LATEX Workshop

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What is LATEX

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- 2-step document formatting: LATEX takes in a text file (.tex) and outputs a beautifully formatted document (.pdf or .div or .ps, etc.)

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- Markup programming language (think of HTML)
- 2-step document formatting: LATEX takes in a text file (.tex) and outputs a beautifully formatted document (.pdf or .div or .ps, etc.)
- Unlike MS Word: "Everything" is a command, e.g. {\bf X}, \maketitle, \begin{X}, \usepackage{X}

How to use LATEX

- You need a LATEX distribution that provides you with the actual software plus a lot of commonly used packages:
 - MikTeX or TexLive for Windows
 - MacTeX for OS X
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- You need a LATEX distribution that provides you with the actual software plus a lot of commonly used packages:
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- You also need some program to write your text with:
 - Tex editors: TexShop, TexMaker, TexWorks
 - Regular text editors work too, but require compiling with terminal as extra step



```
The second secon
```



Demo

DEMO

Basic structure of a document

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{.....}
\begin{document}
......
\end{document}
```

This document's preamble

```
\documentclass{beamer}
\usecolortheme{crane}
\usetheme{Copenhagen}
\usepackage{tipa}
\usepackage{hyperref}
\usepackage{graphicx}
\usepackage{amssymb}
\usepackage{amsmath}
\usepackage{amsthm}
\usepackage{alltt}
\usepackage{tikz}
```

(very basic) Slides

```
\documentclass{beamer}
\usecolortheme{crane}
\usetheme{Copenhagen}
\begin{document}
\begin{frame}
\frametitle{TITLE}
BLA BLI BLO BLU \pause
BI.A BI.T BI.O BI.U
 \end{frame}
\end{document}
```

Command Formats

```
{\COMMAND1 BLA BLI BLO BLU} %First command format \COMMAND2{ BLA BLI BLO BLU} %Second command format \COMMAND3 %Third command format
```

\begin{COMMAND4} %Fourth command format
BLA BLI BLO BLU
\end{COMMAND4\$}

Basic character styling

```
\begin{enumerate}
            \item {\it Italic}
• Italic
Bold
            \item {\bf Bold}
 Underline \item {\underline Underline}
Small
           \item {\small Small}
Large
            \item {\large large}
6 Larger \item {\Large Large}

    Largest* \item {\Large Large}

 3 am sometimes useful
   \item $\mathfrak{I\ am\ sometimes\ useful}$
```

Sometimes useful too
\item \$\mathsf{Sometimes\ useful\ too}\$

Enumerate

- 1. First Level
 - (a) Deeper
 - i. Super Deep
 - A. Super Super Deep

```
\begin{enumerate}
\item First Level
\begin{enumerate}
\item Deeper
\begin{enumerate}
\item Super Deep
\begin{enumerate}
\item Super Super Deep
\end{enumerate}
\end{enumerate}
\end{enumerate}
\end{enumerate}
```

Making a nice title

```
\title{\LaTeX\ Workshop}
\date{\today}
\author{/g\ae bRi\textipa{E}1/}
\maketitle
```

LATEX Workshop

/gæbRiɛl/

February 19, 2015

Random useful commands

```
\begin{center} \end{center}
\vspace{25pt}
                                \hspace{25pt}
\noindent
/ //
\$ \& \
\label{slide:best}
                          ~\ref{sec:best}
\begin{minipage}{2in}
                         \begin{verbatim}
\verb; FFF;
```

Tables

alfred nicole edouard paul yvonne marc

Tables

alfred	nicole	edouard
paul	yvonne	marc

I	am	jacques	Brown
I	am		
maybe	ı	am	

Tables

alfred	nicole	edouard
paul	yvonne	marc

I	am	jacques	Brown
I	am		
maybe		am	

```
\begin{tabular}{|lcr|}
\hline
alfred & nicole & edouard\\
paul & yvonne & marc\\
\hline
\end{tabular}
1 1 1 1
\begin{tabular}{||1|c|r|}
\hline
\hline
I & am & jacques\\
\hline
I & am & not\\
\hline
maybe & I & am\\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```

Two ways of getting into math mode:

1 Enclose the expression in \$ \$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{pmatrix} \to \begin{pmatrix} \Gamma \\ \delta \end{pmatrix}$$

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```
$\begin{pmatrix}
\alpha\\
\beta
 \end{pmatrix}
\rightarrow
\begin{pmatrix}
\gamma\\
\delta
 \end{pmatrix}$
```

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Advantage: Can be inserted in text directly:

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```

Advantage: Can be inserted in text directly:

If you let
$$a_i = \frac{1}{n^2}$$
, then $\sum_1^{\infty} a_i = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$

If $A:\alpha\beta^I$ and $B:\beta$, then $A(B):\alpha$



② Use \[\]

$$\neg \exists n \in \mathbb{N}.3 \leq n \wedge (a^n + b^n = c^n)$$

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```
\[
\neg\exists n\in\mathbb{N}.3
\leq n\wedge (a^n+b^n=c^n)
\]
```

Advantages: Can be used over multiple lines; centers text automatically

IPA & SPE rules

Two ways to use IPA symbols:

- First with the command \textipa: \textipa{0123456789ABCDEF} ωίλ3μεργοσαβςδεφ
- -Second with the IPA command:

SPE rules:

$$a o b/c_-d$$

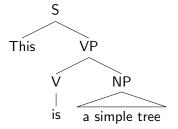
a\rightarrow b / c _ d

http://www.ling.ohio-state.edu/events/lcc/tutorials/tipachart/tipachart.pdf

SPE rules

```
 \begin{bmatrix} +\mathsf{consonant} \\ -\mathsf{anterior} \\ -\mathsf{labial} \\ -\mathsf{coronal} \\ -\mathsf{continuant} \end{bmatrix} \to \{+\mathit{voiced}\} \, / \_ \begin{bmatrix} +\mathsf{syllabic} \\ -\mathsf{high} \\ -\mathsf{low} \end{bmatrix} 
\[ \left[
\begin{tabular}{1}
+consonant \\ -anterior \\ -labial \\ -coronal \\ -cont
\end{tabular} \right]
\rightarrow
\left\{ +voiced \right\} / \_
\left[
\begin{tabular}{1}
+syllabic \\ -high \\ -low
\end{tabular}
 \right] \]
```

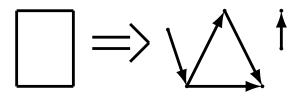
Trees



\Tree [.S This [.VP [.V is] \qroof{a simple tree}.NP]]

Drawings

Kind of annoying



```
\begin{picture}(80,30)
\linethickness{0.75mm}
\put(5,5){\line(0,1){20}}
\put(50,5){\circle*{1}}
```

The End

Thanks