IROT 硬件抽象层接口

Rev 1.0

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1. 概述

1.1 目的

本文档主要提供给安全芯片厂商,厂商按下文描述封装硬件抽象层接口,提供给 SDK 调用,为上层提供基础安全服务。

2.硬件抽象层接口描述

2.1 读取 ID²的 ID

函数原型: irot_result_t irot_hal_get_id2(uint8_t* id2, uint32_t* len);

功能描述:读取 ID²的 ID

参数描述: [OUT] id2, ID 的起始地址

[IN/OUT] len,输入为缓冲区长度,输出为 ID 的实际长度。(HEX 数据格式,

当前长度为 12 字节)

返回值:见irot_result_t

2.2 对称算法

```
函数原型: irot_result_t irot_hal_sym_crypto(key_object* key_obj, uint8_t key_id, const uint8_t* iv, uint32_t iv_len, const uint8_t* in, uint32_t in_len, uint8_t* out, uint32_t* out_len, sym_crypto_param_t* crypto_param
);
```

功能描述: 用对称算法实现数据的加解密

参数描述: [IN] key_obj, 密钥对象,见 key_object 类型 [IN] key_id, 密钥标识,索引内部密钥

[IN] iv,初始化向量地址 [IN] iv_len, 初始化向量长度 [IN] in,输入数据起始地址

[IN] in_len,输入数据长度 [OUT] out,,输出数据地址

[IN/OUT] out_len,输入为缓冲区大小,输出为真实数据长度 [IN] crypto_param,加解密参数结构,见 sym_crypto_param_t

返回值:见irot_result_t

备注: key_obj 和 key_id 两个参数为二选一使用,当 key_obj 参数不为 NULL,则使用此 参数作为密钥进行运算。当 key_obj 参数为 NULL,则使用 key_id 标识内部密钥进行运算。 其它类似 API 同上。

2.3 非对称算法

2.3.1 私钥签名

函数原型: irot_result_t irot_hal_asym_priv_sign(key_object* key_obj, uint8_t key_id, const uint8_t* in, uint32_t in_len, uint8_t* out, uint32_t* out_len, asym_sign_verify_t type);

功能描述: 用私钥对数据进行签名

参数描述: [IN] key_obj, 密钥对象,见 key_object 类型

[IN] key_id, 密钥标识,索引内部密钥

[IN] in,待签名数据的起始地址 [IN] in_len,待签名数据的长度 [OUT] sign,签名数据的起始地址

[IN/OUT] sign len,输入为缓冲区长度,输出为签名数据的实际长度

[IN] type,签名模式,见 asym_sign_verify_t

返回值:见irot_result_t

2.3.2 私钥解密

函数原型: irot_result_t irot_hal_asym_priv_decrypt(key_object* key_obj, uint8_t key_id, const uint8_t* in, uint32_t in_len, uint8_t* out, uint32_t* out_len, asym_padding_t padding);

功能描述: 用私钥对数据进行解密

参数描述: [IN] key_obj, 密钥对象,见 key_object 类型

[IN] key id, 密钥标识,索引内部密钥

[IN] in,密文数据的起始地址

[IN] in len, 密文数据的长度

[OUT] out, 明文数据的起始地址

[IN/OUT] out_len,输入为缓冲区长度,输出为明文数据的实际长度

[IN] padding,填充方式,见 asym_padding_t

返回值:见irot result t

2.4 哈希算法

函数原型: irot_result_t irot_hal_hash_sum(const uint8_t* in, uint32_t in_len, uint8_t* out, uint32_t* out_len,

```
hash_t type);
```

功能描述:用指定算法对数据做摘要参数描述:[IN] in,原始数据的起始地址 [IN] in_len,原始数据的长度 [OUT] out,摘要数据的起始地址

[IN/OUT] out_len,输入为缓冲区长度,输出为摘要数据的实际长度

[IN] type,摘要算法,见 hash_t

返回值:见irot_result_t

3. 附录

3.1 错误码定义

```
typedef enum
    IROT_SUCCESS
                                       = 0, ///< The operation was successful.
    IROT_ERROR_GENERIC
                                         = -1, ///< Non-specific cause.
    IROT_ERROR_BAD_PARAMETERS
                                          = -2, ///< Input parameters were invalid.
    IROT_ERROR_SHORT_BUFFER
                                          = -3, ///< The supplied buffer is too short for the output.
    IROT_ERROR_EXCESS_DATA
                                         = -4, ///< Too much data for the requested operation was passed.
    IROT_ERROR_OUT_OF_MEMORY
                                            = -5, ///< System out of memory resources.
    IROT_ERROR_COMMUNICATION
                                           = -7, ///< Communication error
                                           = -8, ///< The request operation is valid but is not supported in this implementation.
    IROT_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED
    IROT\_ERROR\_NOT\_IMPLEMENTED \hspace{0.5cm} = -9, /\!/\!/\!< The \ requested \ operation \ should \ exist \ but \ is \ not \ yet \ implementation.
    IROT_ERROR_TIMEOUT
                                            = -10,///< Communication Timeout
    IROT_ERROR_ITEM_NOT_FOUND
                                           = -11,///< Id2 is not exist
} irot_result_t;
```

