{
  "question": "In which state does the Bodoland Territorial Council have these additional powers?",
  "answer": "The Bodoland Territorial Council has these additional powers in the state of Assam.",
},
{
  "question": "Which territorial council has additional powers in the state of Assam?",
  "answer": "The Bodoland Territorial Council has these additional powers in the state of Assam.",
},
{
  "question": "What are some of the areas the Bodoland Territorial Council can make laws on?",
  "answer": "The Bodoland Territorial Council can make laws on agricultural education, animal husbandry, and other matters.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What can the Bodoland Territorial Council make laws on in relation to",
  "answer": "The Bodoland Territorial Council can make laws on these areas regarding",
},
{
  "question": "What powers does the Bodoland Territorial Council have in terms of",
  "answer": "The Bodoland Territorial Council has the power to make laws on provisions",
},
{
  "question": "What laws can the Bodoland Territorial Council make on animal husbandry",
  "answer": "The Bodoland Territorial Council can make laws on preservation, protection",
},
{
  "question": "What cultural aspects does the Bodoland Territorial Council have",
  "answer": "The Bodoland Territorial Council has the power to make laws on cultural",
},
{
  "question": "Which body has the power to make laws on cultural affairs in Bodoland",
  "answer": "The Bodoland Territorial Council has the power to make laws on cultural",
},
{
  "question": "What are the areas of responsibility listed in the text?",
  "answer": "Rural development, planning and development, printing and stationery",
},
{
  "question": "Are responsibilities such as rural development, planning and development",
  "answer": "Yes"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What are the provisions regarding the acquisition of land?",
  "answer": "Nothing in such laws shall extinguish or modify the existing rights a
},
{
  "question": "Can a citizen's existing rights and privileges in respect to land be
  "answer": "No, nothing in such laws shall extinguish or modify the existing righ
},
{
  "question": "What happens to laws made under paragraph 3 or this paragraph
  "answer": "They shall be submitted forthwith to the Governor who shall reserv
},
{
  "question": "Who should laws made under paragraph 3 or this paragraph relat
  "answer": "They should be submitted forthwith to the Governor who shall rese
},
{
  "question": "What does the text relate to?",
  "answer": "The text is part of the constitution of India."
},
{
  "question": "What is the text that is part of the constitution of India related to?"
  "answer": "The text is related to the constitution of India."
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to make laws within the district except those u
  "answer": "The district"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who can create laws within their jurisdiction, excluding those under the President's jurisdiction?",
  "answer": "The district",
},
{
  "question": "What can the laws made by the district pertain to?",
  "answer": "The allotment, occupation or use of land, the management of forests and other natural resources",
},
{
  "question": "What does the allotment, occupation or use of land, the management of forests and other natural resources pertain to?",
  "answer": "These all can pertain to the laws made by the district.",
},
{
  "question": "Can these laws prevent compulsory acquisition of land for public purposes?",
  "answer": "No, nothing in such laws shall prevent the compulsory acquisition of land for public purposes.",
},
{
  "question": "Can the government compulsorily acquire any land for public purposes?",
  "answer": "Yes, the government can compulsorily acquire any land for public purposes.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when a law is reserved for the consideration of the President?",
  "answer": "The President shall declare either that he assents to the said law or that he reserves the law for the consideration of the Council of States.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the President do when a law is reserved for his consideration?",
  "answer": "The President shall declare either that he assents to the said law or that he reserves the law for the consideration of the Council of States.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Can the President direct the Governor to return the law to the Bodoland Territorial Council?",
  "answer": "Yes, the President may direct the Governor to return the law to the Bodoland Territorial Council.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can direct the Governor to return the law to the Bodoland Territorial Council?",
  "answer": "The President can direct the Governor to return the law to the Bodoland Territorial Council.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the time period for the Council to reconsider a returned law?",
  "answer": "The Council should reconsider the law within a period of six months.",
},
{
  "question": "Within what period should the Council reconsider a law that has been returned?",
  "answer": "The Council should reconsider the law within a period of six months.",
},
{
  "question": "What is a 'reserved forest' according to the Constitution of India?",
  "answer": "A 'reserved forest' is any area which is a reserved forest under the Assam Forest Regulation, 1907.",
},
{
  "question": "Under which law or regulation is an area considered a 'reserved forest'?",
  "answer": "An area is considered a 'reserved forest' under the Assam Forest Regulation, 1907.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to laws made under paragraph 3 of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "All laws made under paragraph 3 shall be submitted forthwith to the President for his assent.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "To whom shall laws made under paragraph 3 of the Constitution o",
  "answer": "All laws made under paragraph 3 are submitted forthwith to the Go",
},
{
  "question": "Who can constitute village councils or courts for the trial of suits a",
  "answer": "The Regional Council for an autonomous region in respect of areas",
},
{
  "question": "Who can constitute village councils or courts for the trial of suits a",
  "answer": "The Regional Council for an autonomous region and the District Co",
},
{
  "question": "Who exercises the powers of a court of appeal in respect of all su",
  "answer": "The Regional Council for an autonomous region or any court const",
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for exercising the powers of a court of appeal",
  "answer": "The District Council for such district, or any court constituted in that",
},
{
  "question": "Which courts have jurisdiction over the suits or cases as mentione",
  "answer": "The High Court and the Supreme Court",
},
{
  "question": "What suits or cases do the High Court and the Supreme Court ha",
  "answer": "The suits or cases mentioned in the text"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What changes have been made to paragraph 4 in its application to",
  "answer": "The Sixth Schedule to the Constitution (Amendment) Act, 2003 (44)",
},
{
  "question": "What was inserted after sub-paragraph (5) by the Sixth Schedule",
  "answer": "A new subparagraph was inserted in paragraph 4 in its application",
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of the amendment made to paragraph 4 in its",
  "answer": "The amendment states that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to",
},
{
  "question": "Which region is specified in the amendment to paragraph 4 as be",
  "answer": "The Bodoland Territorial Council",
},
{
  "question": "What powers does a Regional Council or District Council have ac",
  "answer": "They can make rules regulating the constitution of village councils a",
},
{
  "question": "What responsibilities do Regional Councils or District Councils ha",
  "answer": "They have the power to make rules regulating the constitution of vi",
},
{
  "question": "What happens when the President, after consulting the Governme",
  "answer": "The paragraph will have effect in relation to such autonomous distr
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the effect of the President appointing a date for an autonoc",
  "answer": "The paragraph will have effect in relation to such autonomous distr",
},
{
  "question": "What was substituted for the words in sub-paragraph (1) regarding",
  "answer": "The words 'not being suits and cases of the nature referred to in su",
},
{
  "question": "What words were substituted in sub-paragraph (1) for parties belo",
  "answer": "The words 'not being suits and cases of the nature referred to in su",
},
{
  "question": "What happened to sub-paragraphs (2) and (3)?",
  "answer": "Sub-paragraphs (2) and (3) had been omitted."
},
{
  "question": "What was the action taken on sub-paragraphs (2) and (3)?",
  "answer": "They had been omitted."
},
{
  "question": "What was substituted for the words 'A Regional Council or District",
  "answer": "The words 'the Governor may make rules regulating' had been sub",
},
{
  "question": "What words had been substituted for 'the Governor may make rul",
  "answer": "The words 'A Regional Council or District Council, as the case may"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What was the substituted clause for clause (a) in sub-paragraph (4)",
  "answer": "The constitution of village councils and courts, the powers to be ex",
},
{
  "question": "What does the clause (a) in sub-paragraph (4) regarding the cons",
  "answer": "It was the substituted clause for clause (a) in sub-paragraph (4).",
},
{
  "question": "What was the substituted clause for clause (c) in sub-paragraph (4)",
  "answer": "The transfer of appeals and other proceedings pending before the",
},
{
  "question": "What clause was 'The transfer of appeals and other proceedings p",
  "answer": "Clause (c) in sub-paragraph (4)",
},
{
  "question": "What was substituted in clause (e) in sub-paragraph (4)?",
  "answer": "For the words, brackets and figures 'sub-paragraphs (1) and (2)', th",
},
{
  "question": "What were the changes made in clause (e) in sub-paragraph (4)?",
  "answer": "For the words, brackets and figures 'sub-paragraphs (1) and (2)', th",
},
{
  "question": "What powers can the Governor confer under the Code of Civil Pro",
  "answer": "The Governor may, for the trial of suits or cases arising out of any l
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances may the Governor confer powers for the trial of suits or cases arising out of contracts?",
  "answer": "The Governor may confer powers for the trial of suits or cases arising out of contracts on the District Council or the Regional Council.",
},
{
  "question": "What powers can the Governor confer on the District Council or the Regional Council?",
  "answer": "The Governor can confer on the District Council or the Regional Council powers for the trial of suits or cases arising out of contracts, powers for the trial of suits or cases arising out of torts, and powers for the trial of suits or cases arising out of crimes.",
},
{
  "question": "Under which codes can the Governor confer powers on the District Council or the Regional Council?",
  "answer": "The Governor can confer powers under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908.",
},
{
  "question": "Can the Governor withdraw or modify any of the powers conferred on the District Council or the Regional Council?",
  "answer": "Yes, the Governor may withdraw or modify any of the powers conferred on the District Council or the Regional Council.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to withdraw or modify any of the powers conferred on the District Council or the Regional Council?",
  "answer": "The Governor has the authority to withdraw or modify any of the powers conferred on the District Council or the Regional Council.",
},
{
  "question": "Do the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908, apply to the District Council or the Regional Council?",
  "answer": "Except as expressly provided in this paragraph, the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908, apply to the District Council or the Regional Council.",
},
{
  "question": "Do the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908, apply to the District Council or the Regional Council?",
  "answer": "No, the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908, do not apply to the District Council or the Regional Council.",
}
```



```

},
{
  "question": "What cannot be done on and from the date appointed by the President",
  "answer": "On and from the date appointed by the President, nothing contained in the provisions of the Constitution shall be deemed to be inconsistent with the provisions of the Constitution",
},
{
  "question": "What is the implication of the date appointed by the President in relation to the provisions of the Constitution",
  "answer": "On and from the date appointed by the President, nothing contained in the provisions of the Constitution shall be deemed to be inconsistent with the provisions of the Constitution",
},
{
  "question": "What powers does the District Council for an autonomous district have",
  "answer": "The District Council for an autonomous district may establish, control, manage and operate any institution or service, or may do any other thing which is necessary or expedient for the good government of the district",
},
{
  "question": "What establishments and services may the District Council for an autonomous district establish",
  "answer": "The District Council for an autonomous district may establish, control, manage and operate any institution or service, or may do any other thing which is necessary or expedient for the good government of the district",
},
{
  "question": "Who can make regulations for the regulation and control of primary education",
  "answer": "The Governor",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to make regulations for the regulation and control of primary education",
  "answer": "The Governor",
},
{
  "question": "What functions may the Governor entrust to the District Council of a district",
  "answer": "Functions in relation to agriculture, animal husbandry, community development, education, health, housing, labour, local government, public works, and such other functions as may be entrusted to the District Council by the Governor",
}

```

```
},
{
  "question": "In relation to which areas can the District Council or its officers be entrusted with functions?",
  "answer": "The Governor may entrust functions to the District Council or its officers in relation to the following areas:-",
},
{
  "question": "What funds are constituted for each autonomous district and region?",
  "answer": "A District Fund and a Regional Fund"
},
{
  "question": "What are the names of the funds constituted for an autonomous district or region?",
  "answer": "A District Fund and a Regional Fund"
},
{
  "question": "Who may make rules for the management of the District Fund or the Regional Fund?",
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "What role is responsible for making rules for the management of the District Fund or the Regional Fund?",
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "In what form shall the accounts of the District Council or the Regional Council be submitted?",
  "answer": "In such form as the Comptroller and Auditor General of India may, in consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, prescribe.",
},
{
  "question": "Who prescribes the form in which the accounts of the District Council or the Regional Council shall be submitted?",
  "answer": "The Comptroller and Auditor General of India, with the approval of the Government of India."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who audits the accounts of the District and Regional Councils?",
  "answer": "The Comptroller and Auditor-General"
},
{
  "question": "What role does The Comptroller and Auditor-General play for the",
  "answer": "The Comptroller and Auditor-General audits the accounts of the Dis",
},
{
  "question": "Who submits the audit reports of District and Regional Councils' a",
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Who receives the audit reports of District and Regional Councils' a",
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to assess and collect revenue in respect of la",
  "answer": "The Regional Council for an autonomous region and the District Co",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to assess and collect revenue in respect of la",
  "answer": "The Regional Council for an autonomous region and the District Co",
},
{
  "question": "What power does the Regional Council for an autonomous region",
  "answer": "They have power to levy and collect taxes on lands and buildings, a
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What can the Regional Council for an autonomous region and the
  "answer": "They have power to levy and collect taxes on lands and buildings, a
},
{
  "question": "What taxes can the District Council for an autonomous district levy
  "answer": "The District Council can levy and collect taxes on professions, trad
},
{
  "question": "What are the various types of taxes that a District Council in an au
  "answer": "A District Council in an autonomous district can levy and collect tax
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the regulations made by a Regional Council or D
  "answer": "These regulations shall be submitted forthwith to the Governor and
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the regulations made by a Regional Council or D
  "answer": "These regulations shall have no effect until assented to by the Gov
},
{
  "question": "What are licences or leases for the purpose of prospecting for, or
  "answer": "They relate to the share of the royalties accruing each year from th
},
{
  "question": "What do the share of royalties accruing each year from licences o
  "answer": "They relate to the licences or leases for the purpose of prospecting
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a dispute arises over the share of royalties to be
  "answer": "If a dispute arises, it is referred to the Governor for determination. T
},
{
  "question": "Who determines the amount payable in case of a dispute over the
  "answer": "In case of a dispute, the amount payable is determined by the Gov
},
{
  "question": "What amendment was made in Paragraph 9 in its application to the
  "answer": "The amendment was made by the Sixth Schedule to the Constitution
},
{
  "question": "What does the Sixth Schedule to the Constitution (Amendment) A
  "answer": "The Sixth Schedule to the Constitution (Amendment) Act, 1988, sta
},
{
  "question": "What power does the District Council of an autonomous district ha
  "answer": "The District Council can make regulations for the regulation and co
},
{
  "question": "Who can the District Council regulate and control in terms of mon
  "answer": "The District Council can regulate and control money-lending or trac
},
{
  "question": "What can such regulations for the control of money-lending and tr
  "answer": "The regulations may prescribe that no one except the holder of a li
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What can the regulations for non-tribal money-lending and trading",
  "answer": "The regulations may include that only a license holder can carry on",
},
{
  "question": "Who can carry on wholesale or retail business in any commodity a",
  "answer": "Only a member of the Scheduled Tribes resident in the district"
},
{
  "question": "Who is allowed to carry on wholesale or retail business in any con",
  "answer": "Only a member of the Scheduled Tribes"
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can this business be carried out?",
  "answer": "Under a licence issued by the District Council"
},
{
  "question": "Who issues the license for carrying out this business?",
  "answer": "The District Council"
},
{
  "question": "What is the requirement for making regulations under this paragra",
  "answer": "They have to be passed by a majority of not less than three-fourths",
},
{
  "question": "What is the voting requirement for the District Council to pass reg",
  "answer": "A majority of not less than three-fourths of the total membership of"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Can a license be refused to a money-lender or trader who has been doing business with the tribe?",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for a money-lender or trader who has been doing business with the tribe to be licensed?",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "What are the changes made to paragraph 10 in its application to the tribe?",
  "answer": "The words 'by non-tribals' and 'other than Scheduled Tribes' have been removed."
},
{
  "question": "What is the replacement for clause (d) in paragraph 10 as it applies to the tribe?",
  "answer": "Clause (d) has been replaced with 'prescribe that no person residing in the tribe shall be licensed to carry on business with the tribe'."
},
{
  "question": "What is the amendment made to paragraph 10 in its application to the tribe?",
  "answer": "A new sub-paragraph was inserted stating that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to the tribe."
},
{
  "question": "What does the amendment to paragraph 10 in its application to the tribe do?",
  "answer": "A new sub-paragraph was inserted stating that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to the tribe."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to all regulations made under this paragraph?",
  "answer": "They shall be submitted forthwith to the Governor and, until assent is given, they shall be subject to the Governor's approval."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "To whom are all regulations made under a certain paragraph submitted?",
  "answer": "They are submitted forthwith to the Governor and take effect only after his sanction.",
},
{
  "question": "Where should all laws, rules and regulations made under this Schedule be published?",
  "answer": "In the Official Gazette of the State."
},
{
  "question": "Where are all laws, rules and regulations made under the Schedule published?",
  "answer": "In the Official Gazette of the State."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the laws, rules and regulations once they are published?",
  "answer": "They have the force of law."
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean for the laws, rules and regulations when they are published?",
  "answer": "It means they have the force of law."
},
{
  "question": "Can any Act of the Legislature of the State of Assam apply to any district?",
  "answer": "No, unless the District Council for such district or having jurisdiction over such district has sanctioned it.",
},
{
  "question": "What is required for an Act of the Legislature of the State of Assam to apply to a district?",
  "answer": "The District Council for such district or having jurisdiction over such district must sanction it."
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What power does the Governor have regarding the application of
  "answer": "The Governor may, by public notification, direct that any Act of Par
},
{
  "question": "What action can the Governor take to modify the application of an
  "answer": "The Governor may, by public notification, direct that any Act of Par
},
{
  "question": "What amendment was made to Paragraph 12 related to its applica
  "answer": "Paragraph 12 has been amended by the Sixth Schedule to the Con
},
{
  "question": "What was the amendment made to Paragraph 12 by the Sixth Sch
  "answer": "The amendment was related to its application to the State of Assa
},
{
  "question": "What change was made to paragraph 12 by the Constitution (Ame
  "answer": "In paragraph 12, in sub-paragraph (1), in clause (a), for the words,
},
{
  "question": "What substitution was made in paragraph 12, sub-paragraph (1),
  "answer": "For the words, figures and letter “matters specified in paragraph 3 o
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a law made by a District or Regional Council in th
  "answer": "The law or regulation made by the District Council or, as the case n
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the consequence if a law or regulation made by the District Council is not in accordance with the law or regulation made by the District Council or, as the case may be, the law or regulation made by the District Council?",
  "answer": "The law or regulation made by the District Council or, as the case may be, the law or regulation made by the District Council.",
},
{
  "question": "What power does the President have with respect to any Act of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The President may, by notification, direct that it shall not apply to all or any of the territories to which it extends.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the President do regarding the application of an Act of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The President may, by notification, direct that it shall not apply to all or any of the territories to which it extends.",
},
{
  "question": "What is stated in the 12AA of the Constitution of India regarding the application of an Act of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The 12AA of the Constitution of India states that notwithstanding anything in any law or regulation made by the District Council or, as the case may be, the law or regulation made by the District Council, the President may, by notification, direct that it shall not apply to all or any of the territories to which it extends.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the 12AA of the Constitution of India state about the application of an Act of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The 12AA of the Constitution of India states that notwithstanding anything in any law or regulation made by the District Council or, as the case may be, the law or regulation made by the District Council, the President may, by notification, direct that it shall not apply to all or any of the territories to which it extends.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to direct that an Act of the Legislature of the District Council is not in accordance with the law or regulation made by the District Council or, as the case may be, the law or regulation made by the District Council?",
  "answer": "The Governor has the authority to direct that an Act of the Legislature of the District Council is not in accordance with the law or regulation made by the District Council or, as the case may be, the law or regulation made by the District Council.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to direct that an Act of the Legislature of the District Council is not in accordance with the law or regulation made by the District Council or, as the case may be, the law or regulation made by the District Council?",
  "answer": "The Governor"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who can specify exceptions or modifications to any Act of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The President can specify exceptions or modifications to any Act of Parliament.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the power to specify exceptions or modifications to any Act of Parliament?",
  "answer": "The President",
},
{
  "question": "Who can decide if an Act of the Legislature of the State of Tripura is valid?",
  "answer": "The District Council for such district or having jurisdiction over such district.",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to decide if an Act of the Legislature of the State of Tripura is valid?",
  "answer": "The District Council for such district or having jurisdiction over such district.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can direct that an Act of the Legislature of the State of Mizoram is valid?",
  "answer": "The Governor",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to decide that an Act of the Legislature of the State of Mizoram is valid?",
  "answer": "The Governor",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions does an Act of the Legislature of the State of Mizoram apply?",
  "answer": "The Act does not apply unless the District Council for such district or having jurisdiction over such district has approved it.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What needs to happen for an Act of the Legislature of the State of  

