

## BACKGROUND

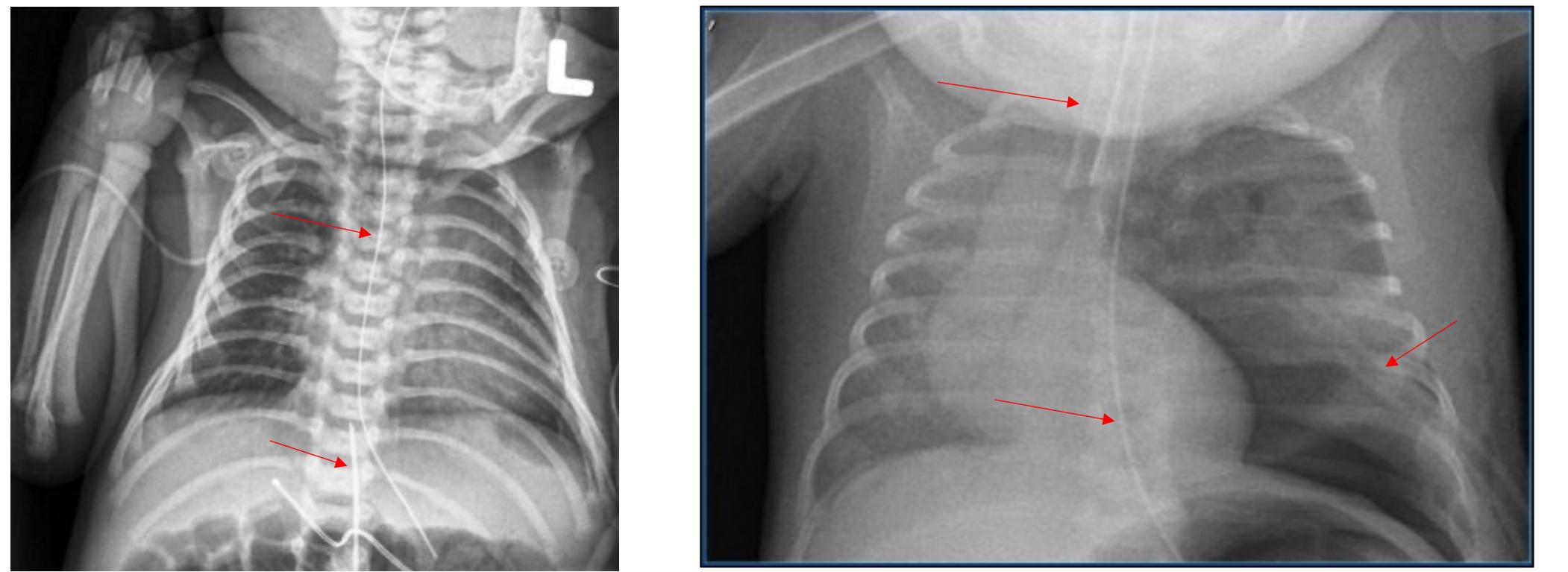


Figure 1. Two typical pediatric radiographs with lines marked by red arrows.

- Critically ill patients need catheters & tubes ("lines") to sustain life
  - monitoring their placement is **time-consuming & labor-intensive**
- Goal: automate with deep learning