3.2 类型定义

3.2.1 对称算法-算法类型

```
typedef enum  \{ \\ CIPHER_TYPE_INVALID &= 0x00, \\ CIPHER_TYPE_AES &= 0x01, \\ CIPHER_TYPE_3DES &= 0x03, \\ CIPHER_TYPE_SM4 &= 0x04, \\ \} cipher_t;
```

3.2.2 对称算法-块模式

```
\label{eq:continuous_problem} \begin{tabular}{ll} typedef enum \\ \{ & BLOCK\_MODE\_ECB & = 0x00, \\ BLOCK\_MODE\_CBC & = 0x01, \\ BLOCK\_MODE\_CTR & = 0x02, \\ \} block\_mode\_t; \end{tabular}
```

3.2.3 对称算法-填充类型

```
typedef enum  \{ \\ SYM_PADDING_NOPADDING &= 0x00, \\ SYM_PADDING_PKCS5 &= 0x02, \\ SYM_PADDING_PKCS7 &= 0x03, \\ \} irot_sym_padding_t;
```

3.2.4 非对称算法-填充类型

```
typedef enum  \{ \\ ASYM\_PADDING\_NOPADDING &= 0x00, \\ ASYM\_PADDING\_PKCS1 &= 0x01, \\ \} irot\_asym\_padding\_t;
```

3.2.5 加密解密类型

```
typedef enum  \{ \\ MODE\_DECRYPT &= 0x00, \\ MODE\_ENCRYPT &= 0x01, \\ \} \ crypto\_mode\_t;
```

3.2.6 非对称算法-签名类型

```
typedef enum

{

    ASYM_TYPE_RSA_MD5_PKCS1 = 0x00,
    ASYM_TYPE_RSA_SHA1_PKCS1 = 0x01,
    ASYM_TYPE_RSA_SHA256_PKCS1 = 0x02,
    ASYM_TYPE_RSA_SHA384_PKCS1 = 0x03,
    ASYM_TYPE_RSA_SHA512_PKCS1 = 0x04,
    ASYM_TYPE_SM3_SM2 = 0x05,
    ASYM_TYPE_ECDSA = 0x06,
} asym_sign_verify_t;
```

3.2.7 哈希算法类型

3.2.8 对称算法加解密参数

3.2.9 密钥对象-类型

```
enum
{
Page 5
```

```
KEY_TYPE_3DES = 0x01,

KEY_TYPE_AES = 0x02,

KEY_TYPE_SM4 = 0x03,

KEY_TYPE_RSA_PUBLIC = 0x04,

KEY_TYPE_RSA_PRIVATE = 0x05,

KEY_TYPE_RSA_CRT_PRIVATE = 0x06,

};
```

3.2.10 通用-密钥对象

```
typedef struct
{
    struct
    {
        uint8_t key_object_type; ///< the key object type
    } head;
    struct
    {
        uint8_t buf[0x04]; ///< placeholder for key
    } body;
} key_object;</pre>
```

3.2.11 对称算法-密钥对象

```
typedef struct
{
    struct
    {
        uint8_t key_object_type;
    } head;
    struct
    {
        uint8_t* key_value; ///< the key value
        uint32_t key_len; ///< the key length(bytes)
    } body;
} key_object_sym;</pre>
```

3.2.12 RSA 公钥-密钥对象

```
typedef struct
{
     struct
     {
         uint8_t key_object_type;
     } head;
     struct
     {
          uint8_t* e;
                               ///< public exponent
         uint32_t e_len;
                              ///< public exponent length(bytes)
          uint8_t* n;
                               ///< public modulus
         uint32_t n_len;
                              ///< public modulus length(bytes)
     } body;
} key_object_rsa_public;
```

3.2.13 RSA 私钥-密钥对象

```
typedef struct
{
     struct
     {
         uint8_t key_object_type;
     } head;
     struct
     {
         uint8_t* d;
                               ///< private exponent
         uint32_t d_len;
                              ///< private exponent length(bytes)
          uint8_t* n;
                              ///< private modulus
         uint32_t n_len;
                              ///< private modulus length(bytes)
     } body;
} key_object_rsa_private;
```

3.2.14 RSA CRT 格式私钥-密钥对象

```
typedef struct {
    struct
    {
```

Page 7

```
uint8_t key_object_type;
     } head;
     struct
     {
         uint8_t* p;
                               ///< 1st prime factor
         uint8_t* q;
                               ///< 2st prime factor
                               ///< d % (p - 1)
         uint8_t* dp;
         uint8_t* dq;
                               ///< d % (q - 1)
         uint8_t* qinv;
                              ///< (1/q) % p
         uint32_t len;
                              ///< the length for the 5 parameters must with the same length(bytes)
     } body;
} key_object_rsa_crt_private;
```