

VLSI-2 Course Project (Phase I)

Project: Multicycle ARM Processor control Unit

Project Delivery: 20 Tir 96

Introduction

In this project, you will design and build your own multicycle ARM processor. You may reuse hardware (SystemVerilog modules) from Harris chapter 7 components of Single Cycle Processor.

Your multicycle processor should match the design from the text, which is reprinted in Figure 1 (at the end of this document) for your convenience. It should handle the following instructions: ADD, SUB, AND, and ORR (with register and immediate operands, but no shifts), LDR and STR (with positive immediate offset), and B.

The multicycle processor is divided into three units: the `controller`, `datapath`, and `mem` (memory) units. Note that the `mem` unit contains the shared memory used to hold both data and instructions. Also note that the `controller` unit comprises both the `Decode` and `Conditional Logic` units. We've repeated the control unit diagram in Figure 2 for your convenience.

In this part you will design and test the `controller`.

Overall Design

Now you will begin the hardware implementation of your multicycle ARM processor. First, copy the provided `arm_multi.sv` to your own directory and rename it `arm_multi_xx.sv`.

The `arm` module instantiates both the `datapath` and the control unit (called the `controller` module). You will design the `controller` module (and all of its submodules) in this lab. In the next lab, you will design the `datapath`. The memory is essentially identical to the data memory from single cycle processor and is already included in `arm_multi.sv`.

Control Unit Design

The control unit (`controller`) is the most complex part of the multicycle processor. It consists of two modules: `Decode` (`decode`) and `Conditional Logic` (`condlogic`). `decode` instantiates the Main FSM (`mainfsm`) and includes logic for the ALU Decoder, PC Logic, and Instruction Decoder. On reset, the Main FSM should start at

State 0 (DECODE). The state transition diagram is given in Figure 3 at the end of this handout.

The `controller`, `decode`, `condlogic`, and `mainfsm` headers are given in `arm_multi.sv` showing the inputs and outputs for each module. A portion of the SystemVerilog code for the control units has been given to you. Complete the SystemVerilog code to completely design the hardware of the controller and its submodules. Remember that you can reuse code from the single-cycle processor of workshop. Please see Figure 2 at the end of this handout for a change to the Condition Logic module.

Generating Control Signals

Before you begin developing the hardware for your ARM multicycle processor, you'll need to determine the correct control signals for each state in the multicycle processor's state transition diagram. This state transition diagram is shown in Figure 7.41 in the book and in Figure 3 in these instructions. Complete the output table of the Main FSM in Table 1 at the end of this handout. Give the FSM control word in hexadecimal for each state. The first two rows are filled in as examples. Be careful with this step. It takes much longer to debug an erroneous circuit than to design it correctly the first time.

Testing

Create a `controllertest_xx.sv` testbench for the `controller` module. Test each of the instructions that the processor should support: ADD, SUB, AND, and ORR (with register and immediate operands, but no shifts), LDR and STR (with positive immediate offset), and B. Be sure to test both taken and nontaken branches. From Figure 2, the controller inputs are: CLK, reset, `Cond3:0`, `Op1:0`, `Funct5:0`, `Rd3:0`, and `ALUFlags3:0`. The SystemVerilog header for `controller` lists `clk`, `reset`, `Instr[31:12]`, and `ALUFlags[3:0]` as inputs. Recall from the machine code formats that `Instr[31:12]` includes the Cond, Op, Funct, and Rd fields (as well as Rn, which is not used).

Your test bench should apply the inputs to `controller` (`clk`, `reset`, `Instr[31:12]`, and `ALUFlags[3:0]`). Visually inspect the states and outputs to verify that they match your expectations from Table 1. If you find any errors, debug your circuit and correct the errors. Save a copy of your waveforms showing the inputs, state, and control outputs at each state.

What to Turn In

Submit the following elements **in the following order**. Clearly label each part by number. Poorly organized submissions will lose points.