### 1. segment chest into regions

- find & classify lines
- determine if in correct location

## METHODS

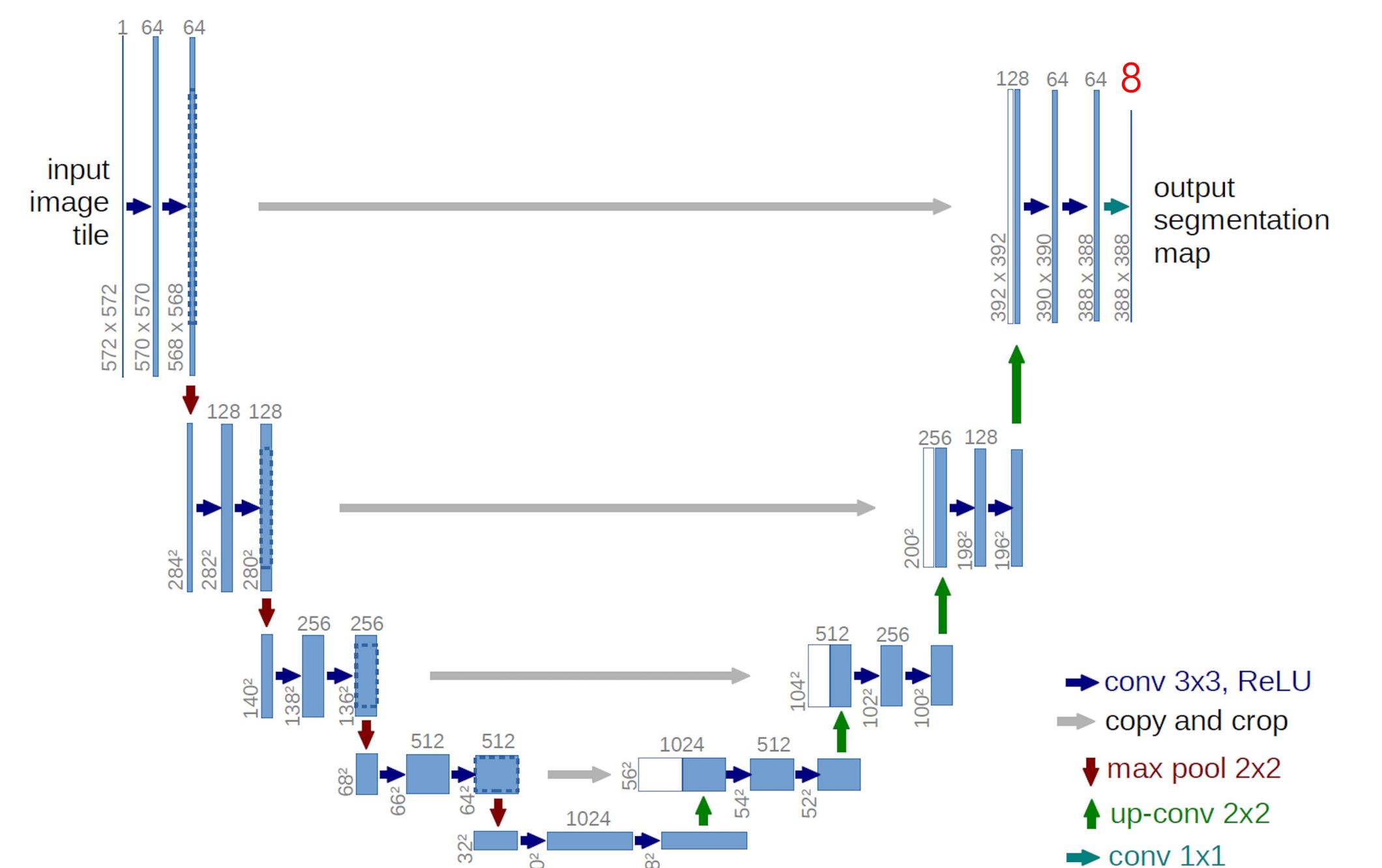


Figure 2. U-Net model architecture (Ronneberger et al. 2015). Each blue box is a feature map, with height and width in the lower left and depth on top. While the feature dimensions do not exactly match those of our model, the red "8" represents that we adapted this architecture to predict eight output classes.

- Trained U-Net on 300+ labeled radiographs
  - tested loss functions, weighting schemes, & data augmentation

Categorical cross entropy:

Generalized Dice loss:

## RESULTS: Model Performance

- Categorical cross-entropy loss + data augmentation provided best results
  - pixel weights gave small improvement
  - Dice: 0.832, Accuracy: 0.938

