



# VISIONIAS

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Test Booklet Series

TEST BOOKLET

C

GENERAL STUDIES (P) 2024 – Test – 4134

Time Allowed: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 200

## INSTRUCTIONS

1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS BOOKLET DOES **NOT** HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TURN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
2. ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOKLET SERIES **A, B, C** OR **D** AS THE CASE MAY BE IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET.
3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. **Do NOT** write anything else on the Test Booklet.
4. This Test Booklet contains **100** items (Questions). Each item is printed in **English**. Each item comprises four responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response with you consider the best. In any case, choose **ONLY ONE** response for each item.
5. You have to mark all your responses **ONLY** on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See direction in the answers sheet.
6. All items carry equal marks. Attempt all items. Your total marks will depend only on the number of **correct responses** marked by you in the answer sheet. For **every incorrect** response **1/3<sup>rd</sup> of the allotted marks** will be deducted.
7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer sheet the response to various items in the Test booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the answer sheets as per instruction sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
8. After you have completed filling in all responses on the answer sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to Invigilator only the answer sheet. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet.
9. Sheet for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

1. Consider the following statements:
1. Article 1 states India as Bharat which is a 'Union of States and Union Territories'.
  2. The expression of 'Union of India' is wider in extent than the expression 'Territory of India'.
- Which of the statements given above is/are **not** correct?
- (a) 1 only
  - (b) 2 only
  - (c) Both 1 and 2
  - (d) Neither 1 nor 2
2. Consider the following Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSPs):
1. To minimize inequalities in income, status, facilities, and opportunities
  2. To promote equal justice and to provide free legal aid to the poor
  3. To secure opportunities for the healthy development of children
- How many of the above DPSPs were added through the 42nd Amendment Act, 1976?
- (a) Only one
  - (b) Only two
  - (c) All three
  - (d) None
3. Consider the following statements about the fundamental rights under Article 21 of the Indian Constitution:
1. If it is violated by the State, there is an explicit provision in the Constitution for grant of compensation by the State.
  2. The protection under it can be available only against arbitrary executive action and not against arbitrary legislative action.
  3. In the Maneka case 1978, the Supreme Court of India recognized the expression 'due process of law' under Article 21.
- How many statements given above are correct?
- (a) Only one
  - (b) Only two
  - (c) All three
  - (d) None

4. Consider the following statements about the Indian Judiciary:
1. The strength of judges in the Supreme Court can be increased by Parliament.
  2. The strength of judges in the High Courts can be increased by the President.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
  - (b) 2 only
  - (c) Both 1 and 2
  - (d) Neither 1 nor 2
5. In the context of various political systems prevailing in the world, consider the following countries:
1. China
  2. Vietnam
  3. Cuba
  4. Argentina
- How many of the above countries are currently governed by One Party System?
- (a) Only one
  - (b) Only two
  - (c) Only three
  - (d) All four
6. Consider the following statements regarding the Fundamental Rights:
1. Constitutional remedies are not available if all the rights are violated by the private individuals.
  2. Some of the Fundamental Rights are not self-executory.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
  - (b) 2 only
  - (c) Both 1 and 2
  - (d) Neither 1 and 2

7. With reference to the Constitution of India, consider the following statements:
1. The Indian Constitution seeks to impart more flexibility to a written Federal Constitution than the Constitution of the United States.
  2. Some provisions in the Constitution of India can only be amended with the ratification of two-thirds of the State legislatures with a special majority.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only  
(b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2  
(d) Neither 1 nor 2
8. The Sapru Report of 1945 holds an important place in the Constitutional history of India for shaping the key provisions of the Constitution because it emphasized the need for
1. Inclusion of provisions for the protection of minority rights.
  2. Inclusion of non-justiciable Directive Principles of State Policy
  3. Inclusion of non-justiciable Fundamental duties
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 only  
(b) 2 and 3 only  
(c) 1 and 2 only  
(d) 1 and 3 only
9. Consider the following statements regarding Theocracy:
1. Religious principles often guide political decision-making.
  2. State generally supports and promotes a particular religion.
  3. Freedom of Religion is guaranteed.
- How many of the above statements are correct?
- (a) Only one  
(b) Only two  
(c) All three  
(d) None

