# COMPARING 3 BRANDS OF ASPIRIN PILLS.

Analysis by: Gavin Gunawardena

Using dataset from: LC-MS/MS in the Clinical Laboratory – Where to From Here?

by Stefan KG Greve and Ravinder J Singh and which can be found here: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3052391/

Intro

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#### **Background and Dataset**

- Machine generated dataset analyzing the chemical make-up and intensities of three brands of aspirin pills
- Dataset consists of:
  - 3 pills from 3 different brands of aspiring (Bayer, PV, and Walgreens)
  - Dataset consists of 63 tsv files grouping the pills by brand, peak of intensity, replicant, and aliquot
  - There are 3 aliquots for each replicant, 3 replicants for each peak, and 7 peaks for each brand in the dataset
  - Peak: time when the intensity of each pill is at its highest, usually when a chemical is released from the pill, usually at artificially timed intervals
  - Replicant: replicas of the same pill; 3 replicas of 3 different brands have been tested
  - Aliquots: Series of measurements within a timeframe of less than a second

Intro

#### **Objective and Assumptions**

- Objective is to test the null hypothesis that the 3 brands of aspiring are the same with a 95% confidence interval
  - Plan is to measure the Area Under a Peak (AUP) for each aliquot of each replicant
  - Next, run various ANOVA analyses to compare the AUPs between brands for each peak to confirm or deny the null hypothesis
- Assumptions:
  - Data was gathered using a standardized process, since it was machine generated
  - There is still some possibility for error within the process utilized to attain the data
    - Thus, missing data will be removed, and statistical tests will be run with and without outliers.

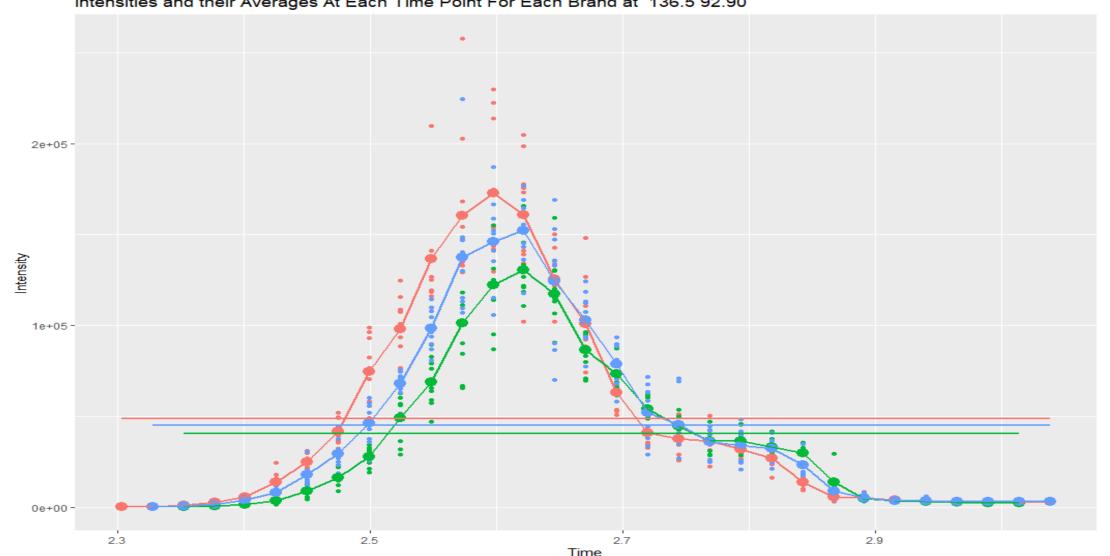
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### **Exploratory Analysis**