1. **Please indicate how many hours you spent on this lab.** This will not affect your grade, but will be helpful for calibrating the workload for next semester's labs.
2. A completed Main FSM output table (Table 1).
3. Your `arm_multi_xx.sv` file highlighting your `controller`, `decode`, `condlogic`, and `mainfsm` modules.
4. Your `controllertest_xx.sv` testbench module.
5. Simulation waveforms of the controller module showing (in the given order): CLK, Reset, Cond, OP, Funct, Rd, ALUFlags, ALUControl, ImmSrc, RegSrc, RegWrite, MemWrite, PCWrite, state, and the entire control word (i.e. the 4-nibble word you entered in Table 1) demonstrating each instruction (including taken and non-taken branches). Display all signals in hexadecimal. Does it match your expectations?

State (Name)	FSM Control Word														
	ALUOp	ALUSrcB _{1:0}			ALUSrcA _{1:0}			ResultsSrc _{1:0}		AdrSrc	IRWrite	RegW	MemW	Branch	NextPC
	0 (Fetch)	1	10	0	1	10	0	0	10	0	1	0	0	0	1
	1 (Decode)	1	10	0	1	10	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2 (MemAdr)														
	3 (MemRead)														
	4 (MemWB)														
	5 (MemWrite)														
	6 (ExecuteR)														
	7 (ExecuteI)														
8 (ALUWB)															
9 (Branch)															