10. Consider the following statements about the Sessions Judge:
1. The District judge, when hearing a criminal case, is known as the Sessions Judge.
  2. The Sessions Judge can sentence a person to life imprisonment but cannot award a death sentence.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only  
(b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2  
(d) Neither 1 nor 2
11. Consider the following pairs:
- | <i>Constitutional Amendment</i> | <i>Important changes</i>   |
|---------------------------------|--|
| 1. 1st Amendment Act, 1951      | : Made the right to property a legal right from the fundamental right                                |
| 2. 52nd Amendment Act, 1985     | : A member disqualified for defection cannot be a minister   |
| 3. 77th Amendment Act, 1995     | : Provided reservation in promotions to SCs and STs  |
| 4. 91st Amendment Act, 2003     | : Stipulated the upper limit for the number of Council of Ministers at both central and state levels |
- How many pairs given above are correctly matched?
- (a) Only one  
(b) Only two  
(c) Only three  
(d) All four

12. Which political system prioritizes the protection of individual rights and limits the power of government through a written constitution?

- (a) Benevolent Despotism
- (b) Autocracy
- (c) Constitutionalism
- (d) Plutocracy

13. Consider the following pairs:

**Military Exercise**                      **India and Associated Nations**

1. TARKASH                      : United States of America

2. Exercise Desert Flag                      : Iran

3. Exercise Cyclone-I                      : Egypt

How many of the above pairs are correctly matched?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

14. With reference to personalities associated with the making Constitution of India, consider the following pairs:

**Personality**                      **Their Role in Constitution Making**

1. H.V.R. Iyengar                      : Chief Draftsman of the Constitution

2. Prem Behari Narain Raizada                      : Calligrapher of the Constitution

3. Sir B.N. Rau                      : Legal advisor to the Constituent Assembly

4. S.N. Mukerjee                      : Secretary to the Constituent Assembly

How many pairs given above are correctly matched?

- (a) Only one pair
- (b) Only two pairs
- (c) Only three pairs
- (d) All four pairs

15. Which of the following statements is *not* correct about the remuneration of Judges in India?

- (a) The salaries of the Supreme Court judges are charged on the Consolidated Fund of India.
- (b) The pensions of the Supreme Court judges are charged on the Consolidated Fund of India.
- (c) The salaries of the High Court judges are charged on the Consolidated Fund of the respective State.
- (d) The pensions of the High Court judges are charged on the Consolidated Fund of the respective State.

16. The "libertarian" political ideology advocates for:

- (a) strong government control over the economy and individual freedoms.
- (b) limited government intervention and maximum individual liberties.
- (c) social equality and wealth redistribution.
- (d) a mix of conservative and liberal policies.

17. Consider the following words/phrases:

- 1. Universal Adult Franchise
- 2. Right to Work
- 3. Union Cabinet

How many of the above words/phrases do *not* find mention in the Constitution of India?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

- 18.** Consider the following activities:
1. Rainwater harvesting
  2. Organic farming
  3. Sawmills
  4. Commercial use of wood
- How many of the above-mentioned activities are permitted in the eco-sensitive zones (ESZ)?
- (a) Only one  
(b) Only two  
(c) Only three  
(d) Only four
- 19.** Consider the following statements:
1. Millet International Initiative for Research and Awareness (MIIRA) is an initiative of the United Nations launched on the sidelines of declaring 2023 as the International Year of Millets.
  2. MIIRA secretariat will be in Delhi.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only  
(b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2  
(d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 20.** Which of the following statements is correct about Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSP)?
- (a) The idea of DPSP is borrowed from Soviet Union Constitution (erstwhile Russia).  
(b) They resemble the 'Instrument of Instructions' enumerated in the Government of India Act, 1935.  
(c) They are legally enforceable by the courts for their violation.  
(d) In Champakam Dorairajan case (1951), Supreme Court held that the Fundamental Rights can not be amended by the Parliament by enacting the Constitutional Amendment Acts for the implementation of the DPSPs.

