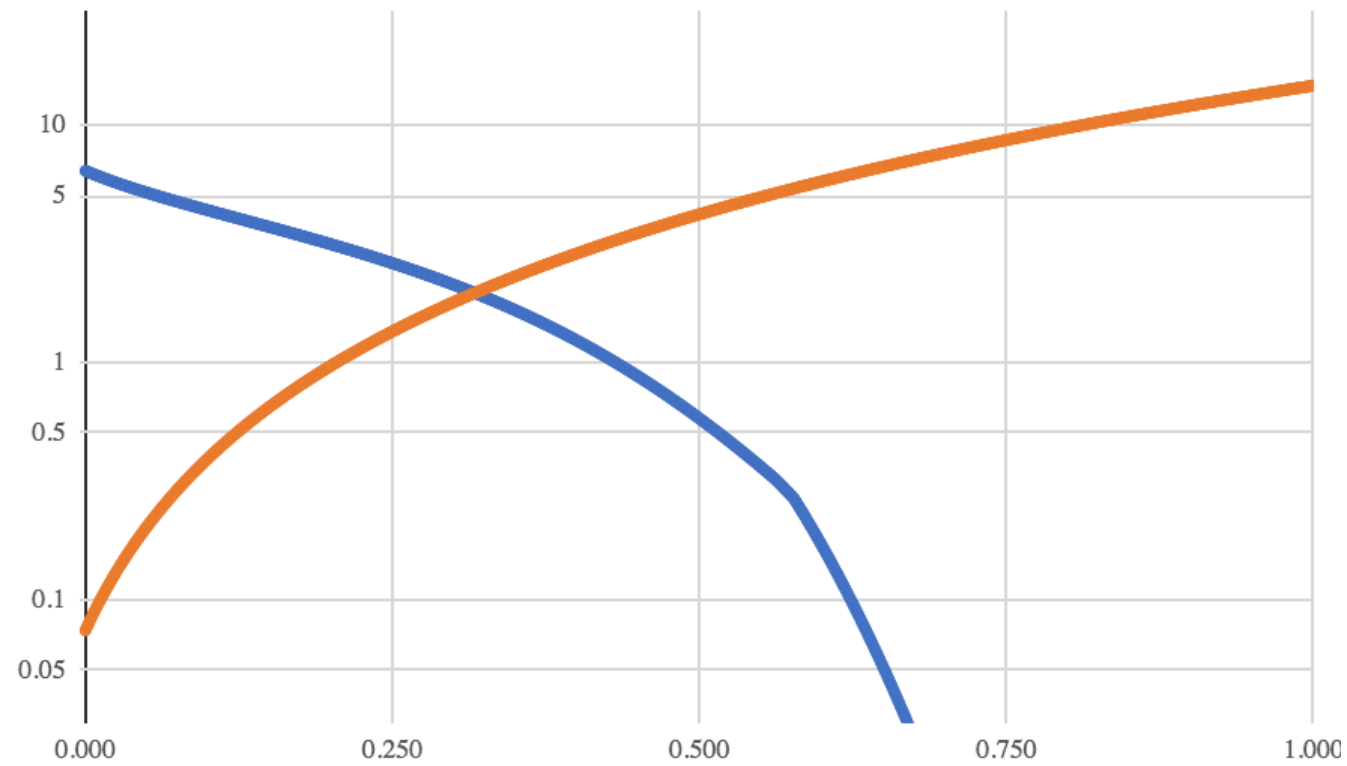


MATLAB CODE OF ADIABATIC MASTER EQUATION AND QUANTUM TRAJECTORIES

KA-WA YIP

$$\mathcal{H}_{ising} = -\frac{A(s)}{2} \left(\sum_i \hat{\sigma}_x^{(i)} \right) + \frac{B(s)}{2} \left(\sum_i h_i \hat{\sigma}_z^{(i)} + \sum_{i>j} J_{ij} \hat{\sigma}_z^{(i)} \hat{\sigma}_z^{(j)} \right)$$