  "answer": "The Act will apply only if the District Council for such district or having",
},
{
  "question": "Who can make modifications to an Act of Parliament's application  

  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to make modifications to an Act of Parliame  

  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Can modifications or exceptions made to an Act of Parliament's a  

  "answer": "Yes"
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for modifications or exceptions made to an Act of Pa  

  "answer": "Yes"
},
{
  "question": "What is specified in paragraph 3 of the Schedule?",
  "answer": "It specifies matters with respect to which a District Council or a Reg  

},
{
  "question": "Which paragraph of the Schedule specifies the matters with respec  

  "answer": "Paragraph 3 of the Schedule specifies this."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What has to be done before the estimated receipts and expenditures are placed before the District Council for discussion.",
  "answer": "They shall be first placed before the District Council for discussion.",
},
{
  "question": "What needs to be done with the estimated receipts and expenditures before they are placed before the District Council for discussion.",
  "answer": "They shall be first placed before the District Council for discussion.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the Governor do in relation to the administration of autonomous districts?",
  "answer": "The Governor may appoint a Commission to examine and report on the administration of autonomous districts.",
},
{
  "question": "What powers does the Governor have in terms of appointing Commissions?",
  "answer": "The Governor may appoint a Commission to examine and report on the administration of autonomous districts.",
},
{
  "question": "What are some of the specific matters the Commission may inquire into?",
  "answer": "The provision of educational and medical facilities and communication facilities.",
},
{
  "question": "What responsibilities do the District and Regional Councils have in relation to the administration of autonomous districts?",
  "answer": "The District and Regional Councils are responsible for the administration of autonomous districts.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens after the report of the Commission is completed?",
  "answer": "The report of the Commission, with the recommendations of the Governor, is placed before the District Council for discussion.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure followed by the Government of the State or",
  "answer": "The report of the Commission, with the recommendations of the Go",
},
{
  "question": "What role can the Governor assign to one of his Ministers in relati",
  "answer": "The Governor may place one of his Ministers specially in charge of",
},
{
  "question": "Who may the Governor place in charge of the welfare of the auton",
  "answer": "The Governor may place one of his Ministers in charge of the welfa",
},
{
  "question": "What change was made to paragraph 14's application to Assam b",
  "answer": "The words 'with the recommendations of the Governor with respect",
},
{
  "question": "Which words were omitted from paragraph 14's application to Ass",
  "answer": "The words 'with the recommendations of the Governor with respect",
},
{
  "question": "What can the Governor do if an act or resolution of a District or Re",
  "answer": "The Governor may annul or suspend such act or resolution and tak",
},
{
  "question": "What actions can the Governor take if he finds an act or resolution",
  "answer": "The Governor may annul or suspend such act or resolution and tak
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens to an order made by the Governor under sub-para",
  "answer": "The order, along with the reasons for it, shall be laid before the Leg",
},
{
  "question": "How long does an order made by the Governor under sub-para",
  "answer": "The order stays in force for a period of twelve months from the date",
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can the Governor dissolve a District or a R",
  "answer": "The Governor can dissolve a District or a Regional Council on the m",
},
{
  "question": "On whose recommendation can the Governor dissolve a District o",
  "answer": "The Governor can dissolve a District or a Regional Council on the m",
},
{
  "question": "What happens after the dissolution of a District or a Regional Cou",
  "answer": "The Governor may direct that a fresh general election be held imm",
},
{
  "question": "Who may direct that a fresh general election be held immediately",
  "answer": "The Governor",
},
{
  "question": "Which paragraph was amended in its application to the states of T",
  "answer": "Paragraph 15"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happened to Paragraph 15 in the Sixth Schedule to the Constitution?",
  "answer": "It was amended."
},
{
  "question": "What was the amendment made to paragraph 15?",
  "answer": "In the opening paragraph, the words 'by the Legislature of the State' were substituted with 'by the Government of the State'."
},
{
  "question": "What changes were made in the opening paragraph of paragraph 15?",
  "answer": "'By the Legislature of the State' was substituted with 'by him', and the words 'subject to the previous approval of the Government of the State' were added."
},
{
  "question": "Which other paragraph was amended in its application to the states?",
  "answer": "Paragraph 16"
},
{
  "question": "In the Sixth Schedule to the Constitution Amendment Act, 1988, what was the amendment made to paragraph 16?",
  "answer": "Paragraph 16"
},
{
  "question": "What was the amendment made to paragraph 16?",
  "answer": "In sub-paragraph (1), the words 'subject to the previous approval of the Government of the State' were added."
},
{
  "question": "What changes were made to sub-paragraph (1) and sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 16?",
  "answer": "In sub-paragraph (1), the words 'subject to the previous approval of the Government of the State' were added. In sub-paragraph (2), the words 'subject to the previous approval of the Government of the State' were added."
}
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What actions are subject to the previous approval of the Legislative Assembly?",
  "answer": "The Governor can assume the administration of the area under the authority of the Legislative Assembly.",
},
{
  "question": "Who can assume the administration of the area under the authority of the Legislative Assembly?",
  "answer": "The Governor can assume the administration of the area under the authority of the Legislative Assembly.",
},
{
  "question": "What actions can the Governor take with regard to the administration of the area under the authority of the Legislative Assembly?",
  "answer": "When an order under clause (a) of this paragraph has been made, the Governor may take the action referred to in clause (b) of this paragraph.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the Governor do when an order under clause (a) of this paragraph has been made?",
  "answer": "The Governor may take the action referred to in clause (b) of this paragraph.",
},
{
  "question": "What conditions must be met before action can be taken under clause (b) of this paragraph?",
  "answer": "No action can be taken under clause (b) of this paragraph without the approval of the Legislative Assembly.",
},
{
  "question": "Who must be given an opportunity to place their views before the Governor?",
  "answer": "The District or the Regional Council, as the case may be, must be given an opportunity to place their views before the Governor.",
},
{
  "question": "What can the Governor do if the administration of an autonomous area is not satisfactory?",
  "answer": "The Governor may, by public notification, assume to himself all or any of the powers and functions of the District or the Regional Council, as the case may be, and may entrust them to any officer or officers subordinate to him.
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What action can the Governor take when the administration of an
  "answer": "The Governor may, by public notification, assume to himself all or a
},
{
  "question": "Can the period of the Governor's assumption of powers be extended
  "answer": "Yes, the Governor may by a further order or orders extend the operation
},
{
  "question": "By how much can the Governor extend the operation of the initial
  "answer": "The Governor may extend the operation of the initial order by a period
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the order made under sub-paragraph (2) of this
  "answer": "Every order made under sub-paragraph (2) of this paragraph with t
},
{
  "question": "What is the procedure and validity period for an order made under
  "answer": "An order made under sub-paragraph (2) of this paragraph is laid before
},
{
  "question": "What can the Governor declare regarding areas within an autonomous
  "answer": "The Governor may by order declare that any area within an autonomous
},
{
  "question": "Which states may a Governor order to declare that any area within
  "answer": "The Governor may make such an order for the autonomous districts
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What amendment was made to Paragraph 17 in its application to
  "answer": "Paragraph 17 was amended to insert the following proviso: 'Provide
},
{
  "question": "To which territorial area does the amendment to Paragraph 17 no
  "answer": "The amendment to Paragraph 17 does not apply to the Bodoland T
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for constituting a District Council for each auto
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Who constitutes a District Council for each autonomous district in
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Who administers an autonomous district until a District Council is
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for administering an autonomous district until a
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Can an Act of Parliament or of the Legislature of the State apply to
  "answer": "No"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for an Act of Parliament or of the Legislature of the S",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "Who can make regulations for the peace and good government of",
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for making regulations for the peace and good",
  "answer": "The Governor"
},
{
  "question": "Can a direction given by the Governor under clause (a) of sub-pa",
  "answer": "Yes"
},
{
  "question": "Is it possible for a direction given by the Governor under clause (a",
  "answer": "Yes"
},
{
  "question": "Who needs to assent to regulations made under clause (b) of sub",
  "answer": "The President"
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to assent to regulations made under clause",
  "answer": "The President"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What amendment was made to Paragraph 19 in its application to
  "answer": "The amendment inserted a new subparagraph after sub-paragraph
},
{
  "question": "Which amendment to the Constitution (Amendment) Act, 2003, le
  "answer": "The amendment to Paragraph 19 in its application to the State of A
},
{
  "question": "What does the 'Memorandum of Settlement' refer to?",
  "answer": "The 'Memorandum of Settlement' refers to the Memorandum signe
},
{
  "question": "Who signed the Memorandum on the 10th day of February, 2003?
  "answer": "The Memorandum, known as 'Memorandum of Settlement', was sig
},
{
  "question": "What is the duration of the Interim Council as per the Memorandu
  "answer": "The duration of the Interim Council as per the Memorandum of Set
},
{
  "question": "For how long is the Interim Council established according to the M
  "answer": "The Interim Council is established for a period of six months accor
},
{
  "question": "Which areas are designated as tribal areas within the State of Ass
  "answer": "The areas specified in Parts I, II, IIA and III of the table are respect
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution of India specify about the tribal areas",
  "answer": "The areas specified in Parts I, II, IIA and III of the table are respect",
},
{
  "question": "How is any reference to any district in Part I, II or III of the table to",
  "answer": "Any reference to any district in Part I, II or III of the table is to be co",
},
{
  "question": "What does the reference to any district in Part I, II or III of the tabl",
  "answer": "It is to be construed as a reference to the territories comprised with",
},
{
  "question": "What does the reference to the 'Tripura Tribal Areas District' in Pa",
  "answer": "The reference to the 'Tripura Tribal Areas District' in Part IIA of the",
},
{
  "question": "What does the reference to the territory comprising the tribal area",
  "answer": "The reference to this territory is construed as a reference to the 'Tri",
},
{
  "question": "Which areas are part of the Khasi Hills District as per the Constitu",
  "answer": "For the purposes of certain clauses and paragraphs of the Schedul",
},
{
  "question": "According to the Constitution of India, is the area within the munic",
  "answer": "No, for the purposes of certain clauses and paragraphs of the Sche"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What districts are specified in Part I of the table?",
  "answer": "The districts specified in Part I of the table are The North Cachar Hills District, The Karbi Anglong District, and The Naga District",
},
{
  "question": "Which part of the table specifies The North Cachar Hills District, The Karbi Anglong District, and The Naga District?",
  "answer": "Part I of the table specifies The North Cachar Hills District, The Karbi Anglong District, and The Naga District",
},
{
  "question": "What districts are specified in Part II of the table?",
  "answer": "The districts specified in Part II of the table are Khasi Hills District, Jaintia Hills District, and The Garo Hills District",
},
{
  "question": "Which part of the table specifies Khasi Hills District, Jaintia Hills District, and The Garo Hills District?",
  "answer": "Khasi Hills District, Jaintia Hills District, and The Garo Hills District are specified in Part II of the table",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Chakma District?",
  "answer": "The Chakma District is a district mentioned in THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA",
},
{
  "question": "In which document is the Chakma District mentioned?",
  "answer": "The Chakma District is mentioned in THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Mara District?",
  "answer": "The Mara District is a district mentioned in THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Where is the Mara District mentioned?",
  "answer": "The Mara District is mentioned in THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Lai District?",
  "answer": "The Lai District is a district mentioned in THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA.",
},
{
  "question": "Where is the Lai District mentioned?",
  "answer": "The Lai District is mentioned in THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the Mizo District Council according to the constitution?",
  "answer": "According to the constitution, the Mizo District Council shall stand dissolved.",
},
{
  "question": "What will the Administrator of the Union territory of Mizoram provide?",
  "answer": "After the dissolution of the Mizo District Council, the Administrator of the Union territory of Mizoram shall provide for the administration of the Union territory of Mizoram.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the 'prescribed date' referred to in the constitution?",
  "answer": "In the constitution, the 'prescribed date' refers to the date on which the Union territory of Mizoram was created.",
},
{
  "question": "Under and in accordance with the provisions of the Government of Mizoram Act, 1986, what will the Administrator of the Union territory of Mizoram provide?",
  "answer": "The 'prescribed date' in the constitution refers to the date on which the Union territory of Mizoram was created.
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What happens to every autonomous region in the Union territory of India after the prescribed date in the Constitution of India?",
  "answer": "Every autonomous region existing before the prescribed date in the Constitution of India continues to exist as an autonomous region in the Union territory of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the status and who has the authority to make amendments to the Constitution of India?",
  "answer": "Every autonomous region that existed before the prescribed date in the Constitution of India continues to exist as an autonomous region in the Union territory of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to every Regional Council of an autonomous region in the Union territory of India after the prescribed date in the Constitution of India?",
  "answer": "Every Regional Council of an autonomous region in the Union territory of India continues to exist as a Regional Council of an autonomous region in the Union territory of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the status of the Regional Council of an autonomous region in the Union territory of India?",
  "answer": "Every Regional Council of an autonomous region in the Union territory of India continues to exist as a Regional Council of an autonomous region in the Union territory of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the change in paragraph 20B in the Constitution of India in the year 2019?",
  "answer": "After paragraph 20B, a new paragraph 20BA has been inserted, which states that the Governor of a Union territory may, after consulting the Council of Ministers, take such action as he may consider necessary in his discretion.",
},
{
  "question": "What update was made to the Constitution of India's paragraph 20B in the year 2019?",
  "answer": "After paragraph 20B, a new paragraph 20BA has been inserted, which states that the Governor of a Union territory may, after consulting the Council of Ministers, take such action as he may consider necessary in his discretion.",
},
{
  "question": "What action is to be taken after consulting the Council of Ministers in the year 2019?",
  "answer": "The action that the governor considers necessary in his discretion."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "After consulting the Council of Ministers and the North Cachar Hill",
  "answer": "It is the governor's discretion to consider the necessary action to be",
},
{
  "question": "What was inserted after paragraph 20B in its application to the Sta",
  "answer": "The following paragraph has been inserted: '20BB. Exercise of disc",
},
{
  "question": "Where was the '20BB. Exercise of discretionary powers by the Go",
  "answer": "It was inserted after paragraph 20B in the States of Tripura and Miz",
},
{
  "question": "What action should the Governor take after consulting the Council",
  "answer": "The Governor should take such action as he considers necessary i",
},
{
  "question": "In whose discretion should the Governor take necessary action af",
  "answer": "The Governor should take such action in his own discretion."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to every member, whether elected or nominated, o",
  "answer": "They shall be deemed to have been elected or, as the case may be",
},
{
  "question": "What is the status of every member of an existing Regional Coun",
  "answer": "They shall be deemed to have been elected or, as the case may be"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What happens until rules are made under sub-paragraph (7) of paragraph 1 of the said provisions",
  "answer": "Until these rules are made, the rules made under the said provisions shall continue to apply",
},
{
  "question": "What will continue to apply until the rules are made under sub-paragraph (7) of paragraph 1 of the said provisions",
  "answer": "The rules made under the said provisions by the existing Regional Council shall continue to apply",
},
{
  "question": "Who has the authority to make adaptations and modifications in relation to the said provisions",
  "answer": "The Administrator of the Union territory of Mizoram",
},
{
  "question": "Who holds the responsibility for making adaptations and modifications in relation to the said provisions",
  "answer": "The Administrator of the Union territory of Mizoram",
},
{
  "question": "What matters can the Administrator of the Union territory of Mizoram make adaptations and modifications in relation to the said provisions",
  "answer": "The transfer in whole or in part of the assets, rights and liabilities of the Government of the Union territory of Mizoram",
},
{
  "question": "What does the transfer in whole or in part of the assets, rights and liabilities of the Government of the Union territory of Mizoram",
  "answer": "These matters pertain to what the Administrator of the Union territory of Mizoram is empowered to do",
},
{
  "question": "Who is referred to instead of the Governor and Government of the Union territory of Mizoram",
  "answer": "The Administrator of the Union territory of Mizoram"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who applies the provisions to the Union territory of Mizoram instead of the State?"
  "answer": "The Administrator of the Union territory"
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'State' refer to in the context of the Union territories?"
  "answer": "The Union territory of Mizoram"
},
{
  "question": "What is the term for Mizoram in the context of Indian political division?"
  "answer": "The Union territory"
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for the transfer or re-employment of employees of the Government of Mizoram?"
  "answer": "The Administrator of the Union territory of Mizoram"
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the Administrator of the Union territory of Mizoram?"
  "answer": "He is responsible for the transfer or re-employment of employees of the Government of Mizoram"
},
{
  "question": "What can Parliament do according to Amendment of the Schedule?"
  "answer": "Parliament may from time to time by law amend by way of addition, variation or repeal any provision of the Schedule"
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean when any reference to the Schedule in the Constitution?"
  "answer": "It means that the Parliament has the power to amend the Schedule"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Does the amendment of the Schedule count as an amendment of",
  "answer": "No, such law as is mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph",
},
{
  "question": "What is not deemed to be an amendment of the Constitution under",
  "answer": "The amendment of the Schedule doesn't count as an amendment of",
},
{
  "question": "What is included in the Defence of India part of the Union List?",
  "answer": "Defence of India and every part thereof including preparation for de",
},
{
  "question": "What does the preparation for defence and all such acts as may b",
  "answer": "This pertains to the Defence of India part of the Union List."
},
{
  "question": "What does the Union List mention about the armed forces?",
  "answer": "It includes the naval, military and air forces; any other armed forces",
},
{
  "question": "What forces are included in the Union List, and what does it say a",
  "answer": "The Union List includes the naval, military and air forces; any other",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Union List say about cantonment areas?",
  "answer": "It includes the delimitation of cantonment areas, local self-governm
