### LAB 7: OP-AMP AND BASIC OP-AMP CIRCUITS

#### 1. Goals

- Understand the principle of an operational amplifier (op-amp).
- Know how to build up and analyze basic op-amp circuits.

#### 2. Exercises

**Exercise 1.** Build up and analyze the working principle of the comparator circuit shown in Figure 1. Regarding the polarity of an op-amp, set  $V^+ = 10 \text{ V}$  and  $V^- = 0 \text{ V}$ .

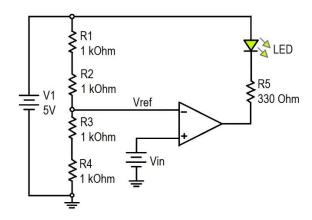


Figure 1. Circuit diagram of a comparator.

### **Requirements:**

- Implement the circuit in Figure 1 on the breadboard.
- Make sure that we can vary the reference voltage (V<sub>REF</sub>) at the level of 0 V, 1.25 V, 2.5 V, 3.75 V, and 5 V.
- Use a DC power supply to provide the input voltage  $V_{in}$ . Gradually increase  $V_{in}$  from 0 V to  $V_{REF}$ . Observe the brightness of the LED and notice its ON/OFF status. Give valid explanations for the observations.

**Exercise 2.** Build up and analyze the working principle of the inverting and non-inverting operational amplifiers shown in Figure 2. Regarding the polarity of an op-amp, set  $V^+ = 10$  V and  $V^- = -10$  V.

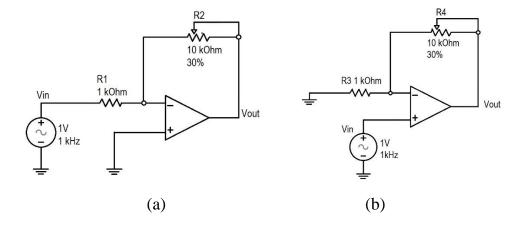


Figure 2. Circuit diagram of (a) inverting amplifier and (b) non-inverting amplifier.

## **Requirements:**

- Implement the circuits in Figure 2.
- Use a pulse generator to provide the input voltage V<sub>in</sub> (amplitude = 1V, frequency = 1 kHz).
- Set the variable resistor R2 and R4 for 1 k $\Omega$ , 2 k $\Omega$ , 3 k $\Omega$ , and 5 k $\Omega$ , respectively.
- Use an oscilloscope to display the input and output voltages. Determine the amplification factor of the circuits and compare it with the theoretical calculation.

**Exercise 3.** Implement the voltage-sensing circuit shown in Figure 3 on a breadboard. Regarding the polarity of an op-amp, set  $V^+ = 10 \text{ V}$  and  $V^- = 0 \text{ V}$ .

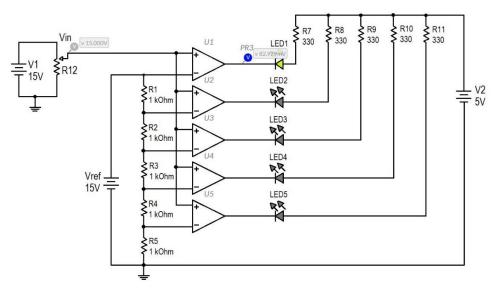


Figure 3. The voltage-sensing circuit.

# **Requirements:**

- Explain the working principle of the circuit in Figure 3.
- Observe and explain the range of V<sub>in</sub> that makes LED3 ON.

## Components and devices needed for the lab:

Components	Description	Amount
and devices		
Op-amp	IC 741	2
Resistor	330 Ω / 1 kΩ	1/4
Variable resistor	1-10 kΩ	1
DC power supply	Aditeg PS-3030DD	1
Pulse generator	UNI-T UTC962E	1
Oscilloscope	OWON SDS1102	1
Breadboard		1
Wire		Few
Multimeter		1