- 21.** Recently, India's payment system Unified Payments Interface (UPI) and its equivalent network PayNow, were integrated to enable faster remittances between the two countries at a competitive rate.
- PayNow is a payment system of which of the following nations?
- (a) Nepal  
(b) Singapore  
(c) Bhutan  
(d) U.A.E
- 22.** Which of the following are features of the federal government?
1. Written Constitution
  2. Independent Judiciary
  3. Dual sovereignty
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 and 2 only  
(b) 2 and 3 only  
(c) 3 only  
(d) 1, 2 and 3
- 23.** With reference to Channapatna toys, consider the following statements:
1. They are a particular form of toys that are manufactured in Karnataka.
  2. The artisans use ivory wood for making toys.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only  
(b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2  
(d) Neither 1 nor 2

24. Gross Domestic Climate Risk Report, which is released by Cross Dependency Initiative (XDI) measures

- (a) The effect on the Gross Domestic Product of a country due to climate change.
- (b) The risk posed to built environment across the world due to extreme weather events.
- (c) The percentage of Budget allocation to its Gross Domestic Product(GDP) by countries in mitigation and adaptation to climate change.
- (d) The risk posed by built environment across the world to natural environment.

25. Consider the following pairs :

<i>Form of government</i>	<i>Feature</i>
1. Oligarchy	: government by a small group of very powerful people
2. Totalitarianism	: seeks to subordinate all aspects of individual life to the authority
3. Anarchy	: absence of government

How many of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?

- (a) Only one pair
- (b) Only two pairs
- (c) All three pairs
- (d) None

26. Consider the following statements:

Statement-I: Additional Surveillance Mechanism (ASM) on securities is levied jointly by SEBI and Exchanges with the intention to protect investors from market volatility and unusual changes in share price.

Statement-II: The shortlisting of securities under ASM is regarded as an adverse action against the concerned company/entity.

Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?

- (a) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is the correct explanation for Statement-I.
- (b) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for Statement-I.
- (c) Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect.
- (d) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement-II is correct.

27. Virovory Halteria, which is recently seen in news is a/an

- (a) Cryptocurrency
- (b) Virus eating organism
- (c) Antivirus Software
- (d) Non-Fungible Token

**28.** With reference to provisions of the Government of India Act 1935, consider the following statements:

1. As per the Act, every bill passed by the Central Legislature would be subjected to veto by the British Crown.
2. The Provincial legislatures were conferred jurisdiction over the Police system.
3. It removed the distinction between transferred and reserved subjects in the provinces and the whole administration was entrusted with the ministers responsible to the legislature.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

**29.** Consider the following:

1. Population control
2. Preserving natural environment
3. Voting percentage

How many of the above may depend on the successful implementation of fundamental duties enshrined in the Indian constitution?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

**30.** Consider the following statements:

Statement-I: The creation of All India Services needs a constitutional amendment with half of the states ratifying the amendment.

Statement-II: All India Services play a significant role in liaison, cooperation, and coordination in federal relations between the center and states.

Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?

- (a) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct. and Statement-II is the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (b) Both Statement-I and Statement-II correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (c) Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect
- (d) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement-II is correct

**31.** How many of the following constitutional amendments given below are related to changes in the first schedule?

1. 7th amendment
2. 12th amendment
3. 35th amendment
4. 100th amendment

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) Only three
- (d) All four

**32.** In the federal system set up by the constitution of India, which of the following subjects are under the union list?

1. Citizenship
2. Insurance
3. Census

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3



33. Shumang Leela is a festival associated with which of the following states?
- (a) Manipur
  - (b) Assam
  - (c) Odisha
  - (d) West Bengal
34. UPNEXT India 2023 Event, which is recently seen in news is an initiative of
- (a) Agricultural and Processed Food Products Export Development Authority (APEDA)
  - (b) Apparel Export Promotion Council (AEPC)
  - (c) Marine Products Export Development Authority (MPEDA)
  - (d) Khadi and Village Industries Commission (KVIC)
35. In which of the following cases, the Supreme Court of India held that the Preamble is an integral part of the Constitution?
1. Berubari Union case, 1960
  2. Keshavananda Bharati case, 1973
  3. LIC of India case, 1995
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 2 only
  - (b) 2 and 3 only
  - (c) 1 and 2 only
  - (d) 1 and 3 only
36. In a proportional representation electoral system, how are seats in the legislative body allocated?
- (a) Based on a winner-takes-all system
  - (b) According to the proportion of votes received by political parties.
  - (c) Determined by a panel of judges
  - (d) Allocated based on the wealth or social status of candidates