Table 1. Main FSM output

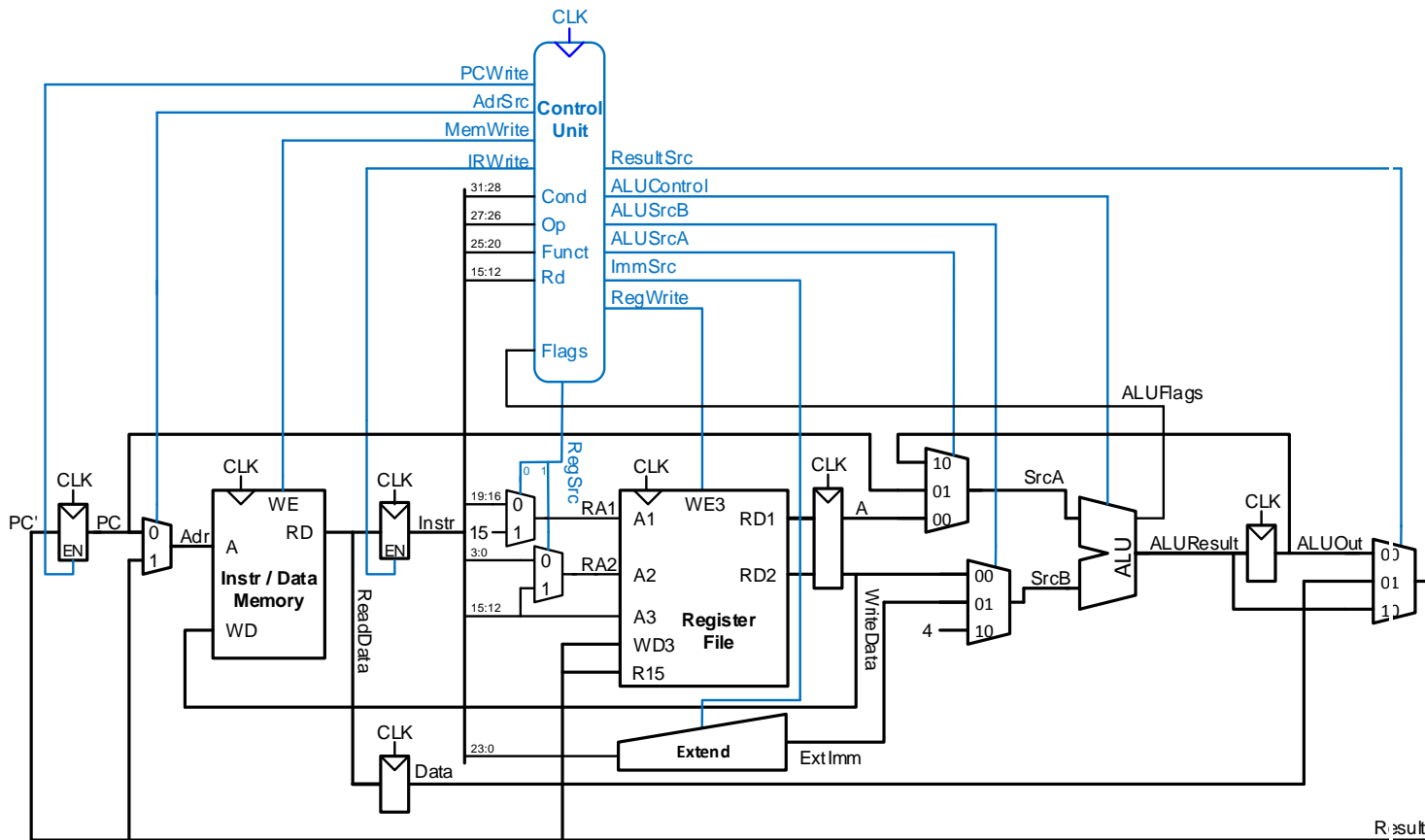


Figure 1. ARM Multicycle Processor

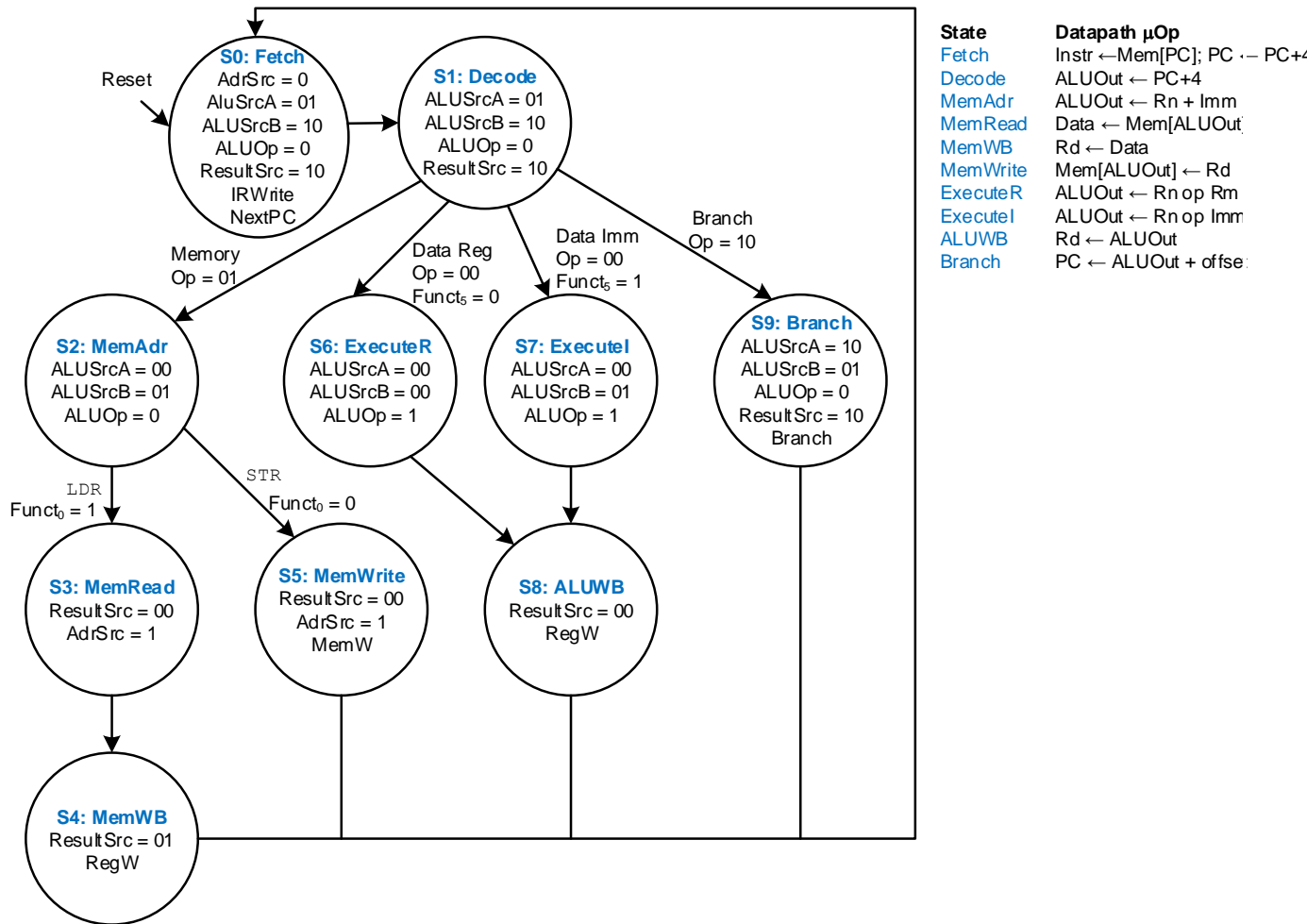
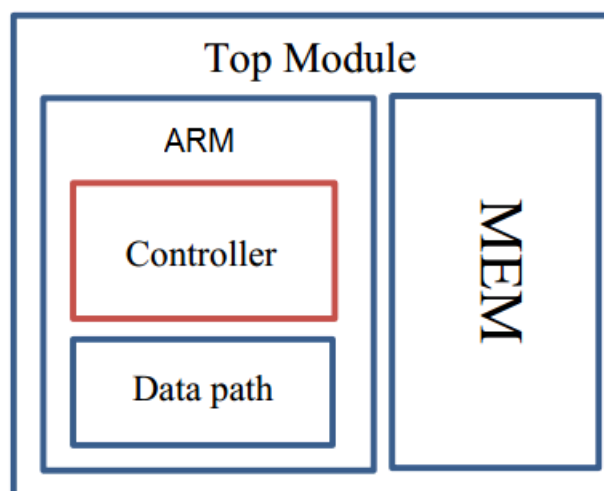


