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CS591  
HW 6

### **Twitter Popularity and Harassment (Data Collection)**

After the recent harassment of several prominent women in the gaming community (infamously known as #GamerGate) and Twitter's inability to appropriately deal with said harassment, I wanted to try exploring if there was correlation between "Twitter popularity" and harassment.

The following metrics will be used for measuring a twitter user's "popularity":

- Number of followers
- Number of tweets made
- Number of favourites per tweet
- List membership
- Friends count

"Harassment" will be measured by using sentiment analysis by traversing through said user's mentions and measuring the average polarity ranging from -1.0 to 1.0, where more 'positive' tweets have higher polarities, while 'negative' tweets will have lower polarity.

For this assignment, I collected data from the following hashtags:

- Users using the hashtag #GamerGate
- Users using the hashtag #StopGamerGate

And the following hashtag used as control:

- Users using the #ThanksObama hashtag
  - I wanted to explore this tag since it's mostly used in a sarcastic way though it would be interesting to explore in terms of polarity since sarcasm detection is still a problem that NLP doesn't have an elegant solution for.
  - Essentially, I wanted a middle ground between negative tweets and positive tweets.

For each collection of users, I grabbed the aforementioned metrics (followers, tweets made, etc) as well as the average polarity of their mentions.

**\*\*The final dictionaries for each hashtag can be found in the attached text files\*\***

**\*\* A problem I noticed while collecting data was that the "search" method in twitter's API can only grab 100 tweets at a time, limiting the amount of users I could collect per call. I tried running it 10 times (to get 1000 tweets), and it only improved by just 10 more users. I tried**

gradually increasing it by was eventually given a timeout error at 5000 tweets (even after adding sleep after each call). \*\*

\*\* For the actual project, I'll run it multiple times to gather more users but for the assignment I'll be working with how many users I can get per hashtag \*\*

After gathering the data, I gathered these preliminary stats regarding mentions polarity:

Hashtag	Number of Unique Users (per 100 tweets)	Average Mentions Polarity
#GamerGate	65	0.036349059358269556
#StopGamerGate	90	0.06762642536646489
#ThanksObama	58	0.07386042403986838

- Interestingly enough, there appears to be more unique users per 100 tweets for #StopGamerGate
  - This is most likely due to the general #GamerGate “movement” is dying out since it started in August 2014.
  - This is also most likely due to more awareness of harassment on twitter and a larger movement towards preventing harassment and promoting awareness on internet harassment.
- As per my theory, the polarity of the #StopGamerGate was higher (more positive) than the average polarity of the #GamerGate hashtag with the former having a polarity of almost twice the latter.
  - This might also be skewed due to the fact that more unique users per 100 tweet were using the #StopGamerGate tag than #GamerGate
- Interestingly enough, the average polarity of the #ThanksObama tag appears to be the most positive out of all of them.
  - As mentioned earlier, this is most likely due to the hashtag being used more sarcastically than the former two.
  - This could also be due to the fact that it has the least amount of unique users

Next, I gathered the average polarity for their timeline - which are the tweets they make on their own twitter.

Hashtag	Average Timeline Polarity
#GamerGate	0.00549019303346
#StopGamerGate	0.0365904498884
#ThanksObama	0.053186128929

As expected, #GamerGate has the lowest timeline polarity when compared to #StopGamerGate and #ThanksObama.

Another issue I wanted to explore was the use of “throwaway” accounts on twitter that people might use to “anonymous” harass users without leaving a trace of their identity

To explore this further, I take a look at the average amount of followers, friends, and tweets per each hashtag with the belief that the more followers, friends, and tweets a user has the more likely it is that it is a “real” account as opposed to a “throwaway” one.

Hashtag	Average # of Followers	Average # of Friends	Average # of Tweets
#GamerGate	733.738461538	834.584615385	16625.6153846
#StopGamerGate	1089.67777778	725.044444444	24640.8333333
#ThanksObama	23533.3448276	7908.60344828	31758.637931

On average, users using the #GamerGate hashtag appear to have the lowest amount of followers and tweets, which is a possible indicator or a “throwaway” account. Interestingly enough, #StopGamerGate falls behind #GamerGate users in terms of average amount of friends.

