

Nhóm chuyên môn Nhập môn Công nghệ phần mềm

NHẬP MÔN CÔNG NGHỆ PHẦN MỀM

Concepts in Software Engineering



 $(oldsymbol{\boxtimes})$

CONTENTS



- 1. Definition
- 2. Components of software engineering
- 3. Phases in software engineering

GOALS



By completing this session, learners are able to:

- Gain an understanding of the definitions of software engineering
- Master the knowledge about the components of software engineering and the phases in software engineering

CONTENTS



1. Definition

- 2. Components of software engineering
- 3. Phases in software engineering



Công nghệ phần mềm – Software Engineering

Bauer [1969]

"Software Engineering is the establishment and use of sound engineering principles in order to obtain economically software that is reliable and works efficiently on real machines."

• Ghezzi [1991]

"Software engineering is a field of computer science that involves building large and complex software systems by one or more groups of engineers."



• IEEE [1993]

"Software engineering is:

- (1) the application of a systematic, disciplined, and quantifiable approach to the **development**, **operation**, and **maintenance** of software;
- (2) study the approaches used in (1)"

Pressman [1995]

"Software engineering is a discipline that integrates **processes**, **methods**, and **tools** for developing computer software."



Sommerville [1995]

"Software engineering is a field related to the **theories**, **methods**, and **tools** used for software development."

K. Kawamura [1995]

"Software engineering is an academic field concerned with **techniques** and **technological methodologies** (theories and techniques implemented based on certain principles) throughout the entire software development process, aiming to improve both the **quality** and **productivity** of software production."



Software engineering is a **scientific field** concerned with the **methodologies**, **techniques**, and **tools** integrated into the software **production** and **operation** process to create software with the **desired quality**.



- Objectives of Software Engineering
 - Improve software productivity and quality.
 - Managing software production plans effectively
 - Reduce the cost of software development
 - Satisfy customer requirements and needs
 - Enhance software engineering processes and practices
 - Effectively and systematically support the activities of software engineers.

CONTENTS



- 1. Definition
- 2. Components of software engineering
 - 2.1. Process
 - 2.2. Method
 - 2.3. Tools
- 3. Phases in software engineering



- Layered architecture
 - Process
 - Method
 - Tools
- □ Focus on quality of software

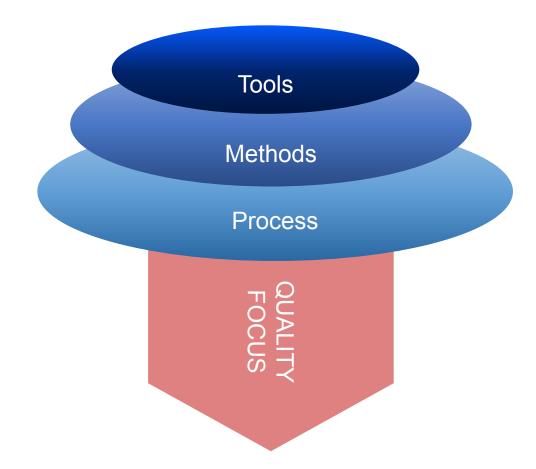


Figure 2.1. Components of software engineering



2.1. Process

- Integrate the layers
- Foundation for software engineering
- Ensure the timeline of software development
- Establish a foundation for controlling and managing software projects
- Establish the context for the applied technical methods
- Production of software
- Set milestones
- Quality assurance
- Management of changes



2.2. Methods

- Provide techniques for building software
- Operations:
 - communication,
 - requirements analysis,
 - design modelling,
 - building software,
 - testing, maintenance and support.
- Based on fundamental principles
 - Includes modeling activities



2.3. Tools

- Automated or semi-automated tools supporting processes and methods
- Toward quality improvement
 - Foundation for software engineering
 - Any technical approach must be based on a commitment to quality
 - Continuously promote process improvement

CONTENTS



- 1. Definition
- 2. Components of software engineering
- 3. Phases in software engineering
 - 3.1. Definition phase
 - 3.2. Development phase
 - 3.3. Supporting phase

3. PHASES IN SOFTWARE ENGINEERING



3.1. Definition phase

What

- What information is being processed,
- Desired functionality and performance,
- Expected behavior of the system,
- Interfaces that need to be established,
- Constraints for system design,
- And the criteria that need to be assessed.
- ☐ The main requirements of the system and software.

3. PHASES IN SOFTWARE ENGINEERING



3.2. Development phase

How

- How data is structured,
- How functions are implemented within the software architecture,
- · How procedures are implemented in detail,
- How to define the characteristics of the interface,
- How to transition from design to programming,
- And how testing is performed.

3. PHASES IN SOFTWARE ENGINEERING



3.3. Support phase

- Adapt to change
 - Bug fixing, code upgrading,
 - Adapt to the change of requirements ,
 - Changes driven by customer requirements change.
- 4 types of change:
 - Correction,
 - Adaptation,
 - Enhancement,
 - Prevention.

SUMMARY AND OUTLOOK



- 1. The lesson has provided learners with **concepts** of software engineering, along with knowledge of its **components** and the **phases** involved in the software engineering process.
- 2. Following this lesson, we will explore the **role** and **importance** of software engineering in software development.



NHẬP MÔN CÔNG NGHỆ PHẦN MỀM

Các khái niệm trong Công nghệ phần mềm

Biên soạn:

TS. Trịnh Thành Trung

Trình bày:

TS. Trịnh Thành Trung





NHẬP MÔN CÔNG NGHỆ PHẦN MỀM

Bài học tiếp theo:

Các vấn đề trong Công nghệ phần mềm

Tài liệu tham khảo:

- [1] R. Pressman, Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach. 8th Ed., McGraw-Hill, 2016.
- [2] I. Sommerville, Software Engineering. 10th Ed., AddisonWesley, 2017.
- [3] Pankaj Jalote, An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, 3rd Ed., Springer.
- [4] Shari Lawrence Pleeger, Joanne M.Atlee, Software Engineering theory and practice. 4th Ed., Pearson, 2009

KÉ HOẠCH GIẢNG DẠY



Tuần	Chương	Video
1	Khái niệm và các đặc trung của phần mềm	C1.1-Software
1	Các khái niệm trong công nghệ phần mềm	C1.2-SoftwareEngineering
1	Vai trò của công nghệ phần mềm	C1.3-SERoles