37. Consider the following statement regarding the amendment procedure for the constitution of India:
1. The expression “total membership” means the total number of members comprising the House irrespective of whether there are vacancies or absentees on any account
  2. The expression “present and voting”, means members who vote for “ayes”, or “noes” or any abstention from voting by a member.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
  - (b) 2 only
  - (c) Both 1 and 2
  - (d) Neither 1 nor 2
38. Which of the following statements is correct about the judicial review of the Indian judiciary?
- (a) The Constitution defines the term judicial review as the power of the Supreme Court to examine the actions of the government and determine whether they are consistent with the Constitution.
  - (b) Only the Supreme Court of India is a court of review.
  - (c) The scope of Judicial review in India is narrower than that of the USA.
  - (d) The laws included in the 9th Schedule of the Indian Constitution are exempt from judicial review.



39. With reference to Basavanna, consider the following statements :
1. He was a social reformer during the reign of the Kalachuri-dynasty king Bijjala I.
  2. He presided over the Sharana movement which attracted people from all castes.
  3. He introduced a new public institution Anubhava Mantapa to discuss spiritual questions of life.
- How many of the above statements are correct?
- (a) Only one  
(b) Only two  
(c) All three  
(d) None
40. Which of the following countries have a constitutional monarchy?
1. Canada
  2. Thailand
  3. Norway
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 2 only  
(b) 1 and 3 only  
(c) 1 and 2 only  
(d) 1, 2 and 3
41. The Article 20 of the Constitution of India talks about the right against self-incrimination. In this context, right against self-incrimination does **not** extend to which of the following activities?
1. Obtaining DNA from the accused
  2. Voice Samples of the accused
  3. Compulsory exhibition of the body of the accused
  4. Compulsory production of the material objects
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only  
(b) 1 and 4 only  
(c) 2, 3, and 4 only  
(d) 1, 2, 3, and 4

42. Which of the following is/are the applications of "Quasicrystals", which is often seen in the news?
1. Non-stick frying pans
  2. Needles for acupuncture
  3. Razor blades
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) Only one  
(b) Only two  
(c) All three  
(d) None
43. Consider the following statements :
- Statement-I: There have been no referendums in India since independence.
- Statement-II: Constitution of India does not have a specific provision for or against the referendum.
- Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?
- (a) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (b) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (c) Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect
- (d) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement-II is correct
44. Consider the following statements regarding Atmanirbhar Clean Plant Programme, which is recently launched in 2023 Budget :
1. It is a programme to establish waste-water treatment plants to check river pollution.
  2. The programme will be anchored by the National Horticulture Board which in turn will set up Clean Plant Centres across the country.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only  
(b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2  
(d) Neither 1 nor 2

45. Apart from the Directives included in Part IV, there are some other Directives contained in other Parts of the Constitution. In this context, which of the following Directives is/are **not** contained in the Part IV of the constitution?

1. Claims of Scheduled Casts and Scheduled Tribes to services
2. To provide adequate facilities for instruction in the mother-tongue at the primary stage of education to children belonging to linguistic minority groups
3. Development and promotion of the Hindi Language

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

46. Consider the following statements regarding the 'Schengen Zone', which is often seen in the news:

1. The area is named after a small village in Luxembourg.
2. Both European Union (EU) and non-EU members can be part of 'Schengen Zone'.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

47. Consider the following pairs:

<b>Wildlife Sanctuary</b>	<b>State</b>
---------------------------	--------------

- |                                      |              |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| 1. Shendurney Wildlife Sanctuary     | : Kerala     |
| 2. Bankapura Wolf Wildlife Sanctuary | : Karnataka  |
| 3. Kaimur Wildlife Sanctuary         | : Tamil Nadu |

How many of the above pairs are correctly matched?

