



# UNIVERSIDADE PRESBITERIANA MACKENZIE

## Faculdade de Computação e Informática

Prof. Dr. Ivan Carlos Alcântara de Oliveira

Disciplina: Estruturas de Dados I



### Atividade Multiplexação – Fila Circular

Dupla ou Trio

Nome do(a) aluno(a)	TIA
Anderson Correa Nicodemo	32285671
Gustavo Garabetti Munhoz	42211956

Utilizando a classe Fila Circular que disponibilizada em aula, realizar a implementação da atividade Multiplexação.

Realizar dois (2) testes de cada item de menu, colocá-los no relatório a seguir (*Printscreen*) e incluir os códigos fontes desenvolvidos em uma seção denominada Apêndice, além disso, enviar o código fonte compactado.

### Resolução

```
PROBLEMS 1 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
[Running] cd "c:\Users\Ander\Downloads\Estruturas\" && javac Main.java && java Main

      M E N U

1 - Add element on 1st Stream
2 - Add element on 2nd Stream
3 - Add element on 3rd Stream
4 - Print all stream elements
5 - Multiplex streams
6 - Print multiplexed stream
7 - Close

| | Enter an option: |
```

```
Enter an option: 1
Enter a list of numbers to be placed in Stream 1 separated by commas: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
Successfully saved!

      M E N U

1 - Add element on 1st Stream
2 - Add element on 2nd Stream
3 - Add element on 3rd Stream
4 - Print all stream elements
5 - Multiplex streams
6 - Print multiplexed stream
7 - Close

Enter an option: █
```



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Enter a list of numbers to be placed in Stream 1 separated by commas: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Successfully saved!

### M E N U

- 1 - Add element on 1st Stream
- 2 - Add element on 2nd Stream
- 3 - Add element on 3rd Stream
- 4 - Print all stream elements
- 5 - Multiplex streams
- 6 - Print multiplexed stream
- 7 - Close

Enter an option: 4

Stream Elements:

Stream 1: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

Stream 2 is empty!

Stream 3 is empty!

Enter an option: 2

Enter a list of numbers to be placed in Stream 2 separated by commas: 6, 7, 8, 9

Successfully saved!

### M E N U

- 1 - Add element on 1st Stream
- 2 - Add element on 2nd Stream
- 3 - Add element on 3rd Stream
- 4 - Print all stream elements
- 5 - Multiplex streams
- 6 - Print multiplexed stream
- 7 - Close

Enter an option: 4

Stream Elements:

Stream 1: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

Stream 2: [6, 7, 8, 9]

Stream 3 is empty!

Enter an option: 3

Enter a list of numbers to be placed in Stream 3 separated by commas: 10, 348534

Successfully saved!

### M E N U

- 1 - Add element on 1st Stream
- 2 - Add element on 2nd Stream
- 3 - Add element on 3rd Stream
- 4 - Print all stream elements
- 5 - Multiplex streams
- 6 - Print multiplexed stream
- 7 - Close

Enter an option: 4

Stream Elements:

Stream 1: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

Stream 2: [6, 7, 8, 9]

Stream 3: [10, 348534]



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```
Enter an option: 5
Successfully multiplexed streams!

  M E N U
  1 - Add element on 1st Stream
  2 - Add element on 2nd Stream
  3 - Add element on 3rd Stream
  4 - Print all stream elements
  5 - Multiplex streams
  6 - Print multiplexed stream
  7 - Close

Enter an option: 4
Stream Elements:
All the Streams are empty! Please add elements to the streams and try multiplexing again!
```

```
  M E N U
  1 - Add element on 1st Stream
  2 - Add element on 2nd Stream
  3 - Add element on 3rd Stream
  4 - Print all stream elements
  5 - Multiplex streams
  6 - Print multiplexed stream
  7 - Close

Enter an option: 6
Multiplexed stream: [(1,1), (6,2), (10,3), (2,1), (7,2), (348534,3), (3,1), (8,2), (4,1), (9,2), (5,1)]
```

```
Enter an option: 6
Multiplexed stream are Empty! Please add elements to the streams and try multiplexing again!

