Morteza Ghomi

Curriculum Vitae

abstract

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Education

2017-present PhD Economics, Department of Economics, Carlos III University, Madrid, Spain.

2014–2017 **PhD Economics**, Graduate School of Management and Economics, Sharif University of Technology, Tehran, Iran, (Voluntary withdrawal).

2011–2014 Master in Economics, Department of Economics, University of Tehran, Tehran, Iran.

2007–2011 Bachelor in Economics, Department of Economics, Semnan University, Semnan, Iran.

Fields of Interest

Economics Applied Macroeconomics, Monetary and Fiscal Policies, Firm Dynamics

Job Market Paper

Job Market Monetary policy, Economic Uncertainty, and Firms R&D Expenditure
Paper

This paper studies the response of firms' research and development (R&D) expenditure to monetary policy shocks in the US economy. Empirical results suggest that a 20 basis point increase in the interest rate decreases the aggregate R&D expenditure by 0.6 percent. Using Compustat firm-level data, I confirm that a monetary contraction leads to a persistent decline in US firms' R&D expenditure. The effect on R&D expenditure is stronger for interest rate hikes and when firms face higher uncertainty. This is because economic uncertainty decreases firms' leverage ratio and makes them more financially constrained, rendering R&D investment more vulnerable to contractionary policy shocks. I build a medium-scale DSGE model with endogenous output growth and financial frictions to interpret the empirical findings. The theoretical model highlights the importance of the credit channel for altering the effects of monetary policy on firms' investment in R&D in the presence of economic uncertainty.

Publications

Published Who is Afraid of Sanctions? The Macroeconomic and Distributional Effects 2021 of the Sanctions Against Iran, Economics and Politics, 2021

The sanctions imposed on Iran at the beginning of 2012 have simultaneously limited the country's access to the international financial system, levied a strict boycott on Iran's oil and petrochemical exports, and limited imports of intermediate goods. This paper tries to quantify the aggregate and heterogeneous effects of these sanctions. Applying the synthetic control method, I show that the sanctions had persistent and significant effects on the Iranian economy. The cost reached its maximum of 19.1 percent of real GDP four years after the application of the sanctions, and the economy has not fully recovered after their removal. I trace the poverty dynamics for different household groups after the sanctions by adopting a synthetic panel using Iran's household income and expenditure survey data. Inconsistently with the sanctions' initial goals, poverty dynamics suggest that households working in governmental sectors and educated households are unaffected by the sanctions. Instead, the sanctions condemn young, illiterate, rural, or religious minority households to poverty.

Working Papers

abstract

Paper The Sentimental Propagation of Lottery Winnings: Evidence from the Spanish Christmas Lottery, with Evi Pappa & Isabel Mico Millan, (Under Review)

abstract We leverage a unique natural experiment, the Spanish Christmas lottery, to investigate the impact of highly geographically clustered winnings on macroeconomic aggregates, and on sentiment and durable consumption, using survey evidence. Lottery winnings induce significant demand effects, especially during recessions, reducing unemployment and increasing job creation and CPI prices. Albeit not receiving wins, households in winning provinces become more optimistic on impact and significantly increase their durable consumption (for furniture and vehicles) six months after the shock. We propose this lottery as an unconventional fiscal policy tool for increasing aggregate revenues and stimulating local demand without crowding out aggregate activity.

Paper Economic Consequences of Public Investment News Shocks

This paper explores the macroeconomic consequences of government investment in European Union countries from 2000 to 2020. To tackle the endogeneity of government investment, I constructs a new instrument for public investment shocks based on narratives for European Investment Bank (EIB) public loans. Using more than 6300 loans financing projects in 18 EU countries, I show that the loans allocated to public firms are a good instrument for public investment shocks. Using local projection, I find that these shocks increase output, consumption, and employment in the economy without crowding out private investment. The cumulative three-years public investment multiplier is higher for countries with: lower per capita GDP, lower debt, lower uncertainty, higher local autonomy, and higher government size. Using a medium-scale New Keynesian DSGE model, including financial friction and public capital, I show that the news of a possible government investment increases the expected profit of firms and weakens the credit constraint. As a result, firms can borrow more due to a better economic perspective, and the crowding-out effect disappears. I explore the mechanism as mentioned above using firm-level data from Orbis database provided by Bureau van Dijk (BvD).

Work in Progress

2022 Labor Market Frictions and the Transition to a Green Economy

Working Experience

Refereeing BE Journal of Macroeconomics

Feb-July **PhD trainee in Deutsche Bundesbnak**, Germany 2022

2021-2022 **Research Assistant** for Jochen Mankart (Deutsche Bundesbank), Romanos Priftis (ECB), and Rigas Oikonomou (UC Louvain) in a project on "The Long and Short of Financing Government Spending".