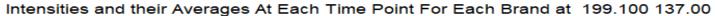
#### **Dataset Summary**

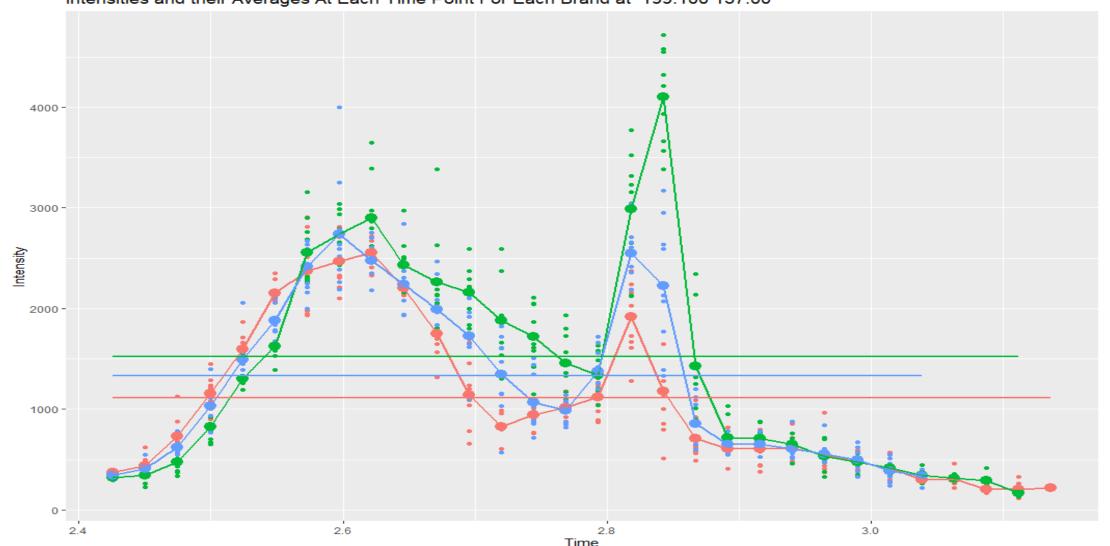
```
##
      Brand
                          Peak
                                            Replicant
                                                           Aliquot
   Length: 4798
                      Length: 4798
                                         Min. :1.00
                                                        Min.
                                                                :1.000
   Class :character
                      Class :character
                                          1st Qu.:1.00
                                                         1st Qu.:1.000
   Mode :character
                      Mode
                             :character
                                          Median :2.00
                                                         Median :2.000
                                                 :1.99
                                                         Mean :2.003
##
                                          Mean
##
                                          3rd Qu.:3.00
                                                         3rd Qu.:3.000
                                                                :3.000
##
                                                         Max.
                                          Max.
                                                 :3.00
##
                      Intensity
         Time
   Min.
           :2.303
                   Min.
                               10
   1st Qu.:2.548
                   1st Qu.:
                              270
                   Median :
   Median :2.720
                               785
           :2.717
                   Mean
                         : 10071
   Mean
   3rd Qu.:2.867
                    3rd Qu.:
                            2590
                           :257870
##
   Max.
           :3.161
                    Max.
```