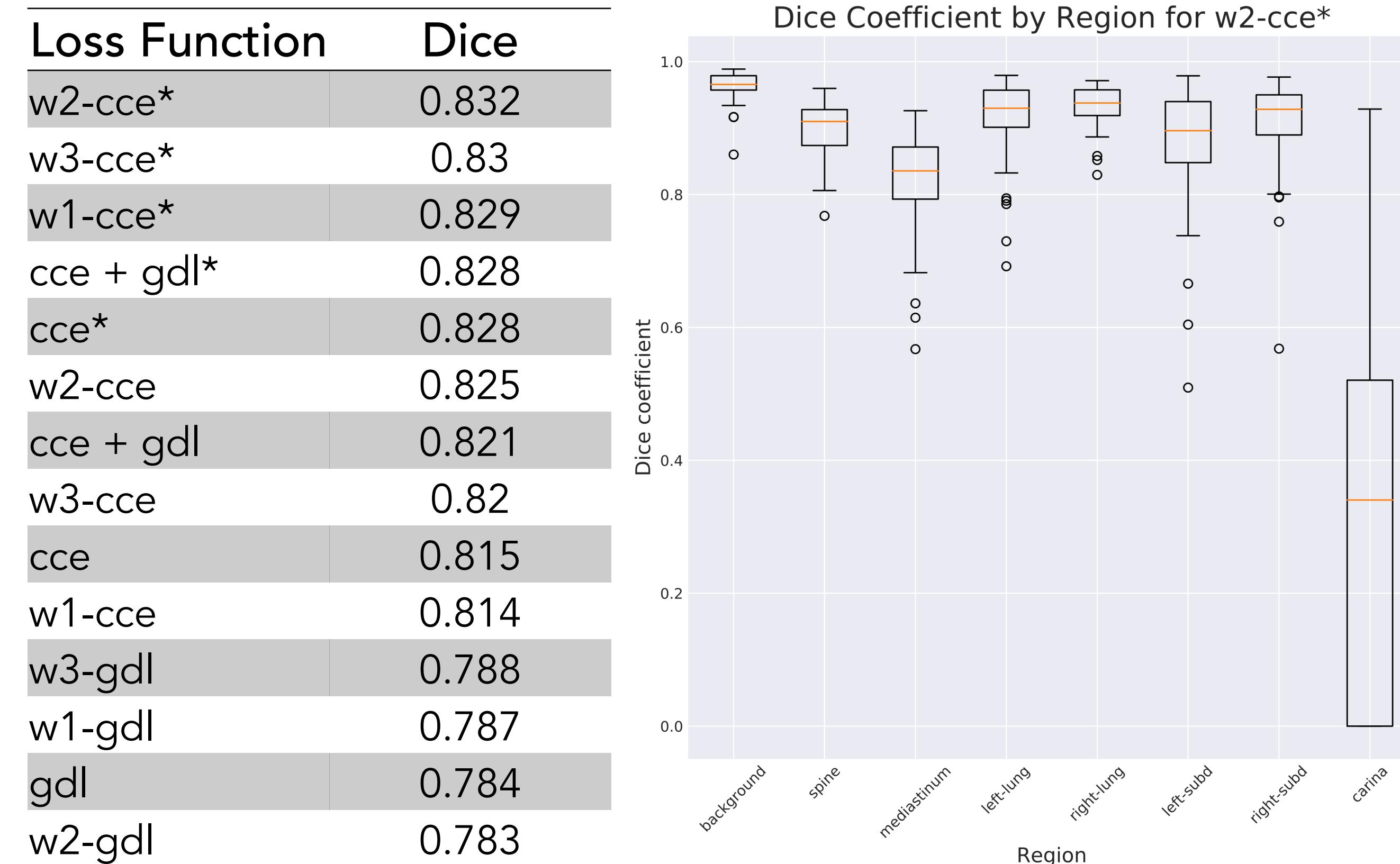


Figure 4. Mean Dice coefficient on test set ( $n=70$ ) by loss function (left) and box-and-whisker plot of Dice coefficients by class for the best model (right). "\*" = with data augmentation, "cce" = categorical cross-entropy, "gdl" = generalized Dice loss, "w<no.>" = with pre-computed pixel weights from method <no.>.