As mentioned earlier, I wanted to measure if there is a relationship between twitter “popularity” (measured by overall twitter presence, followers, etc) vs. “harassment” aka polarity of tweets. To get more insight on this could be related I calculated the correlation coefficients for the following metrics

- Followers vs. Mentions Polarity
- Followers vs. Friends
- Mentions Polarity vs. Timeline Polarity
- Mentions Polarity vs. Status Count

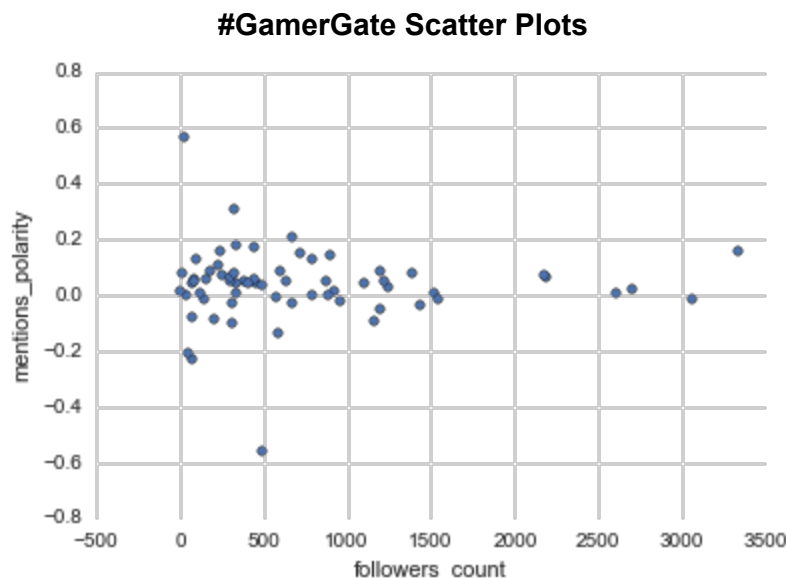
### Correlation Coefficients

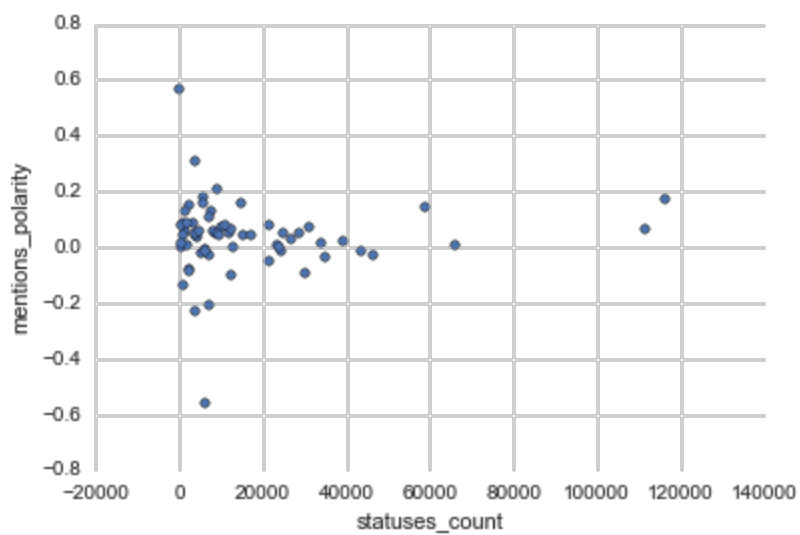
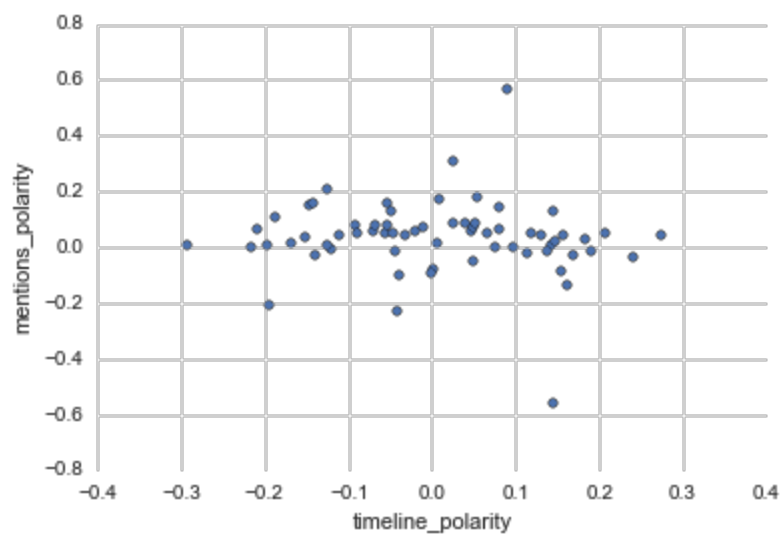
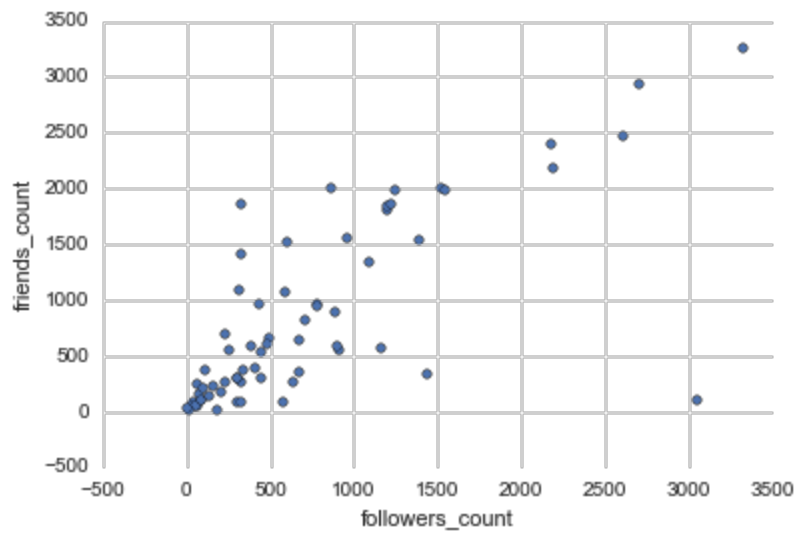
Hashtag	Followers vs. Mentions Polarity	Followers vs. Friends	Mentions Polarity vs. Timeline Polarity	Mentions Polarity vs. Status Count
#GamerGate	-0.0022757414855	0.743649087383	-0.0802402473903	0.0452157667676
#StopGamerGate	-0.0159337434801	0.292269495898	0.293868892763	0.325802114866