Form of Hamiltonian



A(s) blue, B(s) orange

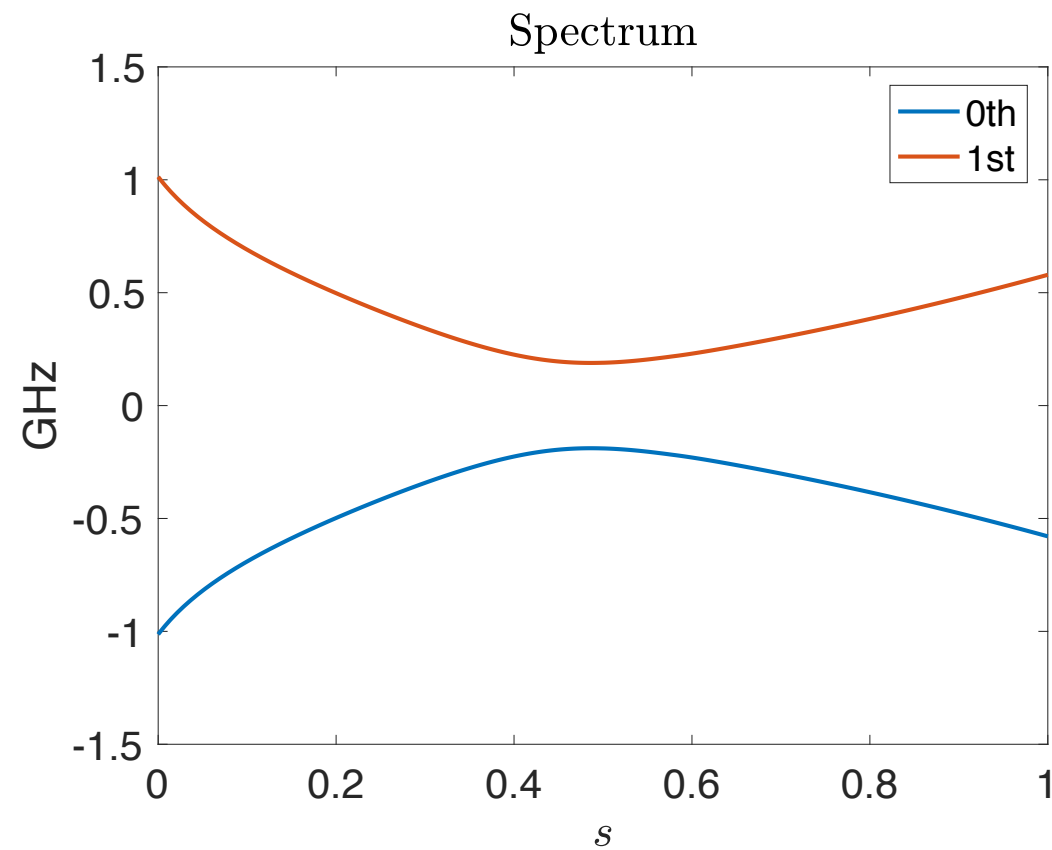
One-qubit example

Ohmic bath,

DWave 2000Q schedule

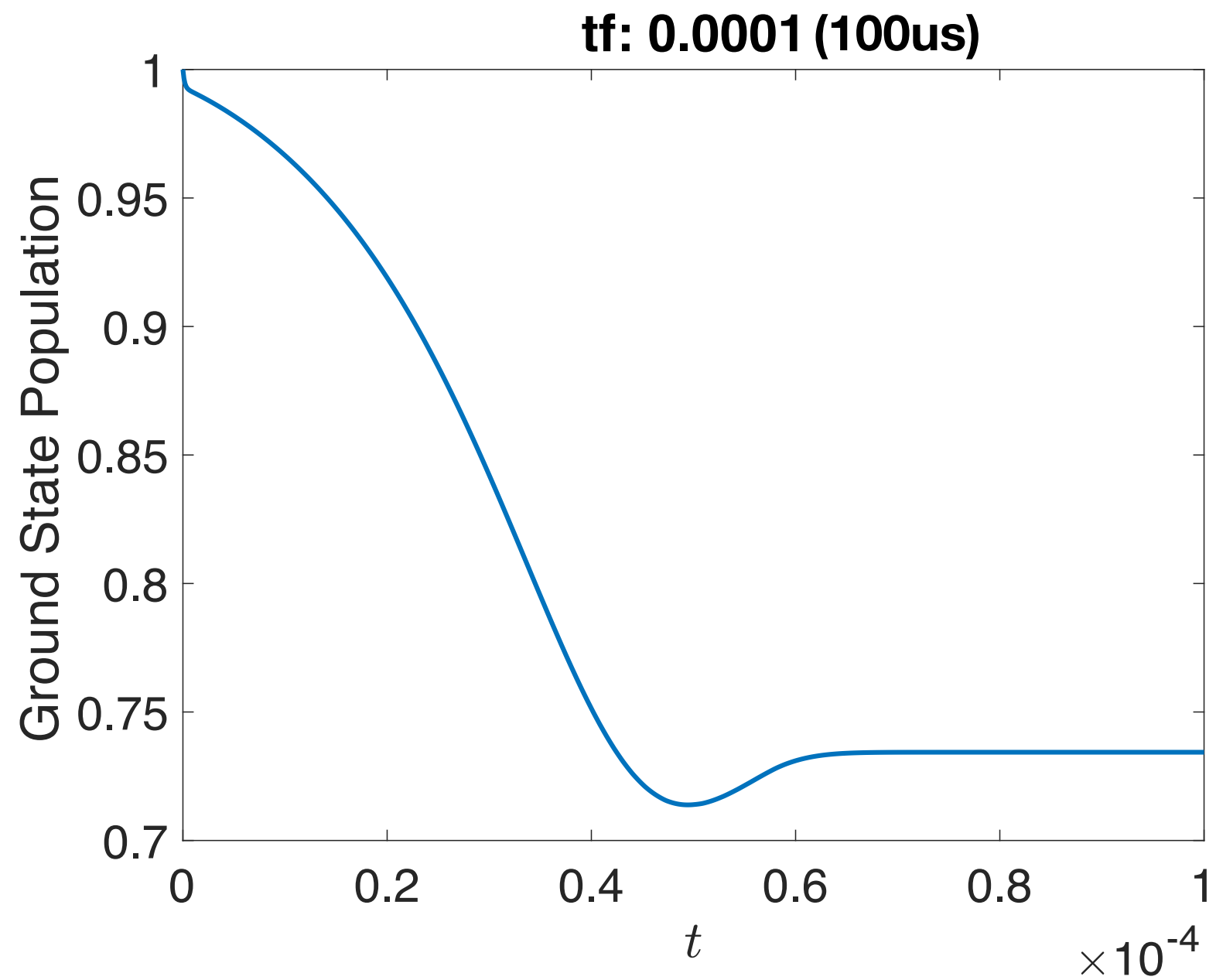
$$T = 20\text{mK} \approx 2.6\text{GHz}$$

$$\eta g^2 / (\hbar^2) = 1.2 \times 10^{-4} / (2\pi)$$



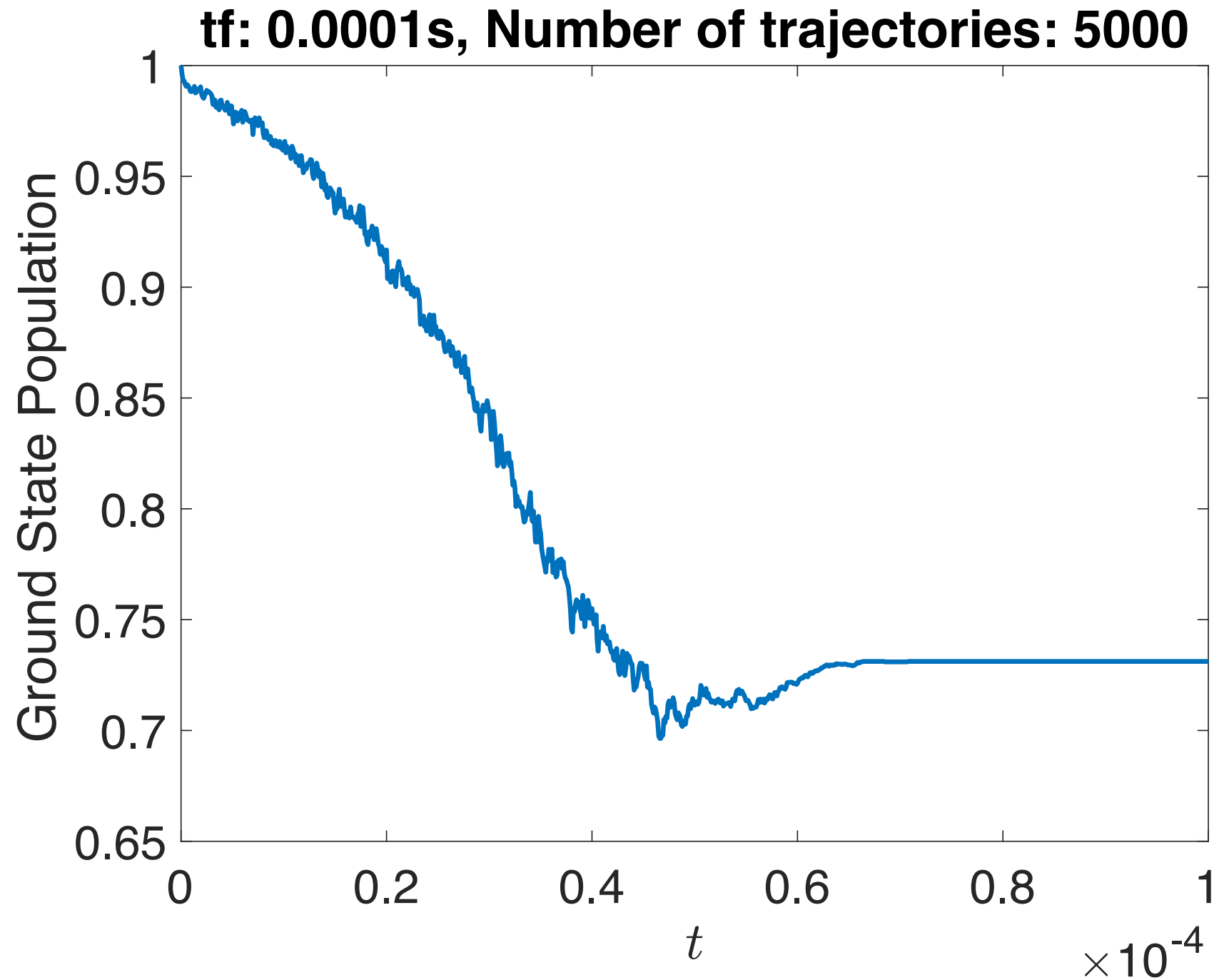
Spectrum

ame1qubit_demo.m



Master equation solution.

aqt1qubit_demo.m



Quantum traj. Solution

QT code feature

```
X = bsxfun(@minus, e.', e); %matrix of \omega_{ba}
[sortedOutput,~,~] = uniquetol(full(reshape(X,[1 nevaltruc^2])),0.1,'DataScale',1);
length(sortedOutput(sortedOutput>0));
w_unique = length(sortedOutput);

dp = zeros(1, w_unique*4);
```

Sorting jump operators

```
psi = v*psicb;
%Change back to comp.basis
else % Rigorously should have implemented backtrack:
% collapse has occurred:
% find collapse time to within specified tolerance
% -----
% Rigorously should have implemented backtrack:
% collapse has occurred:
% find collapse time to within specified tolerance
% -----
t_prev = tstep_qt(index);
t_final = tstep_qt(index) + dt_qt;
%r1;
ii = 0;
while ii < 5
    ii = ii + 1;
    t_guess = t_prev + (log(norm2_prev/r1)/log(norm2_prev/norm2_unpsi)) *
    %t_guess - t_prev
    unpsi_guess = expm(-1i*(t_guess - t_prev)*H_eff/hbar)*unpsi_prev;
    %norm2_guess = norm(unpsi_prev)^2
    norm2_guess = norm(unpsi_guess)^2;
    if abs(r1 - norm2_guess) < 0.001*r1 %error tolerance
        break
    elseif (norm2_guess < r1)
        t_final = t_guess;
        norm2_unpsi = norm2_guess;
    else
        t_prev = t_guess;
```