- (a) Only one pair
- (b) Only two pairs
- (c) All three pairs
- (d) None of the pairs

48. With reference to the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967, consider the following statements:

1. Under this act both Indian and foreign nationals can be charged.
2. It is applicable only to offenses committed inside Indian territory.
3. Investigation of cases can be conducted by officers of the rank of Superintendent of Police (SP) or above.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

**49.** With reference to the Constitution of India, consider the following statements:

1. The original Constitution adopted on November 26, 1949, contained Seven fundamental rights.
2. The objectives resolution was unanimously adopted by the Constituent Assembly on January 22, 1947.
3. The Constitution Assembly of India was dissolved with the commencement of the Constitution of India.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

**50.** With reference to the act for the Good Government of India, consider the following statements:

1. It ended the system of double Government by abolishing the Board of Control and Court of Directors.
2. It did not provide separation of functions and all the authority for governance of India was vested in the Governor-General in Council.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**51.** Consider the following statements with respect to the term 'Justice' in Preamble:

1. The combination of social, economic, and political justice denotes what is known as 'distributive justice'.
2. Economic justice denotes the non-discrimination between people based on economic factors.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**52.** Consider the following statements about the High Court of India:

1. The Judges of the High Courts are appointed by the Governor.
2. The Judges of the High Courts can only be removed by the President on the recommendation of the Parliament.
3. An eminent jurist can be eligible for appointment as a Judge of a High Court.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 2 only
- (b) 3 only
- (c) 1 and 2 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

**53.** Consider the following statements regarding fundamental duties under Article 51A:

1. They are inspired by the Constitution of the United States of America.
2. They serve as an aid in the interpretation of the Constitution.
3. If any law is intended to give effect to fundamental duties, such a law can be considered reasonable in relation to Article 14.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

**54.** Consider the following statements:  
Statement-I: The 100th Constitutional Amendment was passed to enforce the exchange of territories between India and Bangladesh.

Statement-II: To resolve such disputes, Article 3 of the Indian Constitution provides for a constitutional amendment under Article 368.

Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?

- (a) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct. and Statement-II is the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (b) Both Statement I and Statement-II correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (c) Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect
- (d) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement-II is correct

**55.** With reference to British and Indian Parliamentary systems, consider the following statements:

- 1. British parliamentary system is based on the doctrine of the sovereignty of Parliament.
- 2. Unlike Britain, in India, a person who is not a member of Parliament can also be appointed as minister.
- 3. Unlike Britain, in India, ministers are required to countersign the official acts of the Head of the State.

How many statements given above are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

**56.** Consider the following statements regarding the Global Partnership for Financial Inclusion (GPFI):

- 1. It is the main implementing organization for the International Monetary Fund's Financial Inclusion Action Plan.
- 2. India and Italy will be the new co-chairs of the GPFI for three years from 2024.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**57.** Ultraviolet Transient Astronomy Satellite (ULTRASAT), a space telescope mission that is an ultraviolet observatory with a large field of view is developed by

- (a) National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)
- (b) Israel Space Agency (ISA)
- (c) Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO)
- (d) The Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA)

**58.** Consider the following statements:

Statement-I: W20 (Women 20) is an official engagement group under the G20 which was an initiative of India established during its presidency.

Statement-II: Its primary objective is to ensure that gender considerations are mainstreamed into G20 discussions.

Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?

- (a) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (b) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for statement-I
- (c) Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect
- (d) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement-II is correct

- 59.** Consider the following statements regarding Munich Security Conference :
1. It was an initiative of Germany in 2022 in reaction to Russian Invasion of Ukraine.
  2. The conference is only focused on military issues.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only  
(b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2  
(d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 60.** Consider the following statements :
- Statement-I: In USA a person is not only a citizen of the country but also of the particular state to which he belongs.
- Statement-II: All federal countries have a system of double citizenship.
- Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?
- (a) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is the correct explanation for Statement-I  
(b) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for Statement-I  
(c) Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect  
(d) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement-II is correct
- 61.** Consider the following statements regarding the citizenship provisions in the Indian constitution:
1. Part III of the Indian Constitution deals with the citizenship aspect in India.
  2. Constitution identifies the persons who became citizens of India at its commencement i.e. on January 26, 1950.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only  
(b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2  
(d) Neither 1 nor 2

