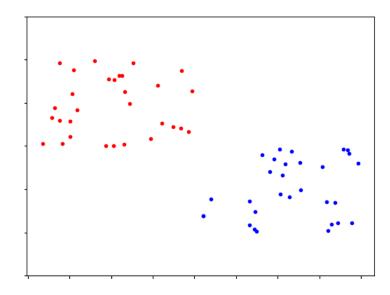
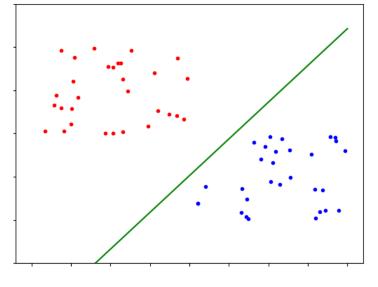
Chapter 1 Feed-Forward Neural Nets

1.1 Perceptrons

• Find a line that separates red and blue

x_1	x_2	\boldsymbol{a}
0.36	0.24	1
0.82	0.09	1
-0.48	1.00	0
:	:	:

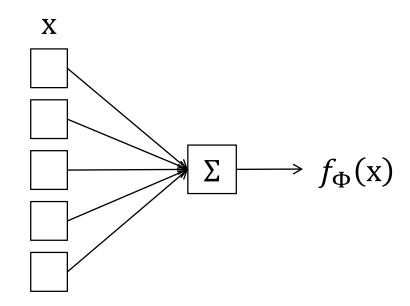




•
$$\Phi = \{ \mathbf{w} \cup b \}$$

where $\mathbf{w} = [w_1, ..., w_m], \ b \in \mathbb{R}$

•
$$f_{\Phi}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } b + w \cdot \mathbf{x} > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

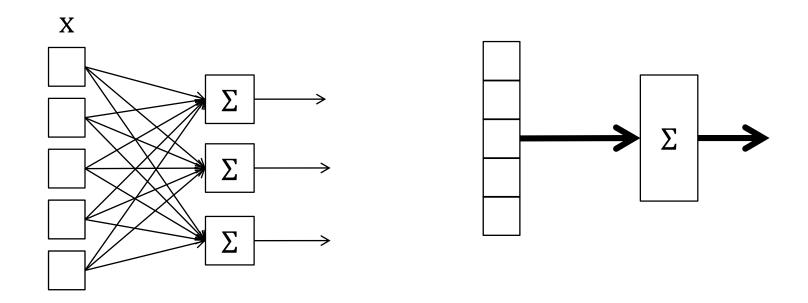


- Algorithm
 - 1. set b = 0, $w_i = 0$
 - 2. until the weights do not change
 - (a) for each training example \mathbf{x}^k with answer a^k

i. if
$$a^k - f(\mathbf{x}^k) = 0$$
, then continue

ii. else
$$w_i = w_i + (a^k - f(\mathbf{x}^k))x_i$$

Multiclass Decision Problem



1.2 Cross-entropy Loss Functions for Nerual Nets

Softmax

• Definition:

$$\sigma(\mathbf{x})_{j} = \frac{e^{x_{j}}}{\sum_{i} e^{x_{i}}}$$

$$\sigma(x_{1}, \dots, x_{m}) = \left(\frac{e^{x_{1}}}{\sum_{i} e^{x_{i}}}, \dots, \frac{e^{x_{m}}}{\sum_{i} e^{x_{i}}}\right)$$

Cross-entropy

• Definition:

$$H(p,q) = \sum_{i} p_{i} \log q_{i}$$

Cross-entropy loss

• Definition:

$$X(\Phi, \mathbf{x}) = -\ln p_{\Phi}(a_{\mathbf{x}})$$
 where $p_{\Phi}(a_{\mathbf{x}})$ is the probability assigned to \mathbf{x} 's label

1.3 Derivatives and Stochastic Gradient Descent

• Equations:

$$X(\Phi, \mathbf{x}) = -\ln p(a)$$

$$p(a) = \sigma_a(\mathbf{l}) = \frac{e^{l_a}}{\sum_i e^{l_i}}$$

$$l_j = b_j + \mathbf{x} \cdot \mathbf{w_j}$$
 where $\mathbf{l} = (l_1, ..., l_m)$

Gradients:

$$\frac{\partial X(\Phi)}{\partial b_j} = \frac{\partial l_j}{\partial b_j} \frac{\partial X(\Phi)}{\partial l_j} \\
= \begin{cases}
-(1 - p_j) & \text{if } a = j \\
p_j & \text{otherwise}
\end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\partial X(\Phi)}{\partial w_{i,j}} = \frac{\partial l_j}{\partial w_{i,j}} \frac{\partial X(\Phi)}{\partial l_j} \\
= \begin{cases} -(1 - p_j)x_i & \text{if } a = j \\ p_j x_i & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Update: For learning rate £

$$b_j = b_j - \mathcal{L} \frac{\partial X(\Phi)}{\partial b_j}$$

$$w_{i,j} = w_{i,j} - \mathcal{L} \frac{\partial X(\Phi)}{\partial w_{i,j}}$$

1.4 Writing Our Program

- Data Normalization
 - $-1 \le x_i \le 1$
- Learning Rate
 - 0.0001 in MNIST
- Weights and Bias
 - [-0.1, 0.1]

1.5 Matrix Representation of Neural Nets

• Forward Propagation:

$$\mathbf{L} = \mathbf{X}\mathbf{W} + \mathbf{B}$$
 where \mathbf{X} is the input matrix

• Loss:

$$Pr(A(\mathbf{x})) = \sigma(\mathbf{x}\mathbf{W} + \mathbf{b})$$

$$L(\mathbf{x}) = -\log(Pr(A(\mathbf{x}) = a))$$

• Update:

$$\Delta \mathbf{W} = -\mathcal{L} \mathbf{X}^T \nabla_{\mathbf{l}} X(\Phi)$$

1.6 Data Independence

• iid assumption