Biochemistry re-entry

Greg Gloor

14 May, 2020

Contents

Return to work protocol (v0.1)	1
Core principles	1
Needs	2

Return to work protocol (v0.1)

8/05/2020 Shoemaker/Pritchard

Western is preparing to get people back on campus. However, the new normal will not be the old normal. We are not at the end of this, just a (very) mild hiatus. Modeling suggests that there is a good likelihood of a second wave this fall, and continual recurrences until a vaccine is developed and implemented.

Core principles

- 1. follow all local public health guidelines
 - the current workplace guidance document is what we will have at the moment
 - stay home if you are sick, or have travelled
 - complete the **return to work questionnaire** at https://myhr.uwo.ca
 - this will likely be a daily occurrence
 - social distancing and enhanced hygiene practices
 - clean in and clean out of workspaces
 - dilute H₂O₂
 - responsible for own safety and cleaning
 - FM will clean common areas and high touch-points
 - signage on and in labs
 - want to keep it as simple as possible
- 2. phased return
 - when allowed
 - return will involve multiple self-reporting questionaires
 - weeks, not days between phases
 - likely about 20% of workforce per phased
 - new normal will be 60% occupancy at most
 - shiftwork is being considered for teaching and research

- each building will be isolated in some way
 - Western is considering building by building screening
 - probably impractical
- 3. remote work continues if possible
- 4. safety of individual is key
 - must accomodate individuals as needed
 - should not rely on PPE as wil be scarce and prioritized
 - lab pinch points are key concern
 - identify what is needed to restart now and get it ordered
 - lab by lab protocol
 - co-operation between labs for over and under utilized space
- 5. Each PI will generate a plan for each lab
 - lab-specific plans
 - keeping in mind all of the above
 - physical and temporal distancing
 - safety and mentoring
 - core facilities?
 - aware of all contacts and report if necessary
 - mentorship structuring
 - booking of facilities and equipment
 - PI prioritizes what works for them
 - be aware of, and sensitive to, others feelings and fears
 - there is a power imbalance
 - example return to lab guidelines google document
- 6. Guidelines may change in either direction on short notice
 - u-turns for non-compliance
 - u-turn if lab/building/institution becomes an infection focus
 - identified by lab director
 - Chair has responsibility to report

Needs

- 1. Checklist for each lab
- 2. General tracking system for individuals with ability to retrospectively inspect
- 3. Scheduling software (central, distributed?) for shift-working lab personell
- 4. Guidance on what rules take precedence. Health and safety, fire, and COVID-19 regulations seem to be at odds here. eg.
 - how do we keep open workspaces with good airflow and maintain fire regulation compliance?
 - how do we maintain good supervisory practices and shift work?
 - how do we do one-on-one hands-on training which is crucial for many instruments?
- 5. Rules for accommodation

This is a nicely reasoned	and explained post of	on the current state	of knowlege: know	the risks blog post