

TEST 1 FINAL EXAM FOR CALCULUS III - Semester 20212**Subject Code: MI1134E. ICT-K66. Time: 90 Minutes***Note: Materials and textbooks are forbidden. Giám thị ký xác nhận mã đề thi***Prob 1.** (2 points) Examine for convergence or divergence:

$$\text{a) } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n+1}{\ln(n+1)} \right)^n \quad \text{b) } \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{(n+1)\pi^n}{3^{n-1}-1}.$$

Prob 2. (1 point) Find the domain of convergence of the series of functions

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{\sin^3 nx}{3^n - 1}.$$

Prob 3. (3 points) : Solve the following problems:

$$\text{a) } y' \cos y + 2x \sin x = 2x.$$

$$\text{b) } y'' - y' = 1 + e^x.$$

$$\text{c) } y'' + 2y' + y = \frac{e^{-t}}{1+t^2},$$

Prob 4. (2 points) Solve the following problems:

a)

$$y(t) = 2te^{-t} + e^t \int_0^t y(u)e^{-u} du.$$

b)

$$\begin{cases} y^{(3)} - 4y' &= \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } 0 < x < 2 \\ 4 & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases} \\ y(0) = y'(0) &= 0, y''(0) = 4. \end{cases},$$

Prob 5. (2 points) a) Expand $f(x) = 2 - x$, $x \in (0, 4)$ in a Fourier Cosine series with period 8 on $(0, 8)$.b) How should $f(x)$ be defined at $x = 0, x = 4$ and $x = 8$ so that this Fourier Cosine series will converge to $f(x)$ for $x \in [0, 8]$.Applying to find the following sum $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$.

—THE END—

TEST 2 FINAL EXAM FOR CALCULUS III - Semester 20212**Subject Code: MI1134E. ICT-K66. Time: 90 Minutes***Note: Materials and textbooks are forbidden. Giám thị ký xác nhận mã đề thi.***Prob 1.** (2 points) Examine for convergence or divergence:

$$\text{a) } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n^2+1}{\ln(n^2+1)} \right)^n \quad \text{b) } \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{(n+1)\pi^n}{5^{n-1}-1}.$$

Prob 2. (1 point) Find the domain of convergence of the series of functions

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{\cos^2 nx}{2^n - 1}.$$

Prob 3. (3 points) : Solve the following problems:

$$\text{a) } y' \sin y + 4x \cos 2x = 4x.$$

$$\text{b) } y'' + y' = 1 + e^{-x}.$$

$$\text{c) } y'' - 2y' + y = \frac{e^t}{1+t^2},$$

Prob 4. (2 points) Solve the following problems:

a)

$$y(t) = 2te^{-2t} + e^{2t} \int_0^t y(u)e^{-2u} du.$$

b)

$$\begin{cases} y^{(3)} - 9y' &= \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } 0 < x < 3 \\ 9 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases} \\ y(0) = y'(0) &= 0, y''(0) = 9. \end{cases},$$

Prob 5. (2 points) a) Expand $f(x) = 4 - 2x$, $x \in (0, 4)$ in a Fourier Cosine series with period 8 on $(0, 8)$.b) How should $f(x)$ be defined at $x = 0, x = 4$ and $x = 8$ so that this Fourier Cosine series will converge to $f(x)$ for $x \in [0, 8]$.Applying to find the following sum $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$.

—THE END—