#ThanksObama	-0.0361130635362	0.960241023843	0.335783133598	0.0974486694264
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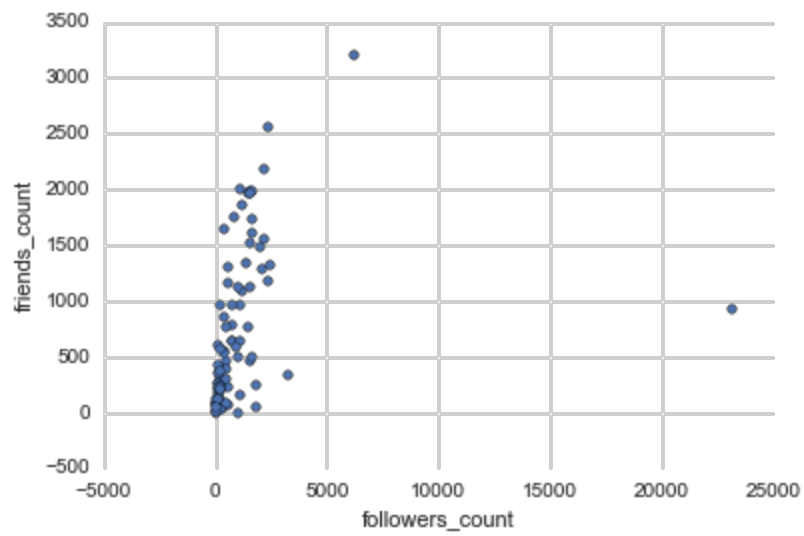
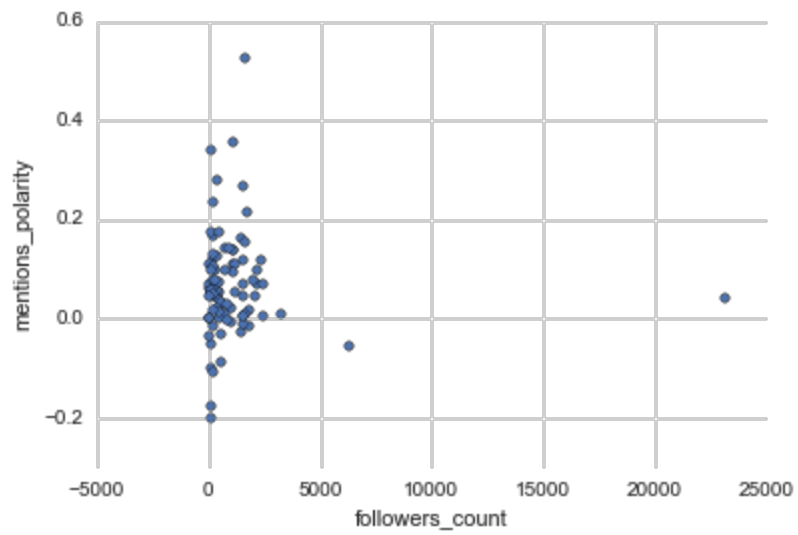
- Interestingly enough, the number of followers a user has does not seem to have a great effect in the number of followers vs. mentions polarity. I assumed that there would be a higher correlation under the belief that more followers might result in more negative tweets.
- As expected, there is a high positive correlation between number of followers and number of friends. However, I was expecting there to be a lower correlation for #GamerGate users under the assumption that most users using that hashtag were “throwaway” accounts. Though, it appears that #StopGamerGate follows this trend.
- For Mentions Polarity vs. Timeline Polarity I wanted to see if there was a correlation between having a “negative” timeline would result in having “negative” mentions as well. It appears that for #GamerGate, this doesn’t seem to be the case. Though more highly correlation than #GamerGate, there is little correlation for this for the other two hashtags as well.
- Lastly, I wanted to see if there was a correlation between mentions polarity and status count under the belief that more statuses might result in lower mentions polarity. As expected, this was more highly correlated for #StopGamerGate than any of the other hashtags, although not strongly.