- 62.** Consider the following countries :
1. Russia
  2. Kazakhstan
  3. Armenia
  4. Uzbekistan
  5. Belarus
- How many of the above-mentioned countries are members of the Collective Security Treaty Organisation (CSTO)?
- (a) Only two  
(b) Only three  
(c) Only four  
(d) All five
- 63.** Consider the following statements regarding National Population Register:
1. It is mandatory for every usual resident of India to register in the NPR.
  2. It includes both Indian citizens as well as foreign citizens.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only  
(b) 2 only  
(c) Both 1 and 2  
(d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 64.** Consider the following statements regarding Overseas Citizen of India Cardholder:
1. He shall not be entitled for registration as a voter.
  2. He shall not be entitled to the right to equality of opportunity in matters of public employment.
  3. He shall be eligible to nominated as a member of Rajya Sabha.
- How many of the statements given above are correct?
- (a) Only one  
(b) Only two  
(c) Only three  
(d) None

65. Consider the following countries:
1. Indonesia
  2. Brazil
  3. Mexico
- How many of the countries given above have a presidential form of government?
- (a) Only one
  - (b) Only two
  - (c) All three
  - (d) None
66. In the context of Citizenship rights in India, consider the following statements regarding Assam Accord:
1. It states that all persons who came to Assam prior to 1-1-1966 will be deported to their home country.
  2. It was signed during the prime ministership of Indira Gandhi.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
  - (b) 2 only
  - (c) Both 1 and 2
  - (d) Neither 1 nor 2
67. What is the primary objective of a direct democracy?
- (a) To maximize individual liberties and rights
  - (b) To establish a system of checks and balances
  - (c) To concentrate power in the hands of a small group of elites
  - (d) To involve citizens directly in decision-making through popular votes

68. If a court violates the principles of natural justice, then it is the most suitable writ to be granted by the superior courts. It is not available against legislative bodies and private individuals or bodies.
- Which of the following writs has been described by the passage given above?
- (a) Quo Warranto
  - (b) Certiorari
  - (c) Habeas Corpus
  - (d) Mandamus
69. Consider the following statements:
- Statement-I: Preamble was enacted by the Constituent Assembly after the rest of the Constitution was already enacted.
- Statement-II: The Preamble inserted in the Constitution at end was to ensure that it was in conformity with the Constitution as adopted by the Constituent Assembly.
- Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?
- (a) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is the correct explanation for Statement-I
  - (b) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for Statement-I
  - (c) Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect
  - (d) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement-II is correct
70. Which of the following statements is correct about the appointment of Judges in High Courts?
- (a) Ad-hoc judges during the lack of Quorum can be appointed by the President of India.
  - (b) Retired judges can be appointed temporarily by the President of India.
  - (c) Additional judges can be appointed by the President of India.
  - (d) Acting judges can be appointed by the Chief Justice of the particular High Court.



**71.** Consider the following statements with reference to the Article 16 of Indian Constitution:

1. It prohibits discrimination both by the State and private individuals.
2. Parliament can not prescribe residence as a condition for employment or appointment in a state or union territory.
3. The Court can not issue the mandamus to provide reservation or promotion.

How many statements given above are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

**72.** Consider the following statements:

1. Charaideo Moidams are known as the 'Pyramids of Assam' because it contains sacred burial grounds of Ahom kings and queens.
2. Charaideo city was the original capital of the Ahom Kings.
3. Charaideo city was built by Chaolung Sukhapa who was the founder of the Ahom dynasty.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

**73.** Consider the following statements:

Statement-I: Norovirus is a viral infection that affects mainly the Central Nervous system in children below 6 years.

Statement-II: The virus is capable of surviving low temperatures and is highly contagious.

Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?

- (a) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (b) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (c) Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect
- (d) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement-II is correct

**74.** In the context of representative democracies in the world, the term gerrymandering refers to

- (a) practice of allowing citizens to vote on proposed changes to district boundaries.
- (b) system of appointing judges to oversee the redistricting process.
- (c) manipulating district boundaries to gain an unfair political advantage.
- (d) legal and ethical practice used to maintain the integrity of district boundaries.



75. Consider the following pairs:

<i>Alternate Dispute Resolution (ADR) Mechanism</i>	<i>Definition</i>
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- |                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| 1.<br>Arbitration  | : It is a non-binding procedure in which an impartial third party assists the parties to a dispute in reaching a mutually satisfactory and agreed-upon settlement of the dispute. |
| 2.<br>Conciliation | : It is a binding procedure in which an impartial third party assists the parties to a dispute in reaching a mutually satisfactory agreement on a settlement of the dispute.      |
| 3.<br>Negotiation  | : It is a non-binding procedure of dispute resolution without the intervention of any third party.  |

How many of the above pairs are correctly matched?

