

# Practice File – 3

## Structs Practice

BITF19-MORNING

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### Task 1: Define the Following Struct Members

#### A. Look at the following structure declaration.

```
struct Point
{
    int x;
    int y;
};
```

#### *Write statements that*

1. Define a Point structure variable named center
2. Assign 12 to the x member of center
3. Assign 7 to the y member of center
4. Display the contents of the x and y members of center

#### B. Look at the following structure declaration.

```
struct FullName
{
    char lastName[50];
    char middleName[50];
    char firstName[50];
};
```

#### *Write statements that*

1. Define a FullName structure variable named info
2. Assign your last, middle, and first name to the members of the info variable
3. Display the contents of the members of the info variable

## C. Movie Data

Write a program that uses a structure named `MovieData` to store the following information about a movie:

1. Title
2. Director
3. Year Released
4. Running Time (in minutes)

The program should create two `MovieData` variables, store values in their members, and pass each one, in turn, to a function that displays the information about the movie in a clearly formatted manner.

## D. Weather Statistics

Write a program that uses a structure to store the following weather data for a particular month:

1. City
2. Country
3. Total Rainfall
4. High Temperature
5. Low Temperature
6. Average Temperature

The program should create a structure to store the above information by taking input from user and display it on console.

## E. Corporate Sales Data

Write a program that uses a structure to store the following data on a company division:

1. Division Name (such as East, West, North, or South)
2. First-Quarter Sales
3. Second-Quarter Sales
4. Third-Quarter Sales
5. Fourth-Quarter Sales
6. Total Annual Sales
7. Average Quarterly Sales

The program should use four variables of this structure. Each variable should represent one of the following corporate divisions: East, West, North, and South. The user should be asked for the four quarters sales figures for each division. Each division's total and average sales should be calculated and stored in the appropriate member of each structure variable. These figures should then be displayed on the screen.

## Task 3: Storing Rational Numbers

Define all the following functions for the following Rational struct

```
struct Rational
{
    int numerator;
    int denominator;
};
```

Functions to implement:

### 3.1. void inputRational( Rational & )

This function takes input from user for numerator and denominator and stores it in received Rational variable.

### 3.2. void printRational( Rational & )

This function prints on screen the received Rational variable.

### 3.3. Rational addRational( Rational a, Rational b)

This function returns a Rational variable, which is the addition of two received rational variables.

### 3.4. Rational diffRational( Rational a, Rational b)

This function returns a Rational variable, which is the difference of two received rational variables.

### 3.5. Rational divRational( Rational a, Rational b)

This function returns a Rational variable, which is the division of two received rational variables.

### 3.6. void reduce( Rational & a )

This function modifies the received rational variables by reducing the numerator and denominator. For Example, if the received variable has 12/30 then this function change it to 2/5.

## Task 4: Storing time information

Implement the struct 'Time' with the following given members

### Members:

1. int hour;
2. int minute;
3. int second;

**1.** void inputTime(Time \* t);

// set hour, minute, second

**2.** void printTwentyFourHourFormat(Time );

// print universal time

**3.** void printTwelveHourFormat(Time );

// print standard time

**4.** Void incSec( Time \*, int = 1 );

// increment in the second of the received time variable

// default increment is 1

**5.** Void incMin( Time \*, int = 1 );

// increment in the minute of the received time variable

// default increment is 1

**6.** Void incHour( Time \*, int = 1 );

// increment in the hour of the received time variable

// default increment is 1

**7.** bool isTimeSame( Time \*, Time \* );

// returns true if two received times are same

## Task 5: Focus on pointers, array manipulation and memory layout of struct members.

**A.** What will be displayed on console when the following code is executed?

```
struct Time
{
    int hours;
    int minutes;
    int seconds;
};
int main()
{
    Time t;
    t.hours = 10;
    t.minutes = 17;
    t.seconds = 23;
    int *p = (int*) &t;
    p[0] = 20;
    p[1] = 15;
    p[2] = 30;
    cout<<t.hours<<endl<<t.minutes<<endl<<t.seconds<<endl;
    return 1;
}
```

**B.** Give output of the following code segment.

```
struct Student
{
    int rollNo;
    char name[48];
    float cgpa;
};
void main()
{
    Student w = {512, "Ahmed", 3.7};
    cout<< *((float*) ( (char*)&w + sizeof(w.rollNo) + sizeof(w.name)) );
}
```