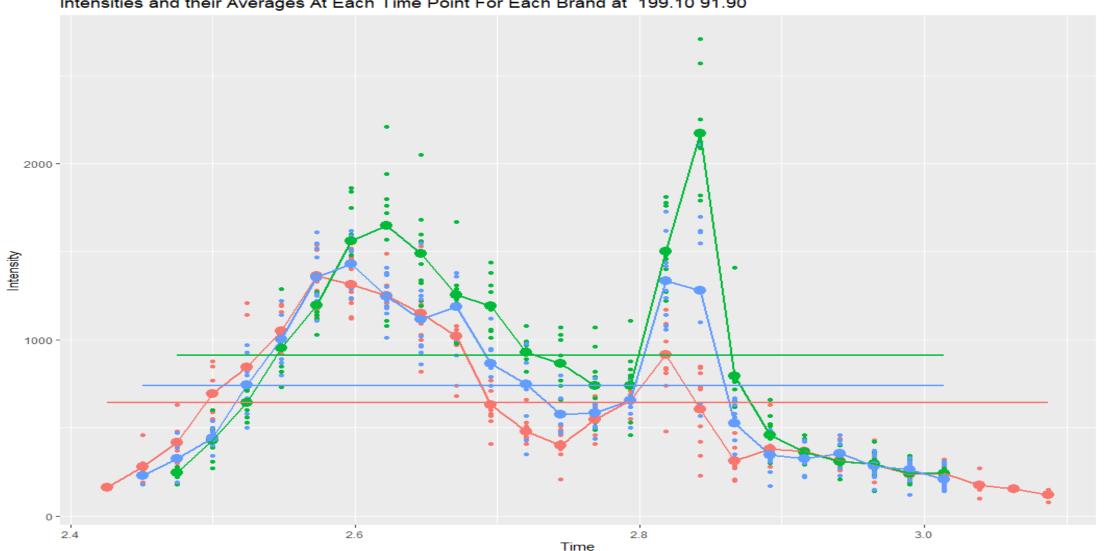
Brand



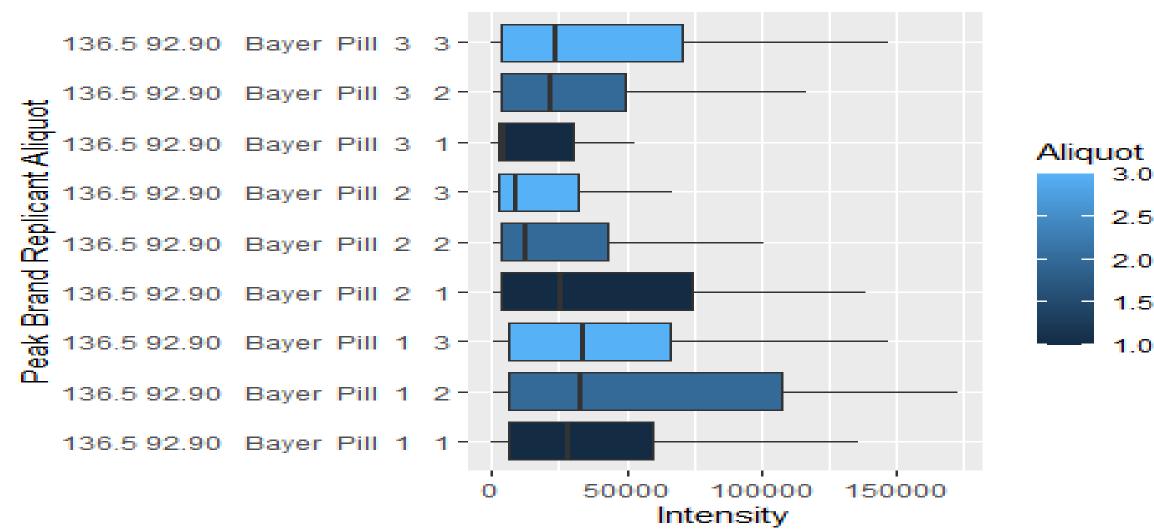


Brand

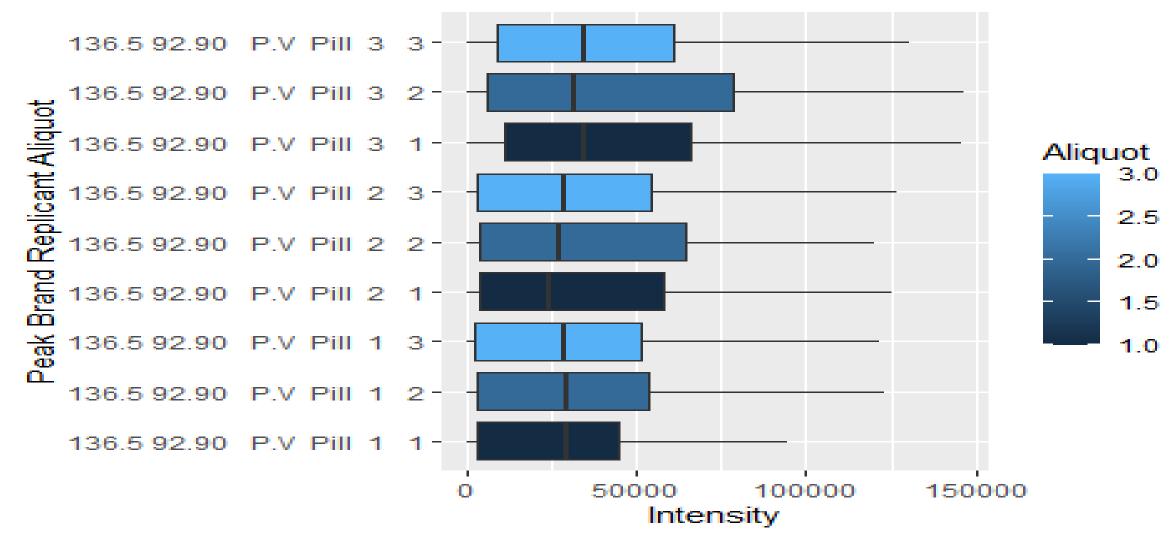












