Memory and I/O Organization

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Memory and Input-Output Organization

Memory Hierarchy:

- Registers → Cache Memory → Main Memory → Secondary Storage.

Main Memory and Memory Chip Organization:

- RAM (Random Access Memory), ROM (Read-Only Memory), DRAM, SRAM.

Auxiliary and Virtual Memory:

- Hard disks, SSDs, Page replacement policies in virtual memory.

Cache Memory:

- Stores frequently accessed data to speed up processing.

Input-Output Organization:

- I/O Interfaces: Asynchronous data transfer.
- **Modes of Transfer:** Programmed I/O, Interrupt-driven I/O, Direct Memory Access (DMA).

Priority Interrupt:

- Assigns priority levels to different interrupt sources.

Standard I/O Interfaces:

- PCI (Peripheral Component Interconnect).
- SCSI (Small Computer System Interface).
- USB (Universal Serial Bus).

Case Study - Advanced Processors:

- Features of modern processors such as multi-core architecture and hyper-threading.