Backtracking

ME code feature

```
Lpcomponent1 = matricelement1*sparse(a(s),b(s),1,nevaltruc,nevaltruc);  
Lpcomponent2 = matricelement2*sparse(a(s),b(s),1,nevaltruc,nevaltruc);  
Lpcomponent3 = matricelement3*sparse(a(s),b(s),1,nevaltruc,nevaltruc);  
Lpcomponent4 = matricelement4*sparse(a(s),b(s),1,nevaltruc,nevaltruc);
```

Sparse matrix

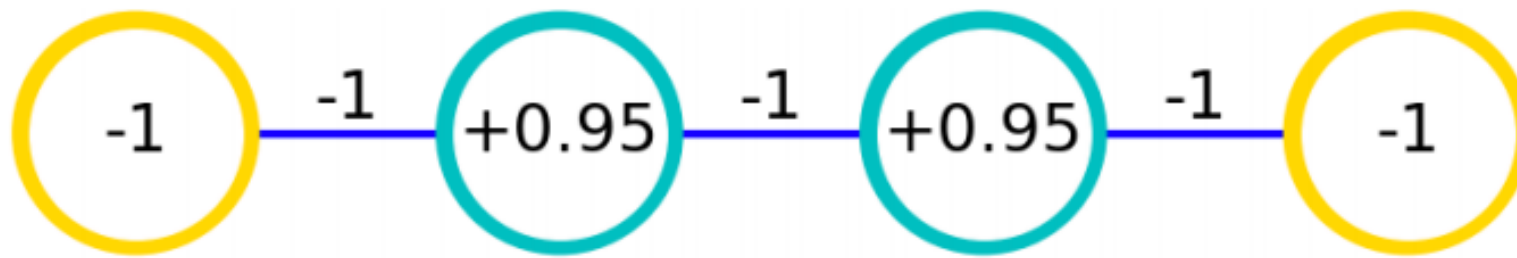
```
= v(:,1);  
m = reshape(rho,[neval,neval]);  
mcb = sparse(v'*rhom*v);
```

```
elity = rhomcb(1,1);  
elitylist_me(1, index) = fidelity;
```

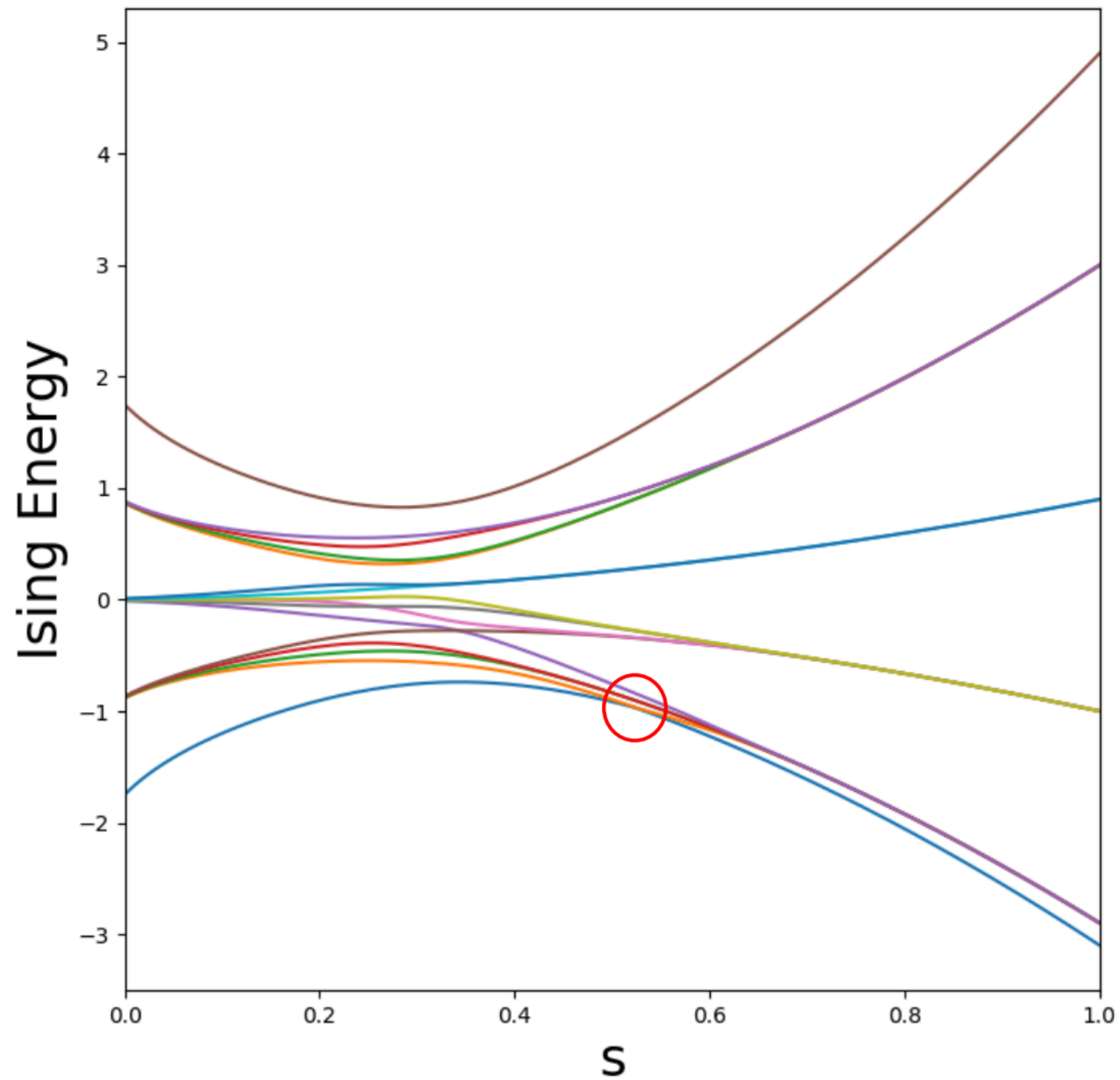
```
ndblad = @(t, rho)lindblad(t, rho, Hsd, natom, gsq2pi, beta, betainv, wc, A_1,A.  
    = [tstep_me(index), tstep_me(index) + dt_me];  
ions = odeset('RelTol',1e-3,'AbsTol',1e-6);  
, RH0] = ode45(alindblad, t, rhomcb(:));  
RH0] = ode45(alindblad, t, rhomcb(:),options);  
inal value of rho is initial value for next step:  
= RH0(end, :);  
= v*reshape(rho,[nevaltruc,nevaltruc])*v'; %in computational basis  
= rho(:);
```