# Deep neural networks can automatically find regions of the **chest** in pediatric radiographs.

## RESULTS: Predictions

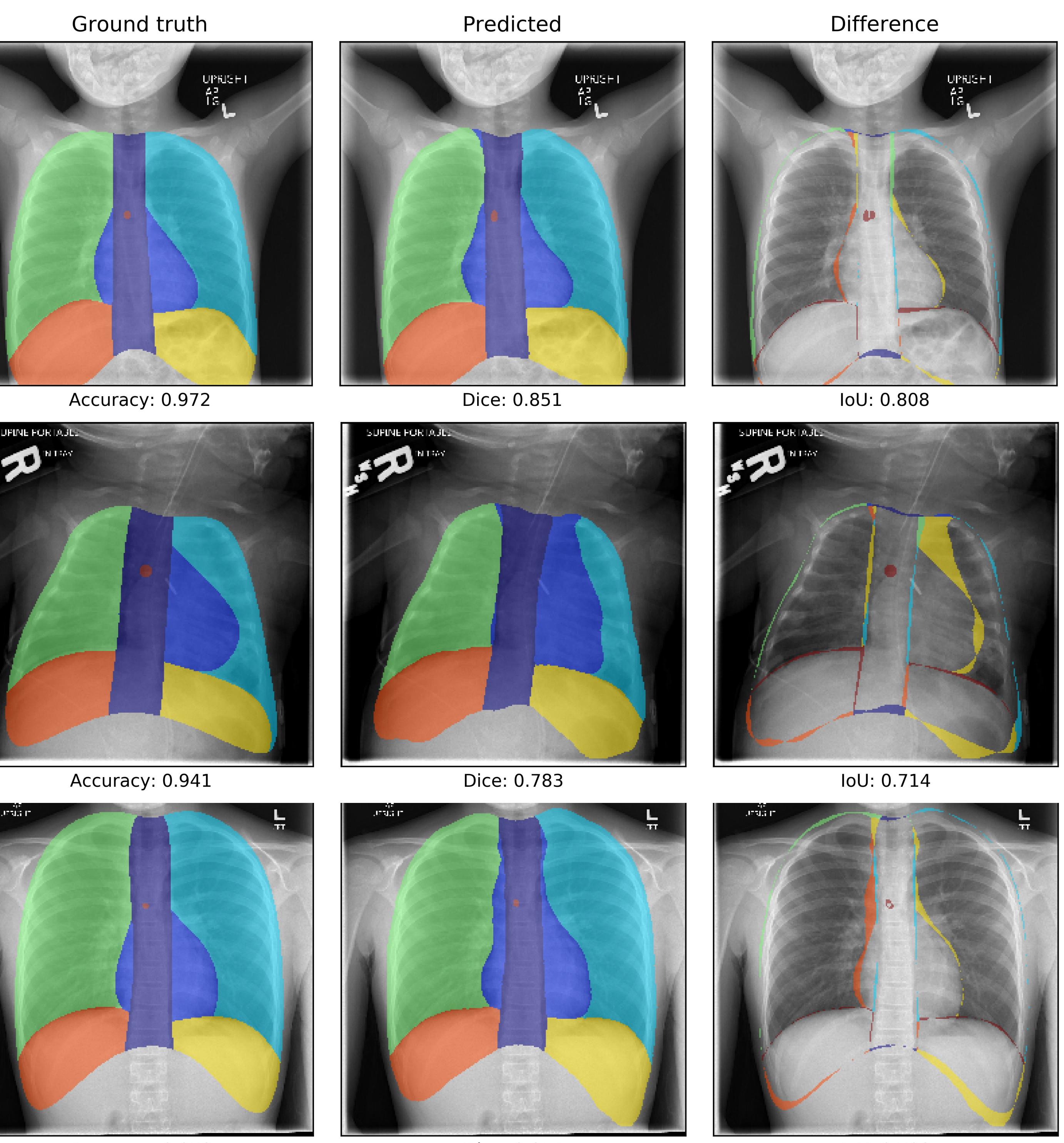


Figure 3. Best-performing model's predictions for three radiographs that it has not been trained on. Pixel

## FUTURE WORK

- Train on higher-resolution images
- Obtain more, higher-quality labels
  - or... more aggressive augmentation
- Ensure predictions are biologically sound
  - guarantee single instance of each class
  - prohibit disconnected regions
- Combine with line detector

## REFERENCES

- Ronneberger, Olaf, Philipp Fischer, and Thomas Brox. "U-net: Convolutional networks for biomedical image segmentation." *International Conference on Medical image computing and computer-assisted intervention*. Springer, Cham, 2015.
- Crum, William R., Oscar Camara, and Derek LG Hill. "Generalized overlap measures for evaluation and validation in medical image analysis." *IEEE transactions on medical imaging* 25.11 (2006): 1451-1461.