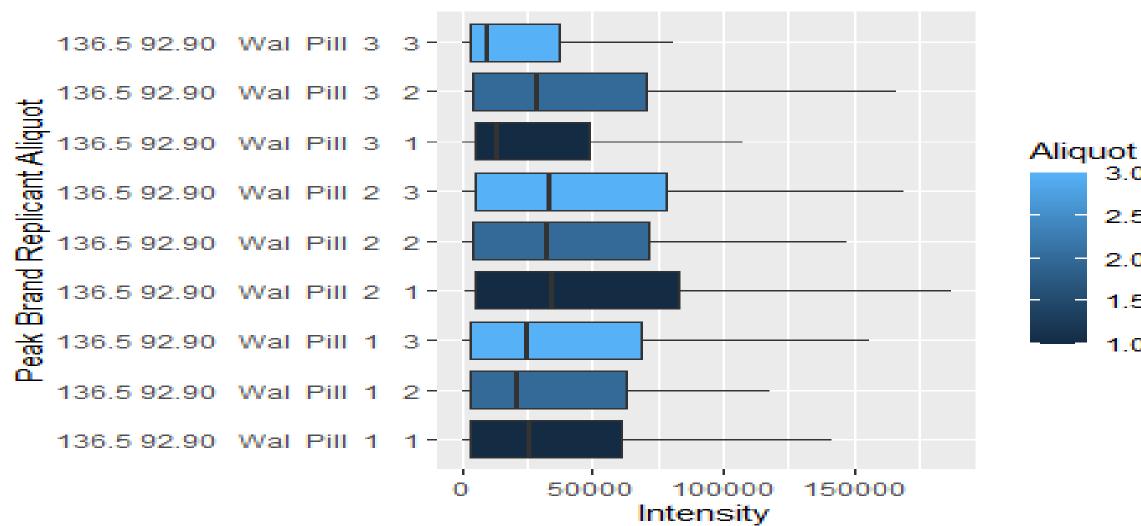


3.0

2.5

2.0

1.5



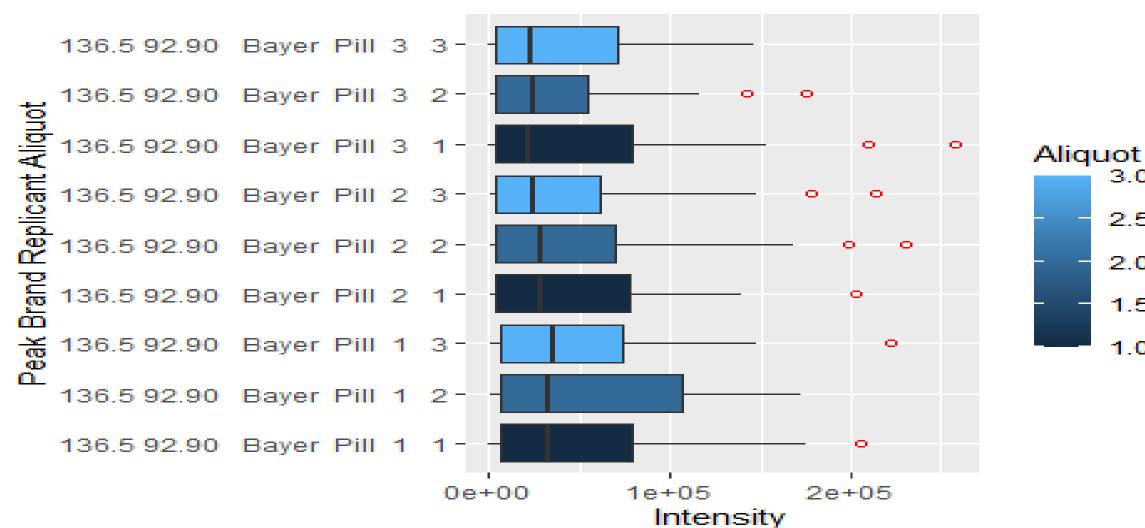