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the Union List include about the regulations and power",
  "answer": "The Union List includes the delimitation of cantonment areas, local",
},
{
  "question": "What is mentioned under the regulation of arms in the Union List?",
  "answer": "It includes arms, firearms, ammunition and explosives."
},
{
  "question": "What categories are mentioned in the Union List under the regula",
  "answer": "The categories mentioned are arms, firearms, ammunition and exp",
},
{
  "question": "What is mentioned about energy in the Union List?",
  "answer": "It includes atomic energy."
},
{
  "question": "Which type of energy is included in the Union List?",
  "answer": "Atomic energy is included in the Union List."
},
{
  "question": "What industries are declared by Parliament by law to be necessar",
  "answer": "Industries necessary for the purpose of defence or for the prosecut",
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of the industries declared by Parliament by la",
  "answer": "For the purpose of defence or for the prosecution of war"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Central Bureau responsible for?",
  "answer": "Intelligence and Investigation."
},
{
  "question": "Which bureau is responsible for Intelligence and Investigation?",
  "answer": "The Central Bureau"
},
{
  "question": "What are the reasons for preventive detention?",
  "answer": "Reasons connected with Defence, Foreign Affairs, or the security of the State."
},
{
  "question": "What are the reasons connected with defence, foreign affairs, or the security of the State?",
  "answer": "Preventive detention"
},
{
  "question": "What matters bring the Union into relation with any foreign country?",
  "answer": "Foreign affairs."
},
{
  "question": "What is the matter that brings the Union into relation with any foreign country?",
  "answer": "Foreign affairs."
},
{
  "question": "What is the role of the United Nations Organisation according to the text?",
  "answer": "Not specified in the provided text."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Is the role of the United Nations Organisation specified in the prov",
  "answer": "No, it is not specified."
},
{
  "question": "What is involved in the participation in international conferences, a",
  "answer": "Implementing of decisions made thereat."
},
{
  "question": "What is the action done as a result of participation in international",
  "answer": "Implementing of decisions made thereat."
},
{
  "question": "What does entering into treaties and agreements with foreign cou",
  "answer": "Implementing of treaties, agreements and conventions with foreign",
},
{
  "question": "What does implementing of treaties, agreements and conventions",
  "answer": "Entering into treaties and agreements with foreign countries."
},
{
  "question": "What does the constitution of India say about war and peace?",
  "answer": "Not specified in the provided text."
},
{
  "question": "Is the information about what the constitution of India says about v",
  "answer": "No, it is not specified."
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is the scope of foreign jurisdiction according to the constitution?",
  "answer": "Not specified in the provided text."
},
{
  "question": "Is the scope of foreign jurisdiction according to the constitution specified?",
  "answer": "No, it is not specified."
},
{
  "question": "What does the constitution say about citizenship, naturalisation and dual citizenship?",
  "answer": "Not specified in the provided text."
},
{
  "question": "Is it specified in the provided text what the constitution says about citizenship?",
  "answer": "No, it's not specified."
},
{
  "question": "What is the process for extradition according to the constitution?",
  "answer": "Not specified in the provided text."
},
{
  "question": "What information is provided in the text regarding the process for extradition?",
  "answer": "Not specified in the provided text."
},
{
  "question": "What does the constitution say about admission into, and emigration from, the country?",
  "answer": "Not specified in the provided text."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Is the information about what the constitution says regarding adm",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "What does the constitution say about pilgrimages to places outside",
  "answer": "Not specified in the provided text."
},
{
  "question": "Is the information about pilgrimages to places outside India specif",
  "answer": "No"
},
{
  "question": "What crimes are classified as piracies and crimes committed on th",
  "answer": "Offences against the law of nations committed on land or the high s",
},
{
  "question": "What are offences against the law of nations committed on land o",
  "answer": "These offences are classified as piracies and crimes committed on",
},
{
  "question": "What infrastructure is covered under railways?",
  "answer": "Not specified in the provided text."
},
{
  "question": "What is the specific information provided about the infrastructure",
  "answer": "The specific information is not specified in the provided text."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are national highways?",
  "answer": "Highways declared by or under law made by Parliament to be national highways",
},
{
  "question": "What is the legal process for declaring a highway to be a national highway?",
  "answer": "A highway is declared to be a national highway by or under law made by Parliament",
},
{
  "question": "What does shipping and navigation on inland waterways include?",
  "answer": "Navigation on waterways declared by Parliament by law to be national highways",
},
{
  "question": "What does the rule of the road on waterways declared by Parliament include?",
  "answer": "It pertains to the shipping and navigation on inland waterways, specified in the Act",
},
{
  "question": "What is included in maritime shipping and navigation?",
  "answer": "Shipping and navigation on tidal waters; provision of education and training",
},
{
  "question": "What does shipping and navigation on tidal waters, provision of education and training include?",
  "answer": "This refers to what is included in maritime shipping and navigation.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the provisions for the safety of shipping and aircraft?",
  "answer": "Lighthouses, including lightships, beacons and other provision for the safety of shipping and aircraft",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are some examples of provisions for the safety of shipping a",
  "answer": "Lighthouses, including lightships, beacons"
},
{
  "question": "What are major ports according to the constitution?",
  "answer": "Ports declared by or under law made by Parliament or existing law"
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean for a port to be declared a major port by or und",
  "answer": "It means that the port is recognized as a major port according to th",
},
{
  "question": "What does the constitution of India mention about port quarantine",
  "answer": "Port quarantine, including hospitals connected therewith; seamen's",
},
{
  "question": "What does the constitution of India specify regarding seamen's ar",
  "answer": "The constitution of India mentions port quarantine, including hospit",
},
{
  "question": "What is stated about airways in the constitution of India?",
  "answer": "Airways; aircraft and air navigation; provision of aerodromes; regul",
},
{
  "question": "What does the constitution of India state about the regulation and",
  "answer": "The constitution of India states these issues under Airways; aircraft"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the constitution of India say about carriage of passengers?",
  "answer": "Carriage of passengers and goods by railway, sea or air, or by national waterways.",
},
{
  "question": "What modes of transportation are mentioned in the Indian constitution?",
  "answer": "Railway, sea or air, or by national waterways in mechanically propelled vessels.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the regulations about posts and telegraphs in the constitution?",
  "answer": "Posts and telegraphs; telephones, wireless, broadcasting and other means of communication.",
},
{
  "question": "What are the forms of communication regulated in the constitution?",
  "answer": "Posts and telegraphs; telephones, wireless, broadcasting and other means of communication.",
},
{
  "question": "What is mentioned about currency and legal tender in the Indian constitution?",
  "answer": "Currency, coinage and legal tender; foreign exchange.",
},
{
  "question": "What is mentioned in the Indian constitution about currency, coinage and legal tender?",
  "answer": "Currency, coinage and legal tender; foreign exchange are mentioned.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the constitution of India say about foreign loans?",
  "answer": "Foreign loans."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the constitution of India mention regarding 'Foreign loans'?",
  "answer": "The constitution of India says about foreign loans."
},
{
  "question": "What is stated about the Reserve Bank of India in the constitution?",
  "answer": "Reserve Bank of India."
},
{
  "question": "Which bank is mentioned in the constitution of India?",
  "answer": "Reserve Bank of India"
},
{
  "question": "What does the constitution of India say about trade and commerce with foreign countries?",
  "answer": "Trade and commerce with foreign countries; import and export across the borders."
},
{
  "question": "What aspects of interaction with foreign countries are defined in the constitution?",
  "answer": "Trade and commerce with foreign countries; import and export across the borders."
},
{
  "question": "What is mentioned about banking in the Indian constitution?",
  "answer": "Banking."
},
{
  "question": "What is mentioned in the Indian constitution related to 'Banking'?",
  "answer": "Banking"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are the regulations about patents and trademarks in the con",
  "answer": "Patents, inventions and designs; copyright; trade-marks and merch",
},
{
  "question": "What are some intellectual property rights mentioned in the consti",
  "answer": "Patents, inventions and designs; copyright; trade-marks and merch",
},
{
  "question": "What does the constitution of India say about standards of weight",
  "answer": "Establishment of standards of weight and measure."
},
{
  "question": "What is established according to the constitution of India regardin",
  "answer": "Standards of weight and measure"
},
{
  "question": "What is the responsibility of the Union in terms of industries as de",
  "answer": "The Union is responsible for the control of industries if declared by",
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for the control of industries if declared by Parli",
  "answer": "The Union is responsible for the control of industries if declared by",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Union regulate in terms of oilfields and mineral oil",
  "answer": "The Union regulates and develops oilfields and mineral oil resource"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the Union develop and regulate, including petroleum, p",
  "answer": "The Union regulates and develops oilfields and mineral oil resource",
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for the regulation of labour and safety in mines",
  "answer": "The Union is responsible for the regulation of labour and safety in m",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Union responsible for in mines and oilfields?",
  "answer": "The Union is responsible for the regulation of labour and safety in m",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Union regulate in terms of rivers and river valleys?",
  "answer": "The Union regulates and develops inter-State rivers and river valley",
},
{
  "question": "What is the extent of the Union's regulation and development of in",
  "answer": "The Union regulates and develops inter-State rivers and river valley",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Union's role in the manufacture, supply, and distributi",
  "answer": "The Union is responsible for the manufacture, supply, and distribut",
},
{
  "question": "Who is responsible for the manufacture, supply, and distribution o",
  "answer": "The Union is responsible for these tasks."
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What institutions are known at the commencement of this Constitu",
  "answer": "The institutions known at the commencement of this Constitution a",
},
{
  "question": "Which institutions like the National Library, the Indian Museum, th",
  "answer": "At the commencement of the Constitution, the institutions known to",
},
{
  "question": "What universities were declared at the commencement of this Co",
  "answer": "The universities known at the commencement of this Constitution a",
},
{
  "question": "Which institutions were known at the commencement of the Cons",
  "answer": "These universities were declared at the commencement of this Con",
},
{
  "question": "What do Union agencies and institutions provide according to the",
  "answer": "Professional, vocational or technical training, the promotion of spec",
},
{
  "question": "What type of services do the Union agencies and institutions prov",
  "answer": "Professional, vocational or technical training, the promotion of spec",
},
{
  "question": "What does point 66 of the Constitution of India pertain to?",
  "answer": "Co-ordination and determination of standards in institutions for high
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "Which point of the Constitution of India pertains to the co-ordination  
  "answer": "Point 66"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What does point 67 of the Constitution of India pertain to?",  
  "answer": "Ancient and historical monuments and records, and archaeological  
},  
{  
  "question": "Which point of the Constitution of India pertains to ancient and his  
  "answer": "Point 67"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What does point 68 of the Constitution of India pertain to?",  
  "answer": "The Survey of India, the Geological, Botanical, Zoological and Anth  
},  
{  
  "question": "Which point of the Constitution of India pertains to The Survey of  
  "answer": "Point 68"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What does point 69 of the Constitution of India pertain to?",  
  "answer": "Census."  
},  
{  
  "question": "Which point of the Constitution of India pertains to the Census?",  
  "answer": "Point 69"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does point 70 of the Constitution of India pertain to?",
  "answer": "Union Public Service; All-India Services; Union Public Service Com",
},
{
  "question": "Which point of the Constitution of India pertains to Union Public S",
  "answer": "Point 70"
},
{
  "question": "What does point 71 of the Constitution of India pertain to?",
  "answer": "Union pensions, that is to say, pensions payable by the Governmen",
},
{
  "question": "Which point of the Constitution of India pertains to Union pensions",
  "answer": "Point 71"
},
{
  "question": "What does point 72 of the Constitution of India pertain to?",
  "answer": "Elections to Parliament, to the Legislatures of States and to the offi",
},
{
  "question": "Which point of the Constitution of India pertains to Elections to Pa",
  "answer": "Point 72"
},
{
  "question": "What does point 73 of the Constitution of India pertain to?",
  "answer": "Salaries and allowances of members of Parliament, the Chairman a
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which part of the Constitution of India discusses the salaries and
  "answer": "Point 73"
},
{
  "question": "What does point 74 of the Constitution of India pertain to?",
  "answer": "Powers, privileges and immunities of each House of Parliament and
},
{
  "question": "Which section of the Constitution of India pertains to the powers, p
  "answer": "Point 74"
},
{
  "question": "What does point 75 of the Constitution of India pertain to?",
  "answer": "Emoluments, allowances, privileges, and rights in respect of leave
},
{
  "question": "Which section of the Constitution of India discusses the emolumen
  "answer": "Point 75 of the Constitution of India."
},
{
  "question": "What does point 76 of the Constitution of India pertain to?",
  "answer": "Audit of the accounts."
},
{
  "question": "Which point of the Constitution of India pertains to the audit of the
  "answer": "Point 76"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the 77th item in the Constitution of India pertain to?",
  "answer": "The 77th item pertains to the Constitution, organisation, jurisdiction",
},
{
  "question": "Which item in the Constitution of India pertains to the Constitution",
  "answer": "The 77th item pertains to this."
},
{
  "question": "What does the 78th item in the Indian Constitution deal with?",
  "answer": "The 78th item deals with the Constitution and organisation (including",
},
{
  "question": "Which item in the Indian Constitution specifies the Constitution and",
  "answer": "The 78th item in the Indian Constitution deals with this."
},
{
  "question": "What is explained in the 79th item of the Indian Constitution?",
  "answer": "The 79th item explains the extension of the jurisdiction of a High C",
},
{
  "question": "Which item of the Indian Constitution explains the extension of the",
  "answer": "The 79th item of the Indian Constitution explains this."
},
{
  "question": "What does the 80th item of the Indian Constitution discuss?",
  "answer": "The 80th item discusses the extension of the powers and jurisdiction"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which item of the Indian Constitution discusses the extension of t",
  "answer": "The 80th item of the Indian Constitution discusses this."
},
{
  "question": "What does the 81st item of the Indian Constitution cover?",
  "answer": "The 81st item covers Inter-State migration and inter-State quarantin",
},
{
  "question": "Which item of the Indian Constitution covers Inter-State migration",
  "answer": "The 81st item of the Indian Constitution covers Inter-State migration",
},
{
  "question": "What taxes does the 82nd item in the Indian Constitution discuss?",
  "answer": "The 82nd item discusses taxes on income other than agricultural in",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Indian Constitution's 82nd item discuss on?",
  "answer": "The 82nd item discusses taxes on income other than agricultural in",
},
{
  "question": "What does the 83rd item of the Indian Constitution pertain to?",
  "answer": "The 83rd item pertains to duties of customs including export duties",
},
{
  "question": "Which item of the Indian Constitution pertains to duties of customs",
  "answer": "The 83rd item of the Indian Constitution pertains to duties of custom
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the 84th item of the Indian Constitution list?",
  "answer": "The 84th item lists duties of excise on goods manufactured or prod
},
{
  "question": "Which item of the Indian Constitution lists duties of excise on goods",
  "answer": "The 84th item of the Indian Constitution lists these duties."
},
{
  "question": "What tax does the 85th item in the Indian Constitution discuss?",
  "answer": "The 85th item discusses Corporation tax."
},
{
  "question": "Which item in the Indian Constitution discusses the Corporation tax",
  "answer": "The 85th item discusses Corporation tax."
},
{
  "question": "What does the 86th item in the Indian Constitution specify?",
  "answer": "The 86th item specifies taxes on the capital value of the assets, ex
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'taxes on the capital value of the assets, exclu",
  "answer": "It refers to the 86th item in the Indian Constitution."
},
{
  "question": "What does the 87th item in the Indian Constitution deal with?",
  "answer": "The 87th item deals with Estate duty in respect of property other th
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which item in the Indian Constitution deals with Estate duty in res",
  "answer": "The 87th item in the Indian Constitution deals with this."
},
{
  "question": "What does the 88th item in the Indian Constitution cover?",
  "answer": "The 88th item covers Duties in respect of succession to property of",
},
{
  "question": "Which item in the Indian Constitution covers duties in respect of s",
  "answer": "The 88th item in the Indian Constitution covers this."
},
{
  "question": "What taxes does the 89th item of the Indian Constitution specify?",
  "answer": "The 89th item specifies Terminal taxes on goods or passengers, ca",
},
{
  "question": "Which item of the Indian Constitution specifies Terminal taxes on",
  "answer": "The 89th item of the Indian Constitution specifies these taxes."
},
{
  "question": "What does the 90th item of the Indian Constitution pertain to?",
  "answer": "The 90th item pertains to Taxes other than stamp duties on transac",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Indian Constitution item that pertains to Taxes othe",
  "answer": "It corresponds to the 90th item of the Indian Constitution"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What are the rates of stamp duty in respect of?",
  "answer": "bills of exchange, cheques, promissory notes, bills of lading, letters",
},
{
  "question": "What are bills of exchange, cheques, promissory notes, bills of lading?",
  "answer": "They are subject to stamp duty rates."
},
{
  "question": "What are taxes on the sale or purchase of goods other than news?",
  "answer": "where such sale or purchase takes place in the course of inter-State trade",
},
{
  "question": "In what scenario does the sale or purchase of goods other than news?",
  "answer": "Such a sale or purchase takes place in the course of inter-State trade",
},
{
  "question": "What do taxes on the consignments of goods pertain to?",
  "answer": "where such consignment takes place in the course of inter-State trade",
},
{
  "question": "Under what circumstances do taxes on the consignments of goods pertain to?",
  "answer": "Taxes apply when such consignment takes place in the course of inter-State trade",
},
{
  "question": "What are offences against laws with respect to?",
  "answer": "any of the matters in this List"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are 'any of the matters in this List' in relation to offences aga
  "answer": "They are what the offences against laws are with respect to."
},
{
  "question": "What are inquires, surveys and statistics used for?",
  "answer": "for the purpose of any of the matters in this List"
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of any of the matters in this List?",
  "answer": "Inquires, surveys and statistics are used for this purpose."
},
{
  "question": "What does jurisdiction and powers of all courts, except the Suprem
  "answer": "any of the matters in this List; admiralty jurisdiction"
},
{
  "question": "To what does the jurisdiction and powers of all courts, except the
  "answer": "Jurisdiction and powers of all courts, except the Supreme Court, pe
},
{
  "question": "What are the fees in respect of?",
  "answer": "any of the matters in this List, but not including fees taken in any co
},
{
  "question": "What is excluded from the matters listed in the fees?",
  "answer": "Fees taken in any court"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does any other matter not enumerated in List II or List III include?",
  "answer": "any tax not mentioned in either of those Lists"
},
{
  "question": "What does 'any tax not mentioned in either of those Lists' refer to?",