  M E N U
  1 - Add element on 1st Stream
  2 - Add element on 2nd Stream
  3 - Add element on 3rd Stream
  4 - Print all stream elements
  5 - Multiplex streams
  6 - Print multiplexed stream
  7 - Close

Enter an option: 4
Stream Elements:
All the Streams are empty! Please add elements to the streams and try multiplexing again!
```



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```
Enter an option: 1

Enter a list of numbers to be placed in Stream 1 separated by commas: 1, 2, 3, 4

Successfully saved!

      M E N U

1 - Add element on 1st Stream
2 - Add element on 2nd Stream
3 - Add element on 3rd Stream
4 - Print all stream elements
5 - Multiplex streams
6 - Print multiplexed stream
7 - Close

Enter an option: 4

Stream Elements:
Stream 1: [1, 2, 3, 4]
Stream 2 is empty!
Stream 3 is empty!
```

```
Enter an option: 5

Successfully multiplexed streams!

      M E N U

1 - Add element on 1st Stream
2 - Add element on 2nd Stream
3 - Add element on 3rd Stream
4 - Print all stream elements
5 - Multiplex streams
6 - Print multiplexed stream
7 - Close

Enter an option: 6

Multiplexed stream: [(1,1), (2,1), (3,1), (4,1)]
```

```
      M E N U

1 - Add element on 1st Stream
2 - Add element on 2nd Stream
3 - Add element on 3rd Stream
4 - Print all stream elements
5 - Multiplex streams
6 - Print multiplexed stream
7 - Close

Enter an option: 7

Program Closed! Thank you very much for using the Multiplexer!
gustavo@garabs-ubuntu:~/Documentos/3o-Periodo-Computacao/Estruturas/Proj1$
```



## Apêndice

### Menu

```
1 |  
2 |          M E N U  
3 |  
4 |      1 - Add element on 1st Stream  
5 |      2 - Add element on 2nd Stream  
6 |      3 - Add element on 3rd Stream  
7 |      4 - Print all stream elements  
8 |      5 - Multiplex streams  
9 |      6 - Print multiplexed stream  
10 |      7 - Close  
11 |
```

### Classe IO Functions

```
1  import java.io.File;  
2  import java.io.FileNotFoundException;  
3  import java.util.*;  
4  
5  public class IOFunctions{  
6      public static void Show_Menu(){ //Realiza a leitura do menu através de um TXT  
7          File file = new File("menu.txt");  
8  
9          try {  
10             Scanner scan = new Scanner(file);  
11  
12             while(scan.hasNextLine()) System.out.println(scan.nextLine());  
13  
14             scan.close();  
15         } catch (FileNotFoundException err){  
16             System.out.println("Error opening file:" + err.getMessage());  
17         }  
18     }  
19  
20     public static int choice(){ //Salva a choice do usuario  
21         Show_Menu();  
22         Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);  
23         System.out.print("\n      Enter an option: ");  
24         int choice = Integer.parseInt(input.nextLine());  
25         while(choice > 7 || choice < 1){  
26             Show_Menu();  
27             System.out.print("\nInvalid option, type again: ");  
28             choice = input.nextInt();  
29         }  
30         return choice;  
31     }  
32 }
```