Ode with rotations

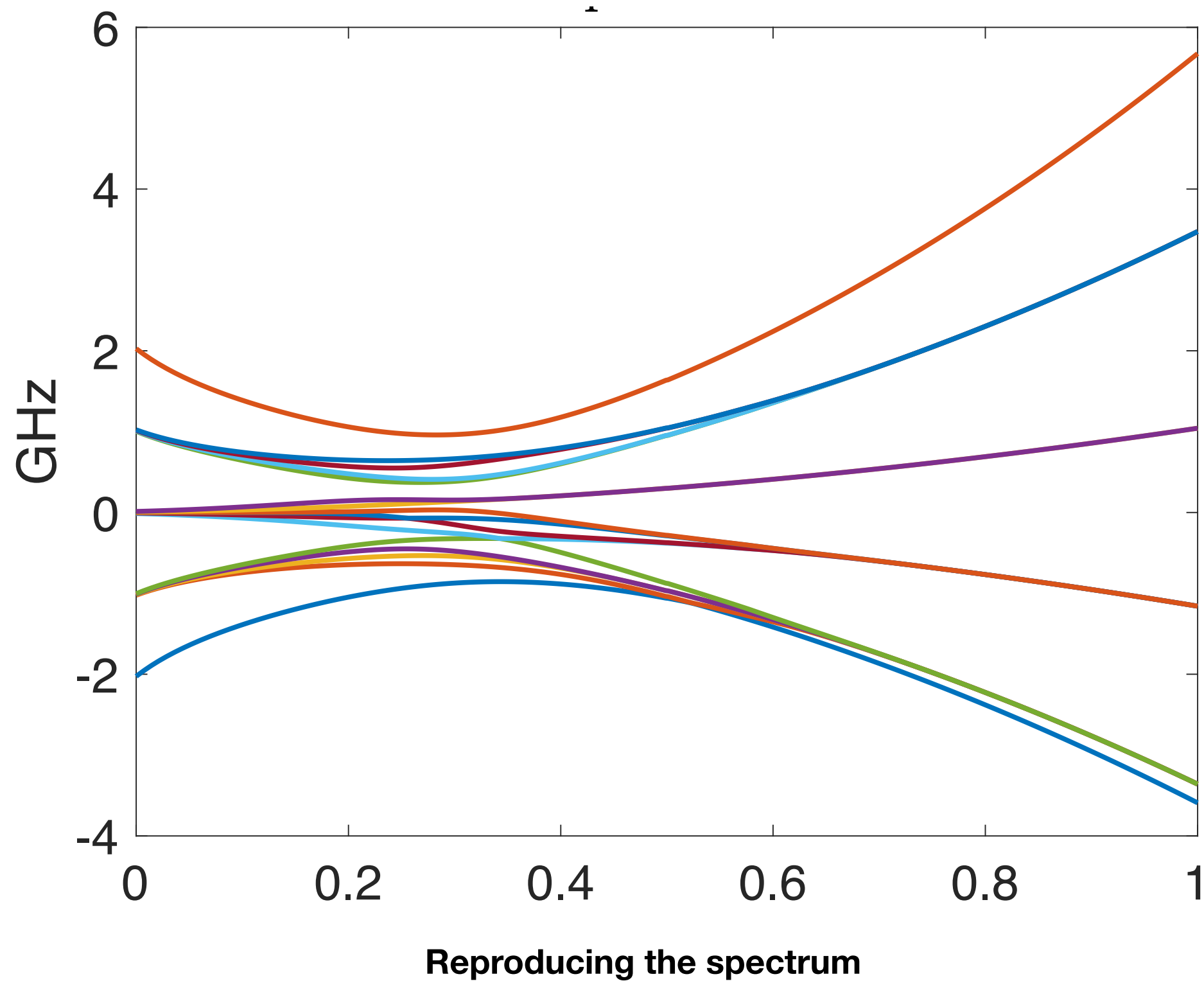
UCL 4-qubit gadget



```
Hs = -1e9.*A_sp1(inslist(index)).*(sX_1+sX_2+sX_3+sX_4) + 1e9.*B_sp1(inslist(index)).*(((-1).*sZ_1+(0.95).*sZ_2+(0.95).*sZ_3+(-1).*sZ_4) + ...
((-1).*sZsZII + (-1).*IsZsZI + (-1).*IIsZsZ));
```



