Geospatial Information Applications for Disaster Risk Reduction in Asia and the Pacific

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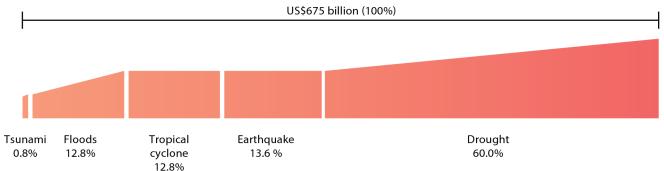
Regional Drought Mechanism





Disasters Risks in Asia Pacific







The Drought Mechanism

Four main components

Regional Service Nodes



Thematic and scientific communities



Pilot countries



The agricultural community



ESCAP facilitates interaction between these components

Key Steps

How it all works



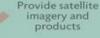


Experts provide feedback on the scientific and technical methodology and procedures



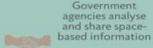


Networks share knowledge and good practices





Capacity building in space and





Agricultural community responds accordingly to minimise the effects of drought



National institutions perform soil and moisture analysis



Technical Paper on 'Geospatial tools to support the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals in Asia and the Pacific: the drought riskscape and the Regional Drought Mechanism':

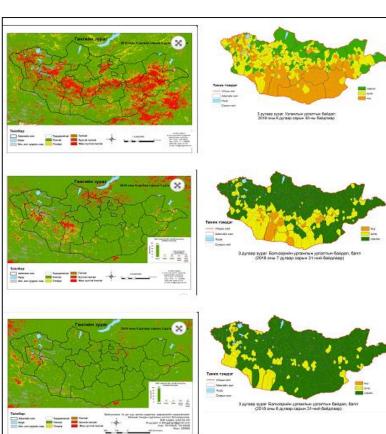
https://www.unescap.org/resources/geospatial-tools-support-implementation-sustainable-development-goals-asia-and-pacific

Drought Monitoring System Mongolia

Drought monitoring system
DroughtWatch is operational in Mongolia

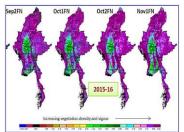


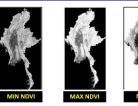




Drought Monitoring System Myanmar









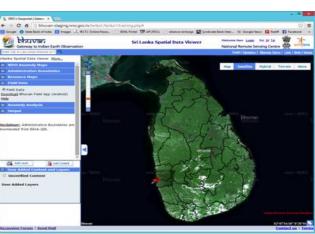






Operationalization of drought monitoring system Myanmar

Drought Monitoring System Sri Lanka



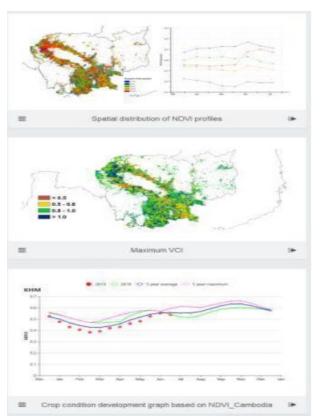
Study tour of Sri Lanka officials to ISRO on operationalization of drought monitoring system,

August 2019





Drought Monitoring System Cambodia



Hands-on training for Cambodian officials on crop and drought monitoring in RADI,

August 2019



Lessons Learnt

- Lack of well trained and consistent team including senior and junior professionals with different background and knowledge related to drought monitoring and management
- Lack of inter-agency cooperation, coordination and timely sharing the information
- Lack of continued technical support and customized system
- Lack of automatic ground data collecting stations or equipment
- Low internet bandwidth and high performance work station
- Agricultural drought is sophisticated phenomena, need to support country based on their specific climate, water management and crop situation.



Technical cooperation and capacity building





First Expert Group Meeting on the Development of Decision-Making Tools for Geo-Drought Monitoring and Early Warning in Central Asia







04-05 July 2019, Cholpon Ata, Issyk-Kul, Kyrgyzstan





Geospatial Big Data Applications for Sustainable Development









05-09 August 2019 Space Krenovation Park, Chonburi, Thailand





Asia-Pacific Networked Geospatial Data Hub





Asia-Pacific Networked Geospatial Data Hub

- Stage 1 (2020-2021)
 - Master Plan, Intergovernmental Agreement, Operational Principles (TOR)
 - Draft a Blueprint (concept design) for algorithm-based data networking system
 - Update UN-GGIM-AP website
- > Stage 2 (2022-2026)
 - Adoption of 'Master Plan', 'Operational Principles' and 'Intergovernmental Agreement'
 - Develop and operate algorithm & test run
- Stage 3 (2027-2030)
 - Fully operational for Member States



THANK YOU

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