

## HW1

### Code

```
1 import PIL.Image as Image
2 import numpy
3 import math
4
5 def process_image(image, size):
6     size = (size - 1) / 2
7     size = int(size)
8     row, col = image.shape
9     row_op = row + 2 * size
10    col_op = col + 2 * size
11    image_op = numpy.zeros((row_op, col_op))
12    for i, j in [(i, j) for i in range(row) for j in range(col)]:
13        image_op[i + size][j + size] = image[i][j]
14    for i, j in [(i, j) for i in range(size) for j in range(size)]:
15        image_op[i][j] = image_op[size][size]
16    for i, j in [(i, j) for i in range(size) for j in range(col_op - size, col_op)]:
17        image_op[i][j] = image_op[size][col_op - size - 1]
18    for i, j in [(i, j) for i in range(row_op - size, row_op) for j in range(size)]:
19        image_op[i][j] = image_op[row_op - size - 1][size]
20    for i, j in [(i, j) for i in range(row_op - size, row_op) for j in range(col_op - size, col_op)]:
21        image_op[i][j] = image_op[row_op - size - 1][col_op - size - 1]
22    for i, j in [(i, j) for i in range(size) for j in range(size, col_op - size)]:
23        image_op[i][j] = image_op[size][j]
24    for i, j in [(i, j) for i in range(row_op - size, row_op) for j in range(size, col_op - size)]:
25        image_op[i][j] = image_op[row_op - size - 1][j]
26    for i, j in [(i, j) for i in range(size, row_op - size) for j in range(size)]:
27        image_op[i][j] = image_op[i][size]
28    for i, j in [(i, j) for i in range(size, row_op - size) for j in range(col_op - size, col_op)]:
29        image_op[i][j] = image_op[i][col_op - size - 1]
30    return image_op
31
32
33 def convolute(ip, filter):
34     row, col = ip.shape
35     size = int(math.sqrt(filter.size))
36     row = row - 2 * int((size - 1) / 2)
37     col = col - 2 * int((size - 1) / 2)
38     image = numpy.zeros((row, col))
39     for i, j, k, l in [(i, j, k, l) for i in range(row) for j in range(col) for k in range(size)
40                        for l in range(size)]:
41         image[i][j] = image[i][j] + (filter[k][l] * ip[i + k][j + l])
42     return image
```

```

def main():
    image_name = input('img name: ')
    sigma = input('sigma: ')
    size = input('size: ')
    image = Image.open(image_name)
    image.show()
    im, sigma2 = image, sigma
    size_g = int(size)
    if (size_g % 2 == 0):
        size_g += 1
    sigma2 = float(sigma2)
    sum = 0
    image3 = numpy.array(im)
    filter = numpy.zeros((size_g, size_g))
    filter_n = int((size_g-1)/2)
    y, x = numpy.ogrid[float(-filter_n):float(filter_n+1), float(-filter_n):float(filter_n+1)]
    for i, j in [(i, j) for i in range(size_g) for j in range(size_g)]:
        filter[i][j] =
            (math.exp(-((x[0][j]**2)+(y[i][0]**2))/(2*(sigma2**2))))*(1/(2*math.pi*(sigma2**2)))
        sum = sum + filter[i][j]
    for i, j in [(i, j) for i in range(size_g) for j in range(size_g)]:
        filter[i][j] = filter[i][j]/sum
    temp1 = Image.fromarray(convolute(process_image(image3, size_g), filter))
    original_image = numpy.array(temp1)
    t_im = process_image(original_image, 3)
    x_image = convolute(t_im, numpy.array([[-1, 0, +1], [-2, 0, +2], [-1, 0, +1]]))
    y_image = convolute(t_im, numpy.array([[+1, +2, +1], [0, 0, 0], [-1, -2, -1]]))
    row, col = original_image.shape
    orient = numpy.zeros((row, col))
    image_opr = numpy.zeros((row, col))

```

```

(base) kannimne:cs558_hw1 pinwei$ python hw1.py
img name: kangaroo.pgm
sigma: 3
size: 9
(base) kannimne:cs558_hw1 pinwei$ python hw1.py
img name: plane.pgm
sigma: 3
size: 9
(base) kannimne:cs558_hw1 pinwei$ python hw1.py
img name: red.pgm
sigma: 3
size: 9
(base) kannimne:cs558_hw1 pinwei$ 

```

Output