  "answer": "It refers to any other matter not enumerated in List II or List III"
},
{
  "question": "What does public order not include?",
  "answer": "the use of any naval, military or air force or any other armed force or any other organised body of men"
},
{
  "question": "What is not included in the definition of public order?",
  "answer": "the use of any naval, military or air force or any other armed force or any other organised body of men"
},
{
  "question": "What does police (including railway and village police) subject to?",
  "answer": "the provisions of entry 2A of List I"
},
{
  "question": "Which entity is subject to the provisions of entry 2A of List I?",
  "answer": "Police, including railway and village police"
},
{
  "question": "What do officers and servants of the High Court; procedure in relation to?",
  "answer": "taken in all courts except the Supreme Court"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Where are the procedures of officers and servants of the High Co
  "answer": "Supreme Court"
},
{
  "question": "What are prisons, reformatories, Borstal institutions and other inst
  "answer": "arrangements with other States for the use of prisons and other ins
},
{
  "question": "What are the arrangements with other States for the use of prison
  "answer": "Prisons, reformatories, Borstal institutions and other institutions of a
},
{
  "question": "What does local government entail?",
  "answer": "the constitution and powers of municipal corporations, improvemen
},
{
  "question": "What are the constitution and powers of municipal corporations, in
  "answer": "Local government"
},
{
  "question": "What is meant by local self-government or village administration?
  "answer": "Local self-government or village administration refers to the govern
},
{
  "question": "What does the governance and administration carried out at a loc
  "answer": "The governance and administration carried out at a local, often villa
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does public health and sanitation; hospitals and dispensaries",
  "answer": "This refers to services related to maintaining public health, ensuring",
},
{
  "question": "What does the operation of healthcare facilities and services relat",
  "answer": "This refers to public health and sanitation; hospitals and dispensaries",
},
{
  "question": "What are pilgrimages other than pilgrimages to places outside India",
  "answer": "These are religious journeys or quests undertaken within India, exc",
},
{
  "question": "What are religious journeys or quests undertaken within India, exc",
  "answer": "These are pilgrimages other than pilgrimages to places outside India",
},
{
  "question": "What is meant by intoxicating liquors in this context?",
  "answer": "Intoxicating liquors refers to alcoholic beverages. This includes the",
},
{
  "question": "What does the term 'intoxicating liquors' encompass in terms of pr",
  "answer": "The term 'intoxicating liquors' encompasses alcoholic beverages, in",
},
{
  "question": "What does relief of the disabled and unemployable refer to?",
  "answer": "Relief of the disabled and unemployable refers to support and assis
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Who are the recipients of support and assistance in the context of relief pro",
  "answer": "The recipients of support and assistance in the context of relief pro",
},
{
  "question": "What does burials and burial grounds; cremations and cremation",
  "answer": "This refers to the provision and maintenance of spaces for the disp",
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of providing and maintaining spaces for the d",
  "answer": "The purpose is to facilitate burials and burial grounds; cremations a",
},
{
  "question": "What are libraries, museums and other similar institutions controll",
  "answer": "These are institutions such as libraries and museums that are unde",
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean when institutions like libraries and museums a",
  "answer": "It means these libraries, museums and similar institutions are contr",
},
{
  "question": "What does communications refer to?",
  "answer": "Communications refers to the infrastructure and services for transp",
},
{
  "question": "What does the infrastructure and services for transportation and c",
  "answer": "This refers to Communications."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is meant by agriculture, including agricultural education and",
  "answer": "This refers to farming and related activities, including education and",
},
{
  "question": "What does farming and related activities refer to, including measu",
  "answer": "This refers to agriculture, which encompasses agricultural education",
},
{
  "question": "What is meant by preservation, protection and improvement of sto",
  "answer": "This refers to measures to preserve, protect and improve livestock,",
},
{
  "question": "What does it refer to when measures are taken to preserve, prote",
  "answer": "It refers to the preservation, protection and improvement of stock a",
},
{
  "question": "What does water, that is to say, water supplies, irrigation and can",
  "answer": "This refers to the management of water resources, including water",
},
{
  "question": "What does the management of water resources, including water s",
  "answer": "This refers to water, that is to say, water supplies, irrigation and can",
},
{
  "question": "What does land, that is to say, rights in or over land, land tenures",
  "answer": "This refers to the administration of land, including land rights, land t
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the administration of land, including land rights, land tenures and land use subject to the provisions of entry 34 of the constitution of India refer to?",
  "answer": "It implies land, that is to say, rights in or over land, land tenures including land use subject to the provisions of entry 34 of the constitution of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What are fisheries?",
  "answer": "Fisheries refers to the industry or occupation of catching, processing and marketing of fish and other aquatic animals.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the industry or occupation of catching, processing and marketing of fish and other aquatic animals refer to?",
  "answer": "It refers to fisheries."
},
{
  "question": "What does courts of wards subject to the provisions of entry 34 of the constitution of India refer to?",
  "answer": "Courts of wards refers to a court that has jurisdiction over the property of minors.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the jurisdiction of courts of wards and what does encumbered property refer to?",
  "answer": "Courts of wards refers to a court that has jurisdiction over the property of minors. Encumbered property refers to property which is mortgaged or otherwise encumbered.",
},
{
  "question": "What does regulation of mines and mineral development subject to the provisions of entry 34 of the constitution of India refer to?",
  "answer": "This refers to the control and regulation of mining activities and the development of mines and minerals.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the control and regulation of mining activities and the development of mines and minerals refer to?",
  "answer": "This refers to the regulation of mines and mineral development subject to the provisions of entry 34 of the constitution of India."
}
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What does entry 24 pertain to?",
  "answer": "Industries subject to the provisions of entries 7 and 52 of List I."
},
{
  "question": "Which entry pertains to industries subject to the provisions of entr
  "answer": "Entry 24"
},
{
  "question": "What does entry 25 cover?",
  "answer": "Gas and gas-works."
},
{
  "question": "What is covered under entry 25?",
  "answer": "Gas and gas-works."
},
{
  "question": "What is the scope of entry 26?",
  "answer": "Trade and commerce within the State subject to the provisions of e
},
{
  "question": "What is subject to the provisions of entry 33 of List III?",
  "answer": "Trade and commerce within the State, as per scope of entry 26."
},
{
  "question": "What is entry 27 about?",
  "answer": "Production, supply and distribution of goods subject to the provision
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is subject to the provisions of entry 33 of List III?",
  "answer": "Entry 27, which is about the production, supply and distribution of g
},
{
  "question": "What is covered under entry 28?",
  "answer": "Markets and fairs."
},
{
  "question": "Which entry covers Markets and fairs?",
  "answer": "Entry 28"
},
{
  "question": "What does entry 30 refer to?",
  "answer": "Money-lending and money-lenders; relief of agricultural indebtedne
},
{
  "question": "What does 'Money-lending and money-lenders; relief of agricultur
  "answer": "Entry 30"
},
{
  "question": "What is entry 31 about?",
  "answer": "Inns and inn-keepers."
},
{
  "question": "What is the topic discussed in the entry about Inns and inn-keepe
  "answer": "Entry 31"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "What does entry 32 cover?",  
  "answer": "Incorporation, regulation and winding up of corporations, other than  
},  
{  
  "question": "Which entry covers incorporation, regulation and winding up of co  
  "answer": "Entry 32"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What does entry 33 pertain to?",  
  "answer": "Theatres and dramatic performances; cinemas subject to the provis  
},  
{  
  "question": "Which entry pertains to theatres and dramatic performances, cine  
  "answer": "Entry 33"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What does entry 34 cover?",  
  "answer": "Betting and gambling."  
},  
{  
  "question": "Which entry covers betting and gambling?",  
  "answer": "Entry 34"  
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the scope of entry 35?",  
  "answer": "Works, lands and buildings vested in or in the possession of the St
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is vested in or in the possession of the State according to entry 36?",
  "answer": "Works, lands and buildings"
},
{
  "question": "What is entry 37 about?",
  "answer": "Elections to the Legislature of the State subject to the provisions of the Constitution"
},
{
  "question": "Which entry talks about Elections to the Legislature of the State subject to the provisions of the Constitution?",
  "answer": "Entry 37"
},
{
  "question": "What does entry 38 cover?",
  "answer": "Salaries and allowances of members of the Legislature of the State"
},
{
  "question": "What does the 'Salaries and allowances of members of the Legislature of the State' refer to?",
  "answer": "It refers to entry 38."
},
{
  "question": "What is the scope of entry 39?",
  "answer": "Powers, privileges and immunities of the Legislative Assembly and the Legislative Council"
},
{
  "question": "Which entry refers to the powers, privileges and immunities of the Legislative Assembly and the Legislative Council?",
  "answer": "Entry 39"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does entry 40 refer to?",
  "answer": "Salaries and allowances of Ministers for the State."
},
{
  "question": "What does 'Salaries and allowances of Ministers for the State' refer to?",
  "answer": "It refers to entry 40."
},
{
  "question": "What is entry 41 about?",
  "answer": "State public services; State Public Service Commission."
},
{
  "question": "Which entry is about State public services and the State Public Service Commission?",
  "answer": "Entry 41"
},
{
  "question": "What does entry 42 cover?",
  "answer": "State pensions, that is to say, pensions payable by the State or out of State funds."
},
{
  "question": "What is covered under state pensions, specifically those payable by the State or out of State funds?",
  "answer": "Entry 42 covers this."
},
{
  "question": "What is the scope of entry 43?",
  "answer": "Public debt of the State."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does entry 43 pertain to?",
  "answer": "Public debt of the State."
},
{
  "question": "What does entry 44 refer to?",
  "answer": "Treasure trove."
},
{
  "question": "What is referred to as a treasure trove in the list?",
  "answer": "Entry 44"
},
{
  "question": "What is entry 45 about?",
  "answer": "Land revenue, including the assessment and collection of revenue,"
},
{
  "question": "Which entry is about land revenue, including the assessment and",
  "answer": "Entry 45"
},
{
  "question": "What taxes are levied on agricultural income?",
  "answer": "Taxes on agricultural income."
},
{
  "question": "What is levied on agricultural income?",
  "answer": "Taxes"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What duties are in respect to succession to agricultural land?",
  "answer": "Duties in respect of succession to agricultural land."
},
{
  "question": "What are the responsibilities related to duties in respect of succession to agricultural land?",
  "answer": "These duties refer to the obligations that come with inheriting agricultural land."
},
{
  "question": "What levy is imposed on agricultural land?",
  "answer": "Estate duty in respect of agricultural land."
},
{
  "question": "What is the specific duty imposed on agricultural land?",
  "answer": "Estate duty is imposed on agricultural land."
},
{
  "question": "What taxes are imposed on lands and buildings?",
  "answer": "Taxes on lands and buildings."
},
{
  "question": "What is imposed on lands and buildings?",
  "answer": "Taxes"
},
{
  "question": "What are the taxes on mineral rights?",
  "answer": "Taxes on mineral rights subject to any limitations imposed by Parliament."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are the limitations imposed by Parliament by law relating to
  "answer": "These are the taxes on mineral rights."
},
{
  "question": "What are the duties of excise on goods manufactured or produced
  "answer": "Duties of excise on alcoholic liquors for human consumption, opium
},
{
  "question": "On what goods are the duties of excise applied in the state, speci
  "answer": "The duties of excise are applied on goods manufactured or produc
},
{
  "question": "What are the taxes on the consumption or sale of electricity?",
  "answer": "Taxes on the consumption or sale of electricity."
},
{
  "question": "What is the term for the financial charges imposed on the use or t
  "answer": "Taxes on the consumption or sale of electricity."
},
{
  "question": "What are the taxes on the sale of petroleum crude, high speed die
  "answer": "Taxes on the sale of these items, but not including sale in the cours
},
{
  "question": "What are the conditions under which no taxes are levied on the sa
  "answer": "No taxes are levied on the sale of these items in the course of inter
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What are the taxes on goods and passengers carried by road or c",
  "answer": "Taxes on goods and passengers carried by road or on inland water",
},
{
  "question": "What do you call the charges applied on goods and passengers c",
  "answer": "Taxes on goods and passengers carried by road or on inland water",
},
{
  "question": "What are the taxes on vehicles suitable for use on roads?",
  "answer": "Taxes on vehicles, whether mechanically propelled or not, suitable",
},
{
  "question": "What types of vehicles are the taxes applicable to, as mentioned i",
  "answer": "The taxes are applicable to vehicles, whether mechanically propelled",
},
{
  "question": "What are the taxes on animals and boats?",
  "answer": "Taxes on animals and boats."
},
{
  "question": "What is the term used to describe levies on animals and boats?",
  "answer": "Taxes on animals and boats."
},
{
  "question": "What are capitation taxes?",
  "answer": "Capitation taxes."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What type of taxes are Capitation?",
  "answer": "Capitation taxes."
},
{
  "question": "What are the taxes on entertainments and amusements?",
  "answer": "Taxes on entertainments and amusements to the extent levied and",
},
{
  "question": "Who levies and collects taxes on entertainments and amusements?",
  "answer": "A Panchayat or a Municipality or a Regional Council or a District Council",
},
{
  "question": "What are the rates of stamp duty in respect of documents?",
  "answer": "Rates of stamp duty in respect of documents other than those specified",
},
{
  "question": "What documents have rates of stamp duty other than those specified?",
  "answer": "Documents other than those specified in the provisions of List I have",
},
{
  "question": "What are offences against laws with respect to any of the matters in this List?",
  "answer": "Offences against laws with respect to any of the matters in this List",
},
{
  "question": "What is the term for violations related to the items listed here?",
  "answer": "Offences against laws with respect to any of the matters in this List"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What are the jurisdiction and powers of all courts?",
  "answer": "Jurisdiction and powers of all courts, except the Supreme Court."
},
{
  "question": "What does 'except the Supreme Court' refer to in the context of jurisdiction?",
  "answer": "It refers to all courts."
},
{
  "question": "What does List III in the text refer to?",
  "answer": "List III refers to the Concurrent List that includes matters like criminal law, criminal procedure, etc."
},
{
  "question": "What matters are included in the Concurrent List referred to as List III?",
  "answer": "The Concurrent List or List III includes matters like criminal law, criminal procedure, etc."
},
{
  "question": "What does point 1 of List III cover?",
  "answer": "Point 1 of List III covers criminal law, including all matters included in the Indian Penal Code, etc."
},
{
  "question": "What does criminal law, including all matters included in the Indian Penal Code, etc. cover?",
  "answer": "It covers point 1 of List III."
},
{
  "question": "What is included in point 2 of List III?",
  "answer": "Point 2 of List III includes criminal procedure, including all matters included in the Code of Criminal Procedure, etc."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does point 2 of List III include at the commencement of this",
  "answer": "Point 2 of List III includes criminal procedure, including all matters i",
},
{
  "question": "What does point 3 of List III pertain to?",
  "answer": "Point 3 of List III pertains to preventive detention for reasons conne",
},
{
  "question": "Which point of List III is related to preventive detention for reasons",
  "answer": "Point 3 of List III is related to this."
},
{
  "question": "What does point 4 of List III specify?",
  "answer": "Point 4 of List III specifies the removal from one State to another S",
},
{
  "question": "What does the removal from one State to another State of prisone",
  "answer": "This specifies point 4 of List III."
},
{
  "question": "What does point 5 of List III contain?",
  "answer": "Point 5 of List III contains matters related to marriage and divorce;",
},
{
  "question": "Which list and point contains matters related to marriage and divo",
  "answer": "Point 5 of List III contains these matters."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is covered under point 6 of List III?",
  "answer": "Point 6 of List III covers the transfer of property other than agricultu
},
{
  "question": "Which point of List III is about the transfer of property other than a
  "answer": "It is point 6 of List III."
},
{
  "question": "What is included in point 7 of List III?",
  "answer": "Point 7 of List III includes contracts, including partnership, agency,
},
{
  "question": "Which list and point includes contracts, including partnership, age
  "answer": "This is included in point 7 of List III."
},
{
  "question": "What does point 8 of List III refer to?",
  "answer": "Point 8 of List III refers to actionable wrongs."
},
{
  "question": "Which point of List III refers to actionable wrongs?",
  "answer": "Point 8 of List III refers to actionable wrongs."
},
{
  "question": "What is mentioned in point 9 of List III?",
  "answer": "Point 9 of List III mentions bankruptcy and insolvency."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does point 9 of List III mention?",
  "answer": "Bankruptcy and insolvency"
},
{
  "question": "What does point 10 of List III cover?",
  "answer": "Point 10 of List III covers trust and trustees."
},
{
  "question": "What is covered under trust and trustees?",
  "answer": "Trust and trustees are covered under point 10 of List III."
},
{
  "question": "What is specified in point 11 of List III?",
  "answer": "Point 11 of List III specifies administrators-general and official trustees."
},
{
  "question": "What does List III specify about administrators-general and official trustees?",
  "answer": "Administrators-general and official trustees are specified in point 11 of List III."
},
{
  "question": "What does point 11A of List III pertain to?",
  "answer": "Point 11A of List III pertains to the administration of justice; constitutional matters."
},
{
  "question": "Which list point pertains to the administration of justice; constitutional matters?",
  "answer": "Point 11A of List III pertains to the administration of justice; constitutional matters."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is covered under point 12 of List III?",
  "answer": "Point 12 of List III covers evidence and oaths; recognition of laws, p
},
{
  "question": "Which list and point covers evidence and oaths; recognition of law
  "answer": "Evidence and oaths; recognition of laws, public acts and records, a
},
{
  "question": "What is included in point 13 of List III?",
  "answer": "Point 13 of List III includes civil procedure, including all matters incl
},
{
  "question": "What does Point 13 of List III specifically include?",
  "answer": "Point 13 of List III includes civil procedure, including all matters incl
},
{
  "question": "What does the 14th point in the Code of Civil Procedure at the cor
  "answer": "Contempt of court, but not including contempt of the Supreme Cou
},
{
  "question": "Which point in the Code of Civil Procedure at the commencement
  "answer": "The 14th point"
},
{
  "question": "What does the 15th point in the Code of Civil Procedure at the cor
  "answer": "Vagrancy; nomadic and migratory tribes."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the Code of Civil Procedure at the commencement of 1",
  "answer": "The 15th point"
},
{
  "question": "What does the 17th point address in the Code of Civil Procedure a",
  "answer": "Prevention of cruelty to animals."
},
{
  "question": "Which point in the Code of Civil Procedure at the commencement",
  "answer": "The 17th point."
},
{
  "question": "What is the focus of the 20th point in the Code of Civil Procedure",
  "answer": "Economic and social planning."
},
{
  "question": "What is the focus of Economic and social planning in the Code of",
  "answer": "It is the focus of the 20th point."
},
{
  "question": "What is addressed in the 22nd point of the Code of Civil Procedur",
  "answer": "Trade unions; industrial and labour disputes."
},
{
  "question": "In which point of the Code of Civil Procedure at the commence",
  "answer": "22nd point"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What does the 24th point of the Code of Civil Procedure at the co
  "answer": "Welfare of labour including conditions of work, provident funds, em
},
{
  "question": "Which point of the Code of Civil Procedure at the commencement
  "answer": "The 24th point"
},
{
  "question": "What is the 28th point in the Code of Civil Procedure at the comm