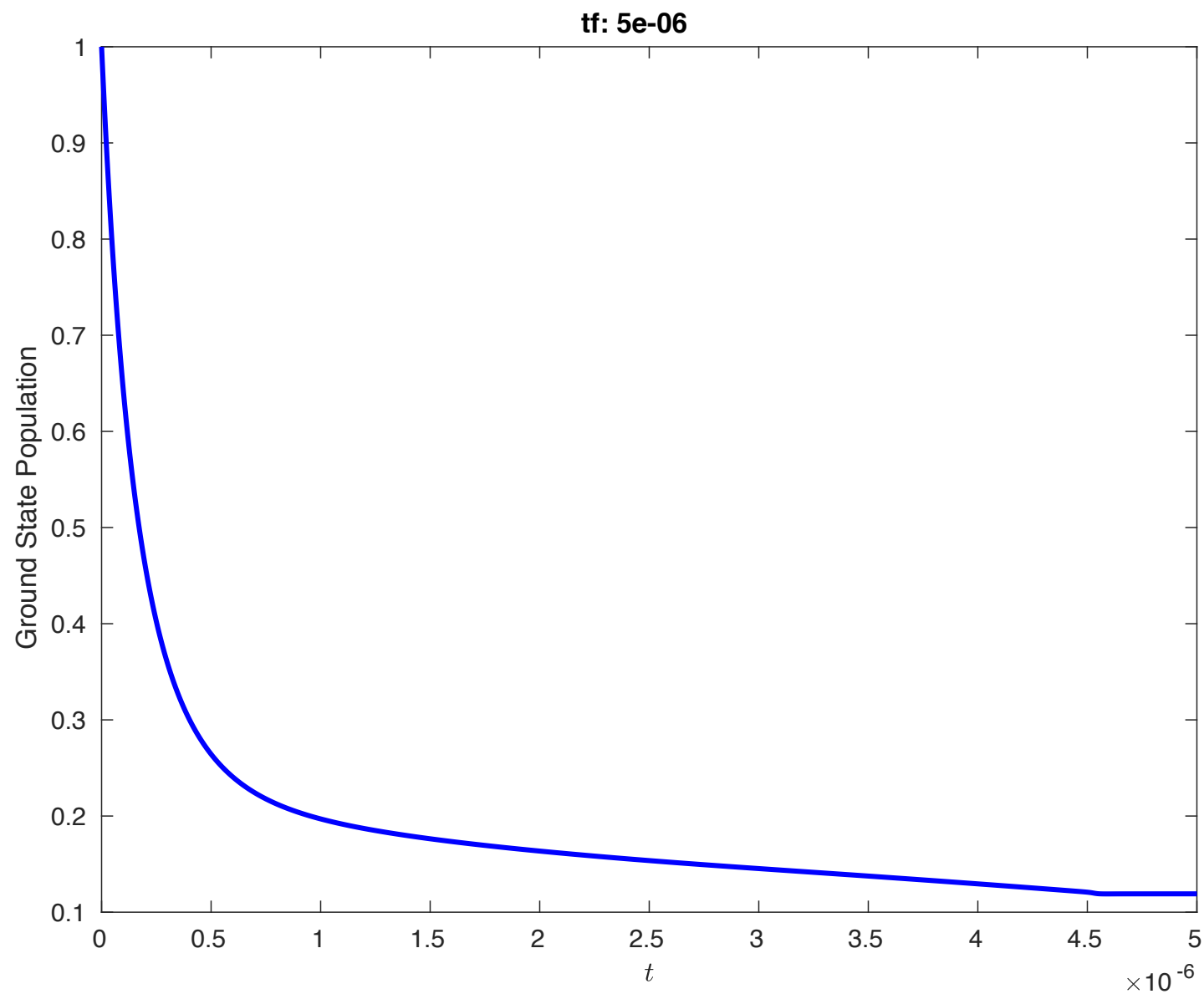
ame_4qubit_reverse_annealing_spectrum.m



Assume the following form and use linear schedule

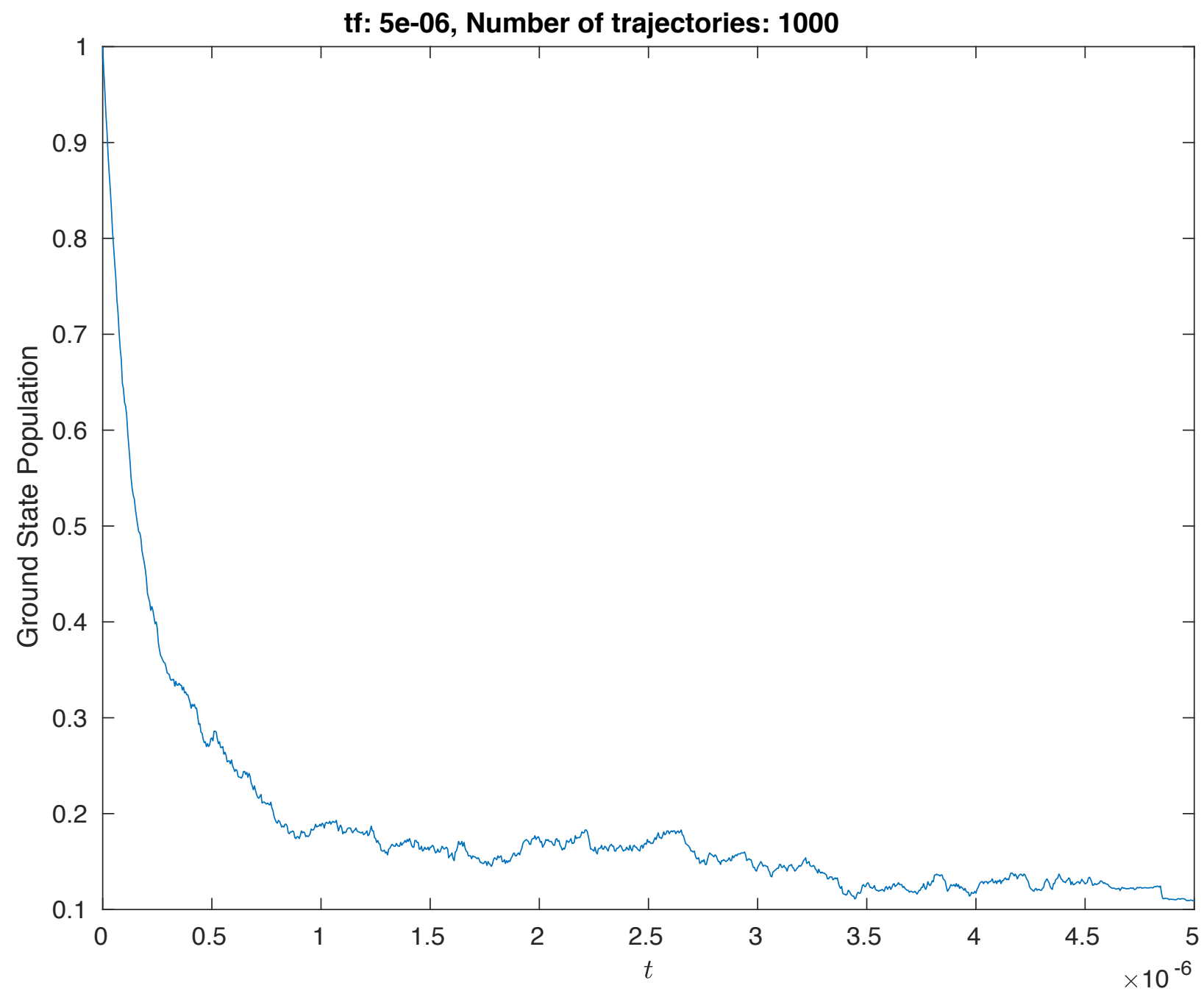
$$\mathcal{H}_{ising} = -\frac{A(s)}{2} \left(\sum_i \hat{\sigma}_x^{(i)} \right) + \frac{B(s)}{2} \left(\sum_i h_i \hat{\sigma}_z^{(i)} + \sum_{i>j} J_{ij} \hat{\sigma}_z^{(i)} \hat{\sigma}_z^{(j)} \right)$$

