

Operating System Project 4

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The goal of the project is to implement scheduler
The project was done by VM VirtualBox 5.2.18
The code are written by C and the library needed will be
shown in code

idea

Write different function *schedule()* in different *schedule.c* to realize different schedule ways. When we are making the executable file, transfer different functions so that the program will schedule the process in different ways.

When we design a algorithm to schedule, add a variable *inttime* to store the running time, so we can calculate the numbers of turnaround time, waiting time, response time. Sometime the waiting time is hard to calculate, on this condition we can calculate the turnaround subtract burst time instead.

some problem

While running process using rr or priority_rr, it is hard to calculate waiting time straightly because once we change to run another process, we have to add the running time for all the process waiting to run. But fortunately, on the condition that all the process arrive at time 0 concurrently, the total waiting time is exactly the total turnaround time subtract total burst time. By this way, we can simply record the time when a process is done.

code

```

资源管理器
C driver.c driver.c/...
  9 #include <stdio.h>
 10 #include <stdlib.h>
 11 #include <string.h>
 12
 13 #include "task.h"
 14 #include "schedulers.h"
 15
 16 #define SIZE 100
 17
 18 int main(int argc, char *argv[])
 19 {
 20     FILE *in;
 21     char *temp;
 22     char task[SIZE];
 23
 24     char *name;
 25     int priority;
 26     int burst;
 27     int pri[SIZE];
 28     int bur[SIZE];
 29     int count=0;
 30
 31     in = fopen(argv[1],"r");
 32
 33     while (fgets(task,SIZE,in) != NULL) {
 34         temp = strdup(task);
 35         name = strtok(temp," ");
 36         priority = atoi(strtok(&temp," "));
 37         burst = atoi(strtok(&temp," "));
 38
 39         pri[count]=priority;
 40         bur[count]=burst;
 41         // add the task to the scheduler's list of tasks
 42         count++;
 43
 44         free(temp);
 45     }
 46
 47     fclose(in);
 48
 49     // invoke the scheduler
 50     schedule(pri,bur,count);
 51
 52     return 0;
 53 }
 54

```

```

7
8 int time=0,turn_time=0,wait_time=0,res_time=5*count*(count-1);
9 float num=count/1.0;
10
11 int i,j;
12 int order[count];
13 int max,max_num;
14
15 int copy[count];
16 for (i=0;i<count;i++)
17     copy[i]=bur[i];
18 for (i=0;i<count;i++){
19     max=pri[0];
20     max_num=0;
21     for(j=0;j<count;j++){
22         if (max<pri[j]){
23             max=pri[j];
24             max_num=j;
25         }
26     }
27     order[i]=max_num;
28     pri[max_num]=0;
29 }
30
31 int done=0;
32 while(done!=count)
33 {
34     for (i=0;i<count;i++)
35     {
36         if(0<bur[order[i]] && bur[order[i]]<=10)
37         {
38             time+=bur[order[i]];
39             printf("run T%d for %d units\n",order[i]+1,bur[order[i]]);
40             done+=1;
41             bur[order[i]]=0;
42             turn_time+=time;
43         }
44         if(bur[order[i]]>10)
45         {
46             printf("run T%d for %d units\n",order[i]+1,10);
47             bur[order[i]]-=10;
48             time+=10;
49         }
50     }
51 }

```