  "answer": "Charities and charitable institutions, charitable and religious endow
},
{
  "question": "Which point in the Code of Civil Procedure at the commencement
  "answer": "The 28th point"
},
{
  "question": "What is covered in the 30th point of the Code of Civil Procedure a
  "answer": "Vital statistics including registration of births and deaths."
},
{
  "question": "Which point of the Code of Civil Procedure at the commencement
  "answer": "The 30th point."
},
{
  "question": "What is the 32nd point in the Code of Civil Procedure at the comm
  "answer": "Shipping and navigation on inland waterways as regards mechanic
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the 32nd point in the Code of Civil Procedure at the co
  "answer": "Shipping and navigation on inland waterways as regards mechanio
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution of India specify about trade and comm
  "answer": "The Constitution of India specifies trade and commerce in the prod
},
{
  "question": "What products, goods, and materials does the Constitution of Indi
  "answer": "The Constitution of India specifies trade and commerce in the prod
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution of India mention about weights and m
  "answer": "The Constitution of India mentions weights and measures except th
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution of India exclude in the context of weig
  "answer": "The Constitution of India excludes the establishment of standards i
},
{
  "question": "What items does the constitution list under the jurisdiction of the s
  "answer": "The constitution lists mechanically propelled vehicles including the
},
{
  "question": "Under whose jurisdiction does the constitution list taxes on mecha
  "answer": "The constitution lists these items under the jurisdiction of the state
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution of India state about archaeological sites and remains?",
  "answer": "The Constitution of India states that archaeological sites and remains are protected under Article 32, which guarantees the right to move, reside, and settle in any part of the territory of India, and to enjoy the protection of the laws for such movement, residence, and settlement.",
},
{
  "question": "Which archaeological sites and remains does the Constitution of India protect?",
  "answer": "The Constitution of India states that archaeological sites and remains are protected under Article 32, which guarantees the right to move, reside, and settle in any part of the territory of India, and to enjoy the protection of the laws for such movement, residence, and settlement.",
},
{
  "question": "Which languages are mentioned in the Eighth Schedule of the Constitution of India?",
  "answer": "The languages mentioned in the Eighth Schedule of the Constitution of India are Assamese, Bengali, Bodo, Dogri, Gujarati, Hindi, Kannada, Kashmiri, Konkani, Koshuri, Marathi, Malayalam, Manipuri, Meitei Mayek, Nepali, Odia, Punjabi, Santhali, Sindhi, Tamil, Telugu, Urdu, and Vietnamese.",
},
{
  "question": "In which schedule of the Constitution of India are the languages Assamese, Bengali, Bodo, Dogri, Gujarati, Hindi, Kannada, Kashmiri, Konkani, Koshuri, Marathi, Malayalam, Manipuri, Meitei Mayek, Nepali, Odia, Punjabi, Santhali, Sindhi, Tamil, Telugu, Urdu, and Vietnamese mentioned?",
  "answer": "The languages Assamese, Bengali, Bodo, Dogri, Gujarati, Hindi, Kannada, Kashmiri, Konkani, Koshuri, Marathi, Malayalam, Manipuri, Meitei Mayek, Nepali, Odia, Punjabi, Santhali, Sindhi, Tamil, Telugu, Urdu, and Vietnamese are mentioned in the Eighth Schedule of the Constitution of India.",
},
{
  "question": "What is enumerated in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution?",
  "answer": "The Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution lists various land reform acts, including the Bihar Land Reforms Act, 1950, the Madras Land Reforms Act, 1955, the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955, and the Punjab Land Reforms Act, 1955.",
},
{
  "question": "Which acts, related to land reform and tenure abolition, are listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution?",
  "answer": "The Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution lists The Bihar Land Reforms Act, 1950, The Madras Land Reforms Act, 1955, The West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955, and The Punjab Land Reforms Act, 1955.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the The Bihar Land Reforms Act?",
  "answer": "The Bihar Land Reforms Act, 1950 is an act listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution, which provides for the abolition of zamindari and the redistribution of land to the tillers of the soil in Bihar.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is an act listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution?",
  "answer": "The Bihar Land Reforms Act, 1950"
},
{
  "question": "What is the The Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act?",
  "answer": "The Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act, 1948 is an act listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution."
},
{
  "question": "Which act listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution is related to land reforms in Bihar?",
  "answer": "The Bihar Land Reforms Act, 1950"
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of the acts listed in the Ninth Schedule?",
  "answer": "The acts listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution are exempted from judicial review."
},
{
  "question": "What are the main purposes of the acts listed in the Ninth Schedule?",
  "answer": "The acts listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution are exempted from judicial review."
},
{
  "question": "What is the The United Provinces Land Acquisition Act?",
  "answer": "The United Provinces Land Acquisition Act, 1948 is an act listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution."
},
{
  "question": "Where is The United Provinces Land Acquisition Act, 1948 listed in the Indian Constitution?",
  "answer": "The United Provinces Land Acquisition Act, 1948 is listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the The Railway Companies Act?",
  "answer": "The Railway Companies Act, 1951 is an act listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution",
},
{
  "question": "In which schedule of the Indian Constitution is The Railway Companies Act, 1951 listed?",
  "answer": "The Railway Companies Act, 1951 is listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution",
},
{
  "question": "What is the The Madhya Pradesh Abolition of Proprietary Rights Act, 1950?",
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Abolition of Proprietary Rights Act, 1950 is an act listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution",
},
{
  "question": "Which state-specific law is listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution?",
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Abolition of Proprietary Rights Act"
},
{
  "question": "What is the The Hyderabad Jagirs Act?",
  "answer": "The Hyderabad Jagirs Act, 1358F is an act listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution",
},
{
  "question": "Where is the Hyderabad Jagirs Act, 1358F listed and where was it enacted?",
  "answer": "The Hyderabad Jagirs Act, 1358F is listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution and was enacted in Hyderabad",
},
{
  "question": "What is the The Madras Estates Act?",
  "answer": "The Madras Estates Act, 1948 is an act listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which act listed in the Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution is",
  "answer": "The Madras Estates Act, 1948"
},
{
  "question": "What is the name of the amendment act mentioned in section 13?",
  "answer": "The Industries (Development and Regulation) Amendment Act, 1951"
},
{
  "question": "Which section mentions The Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951?",
  "answer": "Section 13"
},
{
  "question": "Which act was amended by West Bengal Act XXIX of 1951?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Land Development and Planning Act, 1948"
},
{
  "question": "Which act amended The West Bengal Land Development and Planning Act, 1948?",
  "answer": "West Bengal Act XXIX of 1951"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Andhra Pradesh Act X of 1961?",
  "answer": "The Andhra Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings Act, 1961"
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is known as the Andhra Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings Act, 1961?",
  "answer": "Andhra Pradesh Act X of 1961"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is Andhra Pradesh Act XXI of 1961?",
  "answer": "The Andhra Pradesh (Telangana Area) Tenancy and Agricultural L
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is referred to as The Andhra Pradesh (Telangana Area
  "answer": "Andhra Pradesh Act XXI of 1961"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Assam Act IX of 1961?",
  "answer": "The Assam State Acquisition of Lands belonging to Religious or Ch
},
{
  "question": "Which act is known as The Assam State Acquisition of Lands belo
  "answer": "The Assam Act IX of 1961"
},
{
  "question": "What is Bihar Act XX of 1954?",
  "answer": "The Bihar Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1953"
},
{
  "question": "Which act is known as The Bihar Land Reforms (Amendment) Ac
  "answer": "Bihar Act XX of 1954"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Bihar Act XII of 1962?",
  "answer": "The Bihar Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling Area and Acquisition o
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which act is also known as The Bihar Land Reforms (Fixation of C",
  "answer": "The Bihar Act XII of 1962"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Gujarat Act XXVI of 1961?",
  "answer": "The Gujarat Agricultural Lands Ceiling Act, 1960"
},
{
  "question": "Which act is also known as the Gujarat Agricultural Lands Ceiling",
  "answer": "The Gujarat Act XXVI of 1961"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Maharashtra Act XXVII of 1961?",
  "answer": "The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) Act, 1960"
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is referred to as The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (C",
  "answer": "The Maharashtra Act XXVII of 1961"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Maharashtra Act XLV of 1961?",
  "answer": "The Maharashtra Act XLV of 1961 is the Bombay Tenancy and Agr",
},
{
  "question": "What is the legal name for the Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural",
  "answer": "The legal name for the Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Lands (V
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Hyderabad Act XXI of 1950?",
  "answer": "The Hyderabad Act XXI of 1950 is The Hyderabad Tenancy and Agriculture Act, 1950.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the official name of The Hyderabad Act XXI of 1950?",
  "answer": "The official name of The Hyderabad Act XXI of 1950 is The Hyderabad Tenancy and Agriculture Act, 1950.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Kerala Act III of 1961?",
  "answer": "The Kerala Act III of 1961 is The Jenmikaram Payment (Abolition) Act, 1961.",
},
{
  "question": "Which act is also known as The Jenmikaram Payment (Abolition) Act, 1961?",
  "answer": "The Kerala Act III of 1961 is also known as The Jenmikaram Payment (Abolition) Act, 1961.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Madhya Pradesh Act XX of 1959?",
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Act XX of 1959 is The Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue Code, 1959.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the official name of The Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue Code, 1959?",
  "answer": "The official name of The Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue Code is The Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue Code, 1959.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Mysore Act XIII of 1952?",
  "answer": "The Mysore Act XIII of 1952 is The Mysore Tenancy Act, 1952."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the official name for The Mysore Tenancy Act?",
  "answer": "The official name for The Mysore Tenancy Act is the Mysore Act XI of 1928",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Rajasthan Act III of 1955?",
  "answer": "The Rajasthan Act III of 1955 is The Rajasthan Tenancy Act, 1955.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the formal name of The Rajasthan Tenancy Act, 1955?",
  "answer": "The formal name of The Rajasthan Tenancy Act, 1955 is Rajasthan Tenancy Act, 1955.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Uttar Pradesh Act XVII of 1960?",
  "answer": "The Uttar Pradesh Act XVII of 1960 is The Kumaun and Uttarakhand Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Act, 1960.",
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as The Kumaun and Uttarakhand Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Act?",
  "answer": "The Kumaun and Uttarakhand Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Act is referred to as The Kumaun and Uttarakhand Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Act.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Estates Acquisition Act?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Estates Acquisition Act is a law passed in 1953 (Act No. 3 of 1953) which provides for the acquisition of the estates of the zamindars and the abolition of the zamindari system in West Bengal.",
},
{
  "question": "When was the West Bengal Estates Acquisition Act passed and what was its purpose?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Estates Acquisition Act was passed in 1953 and its purpose was to acquire the estates of the zamindars and to abolish the zamindari system in West Bengal.
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Kerala Land Reforms (Amendment) Act of 1969?",
  "answer": "The Kerala Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1969 (Kerala Act 35 of 1969) is a law passed in Kerala, India, which amended the Kerala Land Reforms Act, 1962. It provided for the acquisition of land for agricultural purposes and the redistribution of land to landless agricultural laborers and tenants.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the purpose of the Kerala Act 35 of 1969?",
  "answer": "The purpose of the Kerala Act 35 of 1969, also known as the Kerala Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1969, was to amend the Kerala Land Reforms Act, 1962, to provide for the acquisition of land for agricultural purposes and the redistribution of land to landless agricultural laborers and tenants.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Delhi Land Reforms Act, 1954?",
  "answer": "The Delhi Land Reforms Act, 1954 (Delhi Act VIII of 1954) is a law passed in Delhi, India, which provided for the acquisition of land for agricultural purposes and the redistribution of land to landless agricultural laborers and tenants.",
},
{
  "question": "Which law was passed in Delhi regarding land reforms?",
  "answer": "The Delhi Land Reforms Act, 1954 (Delhi Act VIII of 1954) was passed in Delhi, India, regarding land reforms.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Haryana Ceiling on Land Holdings Act?",
  "answer": "The Haryana Ceiling on Land Holdings Act is a law passed in 1972 in Haryana, India, which provided for the acquisition of land for agricultural purposes and the redistribution of land to landless agricultural laborers and tenants.",
},
{
  "question": "In which year was the Haryana Ceiling on Land Holdings Act, a law passed?",
  "answer": "The Haryana Ceiling on Land Holdings Act was passed in 1972 in Haryana, India.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Gujarat Agricultural Lands Ceiling (Amendment) Act?",
  "answer": "The Gujarat Agricultural Lands Ceiling (Amendment) Act is a law passed in Gujarat, India, which provided for the acquisition of land for agricultural purposes and the redistribution of land to landless agricultural laborers and tenants.",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "When was the Gujarat Agricultural Lands Ceiling (Amendment) Act passed?",
  "answer": "The Gujarat Agricultural Lands Ceiling (Amendment) Act was passed in 1972.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 is a piece of legislation in India that amended the West Bengal Land Reforms Act, 1955.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the official designation of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972?",
  "answer": "The official designation of the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972 is The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1972.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the designation of The Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Lands (Gujarat Amendment) Act, 1973?",
  "answer": "The Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Lands (Gujarat Amendment) Act, 1973 is a piece of legislation in India that amended the Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act, 1948.",
},
{
  "question": "What is Gujarat Act 5 of 1973?",
  "answer": "Gujarat Act 5 of 1973 is The Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Lands (Gujarat Amendment) Act, 1973.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Orissa Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974?",
  "answer": "The Orissa Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974 is a piece of legislation in India that amended the Orissa Land Reforms Act, 1962.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the designation of the Orissa Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974?",
  "answer": "The Orissa Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974 is designated as The Orissa Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1974.
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Tripura Land Revenue and Land Reforms (Second Am",
  "answer": "The Tripura Land Revenue and Land Reforms (Second Amendmen",
},
{
  "question": "What is the designation of The Tripura Land Revenue and Land R",
  "answer": "The Tripura Land Revenue and Land Reforms (Second Amendmen",
},
{
  "question": "What is the designation of The Mines and Minerals (Regulation an",
  "answer": "The Mines and Minerals (Regulation and Development) Act, 1957 i",
},
{
  "question": "What is Central Act 67 of 1957 commonly known as?",
  "answer": "Central Act 67 of 1957 is commonly known as The Mines and Mine",
},
{
  "question": "What is The General Insurance Business (Nationalisation) Act?",
  "answer": "The General Insurance Business (Nationalisation) Act, 1972 is a pi",
},
{
  "question": "What is the designation of The General Insurance Business (Natio",
  "answer": "The General Insurance Business (Nationalisation) Act, 1972 is des",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Indian Copper Corporation (Acquisition of Undertaking",
  "answer": "The Indian Copper Corporation (Acquisition of Undertaking) Act, 19"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the designation of The Indian Copper Corporation (Acquisi",
  "answer": "The Indian Copper Corporation (Acquisition of Undertaking) Act, 19",
},
{
  "question": "What is the designation of The Foreign Exchange Regulation Act,",
  "answer": "The Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1973 is designated as Cent",
},
{
  "question": "Which act is designated as Central Act 46 of 1973?",
  "answer": "The Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1973 is designated as Cent",
},
{
  "question": "What is The Coal Mines (Conservation and Development) Act, 19",
  "answer": "The Coal Mines (Conservation and Development) Act, 1974 is a pi",
},
{
  "question": "What is the designation of The Coal Mines (Conservation and Dev",
  "answer": "The Coal Mines (Conservation and Development) Act, 1974 is desi",
},
{
  "question": "What is the designation of The Additional Emoluments (Compulso",
  "answer": "The Additional Emoluments (Compulsory Deposit) Act, 1974 is des",
},
{
  "question": "What act is designated as Central Act 37 of 1974?",
  "answer": "Central Act 37 of 1974 is designated as The Additional Emolument
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Prevention of Smuggling Activities Act?",
  "answer": "The Prevention of Smuggling Activities Act is a central act, number",
},
{
  "question": "What is the central act, numbered 52 of 1974, known as?",
  "answer": "The central act, numbered 52 of 1974, is known as The Prevention",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Sick Textile Undertakings (Nationalisation) Act?",
  "answer": "The Sick Textile Undertakings (Nationalisation) Act is a central act,",
},
{
  "question": "What is the number and year of the central act known as the Sick",
  "answer": "The Sick Textile Undertakings (Nationalisation) Act is numbered 57",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings)",
  "answer": "The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) (Amend",
},
{
  "question": "What is the specific number of the Maharashtra Agricultural Lands",
  "answer": "The specific number of the Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Orissa Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965?",
  "answer": "The Orissa Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 is an Orissa Act
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which Orissa Act is numbered 13 of 1965?",
  "answer": "The Orissa Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965 is the Orissa Act",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Uttar Pradesh Imposition of Ceiling on Land Holdings",
  "answer": "The Uttar Pradesh Imposition of Ceiling on Land Holdings (Amend",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Uttar Pradesh Act, numbered 18 of 1973?",
  "answer": "The Uttar Pradesh Act, numbered 18 of 1973 is the Uttar Pradesh",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Tripura Land Revenue and Land Reforms (Third Ame",
  "answer": "The Tripura Land Revenue and Land Reforms (Third Amendment)",
},
{
  "question": "What is the number of the Tripura Land Revenue and Land Reform",
  "answer": "The number of the Tripura Land Revenue and Land Reforms (Thir",
},
{
  "question": "What is the name of the regulation from 1971 related to Dadra and",
  "answer": "The Dadra and Nagar Haveli Land Reforms Regulation, 1971"
},
{
  "question": "What year was The Dadra and Nagar Haveli Land Reforms Regul",
  "answer": "1971"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is the amendment to the Dadra and Nagar Haveli Land Refo
  "answer": "The Dadra and Nagar Haveli Land Reforms (Amendment) Regulati
},
{
  "question": "What is the official name of the 1973 amendment to the Dadra an
  "answer": "The Dadra and Nagar Haveli Land Reforms (Amendment) Regulati
},
{
  "question": "What is Section 66A and Chapter IVA related to?",
  "answer": "Motor Vehicles Act, 1939"
},
{
  "question": "Which act are Section 66A and Chapter IVA a part of?",
  "answer": "Motor Vehicles Act, 1939"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Central Act 10 of 1955?",
  "answer": "The Essential Commodities Act, 1955"
},
{
  "question": "Which Central Act is referred to as The Essential Commodities Ac
  "answer": "Central Act 10 of 1955"
},
{
  "question": "What act is the Central Act 13 of 1976?",
  "answer": "The Smugglers and Foreign Exchange Manipulators (Forfeiture of
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the formal name of the central act that is referred to as the  