Figure 2. ARM Main FSM state transition diagram

توضیحات ضروری:

امیدوارم با مطالعه ی دقیق مطالب بالا در جریان کلیات پروژه ی نهایی قرار گرفته باشید. اما در تکمیل این توضیحات، هدف از این پروژه طراحی پردازنده Multicycle ARM می باشد که در سه فاز آن را تکمیل خواهیم کرد.

نمایی کلی از نحوه ی طراحی این پروژه را در شکل زیر مشاهده می کنیم:



در فاز اول علاوه بر تکمیل جدول زیر بخش Controller این پروژه را نیز طراحی خواهیم کرد. برای این منظور فایل `arm_multi.sv` در اختیار شما گذاشته می شود که طرح کلی در آن مشخص شده و بایستی فقط قسمت controller آن را در این فاز تکمیل نمایید. این فایل با زبان سخت افزاری system Verilog تهیه شده است که نباید تغییری در تعداد پورت ها و نام گذاری های انجام گرفته دهید. لذا در صورتی که می خواهید طرح خود را با Verilog بنویسید این فایل را کامل به Verilog تبدیل کرده و تغییری در نام گذاری ماژول ها، رجیستر ها و پورت ها ندهید.

بنابراین برای فاز اول بایستی جدول تکمیل شده ی زیر را همراه با کدهای تکمیل شده (فقط برای بخش controller) و گزارش کاری که روال کار شما برای تکمیل جدول زیر و کدهای موردنظر را نشان دهد (در دو فرمت word و pdf) را به صورت فایلی zip شده در زمان تعیین شده تحویل دهید.

موفق باشید