## Classe CircularQueue

```
1 public class CircularQueue{
2     private int begin, end, qtd;
3     private StreamObject queue[];
4     private static final int DEFAULT_TAM = 100;
5
6     public CircularQueue(int size_queue){
7         this.begin = this.end = this.qtd = 0;
8         this.queue = new StreamObject[size_queue];
9     }
10
11     public CircularQueue(){ this(DEFAULT_TAM); }
12
13     public int size(){ return this.qtd; }
14
15     public boolean isEmpty(){ return this.size() == 0; }
16
17     public boolean isFull(){ return this.size() == this.queue.length; }
18
19     public void enqueue(StreamObject object){
20         if(!this.isFull()){
21             this.queue[this.end++] = object;
22             this.end %= this.queue.length;
23             this.qtd++;
24         }else System.out.println("Queue overStreamObject!");
25     }
26
27     public StreamObject dequeue(){
28         StreamObject aux = new StreamObject();
29         if(!this.isEmpty()){
30             this.qtd--;
31             this.begin = ++this.begin % this.queue.length;
32             return queue[(this.begin - 1 + this.queue.length) % this.queue.length];
33         }else System.out.println("Queue underStreamObject!");
34         return aux;
35     }
36
37     public StreamObject front(){
38         StreamObject aux = new StreamObject();
```



```
39     if(!this.isEmpty()) return this.queue[this.begin];
40     System.out.println("Queue underStreamObject");
41     return aux;
42 }
43
44 public StreamObject rear(){
45     StreamObject aux = new StreamObject();
46     if(!this.isEmpty()) return this.queue[(this.end - 1 + this.queue.length) % this.queue.length];
47     System.out.println("Queue underStreamObject");
48     return aux;
49 }
50
51 public void AddElementsOnStream(int elements[], int ID){ //Adiciona os elementos a fila
52     for(int i = 0; i < elements.length; i++){
53         StreamObject obj = new StreamObject(ID, elements[i]);
54         this.enqueue(obj);
55     }
56 }
57
58 public boolean MultiplexStreams(CircularQueue F[]){ //Realiza a multiplexação
59     if(F[0].isEmpty() && F[1].isEmpty() && F[2].isEmpty()){
60         return false;
61     }
62     int cont = 0; //Inicializa contador e um vetor iteradores
63     while(!F[0].isEmpty() || !F[1].isEmpty() || !F[2].isEmpty()){
64         if(!F[cont % 3].isEmpty()){ //Verifica se ainda há elementos não processados na fila
65             this.enqueue(F[cont % 3].dequeue()); //Insere o elemento da frente da fila atual para a fila MUXF
66         }
67         cont++;
68     }
69     return true;
70 }
71
72 public int PrintElementsOfStream(int ID){ //Imprime os elementos da fila
73     if(this.isEmpty()){
74         return 0;
75     }
76     System.out.printf("Stream %d: [", ID+1);
77     for(int i = 0; i < this.size(); i++){
78         System.out.printf("%d", this.front().getData()); //Pega o elemento inicial da fila
79         if(i != this.size()-1) System.out.printf(", "); //Separa o elemento com virgula
80         this.enqueue(this.dequeue());
81     }
82     System.out.printf("]\n");
83     return 1;
84 }
85
86 public void PrintElementsOfMUXStream(){ //Imprime os elementos da fila
87     if(this.isEmpty()){
88         System.out.print("\nMultiplexed stream are Empty! Please add elements to the streams and try multiplexing again!\n");
89         return;
90     }
91     System.out.print("\nMultiplexed stream: [");
92     int tam = this.size();
93     for(int i = 0; i < tam; i++){
94         System.out.printf("(%d,%d)", this.front().getData(), this.front().getID()+1);
95         if(i != tam-1) System.out.printf(", "); //Separa o elemento com virgula
96         this.dequeue();
97     }
98     System.out.printf("]\n");
99 }
100
101 }
```



## Classe AuxiliarMethods

```
1 public class AuxiliarMethods {
2     public static int[] split(String values){
3         values = values.trim();
4         int[] aux = new int[values.length()];
5         int cont = 0;
6         String buffer = new String(""); //Define um buffer para salvar o elemento
7         for(int i = 0; i < values.length(); i++){ //Adiciona os elementos a fila, identificando-os através da separação por vírgula
8             while(i < values.length() && values.charAt(i) != ','){
9                 buffer += values.charAt(i);
10                i++;
11            }
12            int valor = Integer.parseInt(buffer.trim());
13            aux[cont++] = valor;
14            buffer = ""; //Reseta o buffer
15        }
16        int[] ans = new int[cont];
17        for(int i = 0; i < cont; i++) ans[i] = aux[i];
18        return ans;
19    }
20 }
```