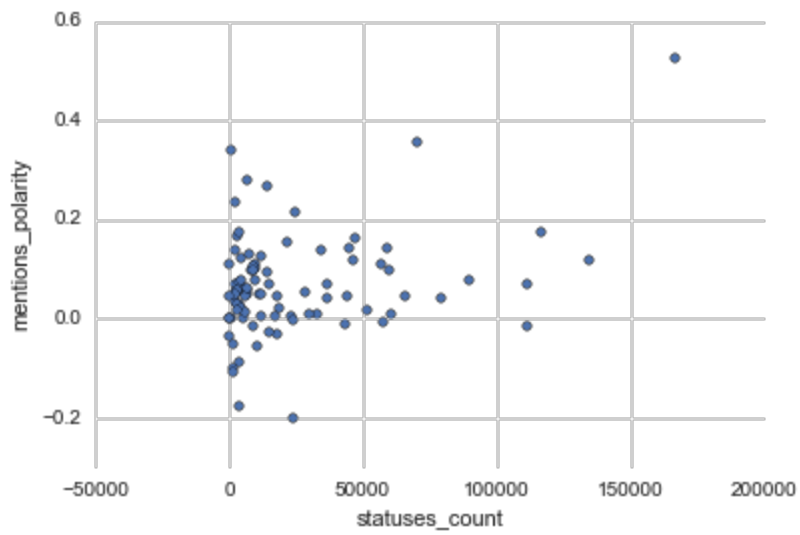
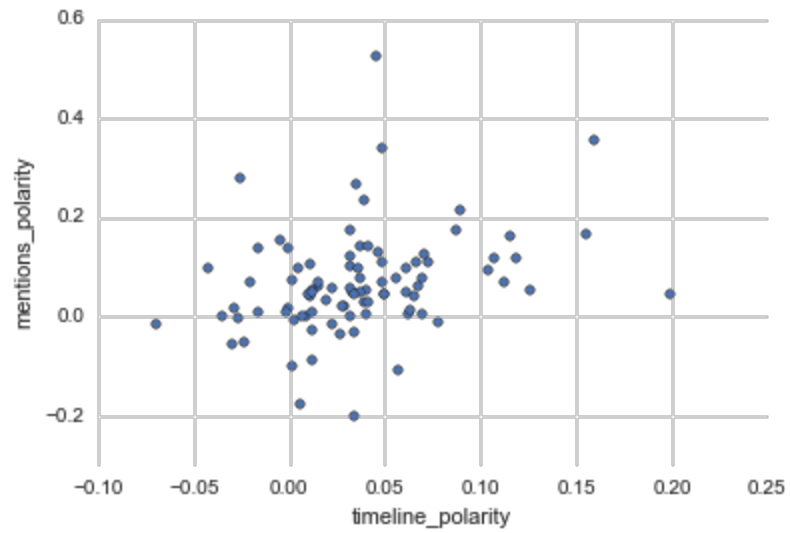
Next, I graphed these metrics against each other to get a visual on how they might be related