

# Explore Weather Trends

## Overview:

At this project I will show you the tools that I used to extract the temperature data from the database and I will discuss how to make the data smooth and easy to be observed in detail.

## Extract the data:

First of all, I had to extract the local and global temperature data from the schema, I used SQL query for this purpose. For the local temperature I choose Riyadh city which is I live.

The SQL queries are:

```
select * from city_data Where city='Riyadh';
```

```
select * from global_data;
```

The screenshot shows a web-based SQL interface titled "Accessing Data With SQL". On the left, there is a "SCHEMA" panel with a tree view containing "city\_data", "city\_list", "global\_data", "year", and "avg\_temp". The "global\_data" table is selected. The main area shows a SQL query: `1 select * from global_data ;`. Below the query, a green "Success!" message is displayed next to a blue "EVALUATE" button. The "Output" section shows "266 results" and a "Download CSV" link. The output is a table with two columns: "year" and "avg\_temp". The visible rows are:

year	avg_temp
1750	8.72
1751	7.98
1752	5.78
1753	8.39

Accessing Data With SQL

Input

HISTORY ▾

MENU ▾

SCHEMA

city\_data ▾

city\_list ▾

global\_data ▲

year

avg\_temp ▾

1 select \* from city\_data Where city='Riyadh';

Success!

EVALUATE

Output 171 results

Download CSV

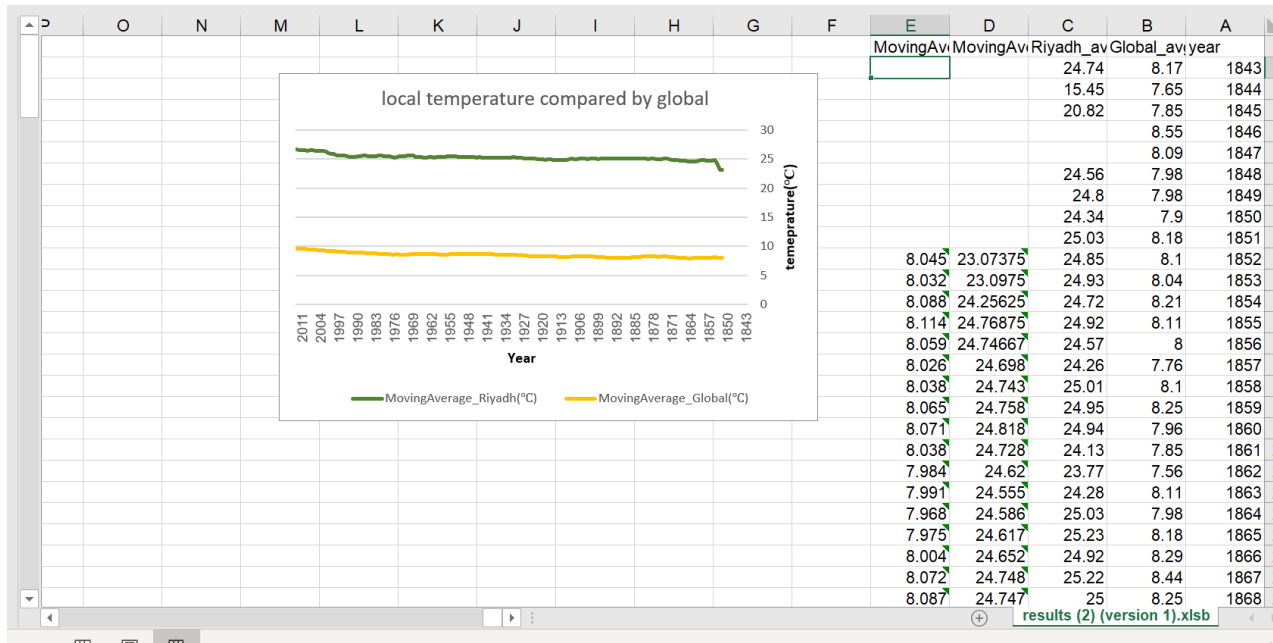
year	city	country	avg_temp
1843	Riyadh	Saudi Arabia	24.74
1844	Riyadh	Saudi Arabia	15.45
1845	Riyadh	Saudi Arabia	20.82
1846	Riyadh	Saudi Arabia	

### Moving Average:

In this step I worked on the Excel to show the line chart with the moving average. I chose 10 years for the moving average, I made sure the starting year at the both local and global data are the same, I kept only the 3 columns which is Year, G\_avg\_temp and Riyadh\_avg\_temp as shown below.

A2													1843	
N	M	L	K	J	I	H	G	F	E	D	C	B	A	
											Riyadh_avg	G_avg	ter_year	1
											24.74	8.17	1843	2
											15.45	7.65	1844	3
											20.82	7.85	1845	4
												8.55	1846	5
												8.09	1847	6
											24.56	7.98	1848	7
											24.8	7.98	1849	8
											24.34	7.9	1850	9
											25.03	8.18	1851	10
											24.85	8.1	1852	11
											24.93	8.04	1853	12
											24.72	8.21	1854	13
											24.92	8.11	1855	14
											24.57	8	1856	15
											24.26	7.76	1857	16
											25.01	8.1	1858	17
											24.95	8.25	1859	18
											24.94	7.96	1860	19
											24.13	7.85	1861	20

I calculated the moving average for both columns using this formula:  
 $\text{=AVERAGE(B2:B11)}$  and so on. Also, I added new columns MA\_Global and MA\_Riyadh, And the line chart.



The observations that I got from the line chart :

1. The global moving average is smaller than the local moving average (Riyadh).
2. The temperature at both of them got increase recently.
3. The older temperatures at the both of them was low compared by the recent temperatures.
4. The temperature in Riyadh is hotter than the global.

Done by Ghaida Abdulaziz AlHajri.