

Estimation of flow trajectories in a multiple lines network

Case studies with *transports publics de la région lausannoise* (tl) data

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Introduction

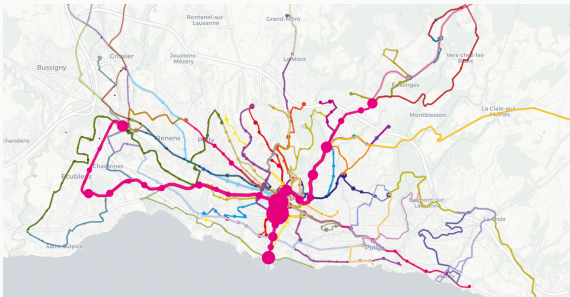
The [tl dataset](#), used by Romain Loup for his PhD:

- 1 year of data (2019).
- 115 millions of passengers.
- 42 bus and subway lines.
- 1361 stops and 497 “superstops”.
- Every journey data: traveling time, waiting time, embarking and disembarking passengers at each stops, etc.

Context

```
## stop_id stop_name line_id direction order embarkment disembarkment
## 1 MALAD_N Maladière 1 A 1 164558 0
## 2 MTOIE_E Montoie 1 A 2 136236 12705
## 3 BATEL_E Batelière 1 A 3 203045 13409
## 4 RTCOU_E Riant-Cour 1 A 4 156015 24909
```

```
## stop_id stop_name line_id direction order embarkment disembarkment
## 42 RTCOU_O Riant-Cour 1 R 19 23634 132201
## 43 BATEL_O Batelière 1 R 20 13707 168884
## 44 MTOIE_O Montoie 1 R 21 4259 128255
## 45 MALAD_N Maladière 1 R 22 0 146798
```



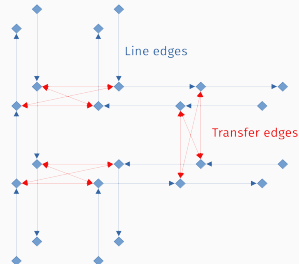
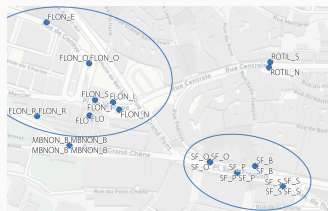
The multiple lines network

Having only lines data, we have a **disconnected oriented graph**.

In addition to **line edges**, it is possible to construct **transfer edges** to make the graph connected, by using, e.g.,

- Superstops names,
- Pedestrian time,
- Distance.

This is what we call a **multiple lines network**.



The problematic

This dataset offers multiple axes of research. In this presentation, we will focus on one question:

Knowing (1) the network structure and (2) the number of passengers embarking and disembarking at each stop, can we deduce trajectories of the passengers in the network ?

Short answer: **No**.

Thank you for your attention !
Questions ?

The problematic

Exact trajectories are impossible to know, but with additional hypotheses, we can **estimate** them.

We will divide this problematic into two parts:

- The estimation of trajectories on a **single line**.
- The estimation of trajectories on the **multiple lines network**.

The single line problem

Formal problem definition

Let a line (in one direction), which have n stops. Let $\boldsymbol{\rho}_{\text{in}} = (\rho_i^{\text{in}})$ and $\boldsymbol{\rho}_{\text{out}} = (\rho_i^{\text{out}})$ be two vectors representing, respectively, the passengers entering and leaving the line at each stops.