- (a) Only one pair
- (b) Only two pairs
- (c) All three pairs
- (d) None

76. Consider the following pairs with regard to the Office of Registrar General of India (RGI):

- 1. It is mandatory to secure the approval of the Office of the RGI for the inclusion of any community in the Scheduled Tribe list.
- 2. It comes under the Ministry of Home Affairs.
- 3. It gives estimates of fertility and mortality using the Sample Registration System.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

77. Consider the following statements:

Statement-I: Each state of India has its own High Court.

Statement-II: The Constitution of India states that there shall be a High Court for each state.

Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?

- (a) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (b) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for statement-I
- (c) Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect
- (d) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement-II is correct

78. Which of the following best describes the term "Communication Hotline" in International relations?

- (a) Restriction or blockade of Internet data flow between two countries.
- (b) The communication channel was opened by United Nations in disputed or war-torn regions.
- (c) Open and Interoperable communication Network access agreement between two countries.
- (d) A special and direct phone line between the heads of government in different countries.

79. Consider the following provisions in the Constitution of India:
1. Fundamental Rights
  2. Directive Principles of State Policy
  3. Fundamental Duties
  4. Fifth Schedule
- How many of the above provisions of the Constitution provide for the formation/ promotion of Co-operative Societies?
- (a) Only one
  - (b) Only two
  - (c) Only three
  - (d) All Four
80. Jaipur Declaration, which is recently seen in news is associated with which of the following objectives?
- (a) To achieve responsible use of artificial intelligence in the military
  - (b) To end AIDS in children by 2030
  - (c) To achieve long-term goal of safety and security of Railway organizations
  - (d) To achieve the conservation and restoration of one trillion trees within this decade
81. Which of the following statements about the seat of the Supreme Court is **not** correct?
- (a) The Constitution declares Delhi as the seat of the Supreme Court.
  - (b) The Constitution authorizes the President of India to appoint any other place as the seat of the Supreme Court.
  - (c) The provision of declaration of the any other place as the seat of the Supreme Court is only optional and not compulsory.
  - (d) No court can give any direction either to the President or to the Chief Justice to appoint any other place as a seat of the Supreme Court.

82. With reference to the Indian Independence Act 1947, consider the following statements:
1. This act introduced an interim Constitution to be in effect until the day of independence.
  2. As per this act, Constituent Assembly was made a fully sovereign legislative body.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
  - (b) 2 only
  - (c) Both 1 and 2
  - (d) Neither 1 nor 2
83. Which of the following countries have a written constitution?
1. Israel
  2. USA
  3. France
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 and 2 only
  - (b) 3 only
  - (c) 2 and 3 only
  - (d) 1, 2 and 3
84. Which of the statements given below is **not** correct regarding the procedure for an amendment to the Constitution?
- (a) A private member can propose an amendment bill to the constitution.
  - (b) The introduction of a constitution amendment bill does not require prior permission of the president.
  - (c) The constitutional amendment bill can be discussed in a joint sitting of two houses for discussion.
  - (d) The President must give assent to constitutional amendment bill passed by the parliament.

**85.** Consider the following Directive Principles contained in the Part IV of the Indian Constitution:

1. Equal justice and free legal aid
2. Organisation of village panchayats
3. Living wage for the workers
4. Participation of workers in the management of the industries

How many of the above given Directive Principles are based on the Gandhian ideology?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) Only three
- (d) All four

**86.** Consider the following statements with reference to the FIR and Charge Sheet:

1. FIR is a preliminary report while the charge sheet is a final report.
2. FIR is prepared by the investigation officer while the charge sheet is prepared by the victim of the crime.
3. FIR is filed in the police station while a charge sheet is filed in court.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

**87.** Consider the following statements with respect to 'Quo-Warranto' writ:

1. It is issued by the court to enquire into the legality of claim of a person to a public office.
2. It can be sought by any interested person and not necessarily by the aggrieved person.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**88.** Amrit Dharohar Scheme which is announced in the 2023 Union Budget aims to

- (a) Facilitate the transition towards a low Carbon Economy.
- (b) Promote alternative fertilizers and balanced use of chemical fertilizers.
- (c) Establish 500 new 'Waste to Wealth' Plants
- (d) Promote values of local communities in conserving Wetland Ecosystem.

