B.Sc. Eng. (CSE)/5th Sem.

29 August, 2020

ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (IUT)

ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC)

DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

Online Examination Winter Semester: 2019-2020 COURSE NO.: Math-4541 TIME: 1 Hours

COURSE TITLE: Multivariable Calculus and Complex Variables FULL MARKS: 40

Instructions:

4.

- 1. There are **5** (**Five**) questions. Answer any **4** (**Four**) of them.
- 2. Exam time is 50 minutes and processing time to upload in google drive is 10 minutes.
- 3. Write the SET name on top of the answer script.
- 4. Follow your assigned group and submit the Answer script in that group within the mentioned time. Otherwise, your script will not consider for evaluation.
- 5. The figures in the right margin indicate full marks. The Symbols have their usual meaning.

1. Sketch in the *xy*-plane the domain of
$$f(x, y) = \frac{\sqrt{4 - y^2}}{\ln(y - x^2)}$$

2. The point (0,1,2) is on the surface $\sin(2x)e^{(xz-2xy)} + \ln(y)\cos(x^{13}z^7) + (3y)^y \arctan(z-2) = 0.$

Find the tangent plane to this surface at the point (0,1,2). Give your answer in the form ax + by + cz = d.

Considering the function $f(x, y) = 2x + e^{-(x^2 + y^2)} - \sin(xy) - 7$. Find the derivative of f in the direction parallel to the vector $\vec{v} = \langle -3, \sqrt{7} \rangle$ at the point $P_0(0, -1)$

1). What is the direction in which f decreases most rapidly at $P_0(0,-1)$?

Evaluate the following limit if it exists. Justify your answer. If it doesn't exist also justify why?

$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{\sin(3x^2 + 3y^2)}{x^2 + y^2}$$

5. The volume of a rectangular solid of dimensions L, W and H is given by the formula V = LWH

Find the rate (in cm 3 / s) at which the volume V is changing when the length L is 50 cm and increasing at the rate of 0.2 cm per second, the width W is 40 cm and increasing at the rate of 0.1 cm per second and the height H is 30 cm and decreasing at the rate of 0.1 cm per second.

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