3.0

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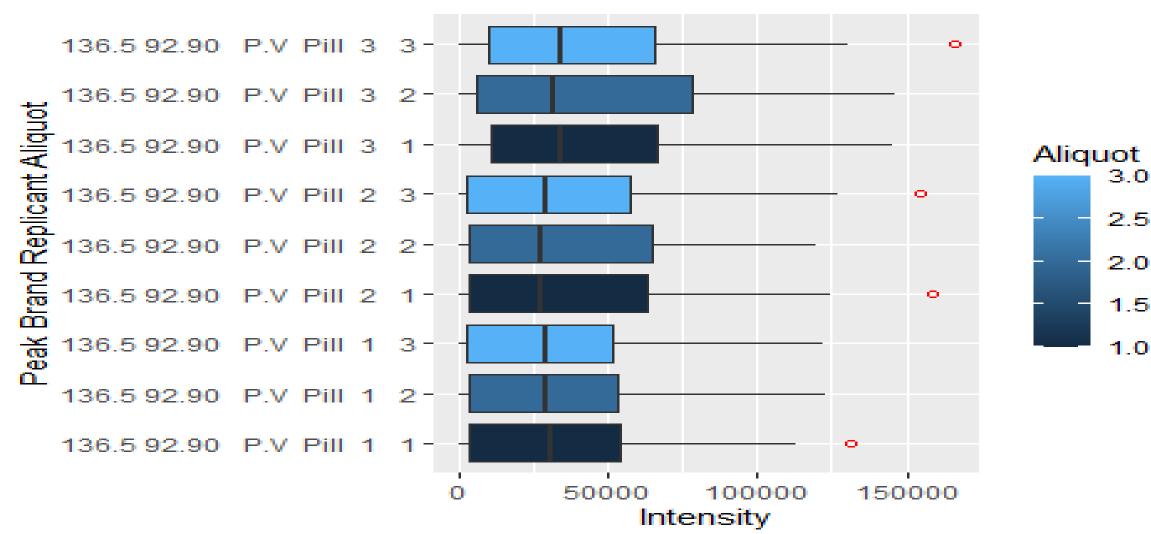
2.0