  "answer": "Central Act 13 of 1976"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Central Act 19 of 1976?",
  "answer": "The Bonded Labour System (Abolition) Act, 1976"
},
{
  "question": "What is the name of the Central Act, also known as The Bonded L  

  "answer": "Central Act 19 of 1976"
},
{
  "question": "What act is the Central Act 31 of 1976?",
  "answer": "The Levy Sugar Price Equalisation Fund Act, 1976"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Central Act number for The Levy Sugar Price Equalis  

  "answer": "Central Act 31 of 1976"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Central Act 33 of 1976?",
  "answer": "The Urban Land (Ceiling and Regulation) Act, 1976"
},
{
  "question": "Which Central Act is The Urban Land (Ceiling and Regulation) Ac  

  "answer": "Central Act 33 of 1976"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Assam Act 1 of 1957?",
  "answer": "The Assam Fixation of Ceiling on Land Holdings Act, 1956"
},
{
  "question": "Which act is known as the Assam Fixation of Ceiling on Land Holdings Act?",
  "answer": "The Assam Act 1 of 1957"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Gujarat Act 14 of 1973?",
  "answer": "The Gujarat Private Forests (Acquisition) Act, 1972"
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is referred to as The Gujarat Private Forests (Acquisition) Act?",
  "answer": "The Gujarat Act 14 of 1973"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Haryana Act 17 of 1976?",
  "answer": "The Haryana Ceiling on Land Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1976"
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is The Haryana Ceiling on Land Holdings (Amendment) Act?",
  "answer": "Haryana Act 17 of 1976"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Himachal Pradesh Act 8 of 1974?",
  "answer": "The Himachal Pradesh Tenancy and Land Reforms Act, 1972"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which act is also known as The Himachal Pradesh Tenancy and L
  "answer": "The Himachal Pradesh Act 8 of 1974"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Karnataka Act 31 of 1974?",
  "answer": "The Karnataka Land Reforms (Second Amendment and Miscellaneous
},
{
  "question": "Which act is also known as The Karnataka Land Reforms (Second
  "answer": "The Karnataka Act 31 of 1974"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Karnataka Act 27 of 1976?",
  "answer": "The Karnataka Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1976"
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is known as The Karnataka Land Reforms (Second Am
  "answer": "The Karnataka Act 27 of 1976"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Kerala Act 12 of 1966?",
  "answer": "The Kerala Prevention of Eviction Act, 1966"
},
{
  "question": "What is the official name of the Kerala Act 12 passed in 1966?",
  "answer": "The Kerala Prevention of Eviction Act, 1966"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Kerala Act 20 of 1969?",
  "answer": "The Sreepadam Lands Enfranchisement Act"
},
{
  "question": "Which act is known as The Sreepadam Lands Enfranchisement A",
  "answer": "Kerala Act 20 of 1969"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Kerala Act 20 of 1971?",
  "answer": "The Sree Pandaravaka Lands (Vesting and Enfranchisement) Act"
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is referred to as The Sree Pandaravaka Lands (Vesting",
  "answer": "Kerala Act 20 of 1971"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Kerala Act 26 of 1971?",
  "answer": "The Kerala Private Forests (Vesting and Assignment) Act"
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as The Kerala Private Forests (Vesting an",
  "answer": "The Kerala Act 26 of 1971"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Kerala Act 18 of 1974?",
  "answer": "The Kerala Agricultural Workers Act"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which act is known as The Kerala Agricultural Workers Act?",
  "answer": "Kerala Act 18 of 1974"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Kerala Act 29 of 1974?",
  "answer": "The Kerala Cashew Factories (Acquisition) Act"
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is referred to as The Kerala Cashew Factories (Acquisition) Act?",
  "answer": "Kerala Act 29 of 1974"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Kerala Act 23 of 1975?",
  "answer": "The Kerala Chitties Act"
},
{
  "question": "Which act is known as The Kerala Chitties Act?",
  "answer": "Kerala Act 23 of 1975"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Kerala Act 31 of 1975?",
  "answer": "The Kerala Scheduled Tribes (Restriction on Transfer of Lands and Other Rights) Act"
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is referred to as 'The Kerala Scheduled Tribes (Restriction on Transfer of Lands and Other Rights) Act'?",
  "answer": "The Kerala Act 31 of 1975"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Kerala Act 15 of 1976?",
  "answer": "The Kerala Land Reforms (Amendment) Act"
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as The Kerala Land Reforms (Amendmen",
  "answer": "Kerala Act 15 of 1976"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Kerala Act 16 of 1976?",
  "answer": "The Kanam Tenancy Abolition Act"
},
{
  "question": "Which act is known as The Kanam Tenancy Abolition Act?",
  "answer": "The Kerala Act 16 of 1976"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Madhya Pradesh Act 20 of 1974?",
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Amendmen",
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as the Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricu",
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Act 20 of 1974"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Madhya Pradesh Act 2 of 1976?",
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Amendmen
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the official name of the act also known as the Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1975?",
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1975"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Maharashtra Act XIV of 1975?",
  "answer": "The Maharashtra Restoration of Lands to Scheduled Tribes Act"
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is referred to as The Maharashtra Restoration of Lands to Scheduled Tribes Act?",
  "answer": "Maharashtra Act XIV of 1975"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Maharashtra Act XXI of 1975?",
  "answer": "The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Lowering of Ceiling on Holdings) Act, 1975"
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as the Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Lowering of Ceiling on Holdings) Act, 1975?",
  "answer": "Maharashtra Act XXI of 1975"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Maharashtra Act XXIX of 1975?",
  "answer": "The Maharashtra Private Forest (Acquisition) Act"
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is also known as The Maharashtra Private Forest (Acquisition) Act?",
  "answer": "Maharashtra Act XXIX of 1975"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Maharashtra Act XLVII of 1975?",
  "answer": "The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Lowering of Ceiling on Holdings) (Amendment) Act of 1975",
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is also known as The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Lowering of Ceiling on Holdings) (Amendment) Act of 1975?",
  "answer": "Maharashtra Act XLVII of 1975"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Maharashtra Act II of 1976?",
  "answer": "The Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) (Amendment) Act of 1976",
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is referred to as the Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) (Amendment) Act of 1976?",
  "answer": "The Maharashtra Act II of 1976"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Orissa Act I of 1952?",
  "answer": "The Orissa Estates Abolition Act"
},
{
  "question": "What is the formal name for 'The Orissa Estates Abolition Act'?",
  "answer": "Orissa Act I of 1952"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Rajasthan Act XXVII of 1954?",
  "answer": "The Rajasthan Colonisation Act"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as The Rajasthan Colonisation Act?",
  "answer": "Rajasthan Act XXVII of 1954"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Rajasthan Act 11 of 1964?",
  "answer": "The Rajasthan Land Reforms and Acquisition of Landowners' Estates Act, 1964"
},
{
  "question": "Which Rajasthan Act is known as The Rajasthan Land Reforms and Acquisition of Landowners' Estates Act?",
  "answer": "Rajasthan Act 11 of 1964"
},
{
  "question": "When was the Rajasthan Imposition of Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings Act enacted?",
  "answer": "1976"
},
{
  "question": "Which Act was enacted in Rajasthan in the year 1976 related to the ceiling on agricultural holdings?",
  "answer": "Rajasthan Imposition of Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1976"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Rajasthan Act 12 of 1976?",
  "answer": "The Rajasthan Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1976"
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as the Rajasthan Tenancy (Amendment) Act?",
  "answer": "The Rajasthan Act 12 of 1976"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1970?",
  "answer": "The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Reduction of Ceiling on Land) Act, 1970",
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Reduction of Ceiling on Land) Act, 1970?",
  "answer": "The Tamil Nadu Act 17 of 1970"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Tamil Nadu Act 10 of 1972?",
  "answer": "The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act, 1972",
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act, 1972?",
  "answer": "The Tamil Nadu Act 10 of 1972"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Tamil Nadu Act 7 of 1974?",
  "answer": "The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Sixth Amendment Act, 1974",
},
{
  "question": "Which act is also known as The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Sixth Amendment Act, 1974?",
  "answer": "The Tamil Nadu Act 7 of 1974"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Tamil Nadu Act 15 of 1974?",
  "answer": "The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act, 1974"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the official name of the Tamil Nadu Act 15 of 1974?",
  "answer": "The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act, 1974",
},
{
  "question": "What is Uttar Pradesh Act I of 1951?",
  "answer": "The Uttar Pradesh Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Act, 1951",
},
{
  "question": "What Act is also known as The Uttar Pradesh Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Act?",
  "answer": "Uttar Pradesh Act I of 1951"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Uttar Pradesh Act 34 of 1974?",
  "answer": "The Uttar Pradesh Land Laws (Amendment) Act, 1974"
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is also known as The Uttar Pradesh Land Laws (Amendment) Act, 1974?",
  "answer": "Uttar Pradesh Act 34 of 1974"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Uttar Pradesh Act 20 of 1976?",
  "answer": "The Uttar Pradesh Imposition of Ceiling on Land Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1976",
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as The Uttar Pradesh Imposition of Ceiling on Land Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1976?",
  "answer": "The Uttar Pradesh Act 20 of 1976"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Act XXVIII of 1972?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1972"
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is known as the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second A",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Act XXVIII of 1972"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Bihar Act 13 of 1975?",
  "answer": "The Bihar Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling Area and Acquisition o",
},
{
  "question": "Which act is also known as The Bihar Land Reforms (Fixation of C",
  "answer": "Bihar Act 13 of 1975"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Haryana Act 14 of 1977?",
  "answer": "The Haryana Ceiling on Land Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1977"
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as The Haryana Ceiling on Land Holdings",
  "answer": "Haryana Act 14 of 1977"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Tamil Nadu Act 25 of 1978?",
  "answer": "The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amen
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as the Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Act, 1980?",
  "answer": "It is referred to as the Tamil Nadu Act 25 of 1978."
},
{
  "question": "What is the Uttar Pradesh Act 15 of 1978?",
  "answer": "The Uttar Pradesh Zamindari Abolition Laws (Amendment) Act, 1978"
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as The Uttar Pradesh Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Act, 1955?",
  "answer": "Uttar Pradesh Act 15 of 1978"
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Restoration of Alienated Land (Amendment) Act, 1978?",
  "answer": "It is an act passed in West Bengal, known as West Bengal Act XXIV of 1978"
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Act XXIV of 1978 commonly known as?",
  "answer": "It is commonly known as the West Bengal Restoration of Alienated Land (Amendment) Act, 1978"
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Restoration of Alienated Land (Amendment) Act, 1978 commonly known as?",
  "answer": "It is an act passed in West Bengal, known as West Bengal Act LVI of 1980"
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Act LVI of 1980 known as?",
  "answer": "It is known as the West Bengal Restoration of Alienated Land (Amendment) Act, 1980"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Goa, Daman and Diu Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1964?",
  "answer": "It is an act passed in Goa, Daman and Diu, known as Goa, Daman and Diu Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1964",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Goa, Daman and Diu Act 7 of 1964 also known as?",
  "answer": "It is also known as the Goa, Daman and Diu Agricultural Tenancy Act, 1964",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Goa, Daman and Diu Agricultural Tenancy (Fifth Amendment) Act, 1964?",
  "answer": "It is an act passed in Goa, Daman and Diu, known as Goa, Daman and Diu Agricultural Tenancy (Fifth Amendment) Act, 1964",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Goa, Daman and Diu Act 17 of 1976 also known as?",
  "answer": "It is also known as the Goa, Daman and Diu Agricultural Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1976",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Andhra Pradesh Scheduled Areas Land Transfer Regulation, 1959?",
  "answer": "It is a regulation passed in Andhra Pradesh, known as Andhra Pradesh Scheduled Areas Land Transfer Regulation, 1959",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Andhra Pradesh Regulation 1 of 1959 also known as?",
  "answer": "It is also known as the Andhra Pradesh Scheduled Areas Land Transfer Regulation, 1959",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Andhra Pradesh Scheduled Areas Laws (Extension and Amendment) Regulation, 1959?",
  "answer": "It is a regulation passed in Andhra Pradesh, known as Andhra Pradesh Scheduled Areas Laws (Extension and Amendment) Regulation, 1959",
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is another name for the regulation passed in Andhra Pradesh?",
  "answer": "It is also known as the Andhra Pradesh Scheduled Areas Laws (Exemption from Land Revenue Regulation).",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Bihar Tenancy Act, 1885?",
  "answer": "It is an act passed in Bihar, known as Bihar Act 8 of 1885.",
},
{
  "question": "What is Bihar Act 8 of 1885 also known as?",
  "answer": "Bihar Act 8 of 1885 is also known as the Bihar Tenancy Act, 1885.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Chota Nagpur Tenancy Act, 1908?",
  "answer": "It is an act passed in Bengal, known as Bengal Act 6 of 1908.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Bengal Act 6 of 1908 also known as?",
  "answer": "It is also known as the Chota Nagpur Tenancy Act, 1908.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Gujarat Devasthan Inams Abolition Act, 1969?",
  "answer": "It is an act passed in Gujarat, known as Gujarat Act 16 of 1969.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Gujarat Act 16 of 1969 also known as?",
  "answer": "It is also known as the Gujarat Devasthan Inams Abolition Act, 1969.",
}
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Gujarat Tenancy Laws (Amendment) Act, 1976?",
  "answer": "It is an act passed in Gujarat, known as Gujarat Act 37 of 1976."
},
{
  "question": "What is Gujarat Act 37 of 1976 also known as?",
  "answer": "It is also known as the Gujarat Tenancy Laws (Amendment) Act, 1976."
},
{
  "question": "What is the Gujarat Act 30 of 1977?",
  "answer": "Laws (Amendment) Act, 1977"
},
{
  "question": "What is another name for the Laws (Amendment) Act, 1977?",