## Classe StreamObject

```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2
3 public class StreamObject { //Classe fila
4     private int streamID, streamData;
5     public static final int ID_DEFAULT = 0, DATA_DEFAULT = 0;
6     Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
7
8     public StreamObject(int ID, int data){ //Construtores da fila
9         setID(ID);
10        setData(data);
11    }
12
13    public StreamObject(){ this(ID_DEFAULT, DATA_DEFAULT); }
14
15    public int getData(){ return this.streamData; }
16
17    public void setData(int newData){ this.streamData = newData; }
18
19    public int getID(){ return this.streamID; }
20
21    public void setID(int newID){ this.streamID = newID; }
22
23 }
```





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### Main

```
1 import java.util.*;
2
3 public class Main {
4     Run | Debug
5     public static void main(String[] args) {
6         Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
7         CircularQueue[] stream = new CircularQueue[3]; //Cria os fluxos
8         CircularQueue MUXstream = new CircularQueue(); //Cria a fila para o multiplexador
9
10        for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++) stream[i] = new CircularQueue(); //Cria 3 filas circulares
11
12        boolean EndOfProgram = false;
13        do {
14            int choice = IOFunctions.choice(); //Passa a choice do menu realizada pelo usuario
15
16            switch (choice) {
17                case 1:
18                    System.out.print("\nEnter a list of numbers to be placed in Stream 1 separated by commas: ");
19                    String values = input.nextLine(); //Coloca os elementos em values
20                    System.out.println();
21                    int elements[] = AuxiliarMethods.split(values);
22                    stream[(choice-1)%3].AddElementsOnStream(elements, (choice-1)%3);
23                    System.out.print("Successfully saved!\n");
24                    break;
25                case 2:
26                    System.out.print("\nEnter a list of numbers to be placed in Stream 2 separated by commas:");
27                    values = input.nextLine(); //Coloca os elementos em values
28                    System.out.println();
29                    elements = AuxiliarMethods.split(values);
30                    stream[(choice-1)%3].AddElementsOnStream(elements, (choice-1)%3);
31                    System.out.print("Successfully saved!\n");
32                    break;
33                case 3:
34                    System.out.print("\nEnter a list of numbers to be placed in Stream 3 separated by commas:");
35                    values = input.nextLine(); //Coloca os elementos em values retirando os espaços
36                    System.out.println();
37                    elements = AuxiliarMethods.split(values);
38                    stream[(choice-1)%3].AddElementsOnStream(elements, (choice-1)%3);
39                    System.out.print("Successfully saved!\n");
40                    break;
41                case 4: //choice 4 imprime os valores das 3 filas
42                    int aux[] = new int[3];
43                    int EveryStreamIsEmpty = 0;
44                    System.out.println("\nStream Elements: ");
45                    for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++){
46                        aux[i] = stream[i].PrintElementsOfStream(i);
47                        EveryStreamIsEmpty += aux[i];
48                    }
49                    if(EveryStreamIsEmpty == 0) System.out.println("\nAll the Streams are empty! Please add elements to the streams and try multiplexing again!\n");
50                    else for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++){
51                        if(aux[i] == 0) System.out.printf("Stream %d is empty!\n", i+1);
52                    }
53                    break;
54                case 5: //choice 5 realiza a multiplexação
55                    if(MUXstream.MultiplexStreams(stream)){
56                        System.out.println("\nSuccessfully multiplexed streams!\n");
57                    }else System.out.println("\nAll the Streams are empty! Please add elements to the streams and try multiplexing again!\n");
58                    break;
59                case 6: //choice 6 imprime os numeros já multiplexados
60                    MUXstream.PrintElementsOfMUXStream();
61                    break;
62                case 7: //choice 7 finaliza o programa
63                    EndOfProgram = true;
64                    System.out.printf("\nProgram Closed! Thank you very much for using the Multiplexer!\n");
65                    break;
66                default:
67                    break;
68            }
69        } while (!EndOfProgram); //Se final do programa for diferente de verdadeiro fica em loop
70
71        input.close(); //Fecha o input
72    }
73 }
```