before I run linear regression on each data frame.



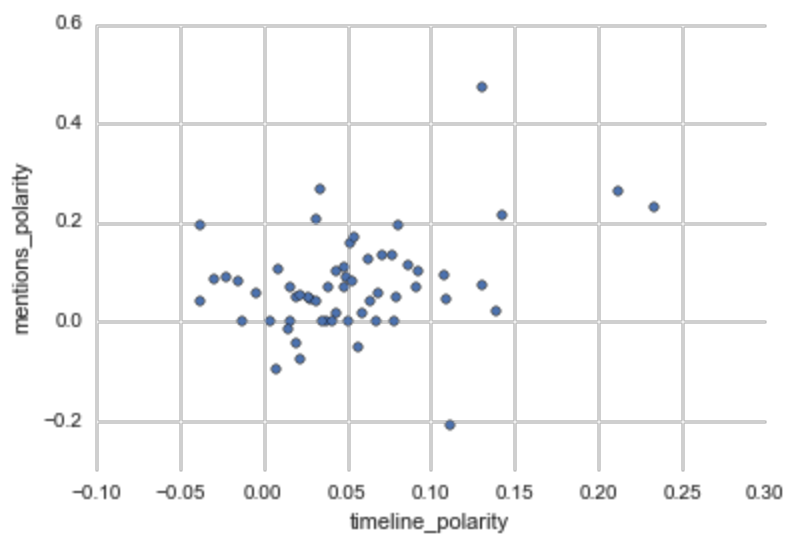
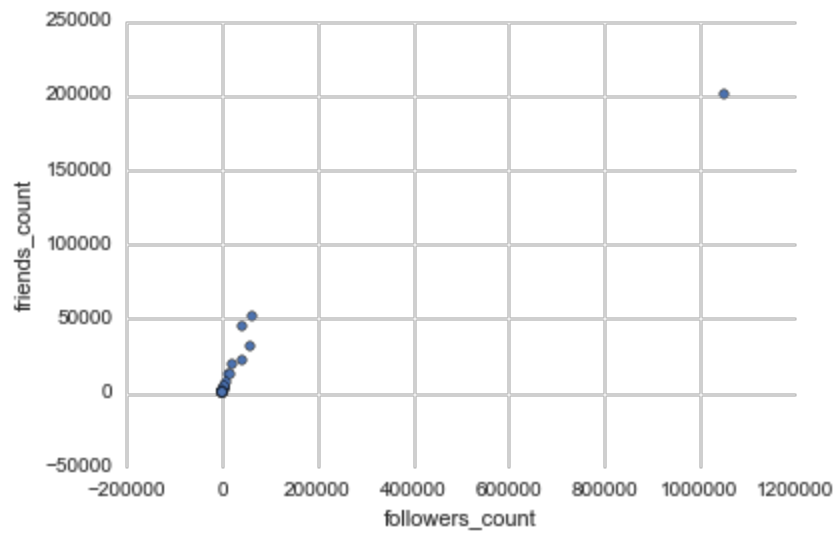
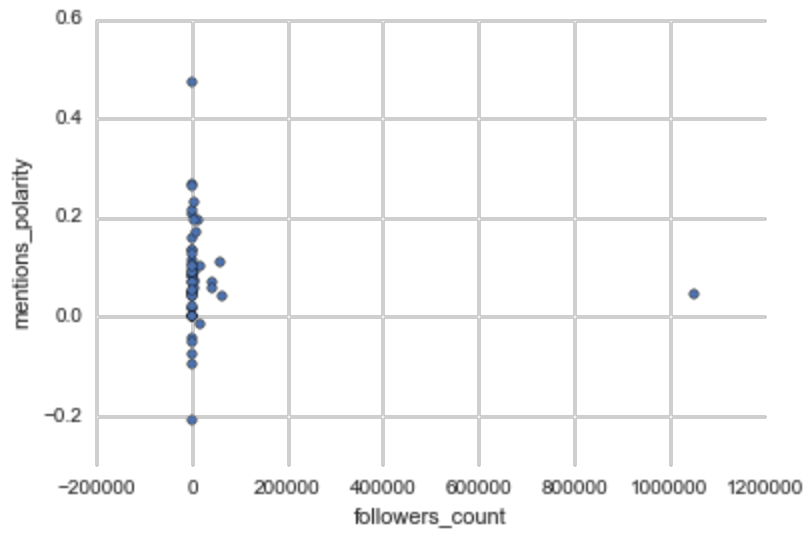