linearschedule/ame_4qubit.m



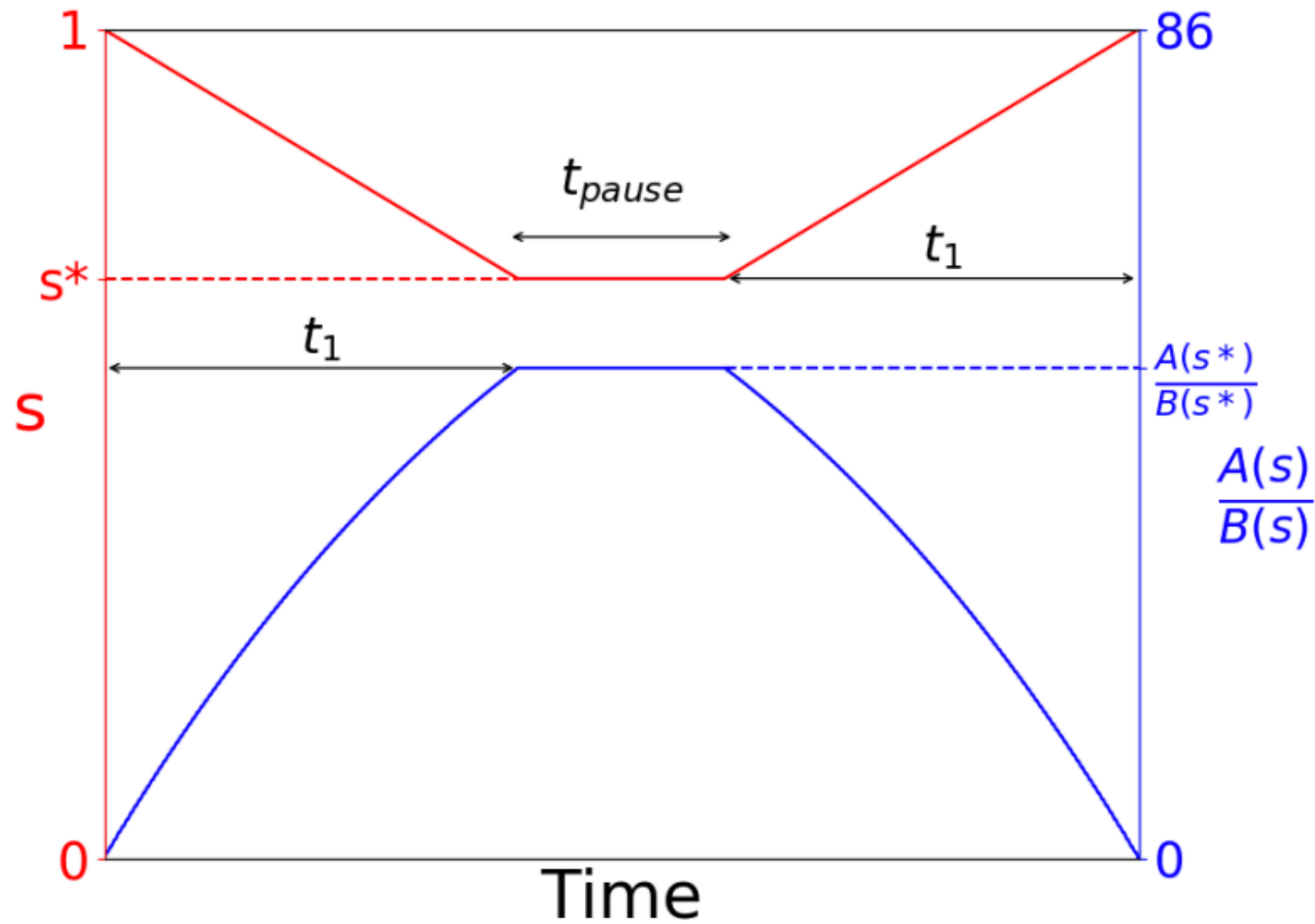
ME solution

linearschedule/aqt_4qubit.m



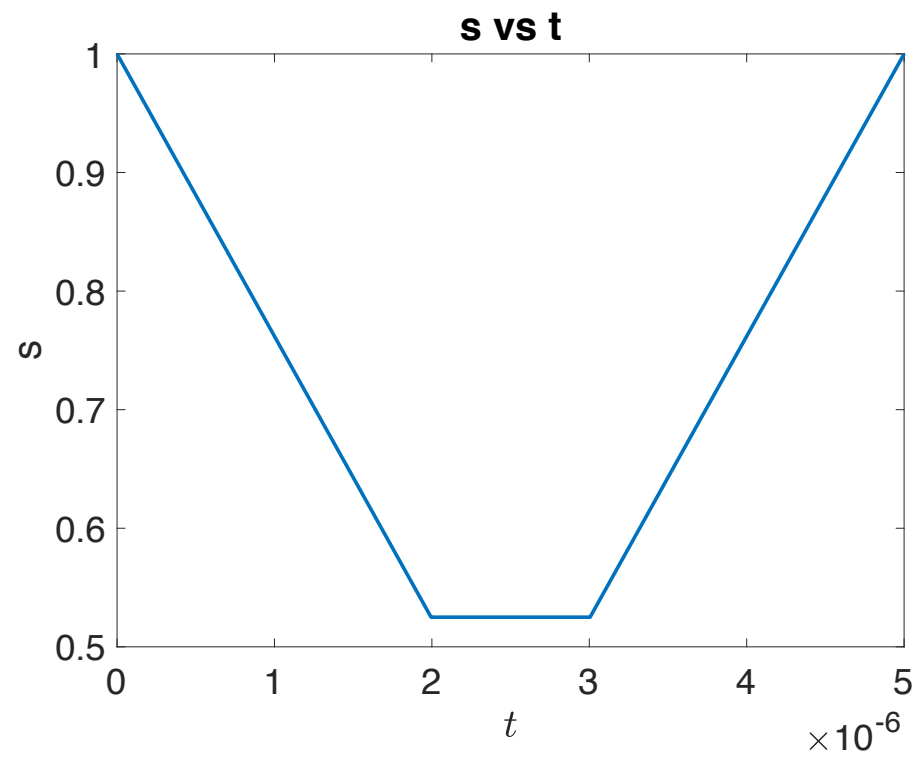
QT solution

Reverse Annealing

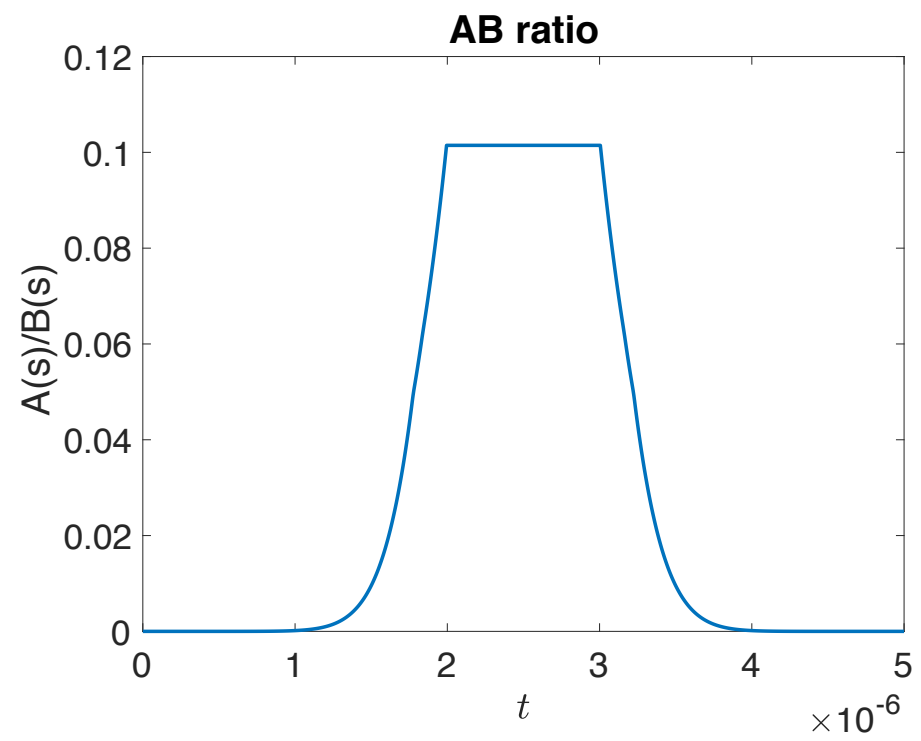


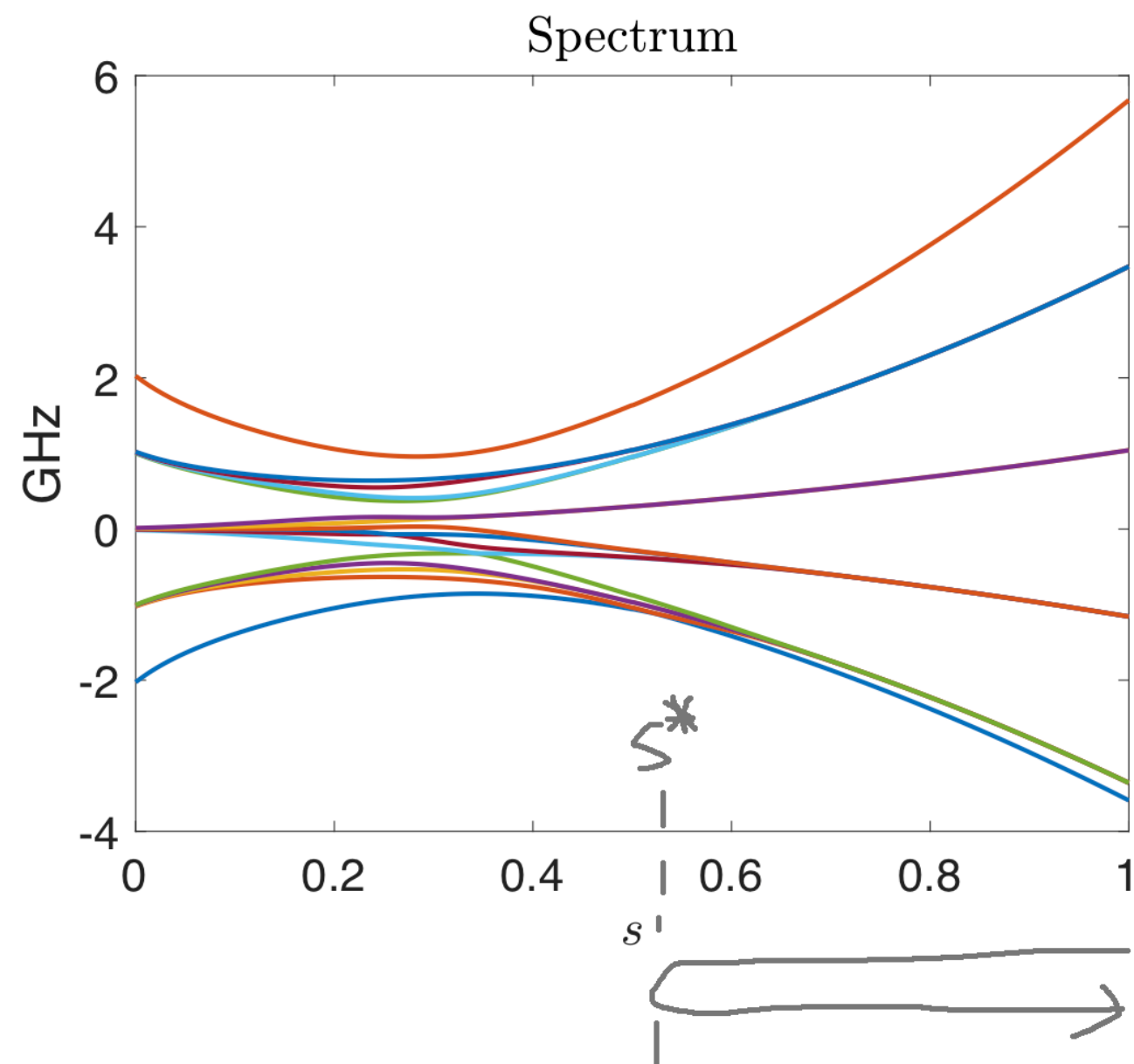
$t_1 = 2\mu s$. So total is around $5\mu s$.