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1.5

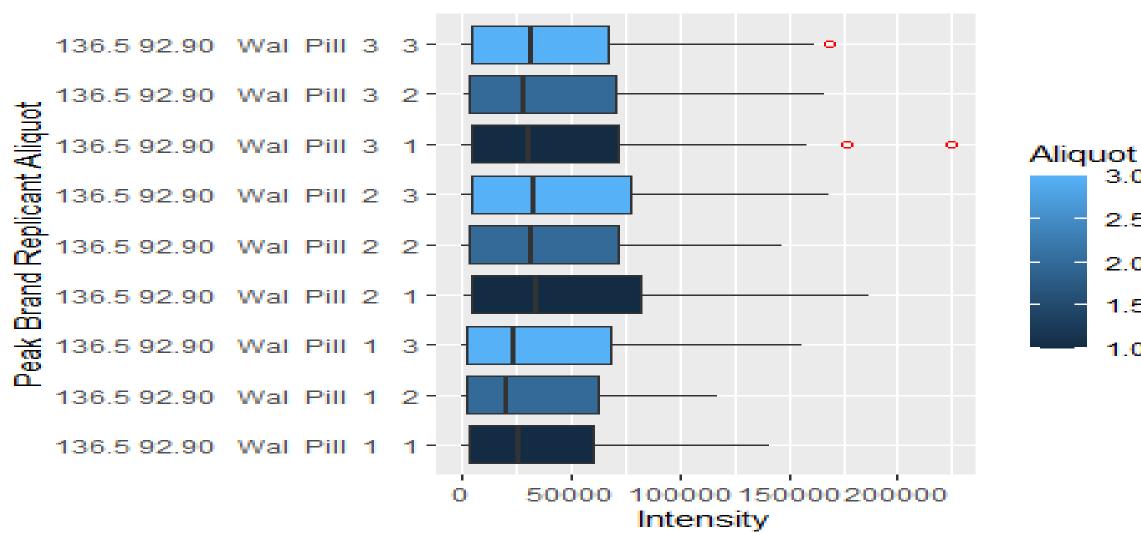




3.0

2.5

2.0



### Analysis

#### One Way ANOVA and Pairwise comparisons of AUPs for each Brand

- Complete with an alpha of .5 to get a 95% confidence interval statistical significance comparison
- All 3 at once and pairwise comparisons using Student's t-distribution tests

Brand	AoV_P_Value	Pairwise_T_Test_P_Value
Brand - With Outliers	0.973	
Brand - w/o Outliers	0.729	
P.V. vs Bayer - With Outliers		0.85
Wal vs Bayer - With Outliers		0.98
Wal vs P.V With Outliers		0.83
P.V. vs Bayer - w/o Outliers		0.53
Wal vs Bayer - w/o Outliers		0.46
Wal vs P.V - w/o Outliers		0.91

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### Analysis

#### **Ad-Hoc Pairwise comparisons**

- Tukey-Kramer comparison which has an error correction that assists when comparing pairs within a group with sample sizes that aren't exactly the same.
- Bonferroni comparison which has an error correction that, similarly to the Tukey-Kramer test, also assists when comparing pairs within a group with sample sizes that aren't exactly the same.

Brand	Tukey_Kramer_P_Values	Bonferroni_P_Values
P.V. vs Bayer - With Outliers	0.489	0.818
Wal vs Bayer - With Outliers	0.984	0.887
Wal vs P.V With Outliers	0.389	0.118
P.V. vs Bayer - w/o Outliers	0.078	0.140
Wal vs Bayer - w/o Outliers	0.030	0.132
Wal vs P.V - w/o Oultiers	0.924	0.624

Conclusions

#### **Null Hypothesis that the Aspirin Pills Are the Same**

- Failed to reject null hypothesis that the aspirin pills are the same
  - Initial ANOVA test revealed that at a 95% confidence interval, there is no difference between the brands with or without the outliers being removed
  - This result was confirmed when running pairwise t-tests between the 3 brands
- Ad-Hoc Analysis
  - When outliers are not removed and when comparing the individual brands between each other using either Tukey-Kramer or Bonferroni analyses, the null hypothesis is not rejected at a 95% confidence interval
  - When outliers are removed and the Tukey-Kramer analysis but not the Bonferroni analysis is used, the Walgreens and Bayers brand aspirin pills are found to be different at a 95% confidence interval, rejecting the null hypothesis
- Standard One-Way ANOVA is being prioritized and thus the null hypothesis fails to be rejected