## #StopGamerGate Scatter Plots

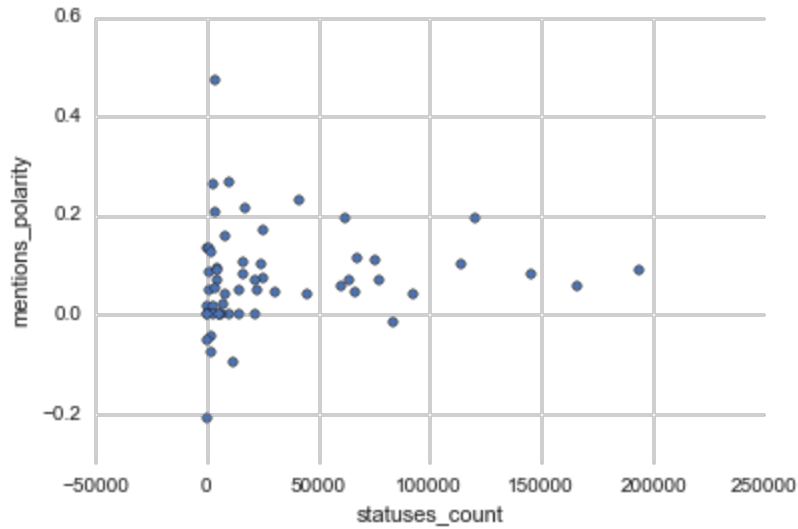




**#ThanksObama Scatter Plots**







For the rest of the project, I want to run linear regression against all these features to get a better understanding of how strongly related these metrics are to mentions polarity.

Finally, I'm going to run logistic regression on each individual data frame, then again on a combined data frame (combining #GamerGate, #StopGamerGate, and #ThanksObama) to predict mentions polarity based on all the metrics that contribute to "popularity".