

● Blood Tests

	Definition
HBsAg	Test for Hepatitis B surface antigen. Positive (+) represents subject is infected with hepatitis B virus (HBV).
HBcAb	Test for Hepatitis B core antibodies. Positive (+) represents subject had been infected with HBV.
HBV DNA	Test for presence of HBV DNA. Positive (+) represents subject is infected with HBV.
Anti-HCV	Test for Hepatitis C virus antibodies. Positive (+) represents subject had been infected with HCV.
HCV RNA	Test for presence of HCV RNA. Positive (+) represents subject is infected with HCV.
Syphilis	Test for Syphilis. Positive (+) represents subject is infected with Syphilis.
Anti-HIV-1 、 Anti-HIV-2	Test for HIV (Human Immunodeficiency Virus, the AIDS virus) antibodies. Positive (+) represents subject had been infected with HIV.
HIV-1 RNA	Test for presence of HIV-1 RNA. Positive (+) represents subject is infected with HIV-1.
Anti-HTLV	Test for Human T-Lymphotropic Virus (HTLV) Antibodies. Positive (+) represents subject had been infected by HTLV.
Anti -CMV (Anti -CMV IgG 、 Anti-CMV IgM)	Test for Cytomegalovirus Antibodies. Positive (+) represents subject had been infected with CMV.