QCM Statistique descriptive

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Vrai ou Faux

Les lignes de commande suivantes affichent le vecteur ligne

```
[1] 1 0.5 0.25 0.125 0.0625 : vrai ou faux et pourquoi ?
  1. [] 2^-0:4
2^-0:4
## [1] 1 2 3 4
  2. [] 2^(-0:4)
2^(-0:4)
## [1] 1 2 4 8 16
  3. [] 2^-(0:4)
2^-(0:4)
## [1] 1.0000 0.5000 0.2500 0.1250 0.0625
  4. [] 2^(-(0:4))
2^(-(0:4))
## [1] 1.0000 0.5000 0.2500 0.1250 0.0625
  5. [] 1/2^0:4
1/2^0:4
## [1] 1.0000000 0.5000000 0.3333333 0.2500000
  6. [] 1/2^{(0:4)}
1/2^(0:4)
## [1] 1.0000 0.5000 0.2500 0.1250 0.0625
  7. [] cumprod(rep(0.5,5))
cumprod(rep(0.5,5))
## [1] 0.50000 0.25000 0.12500 0.06250 0.03125
  8. [] cumprod(c(1,rep(0.5,4)))
cumprod(c(1,rep(0.5,4)))
## [1] 1.0000 0.5000 0.2500 0.1250 0.0625
  9. [] v<-1; for (i in 1:4){v <- c(v,v/2)}; v
v<-1; for (i in 1:4){v <- c(v,v/2)}; v
```

```
## [1] 1.0000 0.5000 0.5000 0.2500 0.5000 0.2500 0.1250 0.5000 0.2500
## [11] 0.2500 0.1250 0.2500 0.1250 0.1250 0.0625
 10. [] v \leftarrow rep(1,5); for (i in 0:4){v(i) \leftarrow 2^{(-i)}}; v
\#v \leftarrow rep(1,5); for (i in 0:4) \{v(i) \leftarrow 2^{-(-i)}\}; v
{\it \#impossible \ de \ trouver \ la \ fonction \ "v<-"}
 11. [] v < -1; for (i in 0:4){v[i] < -1/2^i}; v
v<-1; for (i in 0:4){v[i] <- 1/2^i}; v
## [1] 0.5000 0.2500 0.1250 0.0625
 12. [] v < -1; for (i in 2:4){v[i] < -1/2^i}; v
v<-1; for (i in 2:4){v[i] <- 1/2^i}; v
## [1] 1.0000 0.2500 0.1250 0.0625
 13. [] v < -1; while (v > 0.1) \{v < -v/2\}; v
v<-1; while (v>0.1)\{v<-v/2\}; v
## [1] 0.0625
 14. [] x<-1; v<-x; while(x>0.1){x<-x/2; v<-c(v,x)}; v
x<-1; v<-x; while(x>0.1){x<-x/2; v<-c(v,x)}; v
## [1] 1.0000 0.5000 0.2500 0.1250 0.0625
```