  "answer": "Gujarat Act 30 of 1977"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Gujarat Act 37 of 1980?",
  "answer": "The Bombay Land Revenue (Gujarat Second Amendment) Act, 1980."
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as The Bombay Land Revenue (Gujarat Second Amendment) Act, 1980?",
  "answer": "The Gujarat Act 37 of 1980"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Gujarat Act 8 of 1982?",
  "answer": "The Bombay Land Revenue Code and Land Tenure Abolition Laws, 1982."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the formal name for Gujarat Act 8 of 1982?",
  "answer": "The Bombay Land Revenue Code and Land Tenure Abolition Laws",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Himachal Pradesh Act 15 of 1969?",
  "answer": "The Himachal Pradesh Transfer of Land (Regulation) Act, 1968"
},
{
  "question": "What is the official name for Himachal Pradesh Act 15 of 1969?",
  "answer": "The Himachal Pradesh Transfer of Land (Regulation) Act, 1968"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Himachal Pradesh Act 16 of 1986?",
  "answer": "The Himachal Pradesh Transfer of Land (Regulation) (Amendment) Act, 1986"
},
{
  "question": "Which act is known as The Himachal Pradesh Transfer of Land (F)",
  "answer": "It is known as the Himachal Pradesh Act 16 of 1986"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Karnataka Act 2 of 1979?",
  "answer": "The Karnataka Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prohibition)",
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as The Karnataka Scheduled Castes and",
  "answer": "The Karnataka Act 2 of 1979"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the Kerala Act 13 of 1978?",  
  "answer": "The Kerala Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1978"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "Which act is known as the Kerala Land Reforms (Amendment) Act",  
  "answer": "The Kerala Act 13 of 1978"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the Kerala Act 19 of 1981?",  
  "answer": "The Kerala Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1981"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "Which Kerala Act is also known as The Kerala Land Reforms (Am",  
  "answer": "Kerala Act 19 of 1981"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the Madhya Pradesh Act 61 of 1976?",  
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue Code (Third Amendment) Act"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the official name for the Madhya Pradesh Act 61 of 1976?",  
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue Code (Third Amendment) Act"
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "What is the Madhya Pradesh Act 15 of 1980?",  
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue Code (Amendment) Act, 1980"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as The Madhya Pradesh Land Revenue C",
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Act 15 of 1980"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Madhya Pradesh Act 11 of 1981?",
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Akrishik Jot Uchchatam Seema Adhiniyam, 1
},
{
  "question": "What is the official name of the Madhya Pradesh Akrishik Jot Uch",
  "answer": "Madhya Pradesh Act 11 of 1981"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Madhya Pradesh Act 1 of 1984?",
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Second Am
},
{
  "question": "Which act is also known as The Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agric",
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Act 1 of 1984"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Madhya Pradesh Act 14 of 1984?",
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Amendmen
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as The Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agric",
  "answer": "It is referred to as the Madhya Pradesh Act 14 of 1984"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Madhya Pradesh Act 8 of 1989?",
  "answer": "The Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1989",
},
{
  "question": "What is the official name for the Madhya Pradesh Ceiling on Agricultural Holdings (Amendment) Act, 1989?",
  "answer": "It is known as the Madhya Pradesh Act 8 of 1989."
},
{
  "question": "What is the Maharashtra Act 41 of 1966?",
  "answer": "The Maharashtra Land Revenue Code, 1966"
},
{
  "question": "Which act is also known as the Maharashtra Land Revenue Code?",
  "answer": "Maharashtra Act 41 of 1966"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Maharashtra Act 30 of 1977?",
  "answer": "The Maharashtra Land Revenue Code and the Maharashtra Restoration of Land to Cultivation Act, 1977"
},
{
  "question": "Which act is also known as The Maharashtra Land Revenue Code?",
  "answer": "The Maharashtra Act 30 of 1977"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Maharashtra Act 16 of 1985?",
  "answer": "The Maharashtra Abolition of Subsisting Proprietary Rights to Mines and Minerals Act, 1985"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is known as 'The Maharashtra Abolition of Subsisting P",
  "answer": "Maharashtra Act 16 of 1985"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Orissa Regulation 2 of 1956?",
  "answer": "The Orissa Scheduled Areas Transfer of Immovable Property (by S",
},
{
  "question": "Which regulation is referred to as The Orissa Scheduled Areas Tr",
  "answer": "Orissa Regulation 2 of 1956"
},
{
  "question": "When was the Orissa Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act en",
  "answer": "1975"
},
{
  "question": "Which legislation was enacted in Orissa in 1975?",
  "answer": "Orissa Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Orissa Act 29 of 1976?",
  "answer": "The Orissa Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act, 1975"
},
{
  "question": "What is the official name of the Orissa Land Reforms (Second Am",
  "answer": "Orissa Act 29 of 1976"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "When was the Rajasthan Colonisation (Amendment) Act enacted?",
  "answer": "1984"
},
{
  "question": "What act was enacted in Rajasthan in 1984?",
  "answer": "Rajasthan Colonisation (Amendment) Act"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Rajasthan Act 13 of 1984?",
  "answer": "The Rajasthan Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1984"
},
{
  "question": "What is the official name of the Rajasthan Tenancy (Amendment) Act, 1984?",
  "answer": "It is officially known as the Rajasthan Act 13 of 1984."
},
{
  "question": "When was the Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Act enacted?",
  "answer": "1979"
},
{
  "question": "What was enacted in Tamil Nadu related to land reforms in the year 1979?",
  "answer": "The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Second Amendment Act, 1979"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Tamil Nadu Act 21 of 1980?",
  "answer": "The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act, 1980"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "Which Act is referred to as The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Act?",
  "answer": "It is referred to as Tamil Nadu Act 21 of 1980"
},
{
  "question": "When was the Uttar Pradesh Land Laws (Amendment) Act enacted?",
  "answer": "1982"
},
{
  "question": "Which act was enacted in Uttar Pradesh in the year 1982?",
  "answer": "Uttar Pradesh Land Laws (Amendment) Act"
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Act 18 of 1965?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965"
},
{
  "question": "What is the official name for the West Bengal Act 18 of 1965?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act, 1965"
},
{
  "question": "When was the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act enacted?",
  "answer": "1969"
},
{
  "question": "What act was enacted in West Bengal in the year 1969?",
  "answer": "West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act"
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Act 36 of 1977?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Estate Acquisition (Amendment) Act, 1977"
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as The West Bengal Estate Acquisition (A",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Act 36 of 1977"
},
{
  "question": "When was the West Bengal Land Holding Revenue Act enacted?",
  "answer": "1979"
},
{
  "question": "What act was enacted in West Bengal in 1979?",
  "answer": "West Bengal Land Holding Revenue Act"
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Act 33 of 1981?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Land Holding Revenue (Amendment) Act, 1981"
},
{
  "question": "What is the official name for the West Bengal Act 33 of 1981?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Land Holding Revenue (Amendment) Act, 1981"
},
{
  "question": "When was the Calcutta Thikka Tenancy (Acquisition and Regulati",
  "answer": "1981"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What act was enacted in Calcutta in 1981?",
  "answer": "The Calcutta Thikka Tenancy (Acquisition and Regulation) Act"
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Act 23 of 1982?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Land Holding Revenue (Amendment) Act, 1982"
},
{
  "question": "What is the official title of the West Bengal Land Holding Revenue",
  "answer": "West Bengal Act 23 of 1982"
},
{
  "question": "When was the Calcutta Thikka Tenancy (Acquisition and Regulation)",
  "answer": "1984"
},
{
  "question": "What act was enacted in 1984 related to thikka tenancy in Calcutta",
  "answer": "Calcutta Thikka Tenancy (Acquisition and Regulation) (Amendment)",
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Act 41 of 1984?",
  "answer": "The Calcutta Thikka Tenancy (Acquisition and Regulation) (Amendment)",
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as The Calcutta Thikka Tenancy (Acquisition",
  "answer": "West Bengal Act 41 of 1984"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Mahe Land Reforms Act?",
  "answer": "It is an act from 1968, referenced as Pondicherry Act 1 of 1968."
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referred to as Pondicherry Act 1 of 1968?",
  "answer": "The Mahe Land Reforms Act is referred to as Pondicherry Act 1 of 1968."
},
{
  "question": "When was the Mahe Land Reforms Act amended?",
  "answer": "It was amended in 1980, referenced as Pondicherry Act 1 of 1981."
},
{
  "question": "What is the reference name of the Mahe Land Reforms Act amendment?",
  "answer": "The amendment is referenced as Pondicherry Act 1 of 1981."
},
{
  "question": "What is the Tamil Nadu Backward Classes, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Reservation Act?",
  "answer": "It is an act from 1993, referenced as Tamil Nadu Act 45 of 1994, the Tamil Nadu Backward Classes, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Reservation Act."
},
{
  "question": "Which act, referenced as Tamil Nadu Act 45 of 1994, reserves seats for backward classes, scheduled castes and scheduled tribes in government jobs and educational institutions?",
  "answer": "The Tamil Nadu Backward Classes, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Reservation Act, 1993."
},
{
  "question": "What is the Bihar Privileged Persons Homestead Tenancy Act?",
  "answer": "It is an act from 1947, referenced as Bihar Act 4 of 1948."
}
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the year and reference of the Bihar Privileged Persons Ho
  "answer": "The Bihar Privileged Persons Homestead Tenancy Act is from 194
},
{
  "question": "What is the Bihar Consolidation of Holdings and Prevention of Fra
  "answer": "It is an act from 1956, referenced as Bihar Act 22 of 1956."
},
{
  "question": "Which act is referenced as Bihar Act 22 of 1956?",
  "answer": "The Bihar Consolidation of Holdings and Prevention of Fragmentat
},
{
  "question": "When was the Bihar Consolidation of Holdings and Prevention of
  "answer": "It was last amended in 1981, referenced as Bihar Act 35 of 1982."
},
{
  "question": "What does Bihar Act 35 of 1982 refer to?",
  "answer": "Bihar Act 35 of 1982 refers to the last amendment of the Bihar Con
},
{
  "question": "What is the Karnataka Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes A
  "answer": "It is an act from 1984, referenced as Karnataka Act 3 of 1984, that
},
{
  "question": "Which act from 1984, referenced as Karnataka Act 3 of 1984, pro
  "answer": "The Karnataka Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Act."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the Rajasthan Colonisation Act?",
  "answer": "It is an act that was amended in 1987 and 1989, referenced as Raj",
},
{
  "question": "Which act was amended in 1987 and 1989, referenced as Rajasth",
  "answer": "The Rajasthan Colonisation Act was amended in 1987 and 1989, r",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land",
  "answer": "Tamil Nadu Act 3 of 1984"
},
{
  "question": "What is the formal name for the Tamil Nadu Act 3 of 1984?",
  "answer": "The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amend",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land",
  "answer": "Tamil Nadu Act 57 of 1986"
},
{
  "question": "What is Tamil Nadu Act 57 of 1986 also known as?",
  "answer": "The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amend",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land",
  "answer": "Tamil Nadu Act 4 of 1988"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is Tamil Nadu Act 4 of 1988 also known as?",
  "answer": "The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Second Amendment Act of 1988",
},
{
  "question": "What is the Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act of 1989 also known as?",
  "answer": "Tamil Nadu Act 30 of 1989"
},
{
  "question": "What is the Tamil Nadu Act 30 of 1989 also known as?",
  "answer": "The Tamil Nadu Land Reforms (Fixation of Ceiling on Land) Amendment Act of 1989",
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act of 1981 also known as?",
  "answer": "West Bengal Act 50 of 1981"
},
{
  "question": "What is another name for the West Bengal Act 50 of 1981?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act of 1981"
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act of 1986 also known as?",
  "answer": "West Bengal Act 5 of 1986"
},
{
  "question": "What is West Bengal Act 5 of 1986 also known as?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act of 1986"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act",
  "answer": "West Bengal Act 19 of 1986"
},
{
  "question": "What is another name for the West Bengal Act 19 of 1986?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Land Reforms (Second Amendment) Act of 1986"
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act of",
  "answer": "West Bengal Act 35 of 1986"
},
{
  "question": "What is the official name of West Bengal Act 35 of 1986?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Land Reforms (Third Amendment) Act of 1986"
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act of 1989",
  "answer": "West Bengal Act 23 of 1989"
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Act 23 of 1989 known as?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act of 1989"
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act of 1990",
  "answer": "West Bengal Act 24 of 1990"
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is West Bengal Act 24 of 1990 also known as?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Land Reforms (Amendment) Act of 1990"
},
{
  "question": "What is the West Bengal Land Reforms Tribunal Act of 1991?",
  "answer": "West Bengal Act 12 of 1991"
},
{
  "question": "What is the 'West Bengal Act 12 of 1991' known as?",
  "answer": "The West Bengal Land Reforms Tribunal Act of 1991"
},
{
  "question": "What does 'House' mean in the Tenth Schedule?",
  "answer": "Either House of Parliament or the Legislative Assembly or, as the c
},
{
  "question": "What could 'Either House of Parliament or the Legislative Assemb
  "answer": "House"
},
{
  "question": "In the Tenth Schedule, what does 'legislature party' refer to?",
  "answer": "The group consisting of all the members of that House for the time
},
{
  "question": "What is the group consisting of all the members of that House for
  "answer": "It refers to the 'legislature party'"
}
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What does 'original political party' mean in the Tenth Schedule?",
  "answer": "In relation to a member of a House, it means the political party to w
},
{
  "question": "Who does the 'original political party' refer to in the context of a m
  "answer": "It refers to the political party to which the member originally belongs
},
{
  "question": "What does 'paragraph' refer to in this text?",
  "answer": "A paragraph of this Schedule."
},
{
  "question": "In the context of this text, what does 'A paragraph of this Schedule
  "answer": "It refers to a 'paragraph'."
},
{
  "question": "Under what conditions can a member of a House be disqualified b
  "answer": "A member can be disqualified if he voluntarily gives up his member
},
{
  "question": "What does it mean if a member voluntarily gives up his membersh
  "answer": "It means the member can be disqualified based on defection."
},
{
  "question": "How is an elected member of a House deemed to belong to a poli
  "answer": "An elected member is deemed to belong to the political party that s
```