2020-2021 **Research Assistant** for Romanos Priftis (ECB) and Raphael Schoenle (Brandeis University) in a project on "Optimal Corporate Debt Policy by the Central Bank".

2017 Amending "Central Bank Law" of the Islamic Republic of Iran (member of amending group in contract with Iran's Parliament)

Seminars and Workshops

- Fall 2022 Spanish Economic Association, Valencia, Spain (Scheduled)
- Fall 2022 Universidad Libre de Bruselas, Brusseles, Belgium
- Fall 2022 Workshop on Quantitative Dynamic Economics, Konstanz, Germany

- Spring 2022 **Deutsche Bundesbank**, Frankfort, Germany
- Spring 2022 Carlos III University Macroeconomics Seminars, Madrid, Spain
- Spring 2022 ENTER Jamboree Conference, Universidad Autonoma de Barcelona, Spain
- Spring 2022 Tilburg University, Tilburg, Netherlands
- Spring 2022 Challenges in Empirical Macroeconomics, Eltville am Rhein, Germany (as attendant)
 - Fall 2021 Advances In Business Cycle Analysis, Structural Modeling And VAR Estimation, Conference in Honor of Fabio Canova, Hydra, Greece (as attendant)
 - Fall 2021 Tilburg University, Tilburg, Netherlands (online)
- Spring 2020 ENTER Jamboree Conference, Universidad Autonoma de Barcelona, Spain (as discussant)
- Spring 2020 Universidad Autonoma de Barcelona, Barcelona, Spain, (online)
- Spring 2020 Euro Area Business Cycle Network Training School, University of Mannheim, Germany (online)
- Spring 2019 Naples Summer School in Economics and Finance, Naples, Italy

Teaching Experience

- Fall 2021 **Economics of European Integration** for undergraduate students by Carlos Mesonada at Carlos III university (TA)
- Fall 2021 **Principal of Economics** for undergraduate students by Antonio Romero at Carlos III university (TA)
- Spring 2020 Applied Industrial Organization for master students by Alan Crawford at Carlos III university (TA)
- Spring 2020 **Time Series Econometrics** for master students by Alvaro Escribano at Carlos III university (TA)
- Fall 2019 & Industrial Organization for master students by Matilde Machado at Carlos III 2020 university (TA)
- Spring 2019 Macroeconomics for undergraduate students by Jesus Fernandez Moraga at Carlos III university (TA)
- Spring 2019 **Seminars on Competition Policy** for master students by Jesus Fernandez Moraga & 2020 at Carlos III university (TA)
 - 2018-2019 **Game Theory** for undergraduate students by Jose Luis Ferriera at Carlos III university (TA)
- Spring 2016 Macroeconomics for MBA students by Reza Boostani at Sharif University of Technology (TA)
 - Fall 2015 Money and Banking for undergraduate students by Reza Boostani at Sharif University of Technology (TA)
 - 2012-2014 **Microeconomics I & II** for undergraduate students by N. Pourrostami at Tehran University (TA)
 - 2009-2010 **Microeconomics II** for undergraduate students by Majid Maddah at Semnan University (TA)

Honors and Awards

2021 Excellence Teaching Award, Universidad Carlos III de Mdrid

2019-Present FPI Scholarship (Formaciòn de Personal Investigador) by the Spanish Government

2017-2019 Economics Department's Scholarship, Universidad Carlos III

April 2014 Ranked 7th in the Nationwide University Entrance Exam for PhD in Economics

among more than 4,000 participants in Iran

April 2011 Ranked 5th in the Nationwide University Entrance Exam for MSc in Economics

among more than 12,000 participants in Iran

June 2010 Dean's Undergraduate Award of Honor Presented by President of the Faculty of

Economics and Management, Semnan University

Computer Skills

General MATLAB, Microsoft Office, LATEX

Economics STATA, Eviews, Dynare

Languages

English Fluent

Persian Native

Spanish Intermediate (B1 Certificate)

References

Evi Pappa (Advisor): ppappa@eco.uc3m.es

Juan Jose Dolado: dolado@eco.uc3m.es

Jochen Mankart: jochen.mankart@bundesbank.de Romanos Priftis: romanos.priftis@ecb.europa.eu

Placement Contacts

Antonio Cabrales (Placement Director): antonio.cabrales@uc3m.es
Angelica Aparicio (Placement Administrative): ala@pa.uc3m.es

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