The Impact of Healthcare Spending on Life Expectancy

Karoly Takacs

Ghadena Hgaig

Eniko Palko

Anastasiia Russu

Sources







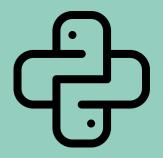
36 countries over a 15-year period







Data Cleaning



Python for initial cleaning.



Handling missing data with NaN values



Type conversions for consistency



Removing duplicates and irrelevant data.

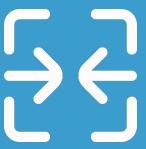
Data Reshaping and Transformation



Pivoting, melting, and transposing tables.



Renaming and reordering columns.



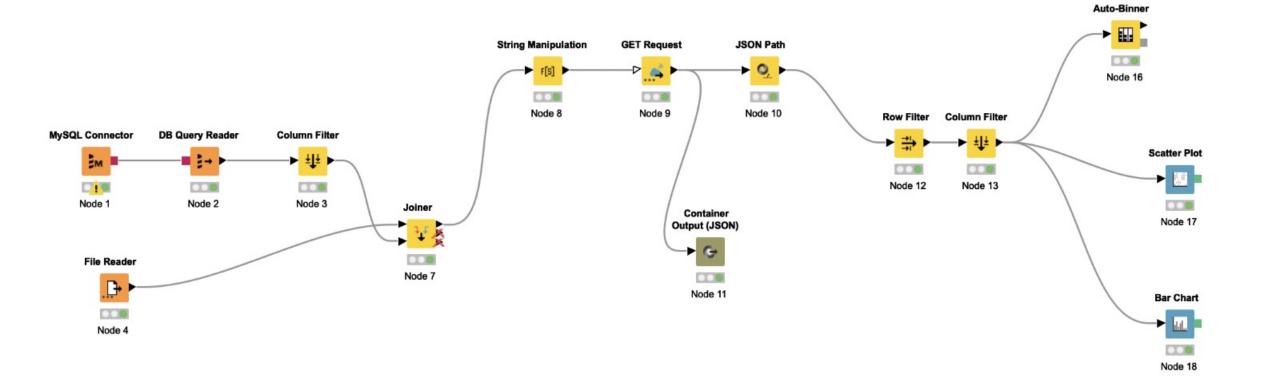
Merging tables to include region for comprehensive datasets.

SQL Workflow

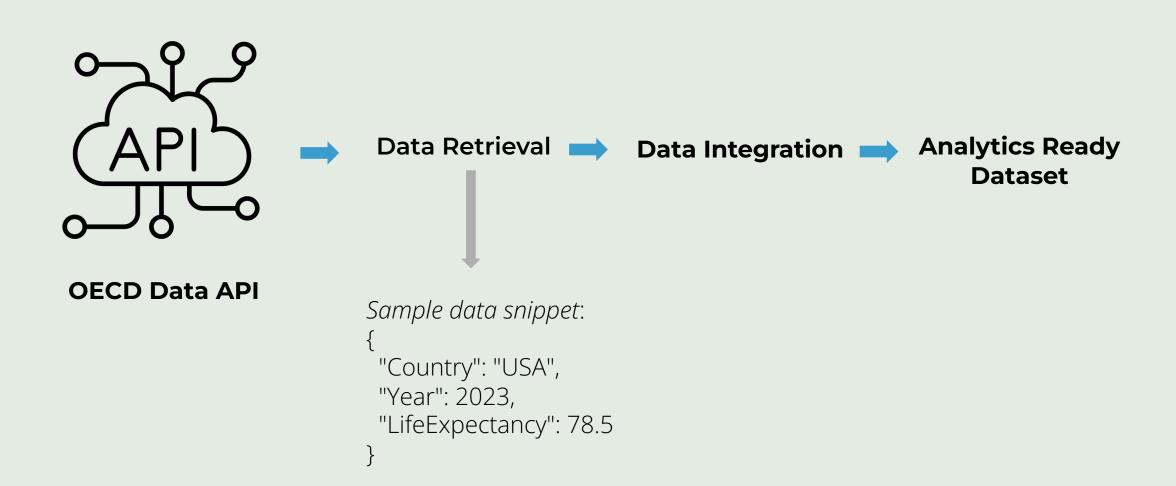
id country_name country_code region year current health expendure (%gdp) health expenditure per capita government health expenditure private health expenditure external health expenditure out of pocket expenditure

```
id
country_name
country_code
region
year
gdp (usd)
gdp growth (annual %)
gdp per capita (usd)
gdp per capita growth(annual %)
population growth (annual %)
popultaion (total)
```

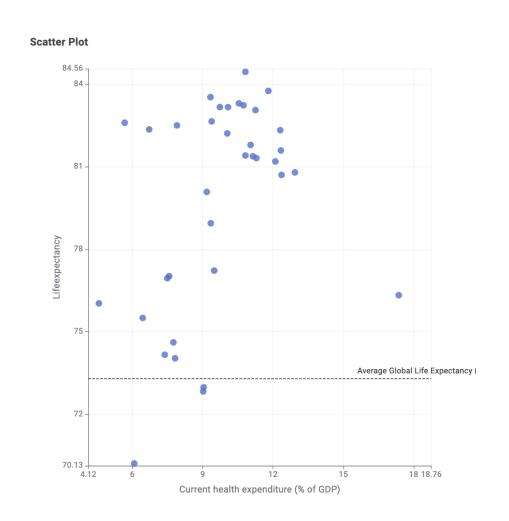
Knime Pipeline Workflow



API Integration

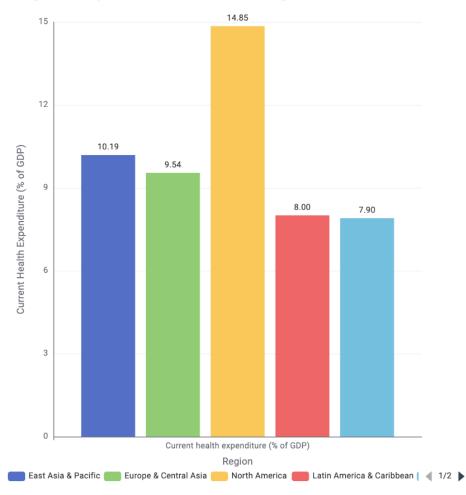


Data Insights and Analysis



average health expenditure as a % of GDP for each region





average health expenditure and life expectancy with respect to the global average.

Futher Data Analysis

Examine differences in health expenditure types (governmental, private, external, out-of-pocket)

expectancy but low healthcare spending, and low life expectancy but high healthcare spending

Explore the point at which increased spending no longer yields significant life expectancy gains (diminishing returns

Compare which types of health expenditures have the strongest correlation with life expectancy improvements.



Conclusion



Integrated and prepared data on healthcare spending and life expectancy across OECD countries over 15 year



Python, MySQL, Knime, OECD Data API, World Bank datasets.