**89.** In the context of Citizenship in India, which of the following are the modes of acquiring citizenship as prescribed by 1955 Citizenship Act?

1. Birth
2. Descent
3. Registration
4. Naturalisation
5. Incorporation of Territory

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2, 3 and 4 only
- (b) 1, 4 and 5 only
- (c) 1, 2, 3 and 5 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5

**90.** Consider the following Fundamental Rights mentioned in the Indian Constitution:

1. Equality before law and equal protection of laws (Article 14)
2. Protection in respect of conviction for offences (Article 20)
3. Right to elementary education (Article 21A)
4. Freedom to manage religious affairs (Article 26)
5. Right of minorities to establish and administer educational institutions (Article 30)

How many of the above given Fundamental Rights are available to both citizens of India and foreigners?

- (a) Only two
- (b) Only three
- (c) Only four
- (d) All five

**91.** Consider the following statements:  
Statement-I: Viceroy Canning nominated three Indians to the central council—the Raja of Benaras, the Maharaja of Patiala, and Sir Dinkar Rao.

Statement-II: The Indian Councils Act 1861 provided for the first time the association of Indians with the executive councils.

Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?

- (a) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (b) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (c) Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect
- (d) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement-II is correct

**92.** Consider the following constitutional features:

- 1. Doctrine of Sovereignty of Parliament
- 2. Presence of a nominal Executive
- 3. Dissolution of the lower house of the Parliament

How many of the above are the essential features of the Parliamentary government as provided under the Constitution of India?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

**93.** Consider the following statements regarding Agriculture and Processed Food Products Export Development Authority (APEDA):

- 1. It is an apex organization under the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.
- 2. Most agricultural products along with marine products are covered under APEDA.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

**94.** Which of the following are generally considered duties of citizenship?

- 1. Paying taxes
- 2. Defending the country
- 3. Owning property

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

**95.** According to Dr. B.R. Ambedkar which of the following is a 'novel feature' of the Indian Constitution?

- (a) Right to Constitutional Remedies
- (b) Provisions of National Emergency
- (c) Directive Principles of State Policy
- (d) Indestructible Nature of Indian Federation

**96.** With reference to the Citizenship Act 1955, in which of the following cases the citizenship of a person can be deprived by the government?

1. If a citizen has, within five years after registration or naturalization, been imprisoned in any country for two years.
2. If a citizen has been ordinarily residing out of India for seven years continuously.
3. If a citizen has shown disloyalty to the Constitution of India.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

**97.** Project 39A, recently seen in the news, is associated with:

- (a) Indian Navy's 30 years plan for indigenous nuclear submarine construction.
- (b) criminal reforms advocacy group.
- (c) a target of doubling India's nuclear capacity by 2039.
- (d) an aim to eliminate lymphatic filariasis by 2039

**98.** Consider the following statements about the contempt of court:

1. Wilful disobedience of any judgment of the court is a criminal contempt.
2. The consent of the Attorney General of India is mandatory when a private citizen wants to initiate a case of contempt of court against a person.
3. At present, there is no separate legal law dealing with contempt of court.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

**99.** Consider the following statements:

Statement-I: The Fazl Ali Commission accepted the theory of 'one language-one state' in principle.

Statement-II: The Commission viewed that the unity and integrity of India was a prime consideration.

Which one of the following is correct in respect of the above statements?

- (a) Both Statement-I and Statement-II are correct. and Statement-II is the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (b) Both Statement-I and Statement-II correct and Statement-II is not the correct explanation for Statement-I
- (c) Statement-I is correct but Statement-II is incorrect
- (d) Statement-I is incorrect but Statement-II is correct

**100.** Consider the following personalities:

1. Sucheta Kriplani
2. Usha Mehta
3. Captain Lakshmi Sahgal
4. Begum Aizaz Rasul
5. Annie Mascarene

How many of the above leaders were part of the Constituent Assembly of India?

- (a) Only two
- (b) Only three
- (c) Only four
- (d) All five