Reproducing the previous graph

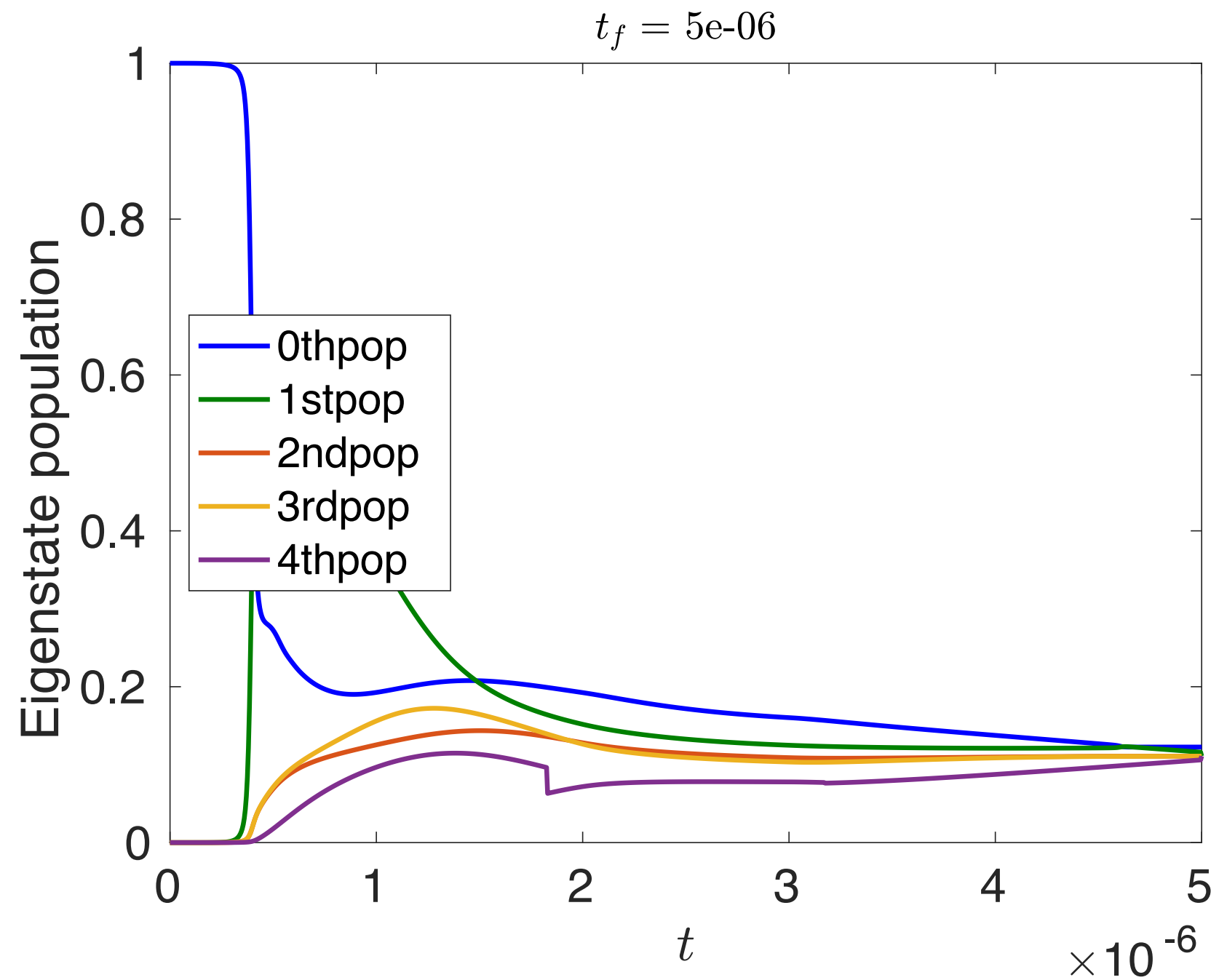


```
step = 1000;  
sstar = 0.525;  
inslist1 = linspace(1,sstar,step*2/5);  
inslist2 = linspace(sstar,sstar,step*1/5+1);  
inslist3 = linspace(sstar,1,step*2/5);  
inslist = [inslist1, inslist2, inslist3];
```