```
},
{
  "question": "How does a political party determine which elected member belongs to it?",
  "answer": "The political party determines that an elected member belongs to it by the party symbol on the member's election ticket.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if an elected member of a House joins a political party after the election?",
  "answer": "The member will be disqualified for being a member of the House if he or she joins a political party after the election.",
},
{
  "question": "What is the consequence for an independent elected member of a House?",
  "answer": "The member will be disqualified for being a member of the House.",
},
{
  "question": "When can a nominated member of a House be disqualified for being a member of a political party?",
  "answer": "A nominated member of a House can be disqualified for being a member of a political party if he or she joins a political party after the election.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a nominated member of a House joins a political party after the election?",
  "answer": "If a nominated member of a House joins any political party after the election, he or she will be disqualified for being a member of the House.",
},
{
  "question": "What happens to a person who is a member of a House at the commencement of the Constitution (Fiftysecond Amendment) Act, 1985?",
  "answer": "A person who, on the commencement of the Constitution (Fiftysecond Amendment) Act, 1985, is a member of a House will continue to be a member of that House.",
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution (Fiftysecond Amendment) Act, 1985 say about the disqualification of members of a House?",
  "answer": "According to the Constitution (Fiftysecond Amendment) Act, 1985, a member of a House who is a member of a political party at the time of the election will be disqualified for being a member of the House.",
}
```



```
},
{
  "question": "Who is not disqualified under this Schedule even if they voluntarily",
  "answer": "A person who has been elected to the office of the Speaker or the L",
},
{
  "question": "Who decides on questions as to disqualification on grounds of def",
  "answer": "The question shall be referred for the decision of the Chairman or,",
},
{
  "question": "To whom is the question of disqualification on grounds of defection",
  "answer": "The question shall be referred for the decision of the Chairman or,",
},
{
  "question": "What happens if a question arises whether the Chairman or the S",
  "answer": "The question shall be referred for the decision of such member of t",
},
{
  "question": "To whom is the question referred for a decision if a question arise",
  "answer": "The question shall be referred for the decision of such member of t",
},
{
  "question": "How are the proceedings in relation to any question as to disquali",
  "answer": "All proceedings under sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph in relatio",
},
{
  "question": "What are all proceedings under sub-paragraph (1) of this paragra",
  "answer": "They are deemed to be proceedings in Parliament within the mean
```



```
},
{
  "question": "What does the maintenance of registers or records of political parties mean?",
  "answer": "These refer to what these rules can provide for."
},
{
  "question": "When should the rules made by the Chairman or the Speaker of a House be laid before the House?",
  "answer": "The rules made by the Chairman or the Speaker of a House should be laid before the House as soon as may be after they are made, for approval or modification."
},
{
  "question": "What is the time period within which the rules made by the Chairman or the Speaker of a House should be laid before the House?",
  "answer": "The rules should be laid as soon as may be after they are made, for approval or modification."
},
{
  "question": "What happens to the rules after the expiry of thirty days?",
  "answer": "Upon the expiry of the said period of thirty days, unless they are so approved or modified, they shall stand rejected."
},
{
  "question": "What occurs if the rules are not approved, with or without modification, within the said period of thirty days?",
  "answer": "Upon the expiry of the said period of thirty days, unless they are so approved or modified, they shall stand rejected."
},
{
  "question": "What can the Chairman or the Speaker of a House do according to the rules?",
  "answer": "The Chairman or the Speaker of a House may, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, make such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the better conduct of the business of the House."
},
{
  "question": "What does the Constitution say the Chairman or the Speaker of a House may do?",
  "answer": "The Chairman or the Speaker of a House may, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, make such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the better conduct of the business of the House."
```

```
},
{
  "question": "What is included in the Eleventh Schedule?",
  "answer": "The Eleventh Schedule includes topics such as Agriculture, Land in
},
{
  "question": "What are some of the topics included in the Eleventh Schedule su
  "answer": "The Eleventh Schedule includes topics such as Agriculture, Land in
},
{
  "question": "What kind of industries are included in the Eleventh Schedule?",
  "answer": "Small scale industries, including food processing industries and Kh
},
{
  "question": "Which schedule includes small scale industries, food processing i
  "answer": "The Eleventh Schedule includes these industries."
},
{
  "question": "What welfare programs are included in the Eleventh Schedule?",
  "answer": "Family welfare, Women and child development, Social welfare, incl
},
{
  "question": "Which Schedule includes programs such as family welfare, wome
  "answer": "These programs are included in the Eleventh Schedule."
},
{
  "question": "What does the twelfth schedule of Article 243W include?",
  "answer": "Urban planning including town planning, regulation of land-use and
```

```
},  
{  
  "question": "Which article and schedule includes the regulation of land-use, co  
  "answer": "The twelfth schedule of Article 243W includes these provisions."  
}  
]
```