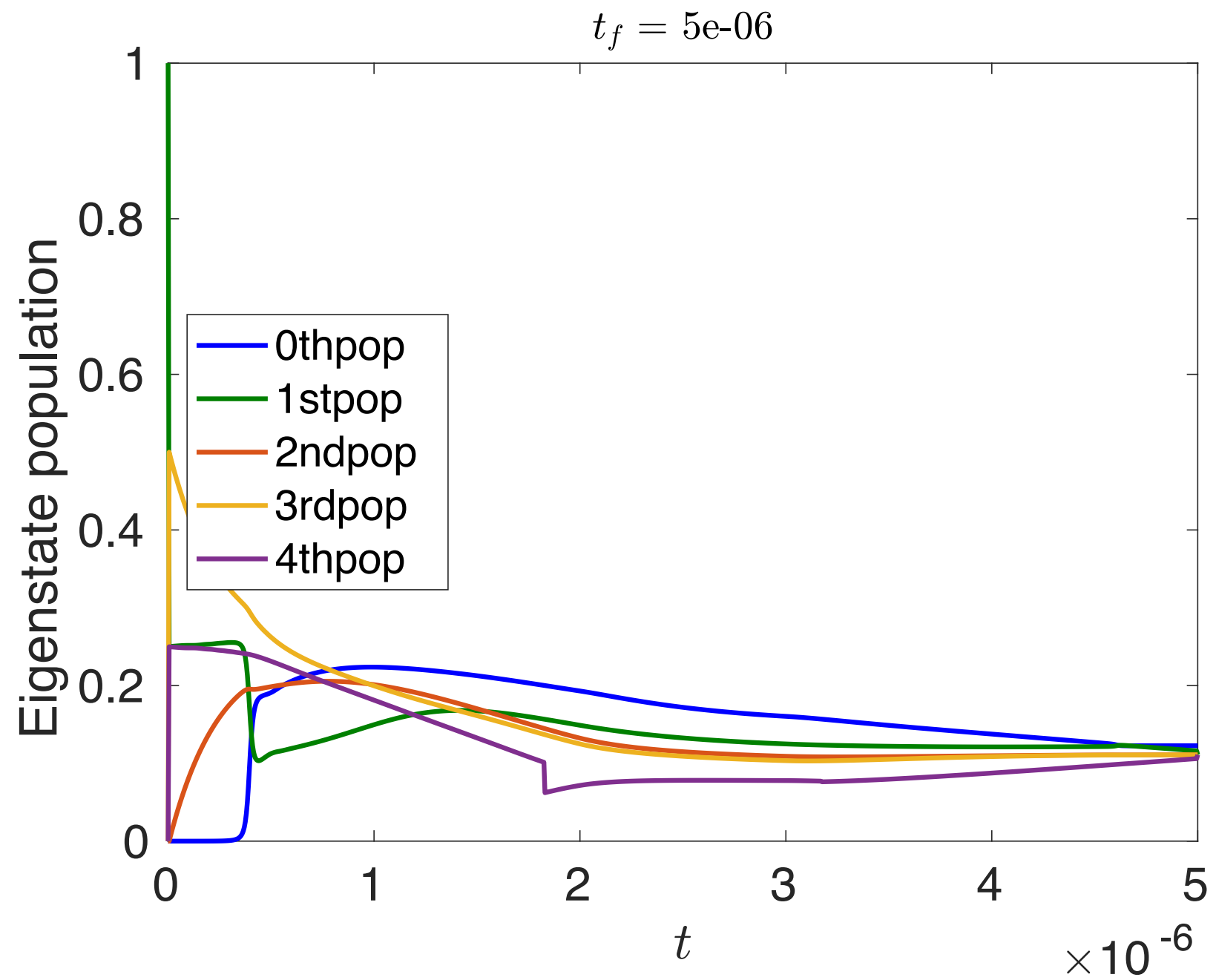




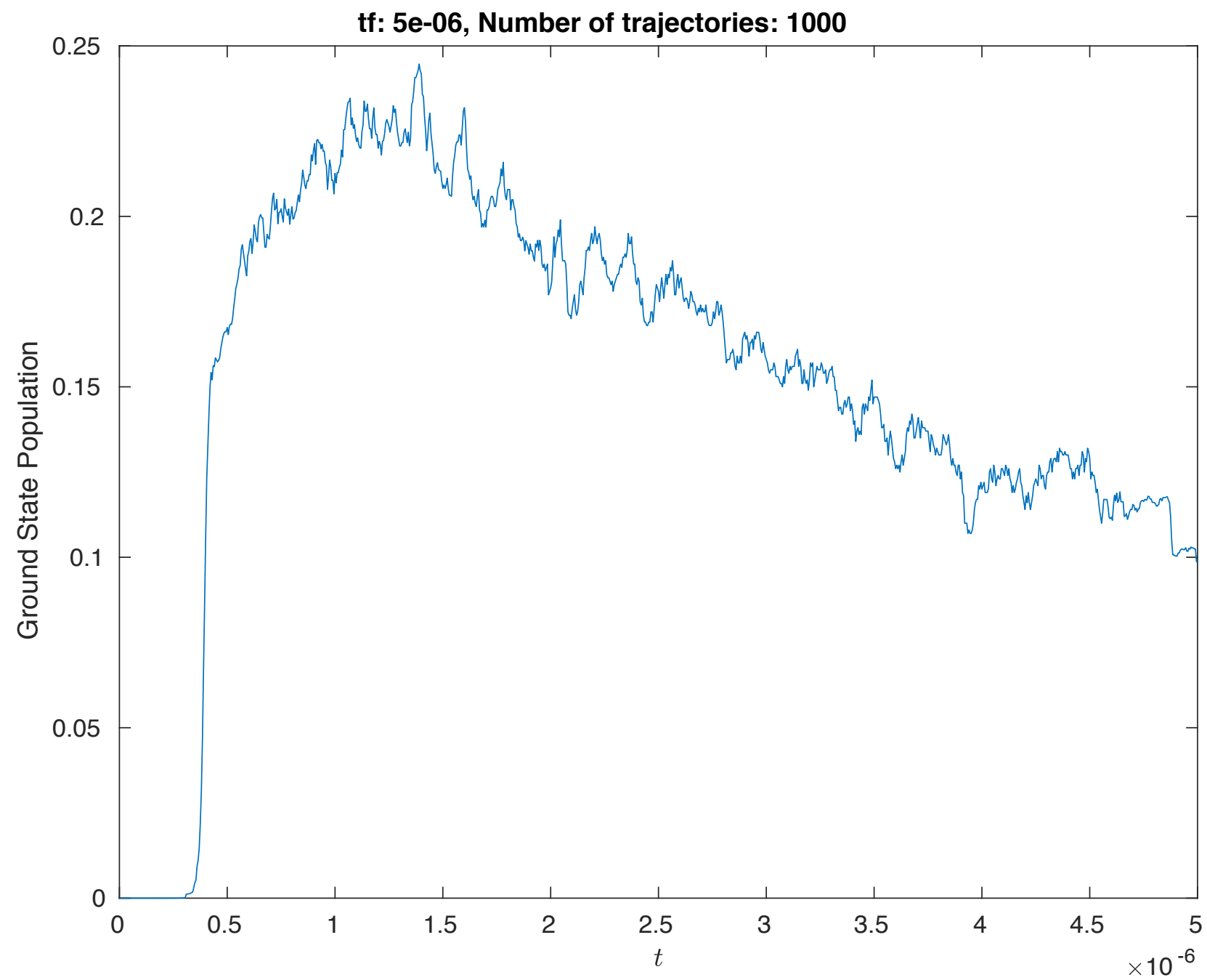
$s^*=0.525$, $t_f = 50\mu s$, linear schedule, start at ground state of the Hp



$s^*=0.525$, $t_f = 50\mu s$, linear schedule, start at first excited state of the Hp

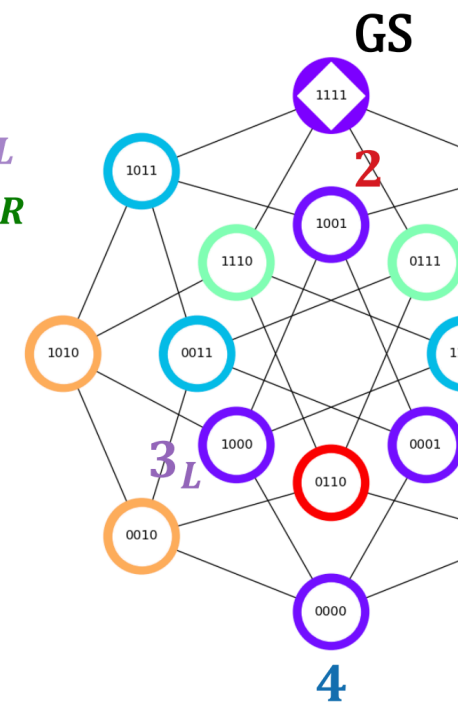
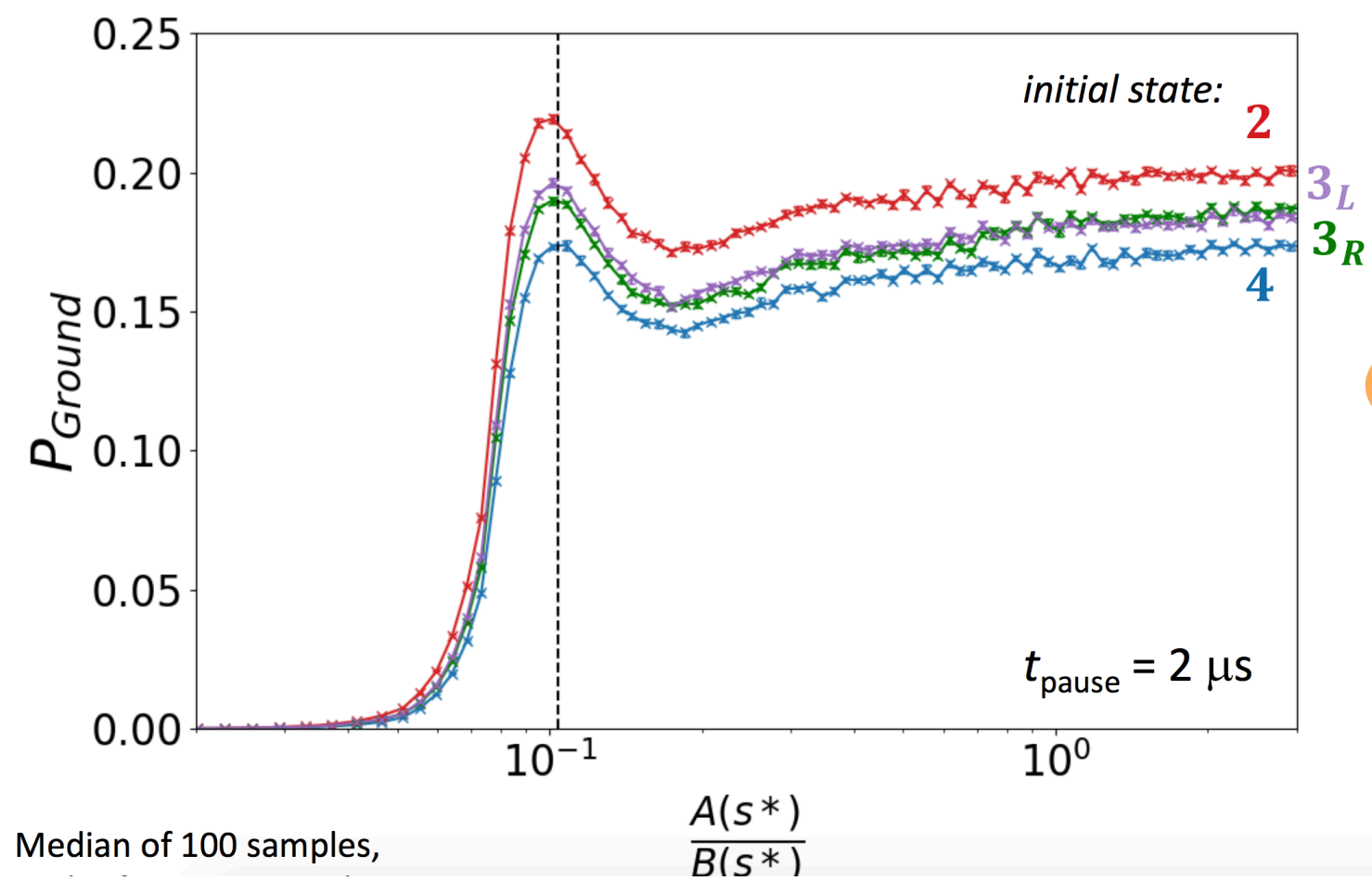


$s^*=0.525$, $t_f = 50\mu s$, linear schedule, start at first excited state of the Hp



Ground state population from QT

Results from D-Wave 2000Q (with pause)



```
function aqt_4qubit_reverse_annealing_linear
% cluster = parallel.cluster.Generic;
% set(cluster,'JobStorageLocation', '/home/rcf-proj2/ky/kawayip/research/fourqubitgadget_linear/qt');
% set(cluster,'HasSharedFilesystem', true);
% set(cluster,'IntegrationScriptsLocation','/usr/usc/matlab/R2018b/SlurmIntegrationScripts');
% cluster.AdditionalProperties.SlurmArgs='--time=23:59:59';

cluster = get_LOCAL_cluster('/home/rcf-proj2/ky/kawayip/research/fourqubitgadget_reverse_annealing/linear/qt');

pool=parpool(cluster,15)
```

Add the above lines for computing in the hpc cluster